# RUIL&N

#### **3RA-6 Series**

H ST

### Description

GDT is placed in front of, and in parallel with, sensitive telecom equipment such as power lines, communication lines, signal lines and data transmission lines to help protect them from damage caused by transient surge voltages that may result from lightning strikes and equipment switching operations. These devices do not influence the signal in normal operation. However, in the event of an overvoltage surge, such as a lightning strike, the GDT switches to a low impedance state and diverts the energy away from the sensitive equipment.

Our GDT offer a high level of surge protection, a broad voltage range, low capacitance, and many form factors including new surface mount devices, which makes them suitable for applications such as Main Distribution Frame (MDF) modules, high data-rate telecom applications (e.g. ADSL, VDSL), and surge protection on power lines. Their low capacitance also results in less signal distortion. When used in a coordinated circuit protection solution with PolySwitch devices, they can help equipment manufacturers meet stringent safety regulatory standards.

#### Features

- I Excellent response to fast rising transients
- I Stable breakdown voltage
- I GHz working frequency
- I 8/20µs Impulse current capability: 5KA
- I Non-Radioactive
- I Ultra Low capacitance (<1.5pF)
- I High insulation resistance
- I Size: Φ6mm\*8.5mm
- I Storage and operational temperature: -40~+90°C

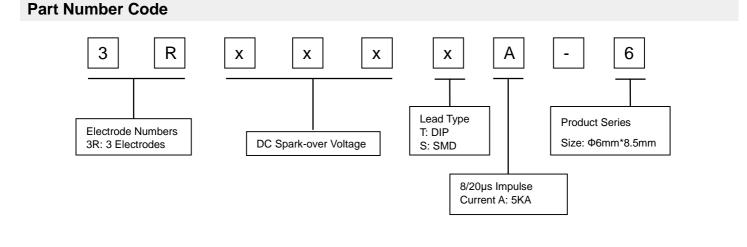


### **Agency Approvals**

Agency	Standards	Certificate No.	
۳ <b>L</b> ®	UL497B	E465335	

### Applications

- I Communication
- equipment I CATV equipment
- I Data lines
- I Power supplies
- I Telecom SLIC protection
- I Broadband equipment
- I Broadband equipme
- ADSL equipment, including ADSL2+
- I XDSL equipment
- I Satellite and CATV equipment
- I Test equipment
- I Consumer electronics



Specifications are subject to change without notice. Please refer to http://www.ruilon.com.cn for current information. Version: A2/2023-11-02 File Number: SP-GDT-024

# RUILIN

**3RA-6 Series** 

HSE

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Part Number			DC ark-over tage <sup>1) 2)</sup>		r Insulation Resistance		Life Ratings				
		DC Spark-over Voltage <sup>1) 2)</sup>					Impulse Discharge Current		Alternating Discharge Current	Impulse Life @10/1000µS	
				100V/µS	100V/µS 1KV/µS			@8/20µs <sup>5)</sup>		@50Hz 1S <sup>5)</sup>	eronocopo
				Max	Max	Min	Мах	±5 times	1 time	10 times	300 times
DIP	SMD	DIP-F	v	v	v	GΩ	pF	KA	KA	А	Α
3R070TA-6	3R070SA-6	3R070TA-6F	70±20%	500	600	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R075TA-6	3R075SA-6	3R075TA-6F	75±20%	500	600	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R090TA-6	3R090SA-6	3R090TA-6F	90±20%	750	850	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R150TA-6	3R150SA-6	3R150TA-6F	150±20%	750	850	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R230TA-6	3R230SA-6	3R230TA-6F	230±20%	600	700	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R250TA-6	3R250SA-6	3R250TA-6F	250±20%	600	700	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R300TA-6	3R300SA-6	3R300TA-6F	300±20%	700	900	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R350TA-6	3R350SA-6	3R350TA-6F	350±20%	700	900	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R400TA-6	3R400SA-6	3R400TA-6F	400±20%	800	1000	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R470TA-6	3R470SA-6	3R470TA-6F	470±20%	900	1100	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R600TA-6	3R600SA-6	3R600TA-6F	600±20%	1100	1300	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
3R800TA-6	3R800SA-6	3R800TA-6F	800±20%	1300	1500	1	1.5	5	10	5	100
Glow Voltage	e at 10mA				~60V						
Arc Voltage a	at				~10V						
Glow to Arc t	ransition Curre	nt			~1A						
Operation an	Operation and storage temperature40~+90°C										
Climatic cate	Climatic category (IEC60068-1) 40/90/21										
Marking, Bla	Marking, Black Marking, Black Norminal voltage A -Nominal Impulse Discharge Current Y -Year of production										
Weight	Weight~1				~1.25	9					
				. DIP SMD	-Nickel Plate -Matte-tin pla						

<sup>1)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859

<sup>2)</sup> In ionized mode

<sup>3)</sup> Tip or ring electrode to center electrode

<sup>4)</sup> Insulation Resistance Measuring Voltage:

75V~150V at DC 50V

Other at DC 100V

 $^{\rm 5)}\,$  Total current through center electrode, half value through tip respectively ring electrode.

Terms in accordance with ITU-T Rec. K.12, IEC 61643-311, GB/T18802.311, GB/T 9043.

# **RLIL**

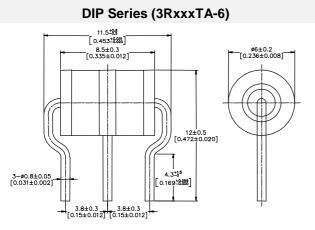
### **Certifications table**

	Part Number	<b>A</b> L°	
DIP	SMD	DIP-F	UL497B
3R070TA-6	3R070SA-6	3R070TA-6F	
3R075TA-6	3R075SA-6	3R075TA-6F	•
3R090TA-6	3R090SA-6	3R090TA-6F	•
3R150TA-6	3R150SA-6	3R150TA-6F	•
3R230TA-6	3R230SA-6	3R230TA-6F	•
3R250TA-6	3R250SA-6	3R250TA-6F	
3R300TA-6	3R300SA-6	3R300TA-6F	•
3R350TA-6	3R350SA-6	3R350TA-6F	•
3R400TA-6	3R400SA-6	3R400TA-6F	•
3R470TA-6	3R470SA-6	3R470TA-6F	•
3R600TA-6	3R600SA-6	3R600TA-6F	•
3R800TA-6	3R800SA-6	3R800TA-6F	
Notes:			

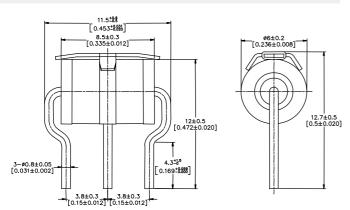
1. • indicates that the product has passed the certification.

2. -- indicates that the product is not certified.

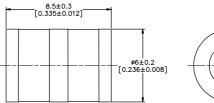
## Dimensions (Unit: mm/inch)



#### DIP Series (3RxxxTA-6F)



#### SMD Series (3RxxxSA-6)





**3RA-6 Series** 

# RUIL

## Gas Discharge Tubes (GDT)

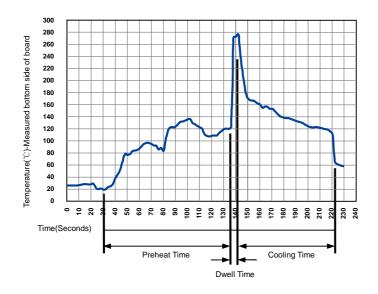
**3RA-6 Series** 

## **Packaging Information**

"DIP Series" and "DIP-F Series	" Packaging (Bulk)
--------------------------------	--------------------

	PVC tray	Inner Box	Carton
Size	220×210×12mm	225×215×62mm	315×290×272mm
Quantity	MPQ: 1 tray=100pcs	MOQ: 1 Inner Box=5 trays=500pcs	1 Carton=6 Inner boxes=3,000pcs
Photos			

Soldering Parameters - Wave soldering (Thru-Hole Devices)



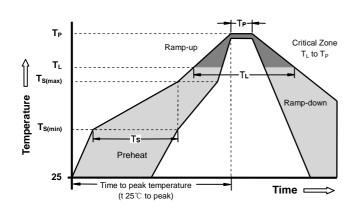
Wave Soldering Condition		Pb-Free assembly
Preheat	Temperature Min	100°C
	Temperature Max	150°C
	Time (Min to Max)	60-180 Seconds
Solder Pot Temperature		280°C Max
Solder Dwell Time		2-5 Seconds

# RUIL

## Gas Discharge Tubes (GDT)

### **3RA-6 Series**

## Soldering Parameters - Reflow Soldering (Surface Mount Devices)



Reflow Co	ondition	Pb - Free assembly	
	-Temperature Min (T <sub>s(min)</sub> )	150°C	
Preheat	-Temperature Max (T <sub>s(max)</sub> )	200°C	
	- Time (min to max) (t <sub>s</sub> )	60 -180 Seconds	
Average r T <sub>L</sub> ) to pea	amp up rate ( Liquids Temp k	3°C/second max	
T <sub>S(max)</sub> to 1	L - Ramp-up Rate	5°C/second max	
Reflow	- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> ) (Liquids)	217°C	
Renow	- Time (min to max) ( $t_s$ )	60 -150 Seconds	
Peak Tem	perature (T <sub>P</sub> )	260 +0/-5°C	
Time with Temperat	in 5°C of actual peak ure (t <sub>p</sub> )	10 - 30 Seconds	
Ramp-dov	wn Rate	6°C/second max	
Time 25°C	C to peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )	8 minutes Max	
Do not ex	ceed	260°C	

### **Terms and definitions**

NO.	Item	Definitions	
1	Gas discharge tube(GDT)	A gap, or several gaps, in an enclosed discharge medium, other than air at atmospheric pressure, designed to protect apparatus or personnel, or both, from high transient voltages. Also referred to as "gas tube surge arrester".	
2	DC Spark-over Voltage	The voltage at which the gas discharge tube sparks over with slowly increasing d.c. voltage.	
3	Impulse Spark-over Voltage	The highest voltage which appears across the terminals of a gas discharge tube in the period between the application of an impulse of given wave-shape and the time when current begins to flow.	
5	Arc voltage	Voltage drop across the GDT during arc current flow.	
6	Glow voltage	Glow voltage Peak value of voltage drop across the GDT when a glow current is flowing.	
7	Impulse discharge current 8/20µs	Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 8 $\mu$ s and a nominal time to half-value of 20 $\mu$ s.	
8	Alternating Discharge Current	The rms value of an approximately sinusoidal alternating current passing through the gas discharge tube.	
9	Insulation Resistance	Insulation resistance shall be measured from each terminal to every other terminal of the GDT. The test is performed with DC50V when normal spark-over Voltage 70~150V, others with DC100V.	
10	Capacitance	The capacitance shall be measured once at 1 MHz between all terminals unless otherwise specified.	

# Gas Discharge Tubes (GDT)

#### **3RA-6 Series**

### **Cautions and warnings**

RLILÆN

- I Do not operate surge arresters in power supply networks, whose maximum operating voltage exceeds the minimum spark-over voltage of the surge arresters.
- I Surge arresters may become hot in the event of longer periods of current stress (burn risk). In the event of overload the connectors may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- I If the contacts of the surge arresters are defective, current load can cause sparks and loud noises.
- I Surge arresters must be handled with care and must not be dropped.
- I Do not continue to use damaged surge arresters.