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AIC809/AIC810

3-Pin Microprocessor Reset Circuits

FEATURES

- Ultra Low Supply Current 1µA(typ.)
- Guaranteed Reset Valid to Vcc=0.9V
- Available in Three Output Type: Open-Drain Active Low (AIC809N), Push-Pull Active Low (AIC809), Push-Pull Active High (AIC810)
- 140ms Min. Power-On Reset Pulse Width
- Internally Fixed Threshold 2.3V, 2.6V, 2.9V, 3.1V, 4.0V, 4.2V, 4.4V, 4.6V

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

- Tight Voltage Threshold Tolerance: 1.5%
- Tiny Package in SOT-23

APPLICATIONS

- Notebook Computers
- Digital Still Cameras
- PDAs
- Critical Microprocessor Monitoring

DESCRIPTION

AIC809/AIC810 are low-power microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits used to monitor power supplies in μ P and digital systems. They provide applications with benefits of circuit reliability and low cost by eliminating external components.

These devices perform as valid signals in applications with Vcc ranging from 6.0V down to 0.9V. The reset signal lasts for a minimum period of 140ms whenever VCC supply voltage falls below preset threshold. Both AIC809 and AIC810 were designed with a reset comparator to help identify invalid signals, which last less than 140ms. The only difference between them is that they have an active-low **RESET** output and active-high **RESET** output, respectively.

Low supply current (1 μ A) makes AIC809/AIC810 ideal for portable equipment. The devices are available in SOT-23 package.

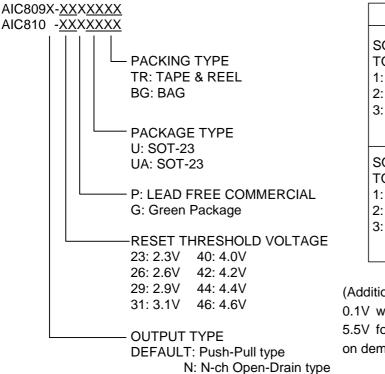
Vcc VCC AlC809 (AlC810) RESET (RESET) GND GND GND GND GND

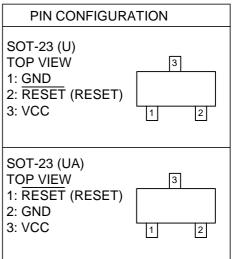
. Push-Pull Output



ORDERING INFORMATION

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(Additional voltage versions with a unit of 0.1V within the voltage range from 1.5V to 5.5V for this product line may be available on demand with prior consultation with AIC.)

Example: AIC809-31PUTR

→ 3.1V and push-pull version, in Lead FreeSOT-23 Package & Tape & Reel Packing Type

SOT-23 Marking

Part No.	Marking	Part No.	Marking	Part No.	Marking
AIC809-23PU	RA23P	AIC809N-23PU	RB23P	AIC810-23PU	RD23P
AIC809-26PU	RA26P	AIC809N-26PU	RB26P	AIC810-26PU	RD26P
AIC809-29PU	RA29P	AIC809N-29PU	RB29P	AIC810-29PU	RD29P
AIC809-31PU	RA31P	AIC809N-31PU	RB31P	AIC810-31PU	RD31P
AIC809-40PU	RA40P	AIC809N-40PU	RB40P	AIC810-40PU	RD40P
AIC809-42PU	RA42P	AIC809N-42PU	RB42P	AIC810-42PU	RD42P
AIC809-44PU	RA44P	AIC809N-44PU	RB44P	AIC810-44PU	RD44P
AIC809-46PU	RA46P	AIC809N-46PU	RB46P	AIC810-46PU	RD46P

AIC809/AIC810



• SOT-23 Marking (continued)

Marking
RC23P
RC26P
RC29P
RC31P
RC40P
RC42P
RC44P
RC46P

Marking
RE23P
RE26P
RE29P
RE31P
RE40P
RE42P
RE44P
RE46P

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Part No.	Marking
AIC810-23PUA	RF23P
AIC810-26PUA	RF26P
AIC810-29PUA	RF29P
AIC810-31PUA	RF31P
AIC810-40PUA	RF40P
AIC810-42PUA	RF42P
AIC810-44PUA	RF44P
AIC810-46PUA	RF46P
AIC010-40FUA	

Part No.	Marking
AIC809-23GU	RA23G
AIC809-26GU	RA26G
AIC809-29GU	RA29G
AIC809-31GU	RA31G
AIC809-40GU	RA40G
AIC809-42GU	RA42G
AIC809-44GU	RA44G
AIC809-46GU	RA46G

Part No.	Marking
AIC809N-23GU	RB23G
AIC809N-26GU	RB26G
AIC809N-29GU	RB29G
AIC809N-31GU	RB31G
AIC809N-40GU	RB40G
AIC809N-42GU	RB42G
AIC809N-44GU	RB44G
AIC809N-46GU	RB46G

Part No.	Marking
AIC810-23GU	RD23G
AIC810-26GU	RD26G
AIC810-29GU	RD29G
AIC810-31GU	RD31G
AIC810-40GU	RD40G
AIC810-42GU	RD42G
AIC810-44GU	RD44G
AIC810-46GU	RD46G

Part No.	Marking
AIC809-23GUA	RC23G
AIC809-26GUA	RC26G
AIC809-29GUA	RC29G
AIC809-31GUA	RC31G
AIC809-40GUA	RC40G
AIC809-42GUA	RC42G
AIC809-44GUA	RC44G
AIC809-46GUA	RC46G

Part No.	Marking
AIC809N-23GUA	RE23G
AIC809N-26GUA	RE26G
AIC809N-29GUA	RE29G
AIC809N-31GUA	RE31G
AIC809N-40GUA	RE40G
AIC809N-42GUA	RE42G
AIC809N-44GUA	RE44G
AIC809N-46GUA	RE46G

Part No.	Marking
AIC810-23GUA	RF23G
AIC810-26GUA	RF26G
AIC810-29GUA	RF29G
AIC810-31GUA	RF31G
AIC810-40GUA	RF40G
AIC810-42GUA	RF42G
AIC810-44GUA	RF44G
AIC810-46GUA	RF46G

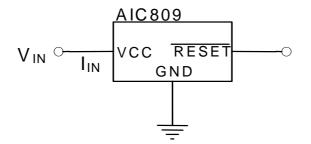


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{cc}	-0.3V ~6.5V
RESET, RESET	
Input Current (V _{CC})	20mA
Output Current (RESET or RESET)	
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	320mW
Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 85°C
Junction Temperature	125°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C ~ 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 sec	260°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

TEST CIRCUIT



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical values are at $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified.) (Note 1)

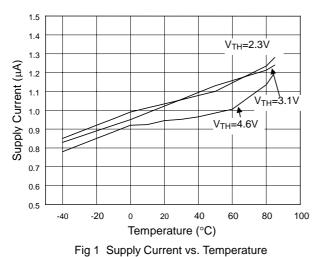
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Operating Voltage Range	V _{CC}			0.9		6	V	
Supply Current	Icc	$V_{CC} = V_{TH} + 0.1V$			1	3	μA	
		AIC809-23	T _A =+25°C	2.265	2.3	2.335		
			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$	2.254		2.346		
		10000 00	T _A =+25°C	2.561	2.6	2.639		
		AIC809-26	T_A = -40°C to +85°C	2.548		2.652		
		AIC809-29	T _A =+25°C	2.857	2.9	2.944		
		AIC609-29	T_A = -40°C to +85°C	2.842		2.958	V	
		AIC200.21	T _A =+25°C	3.054	3.1	3.147		
Depart Threehold		AIC809-31	T_A = -40°C to +85°C	3.038		3.162		
Reset Threshold	VTH	AIC809-40	T _A =+25°C	3.940	4.0	4.060		
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C	3.920		4.080		
		AIC809-42	T _A =+25°C	4.137	4.2	4.263		
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C	4.116		4.284		
		AIC809-44	T _A =+25°C	4.334	4.4	4.466		
			T _A = -40°C to +85°C	4.312		4.488		
		ALC000 40	T _A =+25°C	4.531	4.6	4.669		
		AIC809-46	T _A =-40°C to +85°C	4.508		4.692		
V _{CC} to Reset Delay	T _{RD}	V _{CC} =V _{TH} to (V _{TH} -0.1V), V _{TH} =3.1V			20		μS	
Depart Active Timeout Deried	T		T _A =+25°C	140	230	560		
Reset Active Timeout Period	T _{RP}	$\mathbf{v}_{\rm CC} = \mathbf{v}_{\rm TH (MAX)}$	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	100		1030	mS	
	V _{OH}	V _{CC} =V _{TH} +0.1V, I _{SOURCE} =1mA V _{CC} =V _{TH} - 0.1V, I _{SINK} =1mA		$0.8V_{CC}$			V	
RESET Output Voltage	V _{OL}					0.2Vcc	V	
	V _{OH}	V _{CC} =V _{TH} -0.1V	, I _{SOURCE} =1mA	$0.8V_{CC}$			V	
RESET Output Voltage	V _{OL}	V _{CC} =V _{TH} +0.1V, I _{SINK} =1mA				0.2Vcc	v	

Note1: Specifications are production tested at T_A=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

Note2: RESET output is for AIC809; RESET output is for AIC810.

AIC809/AIC810

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



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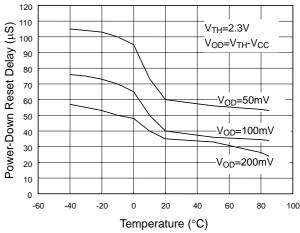


Fig 2 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature

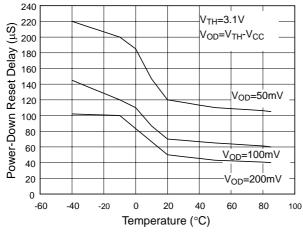
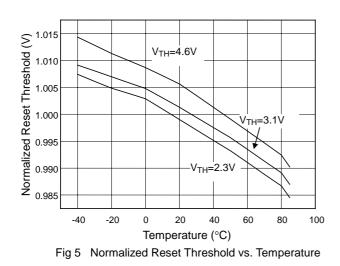


Fig 3 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature



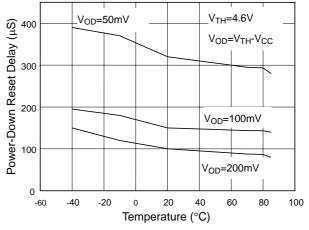
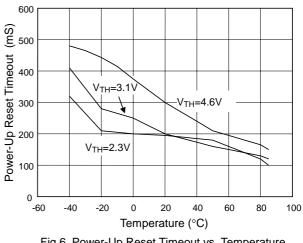
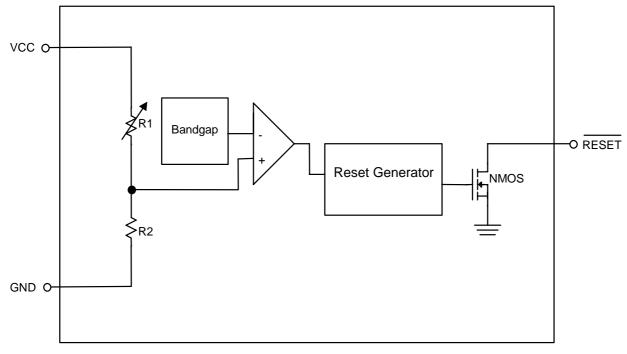


Fig 4 Power-Down Reset Delay vs. Temperature

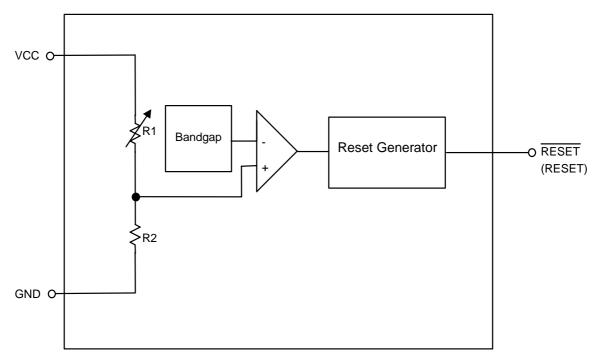




BLOCK DIAGRAMS



N-ch Open-Drain Type



Push-Pull Type

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GND Pin

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

: Ground.

RESET Pin (AIC809) : Active low output pin. RESET Output remains low while Vcc is below the reset threshold. RESET Pin (AIC810) : Active high output pin. RESET output remains high while Vcc is below the reset

threshold. Vcc Pin

: Supply voltage.

DETAIL DESCRIPTIONS OF TECHNICAL TERMS

RESET OUTPUT

µ P will be activated at a valid reset state. These µ P supervisory circuits assert reset to prevent code execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low for V_{TH}>VCC>0.9V. Once VCC exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps RESET low for the reset timeout period; after this interval, RESET goes high.

If a brownout condition occurs (VCC drops below the reset threshold), RESET goes low. Any time VCC goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer resets to zero, and RESET goes low. The

APPLICATION INFORMATION

NEGATIVE-GOING VCC TRANSIENTS

In addition to issuing a reset to the µP during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions, AIC809 series are relatively resistant to short-duration negative-going VCC transient.

ENSURING A VALID RESET OUTPUT DOWN TO VCC=0

When VCC falls below 0.9V, AIC809 RESET output no longer sinks current; it becomes an open circuit. In this case, high-impedance CMOS logic inputs connecting to RESET can drift to undetermined voltages. Therefore, AIC809/810 with CMOS is perfect for most applications of VCC internal timer is activated after VCC returns above the reset threshold, and RESET remains low for the reset timeout period.

BENEFITS OF HIGHLY ACCURATE RESET **THRESHOLD**

AIC809/810 with specified voltage as 5V±10% or 3V±10% are ideal for systems using a 5V±5% or 3V±5% power supply. The reset is guaranteed to assert after the power supply falls out of regulation, but before power drops below the minimum specified operating voltage range of the system ICs. The pre-trimmed thresholds are reducing the range over which an undesirable reset may occur.

below 0.9V. However in applications where RESET must be valid down to 0V, adding a pull-down resistor to RESET causes any leakage currents to flow to ground, holding RESET low.

INTERFACING TO µP WITH BIDIRECTIONAL **RESET PINS**

The RESET output on the AIC809N is open drain, this device interfaces easily with µPs that have bidirectional reset pins. Connecting the µ P supervisor's RESET output directly to the microcontroller's RESET pin with a single pull-up resistor allows either device to assert reset.



APPLICATION CIRCUIT

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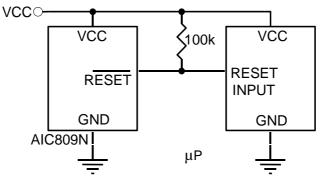


Fig. 7 Open-Drain Output

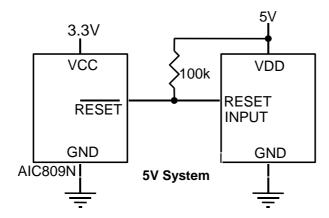


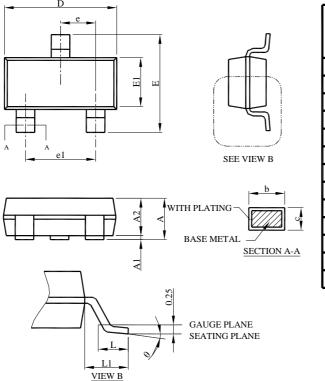
Fig. 8 Open-Drain Output Allows Use with Multiple Supplies



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

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• SOT-23



S Y B O L	SOT-23	
	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN.	MAX.
А	0.95	1.45
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.90	1.30
b	0.30	0.50
с	0.08	0.22
D	2.80	3.00
E	2.60	3.00
E1	1.50	1.70
е	0.95 BSC	
e1	1.90 BSC	
L	0.30	0.60
L1	0.60 REF	
θ	0°	8°

Note:

- 1.Refer to JEDEC MO-178.
- Dimension D and E1 do not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion or gate burrs shall not exceed 10 mil per side.
- 3.Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Note:

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