MP6604A



Simple, Dual H-Bridge Motor Driver with Separate Input and Enable Pins

DESCRIPTION

The MP6604A is a dual H-bridge motor driver IC that can drive stepper motors, brushed DC motors, and other loads.

The device operates across a 4.5V to 45V input voltage (V_{IN}) range, and can deliver up to 2.5A of output current (I_{OUT}) per phase.

Internal safety and diagnostic features include over-current protection (OCP), input overvoltage protection (OVP), and input undervoltage lockout (UVLO) protection, and thermal shutdown.

The MP6604A has separate IN and EN pins for each output pin.

The MP6604A is available in QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) and TSSOP-28EP packages.

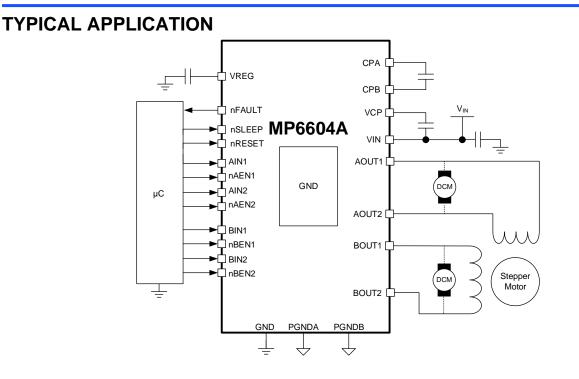
FEATURES

- 4.5V to 45V Operating Input Voltage (V_{IN}) Range
- 2.5A Maximum Output Current (I_{OUT})
- Dual H-Bridge or Quad Half-Bridge Driver
- 150mΩ Low On Resistance (per MOSFET)
- Protection Functions:
 - o Over-Current Protection (OCP)
 - Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)
 - Under-Voltage Lockout Protection (UVLO)
 - o Thermal Shutdown
 - Fault Indication Output
- Available in QFN-28 (4mmx5mm) and TSSOP-28EP Packages

APPLICATIONS

- Bipolar Stepper Motors
- Stage Lighting
- 3D Printers
- Laser Printers and Copiers
- Textile Machines

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Part Number*	Package	Top Marking	MSL Rating				
MP6604AGV	QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)	See Below	2				
MP6604AGF	TSSOP-28EP	See Below	2a				

ORDERING INFORMATION

* For Tape & Reel, add suffix -Z (e.g. MP6604AGV-Z).

TOP MARKING (MP6604AGV)

MPSYWW M6604A LLLLLL

MPS: MPS prefix Y: Year code WW: Week code M6604A: Part number LLLLLL: Lot number

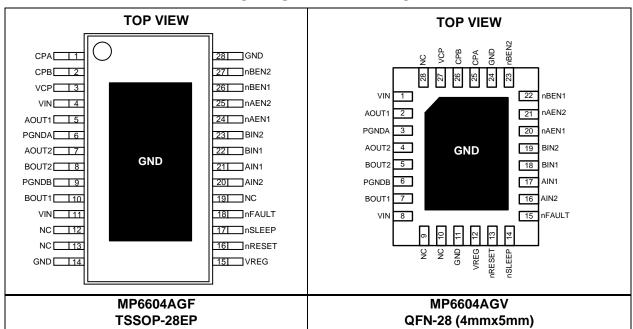
TOP MARKING (MP6604AGF)

MPSYYWW MP6604A

LLLLLLLL

MPS: MPS prefix YY: Year code WW: Week code MP6604A: Part number LLLLLLLL: Lot number





PACKAGE REFERENCE



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin #							
QFN-28 (4mmx 5mm)	TSSOP- 28EP	Name	Description				
1, 8	4, 11	VIN	Input supply voltage. Decouple the VIN pin to ground using a ≥100nF ceramic capacitor. Additional bulk capacitance may be required.				
2	5	AOUT1	Bridge A output terminal 1.				
3	6	PGNDA	Power ground for H-bridge A outputs.				
4	7	AOUT2	Bridge A output terminal 2.				
5	8	BOUT2	Bridge B output terminal 2.				
6	9	PGNDB	Power ground for H-bridge B outputs.				
7	10	BOUT1	Bridge B output terminal 1.				
11, 24	14, 28	GND	Signal ground.				
12	15	VREG	Internal regulator. Connect a 1μ F ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics between the VREG and GND pins. This capacitor should be rated for \geq 16V.				
13	16	nRESET	Reset input. Pull the nRESET pin low to reset the protection circuits and disable the outputs. nRESET has an internal pull-down resistor.				
14	17	nSLEEP	Sleep mode input. Pull the nSLEEP pin low to enter low-power sleep mode. nSLEEP has an internal pull-down resistor.				
15	18	nFAULT	Fault indication. The nFAULT pin is an open-drain output. nFAULT requires an external pull-up resistor if used. If a fault occurs, nFAULT is pulled low.				
16	20	AIN2	Control input of AOUT2. The AIN2 pin has an internal pull-down resistor.				
17	21	AIN1	Control input of AOUT1. The AIN1 pin has an internal pull-down resistor.				
18	22	BIN1	Control input of BOUT1. The BIN1 pin has an internal pull-down resistor.				
19	23	BIN2	Control input of BOUT2. The BIN2 pin has an internal pull-down resistor.				
20	24	nAEN1	AOUT1 enable. Pull nAEN1 low to enable the corresponding output (AOUT1). nAEN1 has an internal pull-down resistor.				
21	25	nAEN2	AOUT2 enable. Pull nAEN2 low to enable the corresponding output (AOUT2). nAEN2 has an internal pull-down resistor.				
22	26	nBEN1	BOUT1 enable. Pull nBEN1 low to enable the corresponding output (BOUT1). nBEN1 has an internal pull-down resistor.				
23	27	nBEN2	BOUT2 enable. Pull nBEN2 low to enable the corresponding output (BOUT2). nBEN1 has an internal pull-down resistor.				
25	1	СРА	Charge pump capacitor terminal A. Connect a 100nF ceramic capacitor rated for the input voltage (V_{IN}) between the CPA and CPB pins.				
26	2	СРВ	Charge pump capacitor terminal B. Connect a 100nF ceramic capacitor rated for V _{IN} between the CPA and CPB pins.				
27	3	VCP	Charge pump output. Connect a 1μ F ceramic capacitor between the VCP and VIN pins. This capacitor should be rated for ≥ 16 V.				

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)

Supply voltage (V _{IN}) V _{AOUT1} , V _{AOUT2} , V _{BOUT1} , V _{BOUT2} V _{CP} , V _{CPB}	0.7V to +48V
PGNDx to GND	0.3V to +0.3V
All other pins to GND	0.3V to +6.5V
Continuous power dissipation (T	_A = 25°C) ⁽²⁾
QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)	3.125W
TSSOP-28EP	3.9W
Storage temperature	-55°C to +150°C
Junction temperature (T _J)	150°C
Lead temperature (solder)	

ESD Ratings

Human body model (HBM)	±2kV
Charged device model (CDM)	±2kV

Recommended Operating Conditions (3)

Supply voltage (VIN)	4.5V to 45V
PGNDx to GND	0.2V to +0.2V
Operating junction temp (T _J).	40°C to +125°C

Thermal Resistance ⁽⁴⁾ θ_{JA} θ_{JC}

QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)	40	9	°C/W
TSSOP-28EP			

Notes:

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device.
- 2) The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature T_J (MAX), the junction-toambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature T_A. The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by P_D (MAX) = (T_J (MAX) - T_A) / θ_{JA} . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation can produce an excessive die temperature, which may cause the device to go into thermal shutdown. Internal thermal shutdown circuitry protects the device from permanent damage.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{IN} = 24V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Power Supply						
Input voltage	VIN		4.5		45	V
Quiescent current	la	nSLEEP is high, no load		2.8		mA
Sleep mode I _Q	I _{SLEEP}	nSLEEP is low		0.9	10	μA
Internal MOSFETs	1					I
High-side MOSFET (HS-FET) on resistance	RDS(ON)_HS	Ι _{ΟUT} = 1Α, Τ _J = 25°C		135	170	mΩ
Low-side MOSFET (LS-FET) on resistance	Rds(on)_ls	Ι _{ΟUT} = 1Α, Τ _J = 25°C		150	185	mΩ
Body diode forward voltage	VF	Іоυт = 1А			1.1	V
Control Logic Inputs						
Input logic low voltage	VIL				0.8	V
Input logic high voltage	Vih		2			V
Input logic high current	I _{IN_H}	$V_{IN} = 5V$	-100		+100	μA
Input logic low current	I _{IN_L}	$V_{IN} = 0V$	-20		+20	μA
Internal pull-down resistance	Rpd	Pulled down to GND		100		kΩ
nFAULT Output (Open-Drain O	utput)		•		•	
Output low voltage	Vol	louт = 5mA			0.5	V
Output high leakage current	I _{OH}	V _{OUT} = 5V			1	μA
Protection Circuits			•		•	
V _{IN} under-voltage lockout (UVLO) rising threshold	Vuvlo				4.5	V
V _{IN} UVLO hysteresis	ΔV_{UVLO}			300		mV
V _{IN} over-voltage protection (OVP) threshold	Vovp		45		48	V
Over-current protection (OCP) threshold	IOCP1	Sink	3	4.5		А
	IOCP2	Source	3	4.5		А
OCP deglitch time	tocp			1		μs
Thermal shutdown threshold	T _{TSD}			165		°C
Thermal shutdown hysteresis	ΔT_{TSD}			15		°C
Timing						
AINx/BINx high to AOUTx/ BOUTx high delay time	t1		40		360	ns
AINx/BINx low to AOUTx/ BOUTx low delay time	t2		40		360	ns
Output rise time	t3		1		55	ns
Output fall time	t4		1		165	ns
Dead time (DT)					80	ns



TIMIMG DIAGRAM (5)

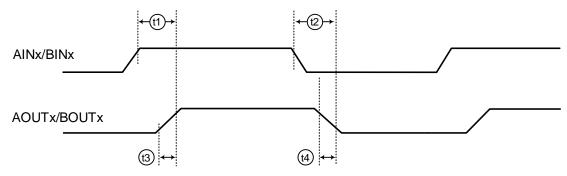


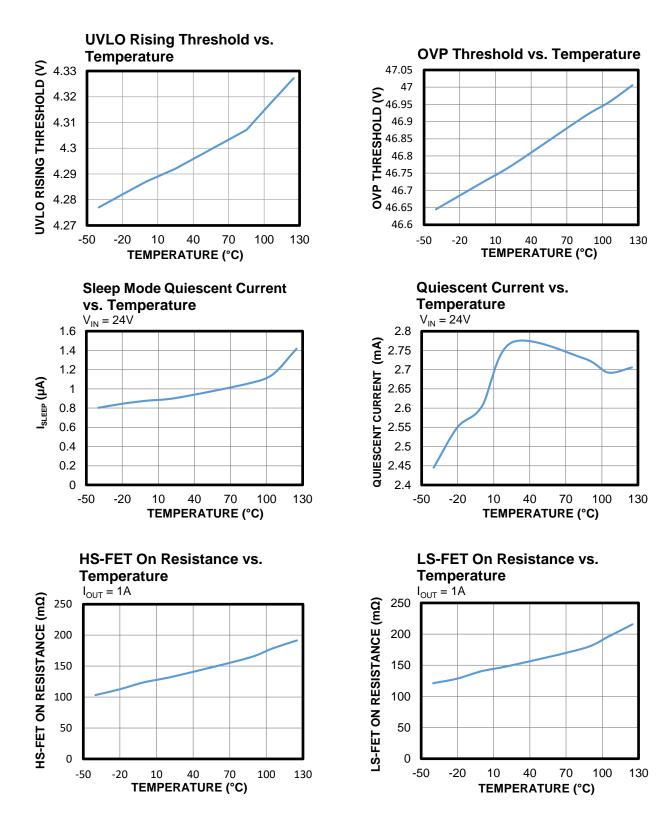
Figure 1: Timing Diagram

Note:

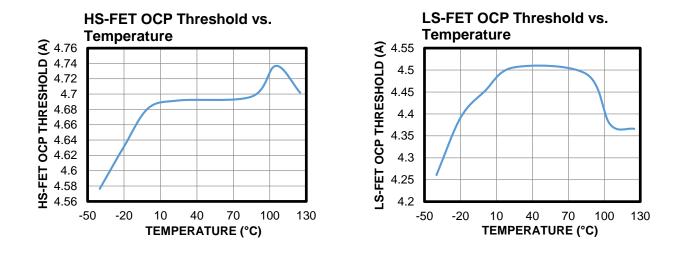
5) $V_{IN} = 24V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ρ.



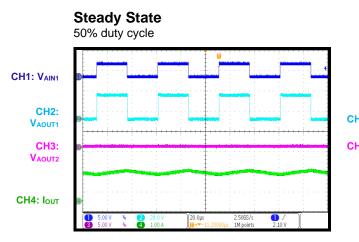
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

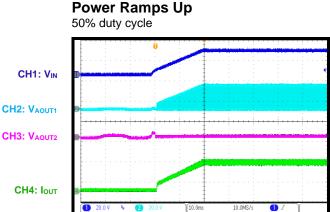




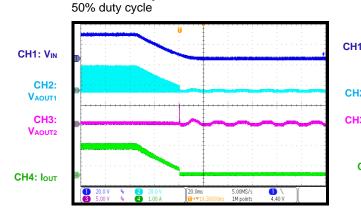
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{IN} = 24V, AOUT1 is enabled, f_{SW} = 20kHz, AOUT2's LS-FET is on, T_A = 25°C, resistor + inductance = 8Ω + 1.5mH between AOUT1 and AOUT2, unless otherwise noted.

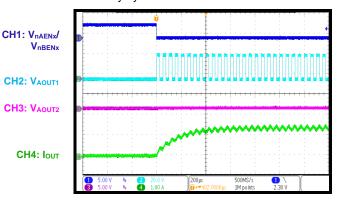


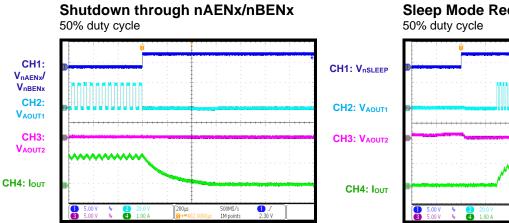


Power Ramps Down



Start Up through nAENx/nBENx 50% duty cycle





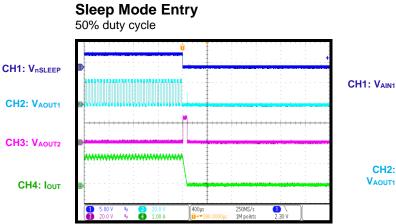
Sleep Mode Recovery

250MS/

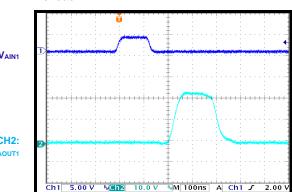


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

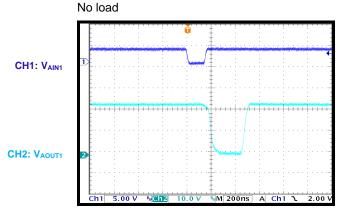
 V_{IN} = 24V, AOUT1 is enabled, f_{SW} = 20kHz, AOUT2's LS-FET is on, T_A = 25°C, resistor + inductance = 8 Ω + 1.5mH between AOUT1 and AOUT2, unless otherwise noted.



HS-FET Minimum On Time No load



LS-FET Minimum On Time





FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

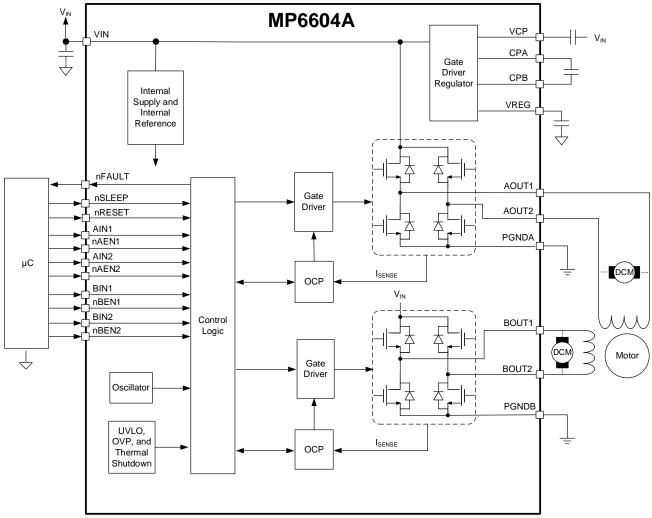


Figure 2: Functional Block Diagram



OPERATION

The MP6604A is a general-purpose dual Hbridge motor driver that integrates eight Nchannel power MOSFETs connected as four half H-bridges, with a 2.5A current capability. It operates across a wide 4.5V to 45V input voltage (V_{IN}) range.

The MP6604A is designed to drive bipolar stepper motors, brushed DC motors, solenoids, or other loads.

nSLEEP and nRESET Operation

Pull nSLEEP low to have the device enter lowpower sleep mode. In sleep mode, the gate driver charge pump turns off, and all of the internal circuitry and H-bridge outputs are disabled. All of the inputs are ignored while nSLEEP is pulled low.

There is a delay time (600µs) between when the part exits sleep mode and when the part starts driving the motor to allow the internal circuitry to stabilize. The nSLEEP pin has an internal pull-down resistor.

Pull nRESET low to reset a latched protection [e.g. over-current protection (OCP) or overvoltage protection (OVP)] and to have the outputs enter a high-impedance (Hi-Z) state.

Input Interface

The MP6604A integrates four half H-bridges that operate independently from one another.

Each output has its own input (AINx/BINx) and enable (AENx/BENx) pins for each output pin (AOUTx/BOUTx). Table 2 shows the MP6604A's pin logic.

Table 2. MF0004A FIII LOUIC							
AENx/ BENx	AINx/ BINx	AOUTx/ BOUTx					
High	X ⁽⁶⁾	Hi-Z					
Low	Low	Low					
Low	High	High					

Table 2: MP6604A Pin Logic

All of the logic inputs have internal pull-down resistors.

Note:

6) "x" denotes high or low.

Automatic Synchronous Rectification

If both the high-side MOSFET (HS-FET) and low-side MOSFET (LS-FET) are off, recirculation current should continue to flow while driving current through an inductive load. This current passes through the MOSFET body diodes. The MP6604A employs automatic synchronous rectification to reduce excess power dissipation in the body diodes.

If both the HS-FET and LS-FET are off, and the voltage on an AOUTx/BOUTx (V_{AOUTx}/V_{BOUTx}) pin is pulled below GND, then the LS-FET turns on until its current reaches 0A, or until the HS-FET is commanded to turn on. Similarly, if V_{AOUTx}/V_{BOUTx} exceeds V_{IN} , then the HS-FET turns on until its current reaches 0A, or until the LS-FET turns on until its current reaches 0A, or until the LS-FET is commanded to turn on.

Internal Supplies (VREG and VCP)

The internal regulator (VREG) provides a 5V supply for the low-side (LS) gate driver. The other internal regulator (VCP) provides a supply 5V above V_{IN} for the high-side (HS) gate driver. VREG and VCP require external capacitors.

Connect a 1µF capacitor between the VREG pin and GND. Connect a 1µF capacitor between the VCP and VIN pins. Both capacitors should have X7R dielectrics, and should be rated for \geq 16V.

The charge pump's flying capacitor (connected between the CPA and CPB pins) should be a 100nF ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics, and should be rated for at least the maximum V_{IN} .

Fault Reporting

The MP6604A's nFAULT pin reports whether an over-current (OC), over-temperature (OT), or over-voltage (OV) fault has occurred. nFAULT is an open-drain output that is pulled low if a fault occurs. If used, nFAULT should be pulled high via an external pull-up resistor.

Over-Current Protection (OCP)

OCP circuitry disables the gate driver to limit the current flowing through the MOSFETs. If the current exceeds the OCP threshold for longer



than the OCP deglitch time (t_{OCP}) , then all of the MOSFETs in the H-bridge are disabled, and nFAULT is pulled low. The driver turns on again once the device is reset by pulling the nRESET pin low, or by cycling the power on VIN. An OC fault on either the HS-FET or LS-FET (e.g. an excessive current to ground, to the supply, or across the motor winding) can cause an OC shutdown.

Over-Voltage Protection (OVP)

If V_{IN} exceeds the OVP threshold, then the Hbridge output is disabled, and nFAULT is pulled low. The driver turns on again once the device is reset by pulling the nRESET pin low, or by cycling the power on VIN.

V_{IN} Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) Protection

If V_{IN} drops below the under-voltage lockout (UVLO) threshold, then all of the IC's circuitry is disabled, and the internal logic is reset. Once V_{IN} exceeds the UVLO threshold, the part resumes normal operation.

Thermal Shutdown

If the die temperature the thermal shutdown threshold (165°C), then all of the MOSFETs in the H-bridge are disabled, and nFAULT is pulled low. Once the die temperature drops to 150°C, the part resumes normal operation.

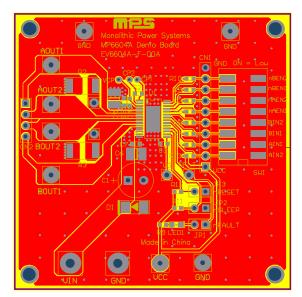
APPLICATION INFORMATION

External Component Selection

Bypass the VIN pins to GND using a ≥ 100 nF ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics. Place this capacitor as close to the IC as possible. Place an additional 1µF to 10µF ceramic capacitor near the ≥ 100 nF capacitor. Depending on the supply impedance and distance to other large capacitors, an additional electrolytic bulk capacitor may be required to stabilize V_{IN}.

Connect a 100nF ceramic capacitor rated for V_{IN} between the CPA and CPB pins. Connect a 1µF ceramic capacitor between the VIN and VCP pins. This capacitor should be rated for \geq 16V.

Connect a 1μ F ceramic capacitor with X7R dielectrics between the VREG and GND pins. This capacitor should be rated for \geq 16V.

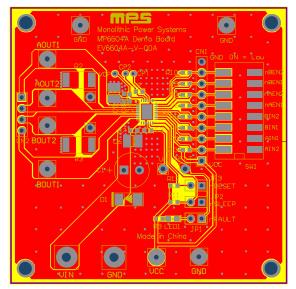


Recommended PCB Layout for the MP6604AGF

PCB Layout Guidelines

Efficient PCB layout is critical for stable operation. For the best results, refer to Figure 3 and follow the guidelines below:

- 1. Place the VIN bypass capacitor and charge pump capacitor as close to the IC as possible. Place these capacitors adjacent to the pins on the same PCB layer. Each VIN pin should have a bypass capacitor.
- 2. Place as much copper as possible on the long pads.
- 3. Place large copper areas on the pads, on the same outer copper layer as the device.
- 4. Solder the thermal pad directly to the copper on the PCB.
- 5. Add multiple thermal vias to improve thermal dissipation.



he MP6604AGF Recommended PCB Layout for the MP6604AGV Figure 3: Recommended PCB Layout



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

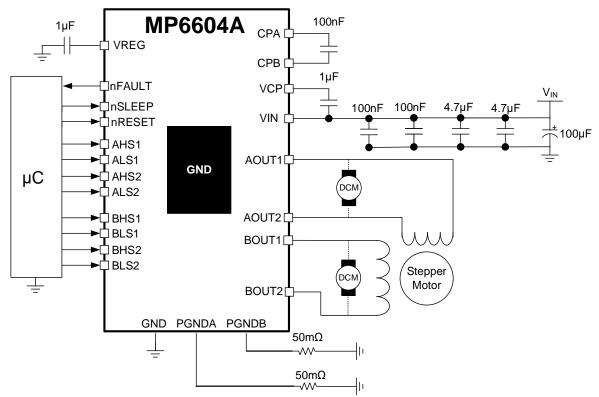
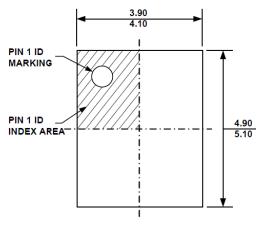


Figure 4: Typical Application Circuit

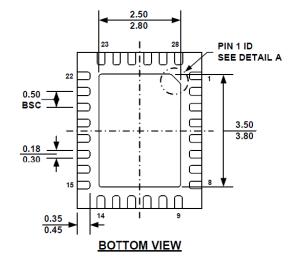


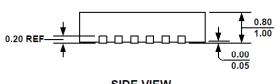
QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)

PACKAGE INFORMATION



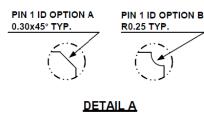
TOP VIEW



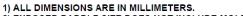


SIDE VIEW

ar



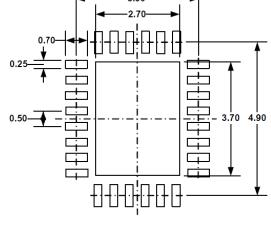
NOTE: 1) ALL DIMEN 2) EXPOSED F 3) LEAD COPL 4 DRAWING (



2) EXPOSED PADDLE SIZE DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.

3) LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE 0.10 MILLIMETER MAX. 4) DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-220, VARIATION VHGD-3.

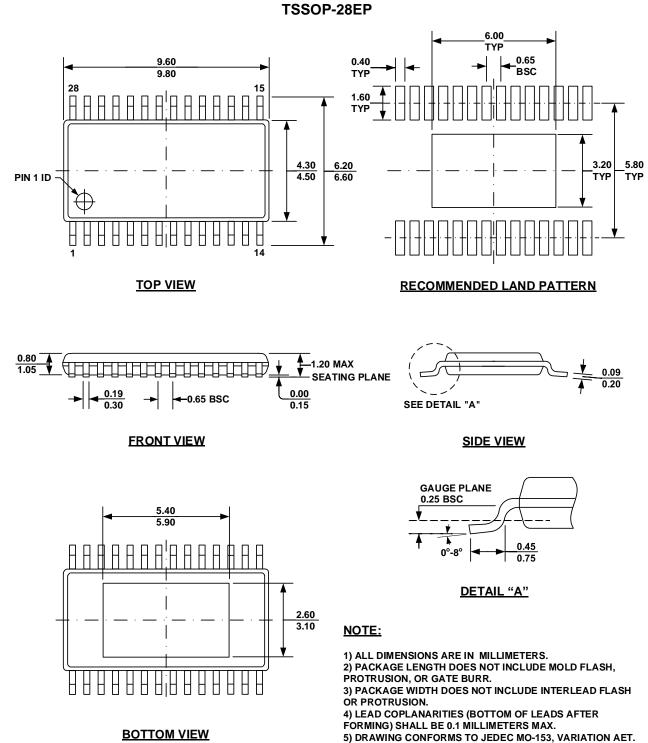
5) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

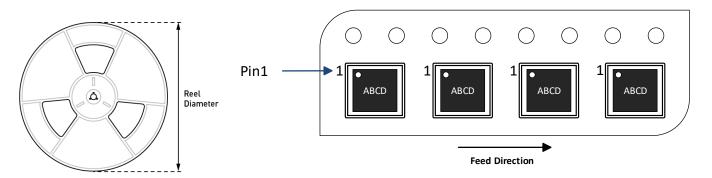


PACKAGE INFORMATION (continued)

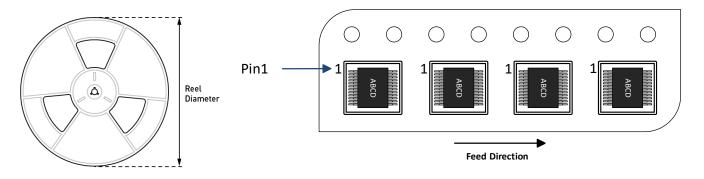


6) DRAWING IS NOT TO SCALE.

CARRIER INFORMATION



Part Number	Package	Quantity/	Quantity/	Quantity/	Reel	Carrier	Carrier
	Description	Reel	Tube	Tray	Diameter	Tape Width	Tape Pitch
MP6604AGV-Z	QFN-28 (4mmx5mm)	5000	N/A	N/A	13in	12mm	8mm



Part Number	Package	Quantity/	Quantity/	Quantity/	Reel	Carrier	Carrier
	Description	Reel	Tube	Tray	Diameter	Tape Width	Tape Pitch
MP6604AGF-Z	TSSOP-28EP	2500	50	N/A	13in	16mm	8mm



REVISION HISTORY

R	Revision #	Revision Date	Description	Pages Updated
	1.0	10/20/2022	Initial Release	-
	1.1	5/12/2023	Updated the MSL rating for the MP6604AGV to "2" in the Ordering Information section	2

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