

#### **General Description**

The MAX6895-MAX6899 is a family of small, low-power, voltage-monitoring circuits with sequencing capability. These miniature devices offer tremendous flexibility with an adjustable threshold capable of monitoring down to 0.5V and an external capacitor-adjustable time delay. These devices are ideal for use in power-supply sequencing, reset sequencing, and power-switching applications. Multiple devices can be cascaded for complex sequencing applications.

A high-impedance input with a 0.5V threshold allows an external resistive divider to set the monitored threshold. The output asserts (OUT = high or  $\overline{OUT}$  = low) when the input voltage rises above the 0.5V threshold and the enable input is asserted (ENABLE = high or ENABLE = low). When the voltage at the input falls below 0.5V or when the enable input is deasserted (ENABLE = low or ENABLE = high), the output deasserts (OUT = low or OUT = high). All devices provide a capacitor-programmable delay time from when the input rises above 0.5V to when the output is asserted. The MAX689\_A versions provide the same capacitor-adjustable delay from when enable is asserted to when the output asserts. The MAX689\_P devices have a 1µs propagation delay from when enable is asserted to when the output asserts.

The MAX6895A/P offers an active-high enable input and an active-high push-pull output. The MAX6896A/P offers an active-low enable input and an active-low push-pull output. The MAX6897A/P offers an activehigh enable input and an active-high open-drain output. Finally, the MAX6898A/P offers an active-low enable input and an active-low open-drain output. The MAX6899A/P offers an active-low enable with an activehigh push-pull output.

All devices operate from a 1.5V to 5.5V supply voltage and are fully specified over the -40°C to +125°C operating temperature range. Each device is available in an ultra-small 6-pin µDFN (1.0mm x 1.5mm) package.

#### **Applications**

Computers/Servers Automotive Medical Equipment Critical µP Monitoring Set-Top Boxes Intelligent Instruments Portable Equipment Telecom

Typical Operating Circuit and Selector Guide appear at end of data sheet.

#### **Features**

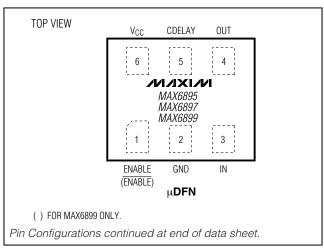
- ♦ 1.8% Accurate Adjustable Threshold Over **Temperature**
- ♦ Operate from V<sub>CC</sub> of 1.5V to 5.5V
- ♦ Capacitor-Adjustable Delay
- ♦ Active-High/-Low Enable Input Options
- ♦ Active-High/-Low Output Options
- ♦ Open-Drain (28V Tolerant)/Push-Pull Output **Options**
- ♦ Low Supply Current (10µA, typ)
- ♦ Fully Specified from -40°C to +125°C
- ♦ Ultra-Small 6-Pin µDFN Package (1.5mm x 1.0mm x 0.8mm)

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	TOP MARK
MAX6895AALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 μDFN-6	AW
MAX6895PALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	AX
MAX6896AALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	AY
MAX6896PALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	AZ
MAX6897AALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	ВА
MAX6897PALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	BB
MAX6898AALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	BD
MAX6898PALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	ВС
MAX6899AALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	LO
MAX6899PALT+T	-40°C to +125°C	6 µDFN-6	LP

Note: The package code for these devices is L611-1.

### Pin Configurations



Maxim Integrated Products 1

<sup>+</sup>Denotes lead-free package.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Operating Temperature Range40°C to +125°C Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C Junction Temperature+150°C Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C
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Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

( $V_{CC} = 1.5V$  to 5.5V,  $T_A = -40$ °C to +125°C, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
SUPPLY								
Operating Voltage Range	Vcc		1.5		5.5	V		
Undervoltage Lockout (Note 2)	UVLO	V <sub>CC</sub> falling	1.20		1.35	V		
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, no load		10	20	μΑ		
IN								
Threshold Voltage	V <sub>TH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> rising, 1.5V < V <sub>CC</sub> < 5.5V	0.491	0.5	0.509	V		
Hysteresis	V <sub>H</sub> YST	V <sub>IN</sub> falling		5		mV		
Input Current (Note 3)	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-15		+15	nA		
CDELAY								
Delay Charge Current	ICD		200	250	300	nA		
Delay Threshold	V <sub>TCD</sub>	CDELAY rising	0.95	1.00	1.05	V		
CDELAY Pulldown Resistance	RCDELAY			130	500	Ω		
ENABLE/ENABLE								
Input Low Voltage	VIL				0.4	V		
Input High Voltage	VIH		1.4			V		
Input Leakage Current	ILEAK	ENABLE, ENABLE = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	-100		+100	nA		

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

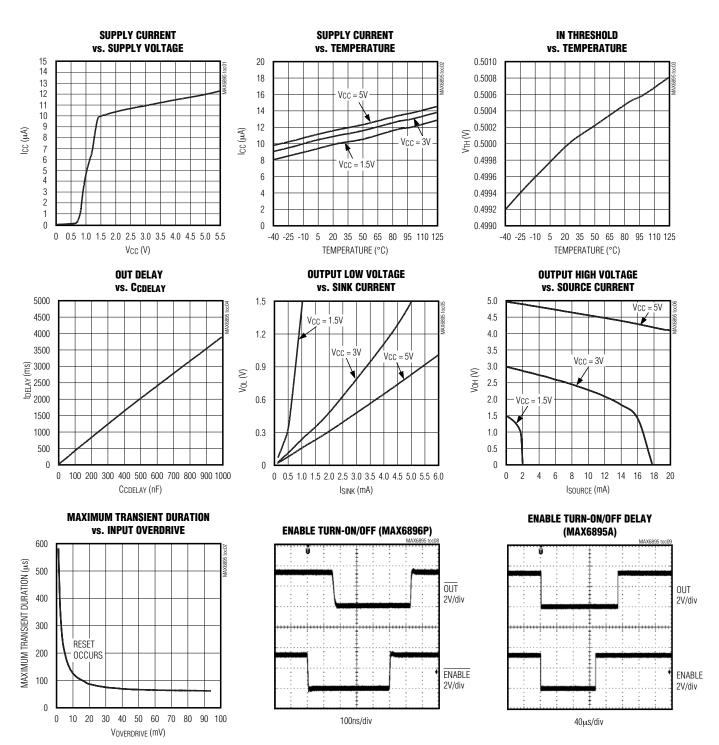
(V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.5V to 5.5V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V and  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
OUT/ <del>OUT</del>								
Output Low Voltage (Open-Drain	Voi	$V_{CC} \ge 1.2V$ , $I_{SINK} = 90\mu A$ , MAX6895/MAX6897/MAX6899 only				0.3	V	
or Push-Pull)	VoL	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.25V, I	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 0.	5mA			0.3	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 4.5V, I <sub>S</sub>	SINK = 1m	A			0.4	
Output High Voltage (Push-Pull)	Vон	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 2.25V, I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 500μA		0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>				
Output riigii voitage (Fusii-Fuii)	VOH	V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 4.5V, I <sub>S</sub>	SOURCE =	800μΑ	0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub>			- V
Output Open-Drain Leakage Current	I <sub>LKG</sub>	Output high in	npedance	e, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 28V			1	μΑ
TIMING								
IN to OUT OUT Draw agetion	<sup>†</sup> DELAY	$V_{IN}$ rising $C_{CDELAY} = 0$ $C_{CDELAY} = 0.047 \mu F$		y = 0		40		μs
IN to OUT/OUT Propagation Delay	UELAY				190		ms	
Dolay	t <sub>DL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> falling				16		μs
Startup Delay (Note 4)						2		ms
ENABLE/ENABLE Minimum Input Pulse Width	tpw			1			μs	
ENABLE/ENABLE Glitch Rejection					100		ns	
ENABLE/ENABLE to OUT/OUT Delay	toff	From device enabled to device disabled			150		ns	
	tpropp	From device of (P version)	disabled to	o device enabled		150		ns
ENABLE/ENABLE to OUT/OUT Delay		From device of		CCDELAY = 0		20		μs
Dolay	tpropa	to device enabled (A version)		CCDELAY = 0.047µF		190		ms

- Note 1: All devices are production tested at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ . Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design.
- Note 2: When V<sub>CC</sub> falls below the UVLO threshold, the outputs will deassert (OUT goes low,  $\overline{OUT}$  goes high). When V<sub>CC</sub> falls below 1.2V, the output state cannot be determined.
- Note 3: Guaranteed by design.
- Note 4: During the initial power-up, VCC must exceed 1.5V for at least 2ms before the output is guaranteed to be in the correct state.

#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



### **Pin Description**

	PIN				
MAX6895/ MAX6897	MAX6896/ MAX6898	MAX6899	NAME	FUNCTION	
1		_	ENABLE	Active-High Logic-Enable Input. Drive ENABLE low to immediately deassert the output to its false state (OUT = low or $\overline{\text{OUT}}$ = high) independent of V <sub>IN</sub> . With V <sub>IN</sub> above V <sub>TH</sub> , drive ENABLE high to assert the output to its true state (OUT = high or $\overline{\text{OUT}}$ = low) after the adjustable delay period (MAX689_A) or a 150ns propagation delay (MAX689_P).	
	1	1	ENABLE	Active-Low Logic-Enable Input. Drive $\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ high to immediately deassert the output to its false state (OUT = low or $\overline{\text{OUT}}$ = high) independent of V <sub>IN</sub> . With V <sub>IN</sub> above V <sub>TH</sub> , drive $\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ low to assert the output to its true state (OUT = high or $\overline{\text{OUT}}$ = low) after the adjustable delay period (MAX689_A) or a 150ns propagation delay (MAX689_P).	
2	2	2	GND	Ground	
3	3	3	IN	High-Impedance Monitor Input. Connect IN to an external resistive divider to set the desired monitored threshold. The output changes state when $V_{\text{IN}}$ rises above 0.5V and when $V_{\text{IN}}$ falls below 0.495V.	
4	_	4	OUT	Active-High Sequencer/Monitor Output, Push-Pull (MAX6895/MAX6899) or Open-Drain (MAX6897). OUT is asserted to its true state (OUT = high) when $V_{IN}$ is above $V_{TH}$ and the enable input is in its true state (ENABLE = high or $\overline{ENABLE}$ = low) for the capacitor-adjusted delay period. OUT is deasserted to its false state (OUT = low) immediately after $V_{IN}$ drops below $V_{TH}$ - 5mV or the enable input is in its false state (ENABLE = low or $\overline{ENABLE}$ = high). The open-drain version requires an external pullup resistor.	
	4	_	OUT	Active-Low Sequencer/Monitor Output, Push-Pull (MAX6896) or Open-Drain (MAX6898). OUT is asserted to its true state ( $\overline{OUT}$ = low) when V <sub>IN</sub> is above V <sub>TH</sub> and the enable input is in its true state (ENABLE = high or $\overline{ENABLE}$ = low) for the CDELAY adjusted timeout period. OUT is deasserted to its false state ( $\overline{OUT}$ = high) immediately after V <sub>IN</sub> drops below V <sub>TH</sub> - 5mV or the enable input is in its false state (ENABLE = low or $\overline{ENABLE}$ = high). The open-drain version requires an external pullup resistor.	
5	5	5	CDELAY	Capacitor-Adjustable Delay. Connect an external capacitor ( $C_{CDELAY}$ ) from CDELAY to GND to set the IN to OUT (and ENABLE to OUT or $\overline{ENABLE}$ to OUT for A version devices) delay period. $t_{DELAY} = (C_{CDELAY} \times 4.0 \times 10^6) + 40 \mu s$ . There is a fixed short delay (40 $\mu$ s, typ) for the output deasserting when $V_{IN}$ falls below $V_{TH}$ .	
6	6	6	Vcc	Supply Voltage Input. Connect a 1.5V to 5.5V supply to V <sub>CC</sub> to power the device. For noisy systems, bypass with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor to GND.	

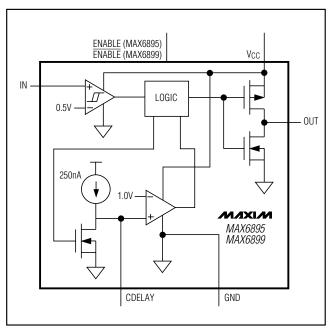


Figure 1. MAX6895/MAX6899 Functional Diagram

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX6895–MAX6899 is a family of ultra-small, low-power, sequencing/supervisory circuits. These devices provide adjustable voltage monitoring for inputs down to 0.5V. They are ideal for use in power-supply sequencing, reset sequencing, and power-switching applications. Multiple devices can be cascaded for complex sequencing applications.

Voltage monitoring is performed through a high-impedance input (IN) with an internally fixed 0.5V threshold. When the voltage at IN falls below 0.5V or when the enable input is deasserted (ENABLE = low or ENABLE = high), the output deasserts (OUT goes low or OUT goes high). When V<sub>IN</sub> rises above 0.5V and the enable input is asserted (ENABLE = high or ENABLE = low), the output asserts (OUT goes high or OUT goes low) after a capacitor-programmable time delay.

With  $V_{\rm IN}$  above 0.5V, the enable input can be used to turn the output on or off. After the enable input is asserted, the output turns on with a capacitor-programmable delay period (A version) or with a 150ns propagation delay (P version). Tables 1, 2, and 3 detail the output state depending on the various input and enable conditions.

Table 1. MAX6895/MAX6897 Output

IN	ENABLE	OUT
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	Low
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	High	Low
V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	Low
		$OUT = V_{CC} (MAX6895)$
V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub>	High	OUT = high impedance (MAX6897)

#### Table 2. MAX6896/MAX6898 Output

IN	ENABLE	OUT
		OUT = V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX6896)
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	OUT = high impedance (MAX6898)
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	High	OUT = V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX6896)
		OUT = high impedance (MAX6898)
V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	Low
		$\overline{OUT} = V_{CC} (MAX6896)$
$V_{IN} > V_{TH}$	High	OUT = high impedance (MAX6898)

#### Table 3. MAX6899 Output

IN	ENABLE	OUT
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	Low
V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>TH</sub>	High	Low
V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub>	Low	High
V <sub>IN</sub> > V <sub>TH</sub>	High	Low

#### Supply Input (VCC)

The device operates with a VCC supply voltage from 1.5V to 5.5V. To maintain a 1.8% accurate threshold, VCC must be above 1.5V. When VCC falls below the UVLO threshold, the output deasserts. When VCC falls below 1.2V the output state cannot be determined. For noisy systems, connect a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor from VCC to GND as close to the device as possible. For the push-pull active-high output option, a 100k $\Omega$  external pulldown resistor to ground ensures the correct logic state for VCC down to 0.

#### **Monitor Input (IN)**

Connect the center point of a resistive divider to IN to monitor external voltages (see R1 and R2 of the *Typical Operating Circuit*). IN has a rising threshold of V<sub>TH</sub> = 0.5V and a falling threshold of 0.495V (5mV hysteresis). When V<sub>IN</sub> rises above V<sub>TH</sub> and ENABLE is high (or ENABLE is low) OUT goes high (OUT goes low) after the programmed t<sub>DELAY</sub> period. When V<sub>IN</sub> falls below 0.495V, OUT goes low (OUT goes high) after a 16µs delay. IN has a maximum input current of 15nA so large-value resistors are permitted without adding significant error to the resistive divider.

#### Adjustable Delay (CDELAY)

When  $V_{IN}$  rises above  $V_{TH}$  with ENABLE high (ENABLE low), the internal 250nA current source begins charging an external capacitor connected from CDELAY to GND. When the voltage at CDELAY reaches 1V, the output

asserts (OUT goes high or  $\overline{\text{OUT}}$  goes low). When the output asserts, CCDELAY is immediately discharged. Adjust the delay (tDELAY) from when V<sub>IN</sub> rises above V<sub>TH</sub> (with ENABLE high or ENABLE low) to OUT going high ( $\overline{\text{OUT}}$  going low) according to the equation:

$$tDELAY = CCDELAY \times 4.0 \times 10^{-6} + 40\mu s$$

where CCDELAY is the external capacitor from CDELAY to GND.

For adjustable delay devices (A version), when  $V_{\text{IN}} > 0.5 \text{V}$  and ENABLE goes from low to high (ENABLE goes from high to low) the output asserts after a tDELAY period. For nonadjustable delay devices (P version) there is a 1µs propagation delay from when the enable input is asserted to when the output asserts. Figures 2 through 5 show the timing diagrams for the adjustable and fixed delay versions, respectively.

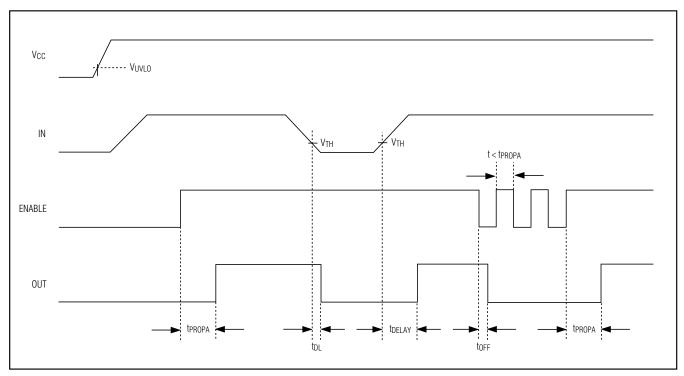


Figure 2. MAX6895A/MAX6897A Timing Diagram

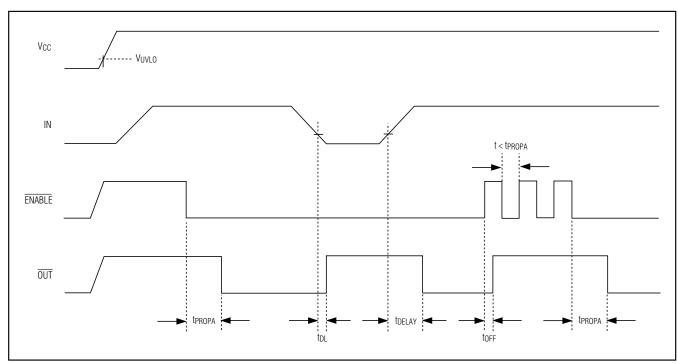


Figure 3. MAX6896A/MAX6898A Timing Diagram

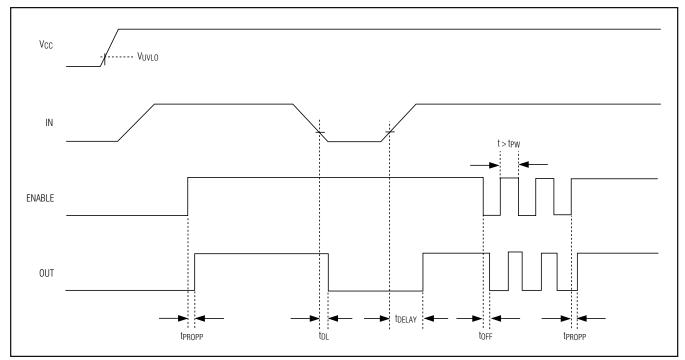


Figure 4. MAX6895P/MAX6897P Timing Diagram

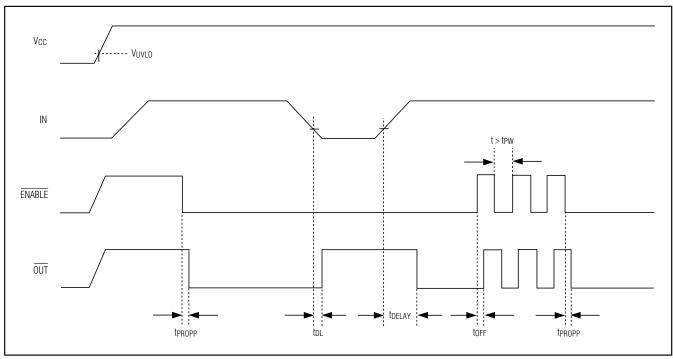


Figure 5. MAX6896P/MAX6898P Timing Diagram

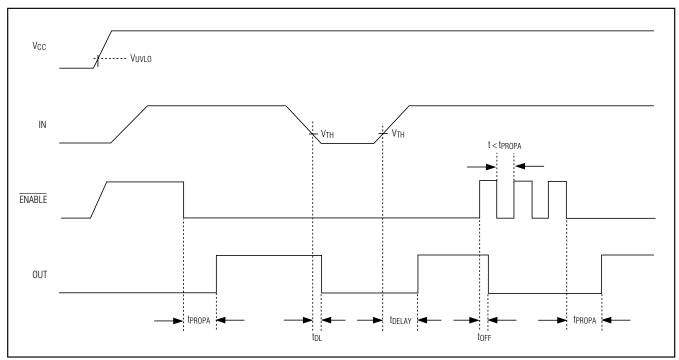


Figure 6. MAX6899A Timing Diagram

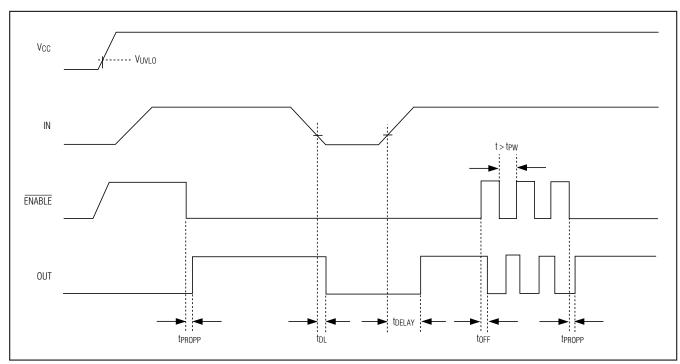


Figure 7. MAX6899P Timing Diagram

#### **Enable Input (ENABLE or ENABLE)**

The MAX6895/MAX6897 offer an active-high enable input (ENABLE), while the MAX6896/MAX6898/MAX6899 offer an active-low enable input (ENABLE). With V<sub>IN</sub> above V<sub>TH</sub>, drive ENABLE high (ENABLE low) to force OUT high (OUT low) after the adjustable delay time (A versions). For P version devices, when V<sub>IN</sub> > 0.5V and enable is asserted, the output asserts after typically 150ns.

The enable input has logic-high and logic-low voltage thresholds of 1.4V and 0.4V, respectively. For both versions, when  $V_{\text{IN}} > 0.5\text{V}$ , drive ENABLE low (ENABLE high) to force OUT low (OUT high) within 150ns typ.

#### **Output (OUT or OUT)**

The MAX6895/MAX6899 offer an active-high, push-pull output (OUT), and the MAX6896 offers an active-low push-pull output (OUT). The MAX6897 offers an active-high open-drain output (OUT), and the MAX6898 offers an active-low open-drain output (OUT).

Push-pull output devices are referenced to  $V_{CC}$ . Open-drain outputs can be pulled up to 28V.

### Applications Information

#### **Input Threshold**

The MAX6895–MAX6899 monitor the voltage on IN with an external resistive divider (see R1 and R2 in the *Typical Operating Circuit*). Connect R1 and R2 as close to IN as possible. R1 and R2 can have very high values to minimize current consumption due to low IN leakage currents ( $\pm 15$ nA max). Set R2 to some conveniently high value (1M $\Omega$ , for example) and calculate R1 based on the desired monitored voltage using the following formula:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left[ \frac{V_{MONITOR}}{V_{IN}} - 1 \right]$$

where  $V_{\mbox{MONITOR}}$  is the desired monitored voltage and  $V_{\mbox{IN}}$  is the detector input threshold (0.5V).

## Pullup Resistor Values (MAX6897/MAX6898)

The exact value of the pullup resistors for the opendrain outputs is not critical, but some consideration should be made to ensure the proper logic levels when the device is sinking current. For example, if  $V_{CC}=2.25V$  and the pullup voltage is 28V, you would try to keep the sink current less than 0.5mA as shown in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. As a result, the pullup resistor should be greater than  $56k\Omega$ . For a 12V pullup, the resistor should be larger than  $24k\Omega$ . It should be noted that the ability to sink current is dependent on the VCC supply voltage.

#### **Typical Application Circuits**

Figures 8, 9, 10 show typical applications for the MAX6895–MAX6899. Figure 8 shows the MAX6895

used with a p-channel MOSFET in an overvoltage protection circuit. Figure 9 shows the MAX6895 in a low-voltage sequencing application using an n-channel MOSFET. Figure 10 shows the MAX6895 used in a multiple-output sequencing application.

#### **Using an n-Channel Device for Sequencing**

In higher power applications, using an n-channel device reduces the loss across the MOSFETs as it offers a lower drain-to-source on-resistance. However, an n-channel MOSFET requires a sufficient VGS voltage to fully enhance it for a low RDS\_ON. The application in Figure 9 shows the MAX6895 in a switch sequencing application using an n-channel MOSFET.

Similarly, if a higher voltage is present in the system, the open-drain version can be used in the same manner.

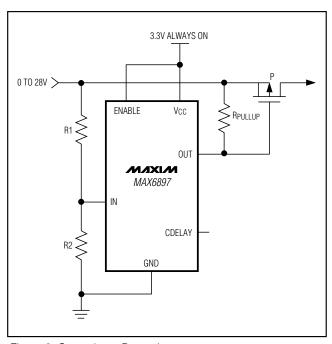


Figure 8. Overvoltage Protection

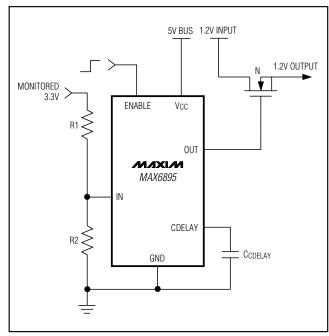


Figure 9. Low-Voltage Sequencing Using an n-Channel MOSFET

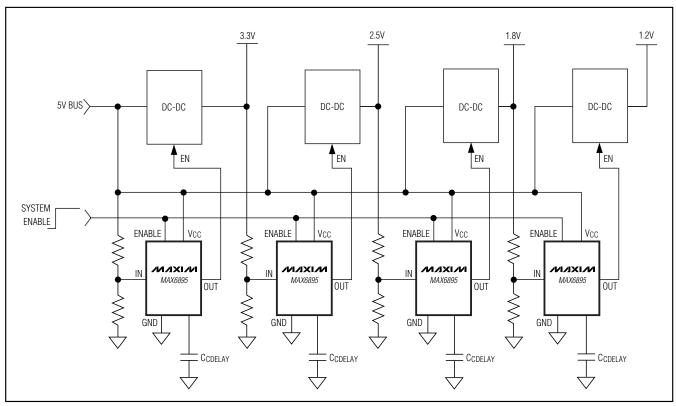
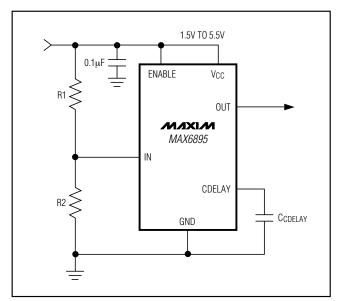


Figure 10. Multiple-Output Sequencing

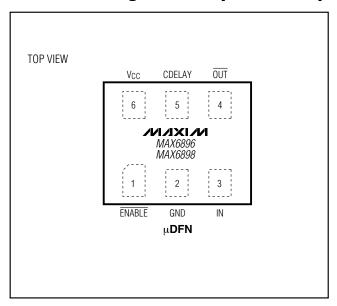
#### **Selector Guide**

PART	ENABLE INPUT	OUTPUT	INPUT (IN) DELAY	ENABLE DELAY
MAX6895AALT	Active-High	Active-High, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	Capacitor Adjustable
MAX6895PALT	Active-High	Active-High, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	150ns Delay
MAX6896AALT	Active-Low	Active-Low, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	Capacitor Adjustable
MAX6896PALT	Active-Low	Active-Low, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	150ns Delay
MAX6897AALT	Active-High	Active-High, Open-Drain	Capacitor Adjustable	Capacitor Adjustable
MAX6897PALT	Active-High	Active-High, Open-Drain	Capacitor Adjustable	150ns Delay
MAX6898AALT	Active-Low	Active-Low, Open-Drain	Capacitor Adjustable	Capacitor Adjustable
MAX6898PALT	Active-Low	Active-Low, Open-Drain	Capacitor Adjustable	150ns Delay
MAX6899AALT	Active-Low	Active-High, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	Capacitor Adjustable
MAX6899PALT	Active-Low	Active-High, Push-Pull	Capacitor Adjustable	150ns Delay

### **Typical Operating Circuit**



Pin Configurations (continued)

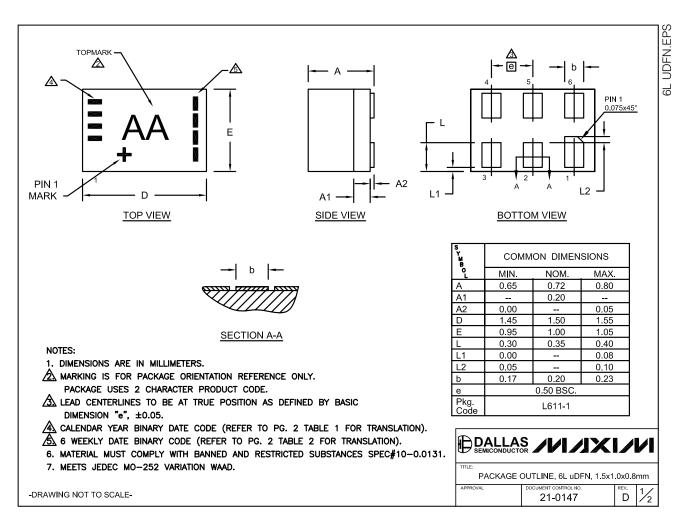


\_\_\_\_\_Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

### **Package Information**

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



### **Revision History**

Changes made at Rev 3: 1, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, new part number added (all pages)

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

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