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FINAL

COM'L: -15/20

MIL: -20

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MACH130-15/20

High-Density EE CMOS Programmable Logic

Advanced Micro Devices

DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- 84 Pins
- 64 Macrocells
- 15 ns t_{PD} Commercial 20 ns t_{PD} Military
- 50 MHz f_{MAX} Commercial 40 MHz f_{MAX} Military

- 70 Inputs
- 64 Outputs
- 64 Flip-flops; 4 clock choices
- 4 "PAL26V16" Blocks with buried Macrocells
- Pin-compatible with MACH230, MACH435

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

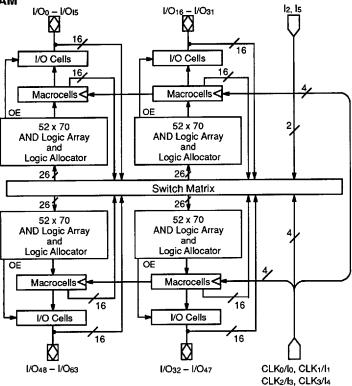
The MACH130 is a member of AMD's high-performance EE CMOS MACH 1 family. This device has approximately six times the logic macrocell capability of the popular PAL22V10 with no loss of speed.

The MACH130 consists of four PAL blocks interconnected by a programmable switch matrix. The switch matrix connects the PAL blocks to each other and to all input pins, providing a high degree of connectivity between the fully-connected PAL blocks. This allows designs to be placed and routed efficiently.

The MACH130 macrocell provides either registered or combinatorial outputs with programmable polarity. If a registered configuration is chosen, the register can be configured as D-type or T-type to help reduce the number of product terms. The register type decision can be made by the designer or by the software. All macrocells can be connected to an I/O cell. If a buned macrocell is desired, the internal feedback path from the macrocell can be used, which frees up the I/O pin for use as an input.

AMOTA AMOTA ADV MICRO PLA/PLE/ARRAYS

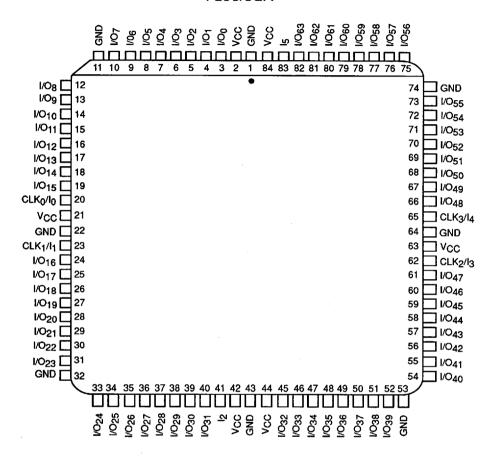
BLOCK DIAGRAM



14131F-1

CONNECTION DIAGRAM
Top View

PLCC/CQFP



Note: Pin-compatible with MACH230, MACH435.

14131F-3

PIN DESIGNATIONS

CLK/I = Clock or Input

GND = Ground

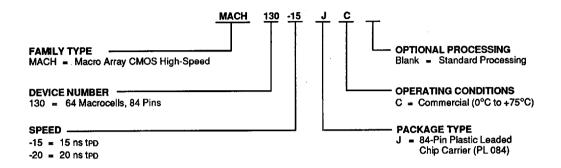
I = Input

I/O = Input/Output

Vcc = Supply Voltage

ORDERING INFORMATION Commercial Products

AMD programmable logic products for commercial applications are available with several ordering options. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:



Valid Combinations				
MACH130-15				
MACH130-20	S			

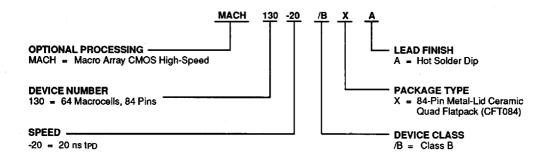
Valid Combinations

The Valid Combinations table lists configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

AMD

ORDERING INFORMATION APL Products

AMD programmable logic products for Aerospace and Defense applications are available with several ordering options. APL (Approved Product List) products are fully compliant with MIL-STD-883 requirements. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of:



Valid Combinations
MACH130-20/BXA

Valid Combinations

The Valid Combinations table lists configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The MACH130 consists of four PAL blocks connected by a switch matrix. There are 64 I/O pins and 2 dedicated input pins feeding the switch matrix. These signals are distributed to the four PAL blocks for efficient design implementation. There are 4 clock pins that can also be used as dedicated inputs.

The PAL Blocks

Each PAL block in the MACH130 (figure 10) contains a 64-product-term logic array, a logic allocator, 16 macrocells and 16 I/O cells. The switch matrix feeds each PAL block with 26 inputs. This makes the PAL block look effectively like an independent "PAL26V16".

There are four additional output enable product terms in each PAL block. For purposes of output enable, the 16 I/O cells are divided into 2 banks of 8 macrocells. Each bank is allocated two of the output enable product terms.

An asynchronous reset product term and an asynchronous preset product term are provided for flip-flop initialization. All flip-flops within the PAL block are initialized together.

The Switch Matrix

The MACH130 switch matrix is fed by the inputs and feedback signals from the PAL blocks. Each PAL block provides 16 internal feedback signals and 16 I/O feedback signals. The switch matrix distributes these signals back to the PAL blocks in an efficient manner that also provides for high performance. The design software automatically configures the switch matrix when fitting a design into the device.

The Product-Term Array

The MACH130 product-term array consists of 64 product terms for logic use, and 6 special-purpose product terms. Four of the special-purpose product terms provide programmable output enable, one provides asynchronous reset, and one provides asynchronous preset. Two of the output enable product terms are used for the first eight I/O cells; the other two control the last eight macrocells.

The Logic Allocator

The logic allocator in the MACH130 takes the 64 logic product terms and allocates them to the 16 macrocells as needed. Each macrocell can be driven by up to 12 product terms. The design software automatically configures the logic allocator when fitting the design into the device.

Table 7 illustrates which product term clusters are available to each macrocell within a PAL block. Refer to Figure 10 for cluster and macrocell numbers.

Table 7. Logic Allocation

Output Macrocell	Available Clusters
Mo	C ₀ , C ₁
M1	C ₀ , C ₁ , C ₂
М2	C ₁ , C ₂ , C ₃
Мз	C ₂ , C ₃ , C ₄
M4	C3, C4, C5
M5	C4, C5, C6
М ₆	C5, C6, C7
М7	C6, C7, C8
M8	C ₇ , C ₈ , C ₉
M9	C ₈ , C ₉ , C ₁₀
M10	C9, C10, C11
M11	C10, C11, C12
M12	C11, C12, C13
M13	C12, C13, C14
M ₁₄	C13, C14, C15
M ₁₅	C14, C15

The Macrocell

The MACH130 macrocells can be configured as either registered or combinatorial, with programmable polarity. The macrocell provides internal feedback whether configured as registered or combinatorial. The flip-flops can be configured as D-type or T-type, allowing for product-term optimization.

The flip-flops can individually select one of four global clock pins, which are also available as logic inputs. The registers are clocked on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock signal. The flip-flops can also be asynchronously initialized with the common asynchronous reset and preset product terms.

The I/O Cell

The I/O cell in the MACH130 consists of a three-state output buffer. The three-state buffer can be configured in one of three ways: always enabled, always disabled, or controlled by a product term. If product term control is chosen, one of two product terms may be used to provide the control. The two product terms that are available are common to eight I/O cells. Within each PAL block, two product terms are available for selection by the first eight three-state outputs; two other product terms are available for selection by the last eight three-state outputs.

These choices make it possible to use the macrocell as an output, an input, a bidirectional pin, or a three-state output for use in driving a bus.

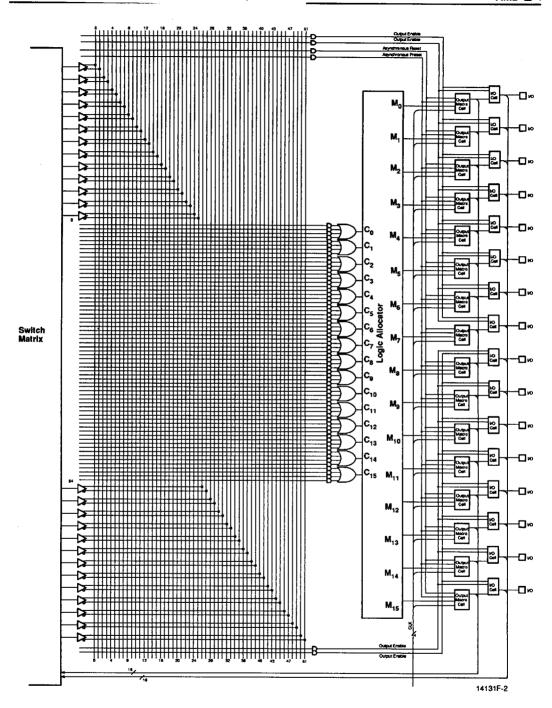


Figure 10. MACH130 PAL Block

 $(T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } 75^{\circ}C)$. .

ADV MICRO PLA/PLE/ARRAYS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Ambient Temperature With Power Applied55°C to +125°C
Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground $-0.5~V$ to $+7.0~V$
DC Input Voltage0.5 V to Vcc + 0.5 V
DC Output or I/O
Pin Voltage0.5 V to Vcc + 0.5 V
Static Discharge Voltage 2001 V
Latchup Current

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability. Programming conditions may differ.

..... 200 mA

OPERATING RANGES

Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature (T_A)
Operating in Free Air 0°C to +75°C
Supply Voltage (Vcc)
with Respect to Ground +4.75 V to +5.25 V

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

DC CHARACTERISTICS over COMMERCIAL operating ranges unless otherwise specified

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	lo _H = -3.2 mA, Vcc = Min V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	2.4		٧
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	I _{OL} = 16 mA, V _{CC} = Min V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}		0.5	٧
Vн	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs (Note 1)	2.0		٧
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs (Note 1)		8.0	>
lн	Input HIGH Current	V _{IN} = 5.25 V, V _{CC} = Max (Note 2)		10	μΑ
In	Input LOW Current	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} = Max (Note 2)		-10	μΑ
lozн	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	Vout = 5.25 V, Vcc = Max V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} (Note 2)		10	μА
lozı	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	V _{OUT} = 0 V, V _{CC} = Max V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} (Note 2)		-10	μΑ
lsc	Output Short-Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0.5 V, V _{CC} = Max (Note 3)	-30	-130	mA
lcc	Supply Current	V _{IN} = 0 V, Outputs Open (lout = 0 mA) V _{CC} = Max, f = 0 MHz (Note 4)		180	mA

- 1. These are absolute values with respect to device ground and all overshoots due to system and/or tester noise are included.
- 2. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of liL and lozL (or liH and lozH).
- Not more than one output should be shorted at a time. Duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.
 VOUT = 0.5 V has been chosen to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation.
- 4. This parameter is guaranteed worst case. An actual Icc value can be calculated by using the "Typical Dynamic Icc Characteristics" Chart towards the end of this data sheet.

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CAPACITANCE (Note 1)

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditi	ons	Тур	Unit
Cin	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 2.0 V	Vcc = 5.0 V, TA = 25°C	6	рF
Соит	Output Capacitance	Vout = 2.0 V	f = 1 MHz	8	ρF

Note:

 These parameters are not 100% tested, but are evaluated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where capacitance may be affected.

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS over COMMERCIAL operating ranges (Note 2)

Parameter					-1	5	-2	0	
Symbol	Parameter De	scription			Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
tpo	Input, I/O, or F Output (Note 3	put, I/O, or Feedback to Combinatorial utput (Note 3)				15		20	ns
+_	Setup Time fro	rom Input, I/O, or Feedback D-type		D-type	10		13		ns
ts	to Clock			T-type	11		14		ns
tн	Hold Time				0		0		ns
tco	Clock to Outpu	ıt (Note 3)				10		12	ns
twL	Clock Width			LOW	6		8		ns
twн				HIGH	6		8		ns
				D-type	50		40		MHz
		External Feedback 1/(ts + tco)	T-type	47.6		38.5		MHz	
fmax	Maximum Frequency	D-type	66.6		47.6		MHz		
,	(Note 4)	Internal Feedback	(fCNT)	T-type	55.5		43.5		MHz
		No Feedback	1/(twL + twH)		83.3		62.5		MHz
tar	Asynchronous	Reset to Registered	Output			20		25	ns
tarw	Asynchronous	Reset Width (Note 4)		15		20		ns
tarr	Asynchronous	Reset Recovery Tim	e (Note 4)		10		15		กร
tap	Asynchronous	Preset to Registered	Output			20		25	ns
tapw	Asynchronous	Preset Width (Note	4)		15		20		ns
tapr	Asynchronous	Preset Recovery Tin	ne (Note 4)		10		15		ns
tea	Input, I/O, or F	or Feedback to Output Enable (Note 3)			15		20	ns	
ter	·	eedback to Output D				15		20	ns

- 2. See Switching Test Circuit, for test conditions.
- 3. Parameters measured with 32 outputs switching.
- These parameters are not 100% tested, but are evaluated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where frequency may be affected.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS Storage Temperature-65°C to +150°C Ambient Temperature With Power Applied-55°C to +125°C Supply Voltage with Respect to Ground-0.5 V to +7.0 V DC Input Voltage-0.5 V to Vcc + 0.5 V DC Output or I/O Pin Voltage-0.5 V to Vcc + 0.5 V Static Discharge Voltage2001 V Latchup Current

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device failure. Functionality at or above these limits is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability, Programming conditions may differ.

(TA = -55°C to 125°C) 200 mA

OPERATING RANGES

Military (M) Devices (Note 1)

Ambient Temperature (TA)
Operating in Free Air -55°C to +125°C
Supply Voltage (Vcc)
with Respect to Ground +4.5 V to +5.5 V

Note:

 Military products are tested at Tc = +25°C, +125°C and -55°C, per MIL-STD-883.

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

DC CHARACTERISTICS over MILITARY operating ranges unless otherwise specified (Note 2)

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	IoH = -2.0 mA, Vcc = Min V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	2.4		>
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 12 mA, Vcc = Min V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}		0.5	>
ViH	Input HIGH Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical HIGH Voltage for all Inputs (Note 3)	2.0		٧
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	Guaranteed Input Logical LOW Voltage for all Inputs (Note 3)		0.8	٧
1 _{tH}	Input HIGH Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 5.5 V, V _{CC} = Max (Note 4)		10	μΑ
lıL	Input LOW Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0 V, V _{CC} = Max (Note 4)		-10	μΑ
ЮZH	Off-State Output Leakage Current HIGH	V _{OUT} = 5.5 V, V _{CC} = Max V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} (Note 4)		40	μА
loz.	Off-State Output Leakage Current LOW	Vout = 0 V, Vcc = Max Vin = Vin or Vil (Note 4)		-40	μА
Isc	Output Short-Circuit Current	Vout = 0.5 V, Vcc = Max (Note 5)	-30	-200	mA
lcc	Supply Current	V _{IN} = 0 V, Outputs Open (lout = 0 mA) Vcc = Max, f = 0 MHz (Note 6)		220	mA

- 2. For APL products, Group A, Subgroups 1, 2 and 3 are tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 5005, unless otherwise noted.
- VIL and VIH are input conditions of output tests and are not themselves directly tested. VIL and VIH are absolute voltages with
 respect to device ground and include all overshoots due to system and/or tester noise. Do not attempt to test these values
 without suitable equipment.
- 4. I/O pin leakage is the worst case of IIL and lozL (or IIH and lozH).
- 5. Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of the short-circuit should not exceed one second.
 VOUT = 0.5 V has been chosen to avoid test problems caused by tester ground degradation. This parameter is not 100% tested, but is evaluated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where is may be affected.
- This parameter is guaranteed worst case. An actual Icc value can be calculated by using the "Typical Dynamic Icc Characteristics" Chart towards the end of this data sheet.



CAPACITANCE (Note 1)

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Condition	ons	Тур	Unit
CiN	Input Capacitance	VIN = 2.0 V	Vcc = 5.0 V, T _A = 25°C	8	pF
Соит	Output Capacitance	Vout = 2.0 V	f = 1 MHz	9	рF

Note:

 These parameters are not 100% tested, but are evaluated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where capacitance may be affected.

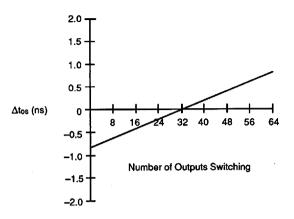
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS over MILITARY operating ranges (Note 2)

Parameter	Parameter Description				-2	0	
Symbol				Min	Max	Unit	
teo	Input, I/O, or	Feedback to Comb	edback to Combinatorial Output (Note 3)			20	ns
A -		rom Input, I/O, or F	eedback	D-type	13		ns
ts	to Clock			T-type	14		ns
tн	Hold Time				0		ns
tco	Clock to Out	out (Note 3)				12	ns
twL	Clock Width			LOW	8		ns
twn	CIOCK WIGHT			HIGH	8		ns
		External Feedback 1/(ts+tco)		D-type	40		MHz
	Maximum Frequency (Note 4)		CK 1/(ts + tco)	T-type	38.5		MHz
f MAX		Internal Feedback (fcnt)	D-type	47.6		MHz	
			A (ICNT)	T-type	43.5		MHz
		No Feedback	1/(twL + twH)	:	62.5		MHz
tar	Asynchronou	ıs Reset to Registe	red Output			25	ns
tarw	Asynchronou	ıs Reset Width (No	te 4)		20		ns
tarr	Asynchronou	s Reset Recovery	Time (Note 4)		15		ns
tap	Asynchronou	us Preset to Registe	ered Output			25	ns
tapw	Asynchronou	ıs Preset Width (No	ote 4)		20		ns
tapr	Asynchronou	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time (Note 4)			15		ns
t _{EA}	Input, I/O, or	Feedback to Outpo	ut Enable (Notes 3, 4	1)		20	ns
ten	Input, I/O, or	Feedback to Outpo	ut Disable (Notes 3,	4)		20	ns

- See Switching Test Circuit for test conditions. For APL products, Group A, Subgroups 9, 10 and 11 are tested per MIL-STD-883, Method 5005, unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Parameters measured with 32 outputs switching.
- These parameters are not 100% tested, but are evaluated at initial characterization and at any time the design is modified where these parameters may be affected.

TYPICAL SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Vcc = 5.0 V, T_A = 25°C. These parameters are not tested.



14131F-4

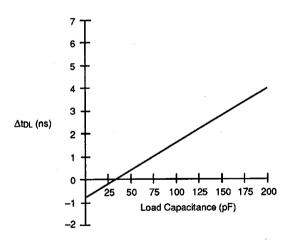
Derating for Number of Outputs Switching

Note:

Applies to tPD, tCO. Calculate as:

tderated = t32 O/P + ∆tos

Datasheet numbers (ts2 O/P) are specified at 32 outputs switching



14131F-5

Capacitive Load Derating

Note:

Applies to all AC specifications and rise and fall times. Calculate as:

 $tderated = t35 pF + \Delta tDL$

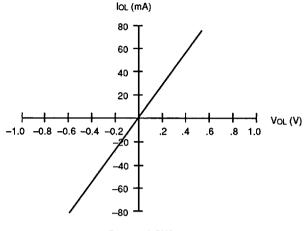
Datasheet numbers (t35 pF) are specified with 35 pF.

For typical rise and fall rates, use 1V/ns at 35 pF.

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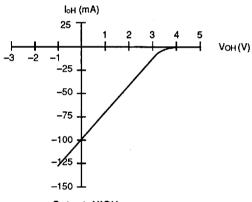
TYPICAL CURRENT VS. VOLTAGE (I-V) CHARACTERISTICS

Vcc = 5.0 V, TA = 25°C



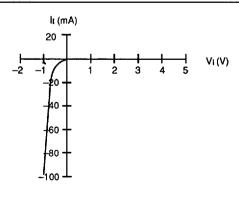
14131F-6

Output, LOW



14131F-7

Output, HIGH



14131F-8

Input

TYPICAL DYNAMIC Icc CHARACTERISTICS

These parameters are not tested. Please refer to the General Information section for a discussion on the usage of these parameters.

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Тур	Unit
lcco	Base static loc	125	mA
iı	Incremental input current	21	μ Α/MHz
iв	Incremental current per PAL block	18	μ Α/MHz
İo	Incremental output current	96	μΑ/MHz
iv	Voltage dependence	40	%/V
İτ	Temperature dependence	-0.18	%/°C

TYPICAL DATA DESIGN GUIDELINES

The following parameters are provided in response to questions from designers. They are intended only as design guidelines, and should be used with care. They are not guaranteed or tested.

Parameter Description	Тур	Unit
Delay Minimums (Note 1)		
Combinatorial propagation delay minimum	3	ns
Clock-to-output delay minimum	2	ns
Edge Rates (Note 2)		
Rise rate	1	V/ns
Fall rate	1	V/ns
Skew (Note 3)		
Clock-to-output skew, same clock polarity and same output polarity	1	ns
Clock-to-output skew, same clock polarity only	2	ns
Clock-to-output skew, same output polarity only	2	ns
Clock-to-output skew, different clock polarity and different output polarity	2	ns
Internal Delay Savings (Note 4)		
Propagation delay savings	2	ns
Clock-to-output delay savings	3	ns
Ground Bounce (Note 5)		
Ground bounce noise level on low output	0.5	V

- Minimum delays shown anticipate some future technology improvements, but it cannot be guaranteed that process and design changes will not increase the best-case performance beyond the values below.
- 2. Rise and fall rates are for unloaded outputs.
- 3. Skew values assume equal output loading.
- 4. Internal delay savings gives the typical amount of delay saved by not going through an output buffer.
- 5. The ground bounce noise level should be added to the static Vol. under normal load conditions as applied to a silent low output when all other I/O pins are switching from high to low.

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TYPICAL THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Measured at 25°C ambient. These parameters are not tested.

Parameter		T			
Symbol	Parameter Description		PLCC	CQFP	Unit
θjc	Thermal impedance, junction to case		13	4	°C/W
θja	Thermal impedance, junction to ambient		34	28	°C/W
θjma	Thermal impedance, junction to	200 lfpm air	30	24	°C/W
	ambient with air flow	400 lfpm air	28	20	°C/W
	·	600 lfpm air	26	19	°C/W
		800 lfpm air	25	17	°C/W

Plastic θ ic Considerations

The data listed for plastic θ c are for reference only and are not recommended for use in calculating junction temperatures. The heat-flow paths in plastic-encapsulated devices are complex, making the θ c measurement relative to a specific location on the package surface. Tests indicate this measurement reference point is directly below the die-attach area on the bottom center of the package. Furthermore, θ ic tests on packages are performed in a constant-temperature bath, keeping the package surface at a constant temperature. Therefore, the measurements can only be used in a similar environment.