

ASSR-1611

High Current, 1 Form A, Solid State Relay (MOSFET) $(60V/2.5A/0.1\Omega)$

Description

The Broadcom® ASSR-1611 is specifically designed for high current applications, commonly found in industrial equipment. The relay is a solid-state replacement for single-pole, normally-open, 1 Form A electromechanical relays.

The ASSR-1611 consists of an AlGaAs infrared light-emitting diode (LED) input stage that is optically coupled to a high-voltage output detector circuit. The detector consists of a high-speed photovoltaic diode array and driver circuitry to switch on/off two discrete high-voltage MOSFETs. The relay turns on (contact closes) with a minimum input current of 5 mA through the input LED. The relay turns off (contact opens) with an input voltage of 0.8V or less. The electrical and switching characteristics are specified over the temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

The ASSR-1611 connection A, as shown in the schematic, allows the relay to switch either AC or DC loads. Connection B, with its advantages of reduced On-Resistance and higher output current, allows the relays to switch DC loads only.

Features

- Compact solid-state bidirectional signal switch
- Single channel normally-off Single-Pole-Single-Throw (SPST) relay
- 60V output withstand voltage
- 2.5A or 5.0A current rating
- Low input current: CMOS compatibility
- Low On-Resistance
 - 20 mΩ typical for DC only
 - 65 mΩ typical for AC/DC
- High-speed switching: 3.2 ms (T_{on}), 0.1 ms (T_{off}) typical
- High transient immunity: >1 kV/µs
- High input-to-output insulation voltage (safety and regulatory approved)
 - UL recognized: 3750 V_{rms} and 5000 V_{rms}¹ for 1 minute per UL1577
 - CSA Component Acceptance

Applications

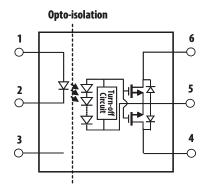
- Industrial controls
- Factory automation
- Data acquisition systems
- Measuring instruments
- Medical systems
- Security systems
- EMR/Reed Relay replacement

CAUTION! It is advised that normal static precautions be taken in handling and assembly of this component to prevent damage and degradation which may be induced by ESD.

The components featured in this data sheet are not to be used in military or aerospace applications or environments. The components are not AEC-Q100 qualified and are not recommended for automotive applications.

 $5000\ V_{rms}/1$ minute rating is for Option X21 only. Please consult your Broadcom sales representative.

Functional Diagram



Truth Table

LED	Output
Off	Open
On	Close

Ordering Information

ASSR-1611 is UL Recognized with 3750 V_{rms} and 5000 V_{rms} (Option X21²) for 1 minute per UL1577 and is approved under CSA Component Acceptance Notice #5.

	Option					
Part Number	RoHS Compliant	Package	Surface Mount	Gull Wing	Tape and Reel	Quantity
ASSR-1611	-001E	300-mil	_	_	_	50 units per tube
	-301E	DIP-6	X	Χ	_	50 units per tube
	-501E		X	Х	Х	1000 units per reel

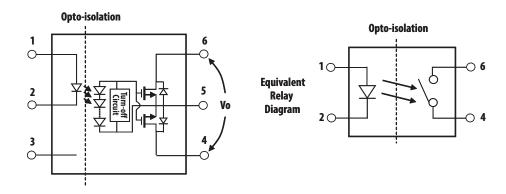
To order, choose a part number from the Part Number column and combine it with the desired option from the Option column to form an order entry.

Example: Select ASSR-1611-501E to order the product consisting of a 300-mil DIP-6 gull wing surface mount package in tape and reel packaging that is RoHS compliant.

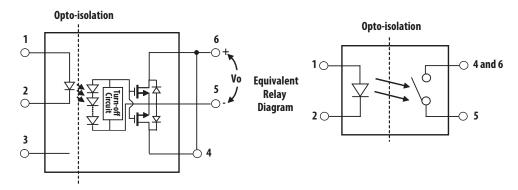
Please contact your Broadcom sales representative.

Schematics

ASSR-1611 Connection A: AC/DC

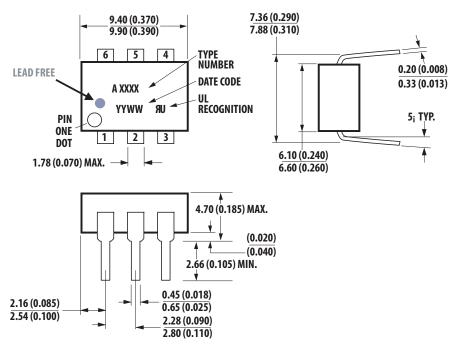


ASSR-1611 Connection B: DC Only



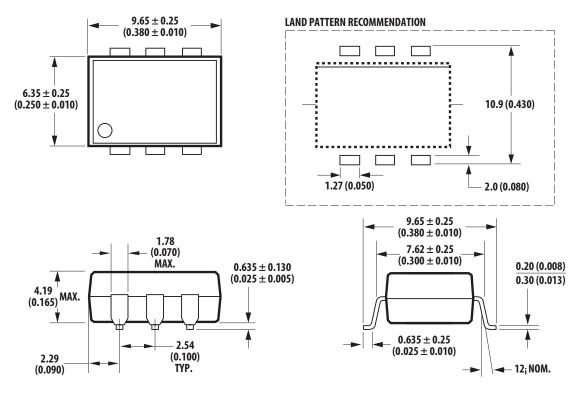
Package Outline Drawings

ASSR-1611 6-Pin DIP Package



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ASSR-1611 6-Pin DIP Package with Gull Wing Surface Mount Option 300



NOTE: FLOATING LEAD PROTRUSION IS 0.25 mm (10 mils) MAX.

Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

Recommended reflow condition as per JEDEC Standard, J-STD-020 (latest revision). Use non-halide flux.

Regulatory Information

The ASSR-1611 is approved by the following organizations:

UL	Approval under UL 1577, component recognition program up to V_{ISO} = 3750 V_{rms} and V_{ISO} = 5000 V_{rms} (Option X21).
CSA	Approval under CSA Component Acceptance Notice #5.

Insulation-Related and Safety-Related Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	ASSR-1611	Unit	Conditions
Minimum External Air Gap (Clearance)	L(101)	7.1	mm	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance through air.
Minimum External Tracking (Creepage)	L(102)	7.4	mm	Measured from input terminals to output terminals, shortest distance path along body.
Minimum Internal Plastic Gap (Internal Clearance)	_	0.08	mm	Through insulation distance conductor to conductor, usually the straight line distance thickness between the emitter and detector.
Tracking Resistance (Comparative Tracking Index)	CTI	175	V	DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303 Part 1.
Isolation Group (DIN VDE0109)	_	Illa	_	Material Group (DIN VDE 0109).

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Storage Temperature		T _S	– 55	125	°C	
Operating Temperature		T _A	-40	85	°C	
Junction Temperature		TJ	_	125	°C	
Lead Soldering Cycle	Temperature	_	_	260	°C	
	Time		_	10	s	
Input Current	Average	I _F	_	25	mA	
	Surge		_	50		
	Transient		_	1000		
Reversed Input Voltage		V _R	_	5	V	
Input Power Dissipation		P _{IN}	_	40	mW	
Output Power Dissipation	Connection A	P _O	_	625	mW	
	Connection B	P _O	_	880	mW	
Average Output Current	Connection A	I _O	_	2.5	А	а
$(T_A = 25^{\circ}C, T_C \le 100^{\circ}C)$	Connection B	Io	_	5	А	а
Output Voltage (T _A = 25°C)	Connection A	Vo	-60	60	V	b
	Connection B	Vo	0	60	V	
Solder Reflow Temperature	Profile		See	Lead Free IR Pr	ofile.	

a. For derating, refer to Figure 1, and Figure 2.

b. The voltage across the output terminals of the relay should not exceed this rated withstand voltage. Overvoltage protection circuits should be added in some applications to protect against overvoltage transients.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Current (ON)	I _{F(ON)}	5	20	mA
Input Voltage (OFF)	V _{F(OFF)}	0	0.8	V
Operating Temperature	T _A	-40	+85	°C

Package Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, $T_A = 25$ °C.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Note
Input-Output Momentary	V _{ISO}	3750	_	_	V _{rms}	RH ≤ 50%, t = 1 minute	a, b
Withstand Voltage		5000	_		V_{rms}	RH ≤ 50%, t = 1 minute Option X21	a, b
Input-Output Resistance	R _{I-O}	_	10 ¹⁴	_	Ω	V _{I-O} = 500 Vdc	
Input-Output Capacitance	C _{I-O}	_	0.8	_	pF	V _{I-O} = 0 Vdc, f = 1 MHz	а

a. Device is considered a two-terminal device: pins 1, 2, and 3 shorted together and pins 5, 6, and 7 shorted together.

Electrical Specifications (DC)

Over recommended operating $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, $I_F = 5$ mA to 10 mA, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions		Note
Output Withstand Voltage		V _{O(OFF)}	60	68	_	V	$V_F = 0.8V$, $I_O = 250 \mu A$, $T_A = 25^{\circ} C$	3	
			55	_	_	٧	V _F = 0.8V, I _O = 250 μA	3	
Output Leakage Curren	t	I _{O(OFF)}	_	0.01	0.1	μΑ	$V_F = 0.8V, V_O = 60V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	5	
			_	_	5	μA	$V_F = 0.8V, V_O = 55V$	4	
Output Off-Capacitance	Output Off-Capacitance		_	1400	_	pF	$V_F = 0.8V, V_O = 0V, f = 1 MHz$	6	
Output Offset Voltage		V _(OS)	_	1	_	μV	I _F = 5 mA, I _O = 0 mA		
Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage		V_{R}	5	_	_	V	I _R = 10 μA		
Input Forward Voltage		V _F	1.1	1.3	1.7	٧	I _F = 5 mA	7, 8	
Output On-Resistance	Connection A	R _(ON)	_	0.065	0.1	Ω	I _F = 5 mA, I _O = 2.5A,	9, 10	а
	Connection B	. ,	_	0.02	0.035	Ω	Pulse ≤ 30 ms, T _A = 25°C	11	

a. During the pulsed $R_{(ON)}$ measurement (I_O duration \leq 30 ms), ambient (T_A) and case temperature (T_C) are equal.

b. The Input-Output Momentary Withstand Voltage is a dielectric voltage rating that should not be interpreted as an input-output continuous voltage rating. For the continuous voltage rating, refer to the IEC/EN/DIN EN 60747-5-2 Insulation Characteristics Table (if applicable), your equipment level safety specification, or Broadcom Application Note 1074, Optocoupler Input-Output Endurance Voltage.

Switching Specifications (AC)

Over recommended operating T_A = -40°C to 85°C, I_F = 5 mA to 10 mA, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Fig.	Note
Turn On Time	T _{ON}	_	3.2	5.0	ms	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, I_O = 1.0 \text{A}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	12, 13	
		_	_	10.0	ms	I _F = 5 mA, I _O = 1.0A		
		_	1.6	2.5	ms	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_O = 1.0 \text{A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	12, 14	
		_	_	5.0	ms	I _F = 10 mA, I _O = 1.0A		
Turn Off Time	T _{OFF}	_	0.1	0.5	ms	$I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, I_O = 1.0 \text{A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	15, 16	
		_	_	1	ms	I _F = 5 mA, I _O = 1.0A		
		_	0.06	0.2	ms	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_O = 1.0 \text{A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	15, 17	
		_	_	0.5	ms	I _F = 10 mA, I _O = 1.0A		
Output Transient Rejection	dV _O /dt	1	7	_	kV/µs	$\Delta V_O = 60V, R_M \ge 1 M\Omega,$		а
						$C_{M} = 1000 \text{ pF}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		
Input-Output Transient	dV _{I-O} /dt	1	≥10	_	kV/µs	$V_{DD} = 5V, \Delta V_{I-O} = 1000V,$		а
Rejection						$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 25 \text{ pF}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		

a. For the transient rejection measurements, refer to Broadcom white paper, AV02-2390EN, Solid State Relay Transient Immunity.

Figure 1: Maximum Output Current Rating vs. Ambient Temperature (AC/DC Connection)

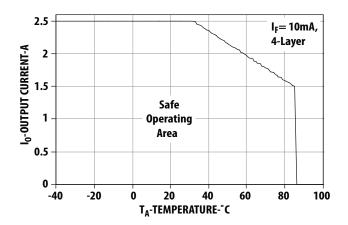


Figure 3: Normalized Typical Output Withstand Voltage vs. **Ambient Temperature**

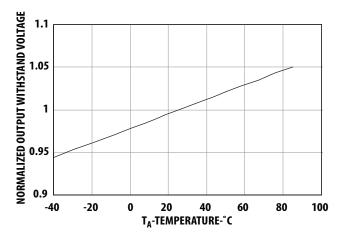


Figure 5: Typical Output Leakage vs. Output Voltage

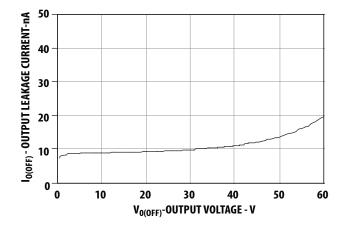


Figure 2: Maximum Output Current Rating vs. Ambient **Temperature (DC Connection)**

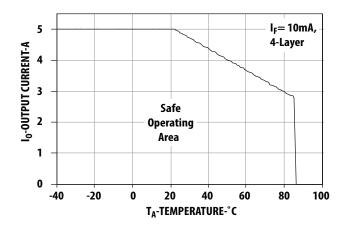


Figure 4: Typical Output Leakage vs. Ambient Temperature

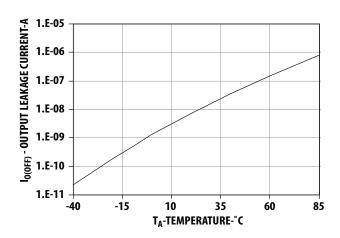


Figure 6: Typical Output Capacitance vs. Output Voltage

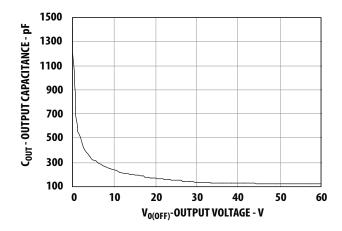


Figure 7: Typical Forward Voltage vs. Temperature

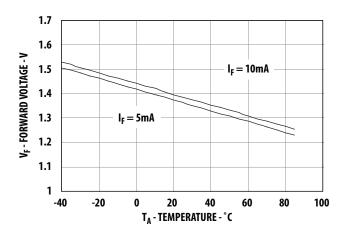


Figure 9: Typical Output Current vs. Typical Output Voltage over Temperature

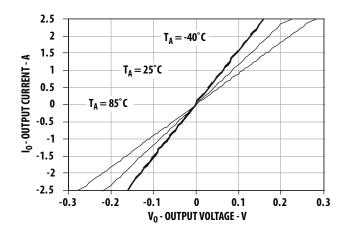


Figure 11: Typical R_(ON) (DC Connection) vs. Temperature

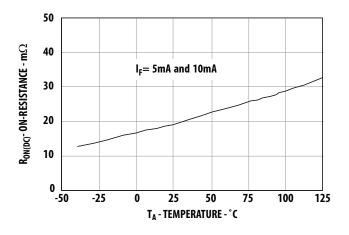


Figure 8: Typical Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage over **Temperature**

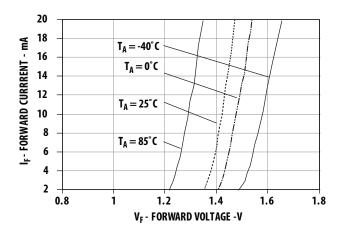


Figure 10: Typical $R_{(ON)}$ (AC/DC Connection) vs. Temperature

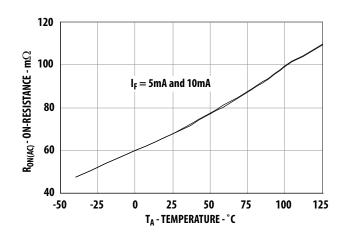


Figure 12: Typical Turn On Time vs. Input Current

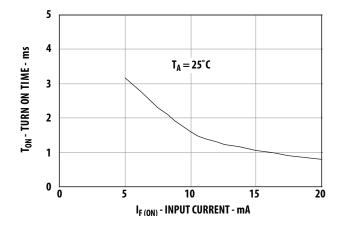


Figure 13: Typical Turn On Time vs. Ambient Temperature

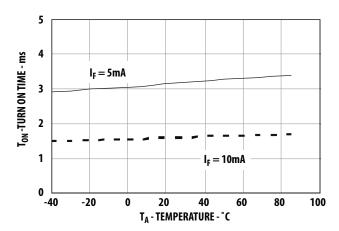


Figure 14: Typical Turn Off Time vs. Input Current

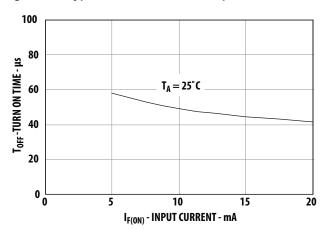


Figure 15: Typical Turn Off Time vs. Ambient Temperature

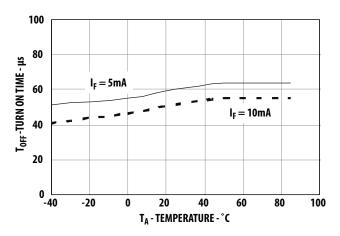


Figure 16: Switching Circuit

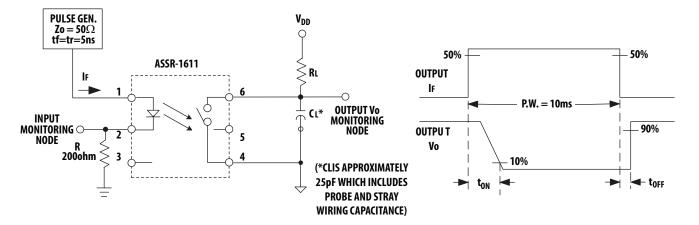
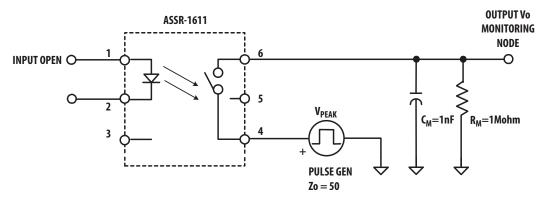
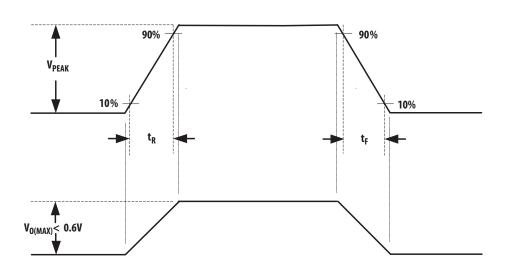


Figure 17: Output Transient Rejection Test Circuit



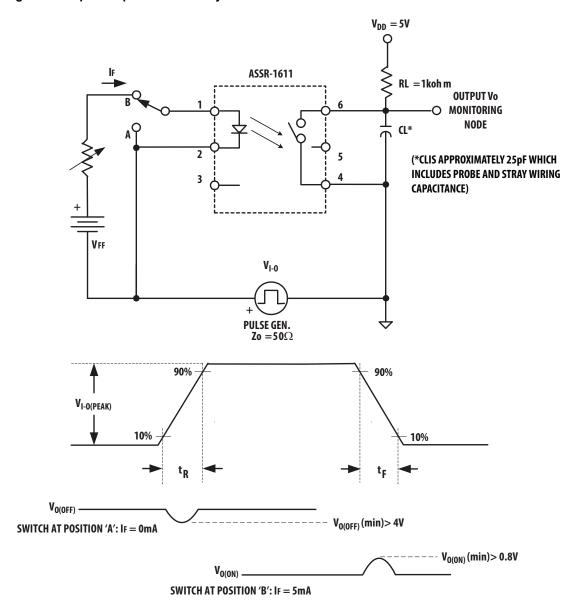
 $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{M}}$ includes probe and fixture capacitance $\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{M}}$ includes probe and fixture resistance



$$\frac{dV_0}{dt} = \frac{(0.8)V_{PEAK}}{t_R} \quad OR \quad \frac{(0.8)V_{PEAK}}{t_F}$$

OVER SHOOT ON $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize PEAK}}$ is to be 10%

Figure 18: Input-Output Transient Rejection Test Circuit



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