

High Voltage Thyristor \ Diode Module

$$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 2200 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{TAV} = 95 \text{ A}$$

$$V_T = 1.24 \text{ V}$$


Phase leg

Part number

MCNA95PD2200TB



Backside: isolated

 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic

Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 4800 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Disclaimer Notice

Information furnished is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, users should independently evaluate the suitability of and test each product selected for their own applications. Littelfuse products are not designed for, and may not be used in, all applications. Read complete Disclaimer Notice at www.littelfuse.com/disclaimer-electronics.



Rectifier			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2200	V
I_{RD}	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 2200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	μA
		$V_{R/D} = 2200 V$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		10	mA
V_T	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 95 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.26	V
		$I_T = 190 A$			1.54	V
		$I_T = 95 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.24	V
		$I_T = 190 A$			1.63	V
I_{TAV}	average forward current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		95	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			149	A
V_{T0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.84	V
r_T	slope resistance				4.1	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case				0.3	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.2		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		383	W
I_{TSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		1.70	kA
		$t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$	$V_R = 0 V$		1.84	kA
		$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1.45	kA
		$t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$	$V_R = 0 V$		1.56	kA
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		14.5	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$	$V_R = 0 V$		14.0	kA ² s
		$t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		10.4	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine$	$V_R = 0 V$		10.1	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 700 V \quad f = 1 MHz$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		50	pF
P_{GM}	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 140^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
P_{GAV}	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C; f = 50 Hz$	repetitive, $I_T = 285 A$		150	A/ μs
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.45 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	non-repet., $I_T = 95 A$		500	A/ μs
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty; \text{method 1 (linear voltage rise)}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1000	V/ μs
V_{GT}	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.6	V
I_{GT}	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		150	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		200	mA
V_{GD}	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.2	V
I_{GD}	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
I_L	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
		$I_G = 0.45 A; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$				
I_H	holding current	$V_D = 6 V \quad R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
t_{gd}	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	μs
		$I_G = 0.45 A; di_G/dt = 0.45 A/\mu s$				
t_q	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 95 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s \quad dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s \quad t_p = 200 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		500	μs



Package TO-240AA				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			200	A	
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C	
T_{op}	operation temperature		-40		125	°C	
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
Weight					81	g	
M_D	mounting torque		2.5		4	Nm	
M_T	terminal torque		2.5		4	Nm	
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7		mm	
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	16.0	16.0		mm	
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA		4800	V	
		t = 1 minute			4000	V	



Part description

- M = Module
- C = Thyristor (SCR)
- N = High Voltage Thyristor
- A = ($\geq 2000V$)
- 95 = Current Rating [A]
- PD = Phase leg
- 2200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- TB = TO-240AA-1B

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCNA95PD2200TB	MCNA95PD2200TB	Box	36	523300

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$

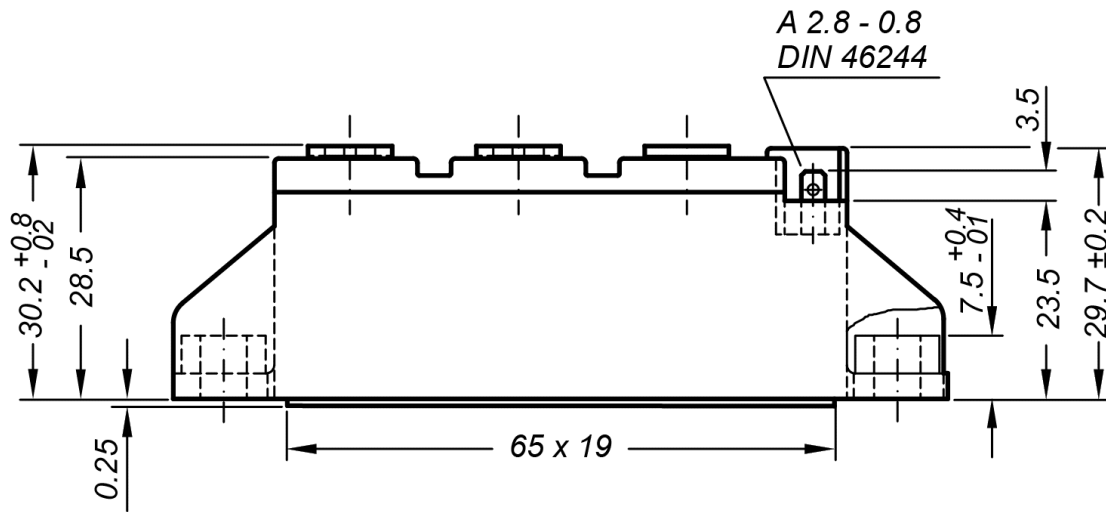


Thyristor

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.84	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	2.9	mΩ



Outlines TO-240AA



General tolerance: DIN ISO 2768 class „c“



Optional accessories for modules

Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs with wire length = 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red
Type ZY 200L (L = Left for pin pair 4/5) UL 758, style 3751



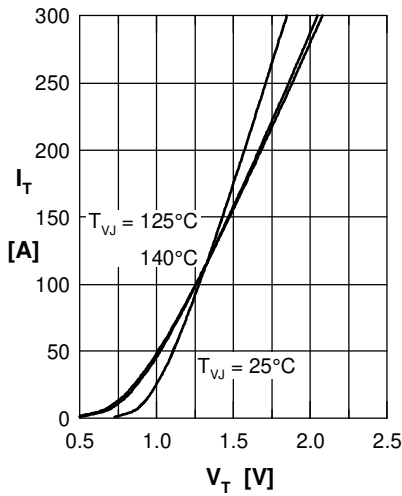
Thyristor


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

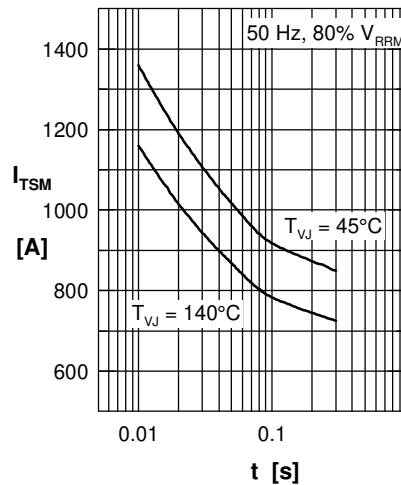
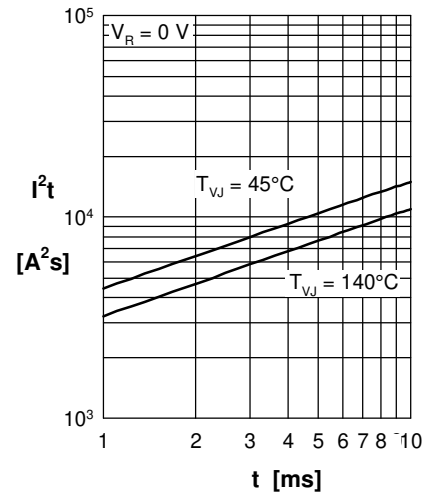
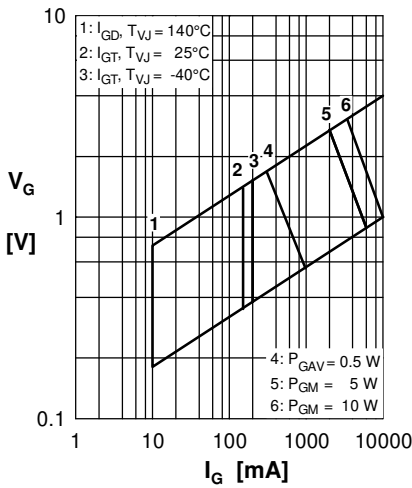

 Fig. 2 Surge overload current
 I_{TSM} : crest value, t : duration

 Fig. 3 I^2t versus time (1-10 s)


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

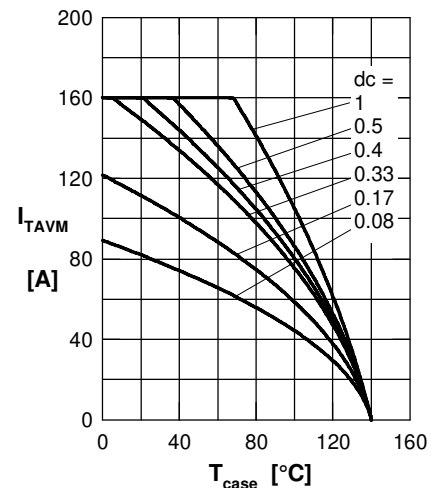

 Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time t_{gd}


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

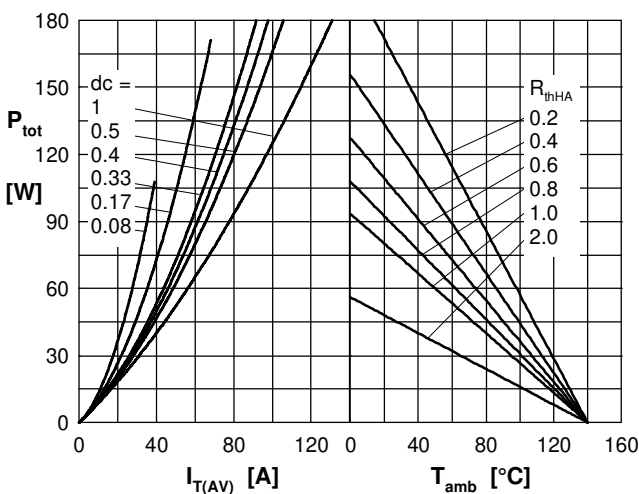
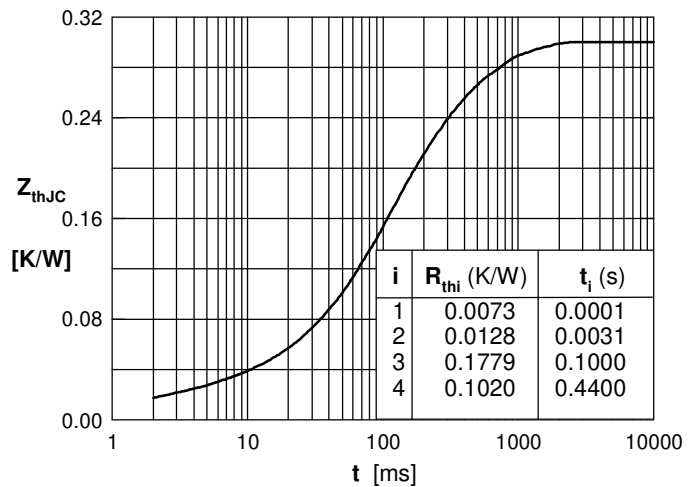

 Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case