

Benefits

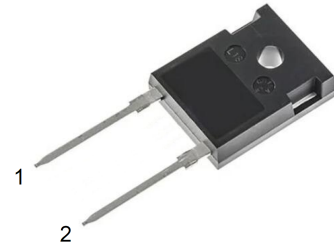
- Replace Bipolar with Unipolar Rectifiers
- Essentially No Switching Losses
- Higher Efficiency
- Reduction of Heat Sink Requirements
- Parallel Devices Without Thermal Runaway

$V_{RRM} = 1200\text{ V}$
$I_F, T_C < 100^\circ\text{C} = 88\text{ A}$
$Q_c = 167\text{ nC}$

General Features

- 1.2kV Schottky Rectifier
- Zero Reverse Recovery Current
- High-Frequency Operation
- Temperature-Independent Switching
- Extremely Fast Switching
- Positive Temperature Coefficient on VF
- Increased Creepage/Clearance Distance

Package TO-247-2



Application

- Switch Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Boost diodes in PFC or DC/DC stages
- Free Wheeling Diodes in Inverter stages
- AC/DC converters

Equivalent Circuit



Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1200	V
Surge Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RSM}	1300	V
DC Blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	1200	V
Forward Current(Fig.3)	I_F	$T_C \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	128
		$T_C \leq 100^\circ\text{C}$	88
		$T_C \leq 155^\circ\text{C}$	41
Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current	I_{FSM}	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms, Half Sine Pulse}$	247
		$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms, Half Sine Pulse}$	245
Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current	I_{FRM}	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms, Half Sine Pulse}$	161
		$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms, Half Sine Pulse}$	91
Power Dissipation(Fig.4)	P_{tot}	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	667
		$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}$	289
I_2t value	$\int i^2 dt$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms}$	305
		$T_C=110^\circ\text{C}, t_p=10\text{ ms}$	300
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature(Fig.4)	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 ~ +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum Processing Temperature 10 min. Maximum	T_{PROC}	325	$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_F	Forward Voltage(Fig.1)	$I_F = 40A, T_J = 25^\circ C$	--	1.5	1.8	V
		$I_F = 40A, T_J = 175^\circ C$	--	2.2	3.0	V
I_R	Reverse Current(Fig.2)	$V_R = 1200V, T_J = 25^\circ C$	--	45	300	μA
		$V_R = 1200V, T_J = 175^\circ C$	--	75	500	μA
Q_C	Total Capacitive Charge(Fig.5)	$V_R = 800V, T_J = 25^\circ C$	--	167	--	nC
C	Total Capacitance(Fig.6)	$V_R = 0V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$	--	2809	--	pF
		$V_R = 400V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$	--	174	--	pF
		$V_R = 800V, T_J = 25^\circ C, f = 1MHz$	--	145	--	pF
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance from Junction to Case (Fig.9)		--	0.225	--	$^\circ C/W$
E_C	Capacitance Stored Energy(Fig.7)	$V_R = 800V$	--	36	--	μJ

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Classifications

Parameter	Symbol	Value
Human Body Model	HBM	Class 3B ($\geq 8000 V$)
Charge Device Model	CDM	Class C3 ($\geq 1000 V$)

Typical Performance

Figure 1. Forward Characteristics

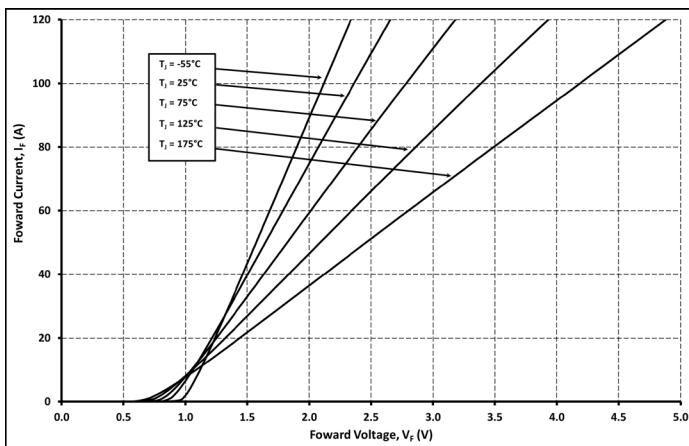
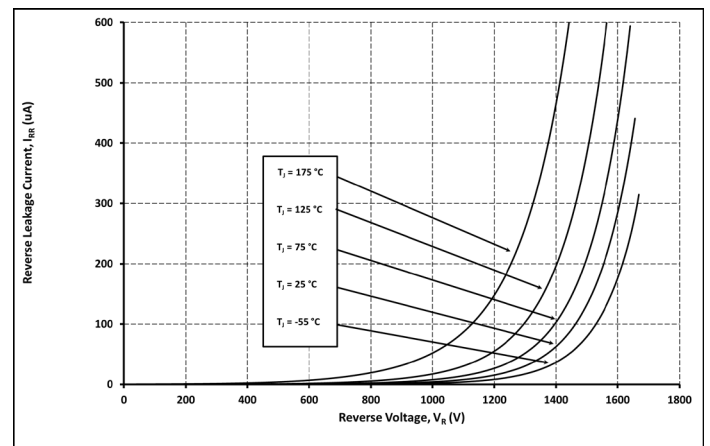


Figure 2. Reverse Characteristics



■ Typical Performance

Figure 3. Current Derating

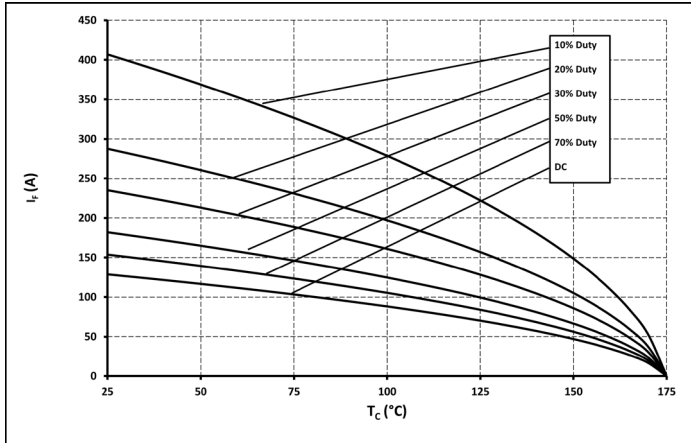


Figure 4. Power Derating

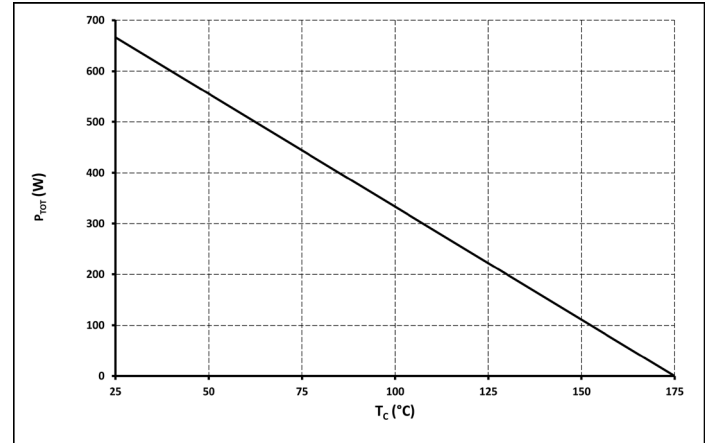


Figure 5. Total Capacitance Charge vs. Reverse Voltage

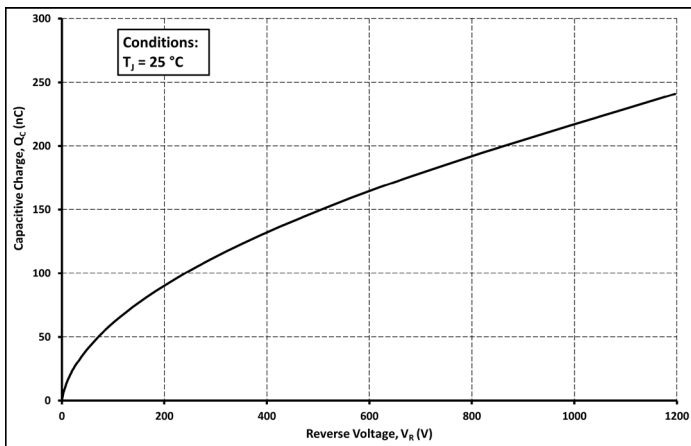


Figure 6. Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

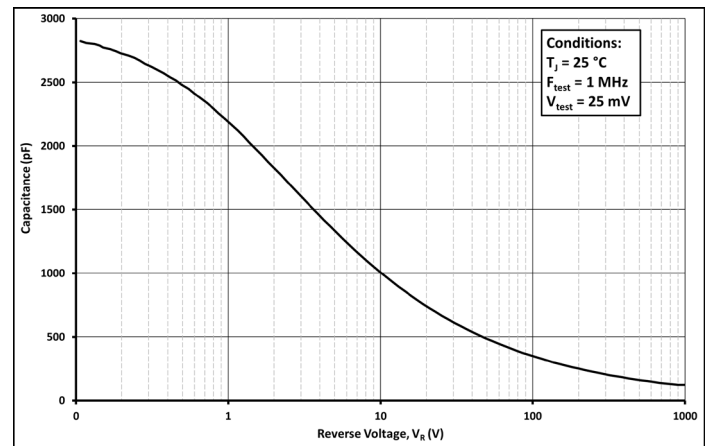


Figure 7. Capacitance Stored Energy

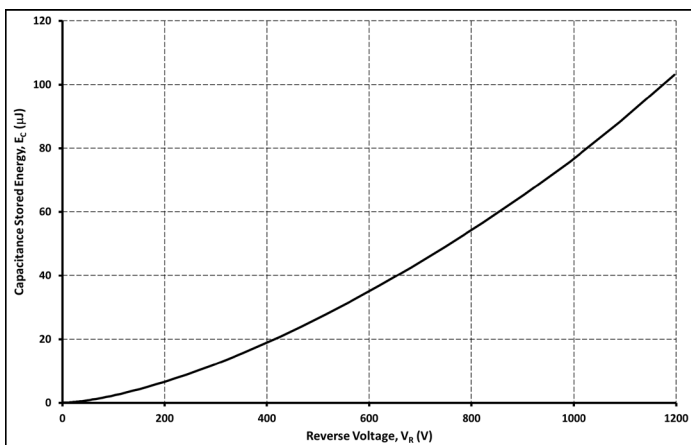
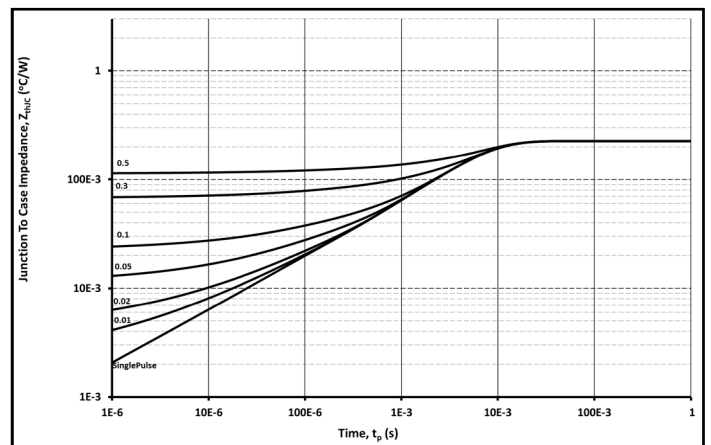
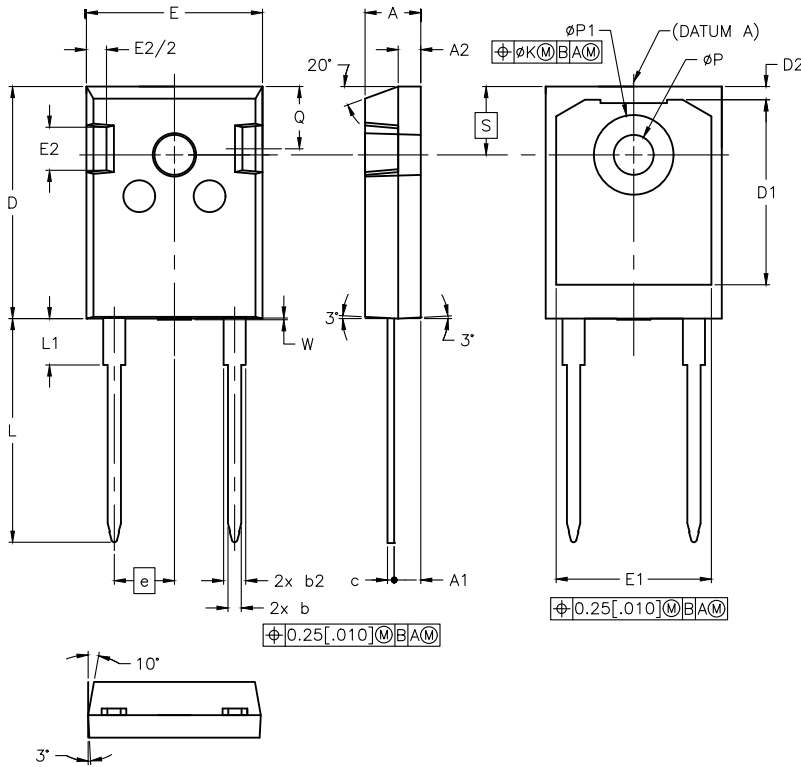


Figure 8. Transient Thermal Impedance



Outline Drawing

TO-247-2 Package Outline Dimensions



POS	Inches		Millimeters	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	.190	.205	4.70	5.31
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89
D	.819	.845	20.80	21.46
D1	.515	-	13.08	-
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35
E	.620	.640	15.49	16.26
E1	.530	-	13.46	-
E2	.135	.157	3.43	3.99
e	.214		5.44	
ϕK	.010		0.25	
L	.780	.800	19.81	20.32
L1	-	.177	-	4.50
ϕP	.140	.144	3.56	3.66
$\phi P1$.278	.291	7.06	7.39
Q	.212	.244	5.38	6.20
S	.243		6.17	
W	-	.006	-	0.15

Recommended Solder Pad Layout

