

# 1N4001W THRU 1N4007W

## 1.0 AMP SURFACE MOUNT SILICON RECTIFIERS

### FEATURES

- \* Ideal for surface mount applications
- \* Easy pick and place
- \* Built-in strain relief
- \* High surge current capability

### MECHANICAL DATA

- \* Case: Molded plastic
- \* Epoxy: UL 94V-0 rate flame retardant
- \* Terminals: Solder plated, solderable per MIL-STD-202F, method 208 guaranteed
- \* Polarity: Color band denotes cathode end
- \* Mounting position: Any

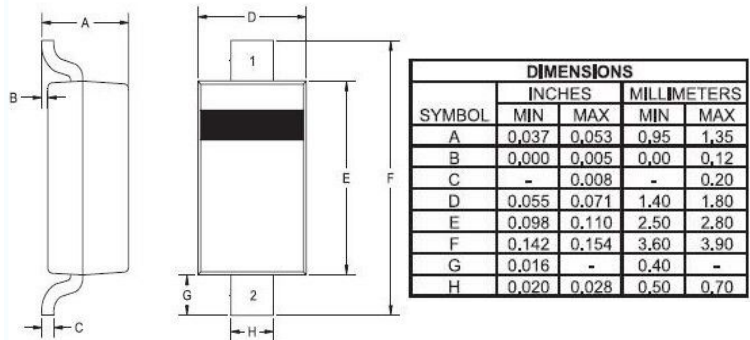
### VOLTAGE RANGE

50 to 1000 Volts

### CURRENT

1.0 Ampere

#### SOD123



### Maximum Ratings & Thermal Characteristics

( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Items	Symbol	1N4001W 1A	1N4002W 2A	1N4003W 3A	1N4004W 4A	1N4005W 5A	1N4006W 6A	1N4007W 7A	UNIT
Maximum repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS voltage	$V_{RMS}$	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC blocking voltage	$V_{DC}$	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum average forward rectified current at $T_L = 90^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	1							A
Peak forward surge current 8.3 ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load	$I_{FSM}$	25							A
Thermal resistance from junction to lead <sup>(1)</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	35							$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Operating junction range	$T_J$	-55 to +150							$^\circ\text{C}$
storage temperature range	$T_{STG}$	-55 to +150							$^\circ\text{C}$

Note 1: Mounted on PCB with 0.2 x 0.2" (5.0 x 5.0mm) copper pad areas.

### Electrical Characteristics ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Items	Test conditions	Symbol	Min	Type	Max	UNIT
Instantaneous forward voltage	$I_F = 0.5\text{A}$	$V_F$	-	0.92	-	V
	$I_F = 1\text{A}^{(2)}$			0.98	1.1	
Reverse current	$V_R = V_{DC}$	$I_R$	-	-	5	$\mu\text{A}$
					$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$	

Note 2: Pulse test: 300 $\mu\text{s}$  pulse width, 1% duty cycle.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (1N4001W THRU 1N4007W)

Fig.1 Forward Current Derating Curve

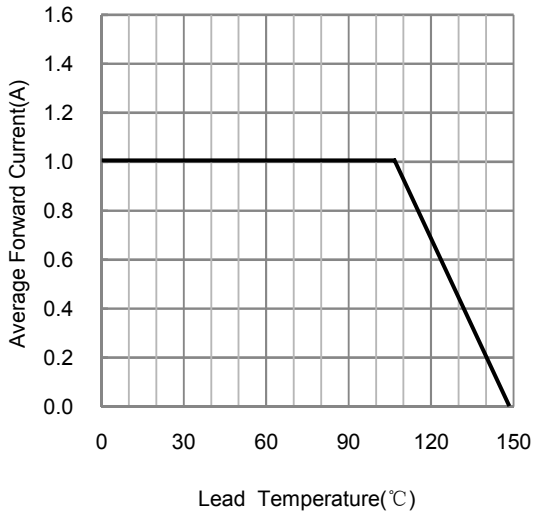


Fig.2 Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current

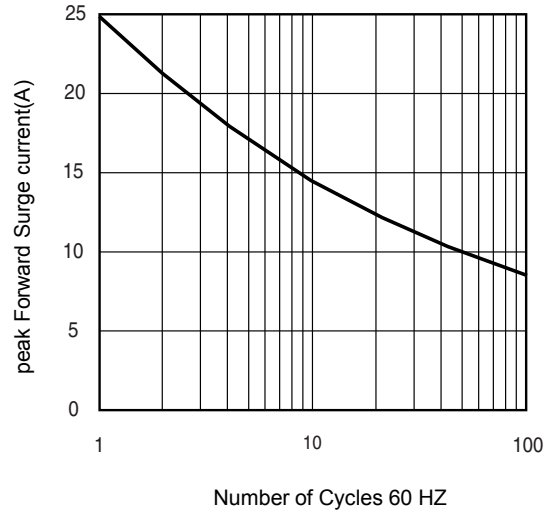


Fig.3 Typical Instantaneous Forward Characteristics

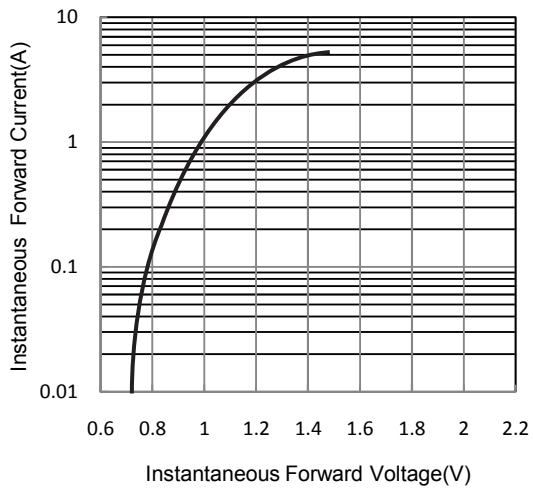


Fig.4 Typical Reverse Leakage Characteristics

