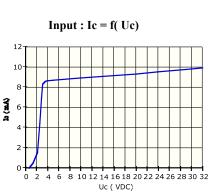


All technical caracteristics are subject to change without previous notice. Caractéristiques sujettes à modifications sans préavis.

# celpac®

### Control characteristics (at 25°C)

		DC			
Paramètre / Parameter	Symbol	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Control voltage	Uc	3,5	5-12-24	32	V
Control current (@ Uc )	Ic	<10	<10	<10	mA
Release voltage	Uc off	2			V
Input LED		green			
Reverse voltage	Urv	32			V
Clamping voltage	Uclamp	42			V
Input immunity : EN61000-4-4		2kV			
Input immunity : EN61000-4-5		2KV			



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## *Output characteristics (at 25°C)*

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Тур.	Unit	
Load voltage		Ue	400	V rms	
Operating range		Uemin-max	150-510	V rms	
Peak voltage		Up	1200	V	
Clamping voltage		Uclamp	820 (@1mA)	V	
Zero cross level		Usync	14	V	
Latching voltage	Ie nom	Ua	14	V	
AC-51 nominal current : permanent	(see Fig. 2 page 4)	Ie AC-51	35	A rms	
AC-53 nominal current		Ie AC-53	12	A rms	
Non repetitive overload current	tp=10ms (Fig. 3)	Itsm	1000	Α	
On state voltage drop (typical value)	@ 25°C	Vt	0,75	V	
Dynamic resistance (typical value)		rt	8	mΩ	
Output Power dissipation (typical value)		Pd	0,7xIe+0,008xIe <sup>2</sup>	W	
Thermal resistance between junction to air		Rthj/a	3,2 (2,5)	K/W	
Off state leakage current	@Ue, 50Hz	Ilk	<1	mA	
Minimum load current		Iemin	5	mA	
Turn on time	Uc nom DC ,f=50Hz	ton max	10	ms	
Turn off time	Uc nom DC ,f=50Hz	toff max	10	ms	
Operating frequency range		f	0,1-440	Hz	
Off state dv/dt		dv/dt	500	V/µs	
Maximum di/dt non repetitive		di/dt	50	A/µs	
I2t (<10ms)		I <sup>2</sup> t	7200	A <sup>2</sup> s	
Conducted immunity level	IEC 1000-4-4 (burst)		4kV criterion A		
Conducted immunity level	IEC 1000-4-5(schocks)		4kV criterion A		
Short circuit protection	FERRAZ	gRC 2	25A/32A/50A/63A 1	l4x51	

#### General characteristics (at 25°C)

General characteristics (at 25 C)			
Input to output insulation	Ui	4000	VRMS
Output to status insulation	Ui	2500	VRMS
Output to case insulation	Ui	4000	VRMS
Insulation resistance	Ri	100 (@500VDC)	MΩ
Rated impulse voltage	Uimp	4000	V
Protection level / CEI529	-	IP20	
Pollution degree	-	2	
Vibration resistance 10 -55 Hz according to CEI68 :	double amplitude	1,5	mm
Shocks resistance according to CEI68 ( on DIN rail / with screws)	-	30/50	g
Ambient temperature (with no icing or condensation)	-	-40 /+80	°C
Storage temperature (with no icing or condensation)		-40/+100	°C
Ambient humidity	HR	40 to 85	%
Weight		260	g
Conformity		EN60947-4-3 (IEC947-4-3)	
Conformity		UL/cUL pending	



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page 3 /5 GB

	Pa	Condit	Conditions		Min	Nom	Max	Unit				
Voltage range					Us	Us		1	12-24	32	V	
Output current					Id		0 0,1 0,		0,1	А		
On resistance				Rdso		2		2	Ω			
Open delay (faults) - fig. 1				Ueno		to1				ms		
Total open delay (faults) - fig. 1			,	, Uc=0V to2 120		20	ms					
Closed mains delay			Uenom, Uc			tc1         20           tc2         20		ms				
Closed mains delay Maximum cable length for open load (maximum load due to capacito			Uenom, Uc=Ucnom tc2		102	+		40	ms			
	description	r open iouu (			/					40	m	
Control	Control	Mains	Load	SSR	Status LED	Output	sta-	Intinga			-	
	LED					tus		<u>Notices</u> • The red LED luminosity depends on .				
0	0	No	х	x	0	Ope	n		e voltage. ntrol : ON	OFF		
1		No	х	x	0	Оре	10	- Control : ON,OFF - Load type.				
1		110	А	А		Ope		The statu	s outputs c	an he coi	nected in	
0	0	Yes	OK	ОК	$\bigcirc$	close			only one in			
1		Yes	OK	ОК		close	ad •	NPN/ PN	IP output i	s possible	e with sta	
1		103				ciose		<ul> <li>NPN/ PNP output is possible with stat (insulation with the control) and no possipply for the relay.</li> <li>In case of using with a mains voltage lower than specifications, the SSR works correctly, but an alarm status can be giv with control OFF. In this case, the status works only with</li> </ul>				
0	0	Yes	Open	OK	0	Ope	n					
0	0	Yes	OK	short-circuit	0	Ope						
1		Yes	Open	ОК	0	Ope						
1		Yes	ОК		0	^						
1	ABSENCE		UK	short-circuit	$\cup$	Ope		control ON with the diagnostic of open load or SSR short-circuit				
Courant Cou	t/ ton			<b>V</b>     (		uRT- R	<ul> <li>voltage</li> <li>current</li> <li>In case</li> <li>or on</li> <li>t</li> </ul>	yellow L at mean across t t inside t e of failu the SSR he statu	ED is sw s there i he SSR he SSR	vitched s withou with co e load circuite ed.	ON : it control. ontrol. ( openo cd) :	
nd the lo	f long wiri oad ( > 25	meters), it	etween the t is possible etect an ope	than en load.	Commande U 		verte			ł	Rése 150-5 Isible	

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UC<sup>®</sup>

ce

45

40

35

30

25

20

15

10

5

0

0

E.



fig 2

# Thermal specifications.

## **Current according ambient temperature :**

The curve "1" gives the limits of the product. The temperature reached are acceptable for the components. These values are in compliance with most of SSRs manufacturers.

In a cabinet with a minimum of ventilation or a non permanent current, these values are correct.

The curve "2" gives the limits of the product according to EN60947-4-3 with a maximum rise temperature of 50°C (@ 40°C) for a permanent working and in air calm (test during 8 hours).

For a non permanent current, you can calcule the average power = Pd x duty cycle and check the rise temperature : ∆Tj = Pd x Rthj/a (Pd and Rthj/a are given page 2)). The junction temperature must not

exceed 125°C at the maximum ambient temperature. The maximum current is limited to the size of the thvristors = 75A.

The thermal constant (Cth) of the product is 7 minutes. That means the rise temperature is only 63% of the stabilized temperature after a running time of 7 minutes.

1 - No repetitive Itsm is given without voltage

with initial Tj = 70°C. In normal working , this curve musn't be exceed. Be carefull, the

fig 3

repetition of the surge current decrease the

reapplied . This curve is used for the determination of the protection.

# **Overload current.**

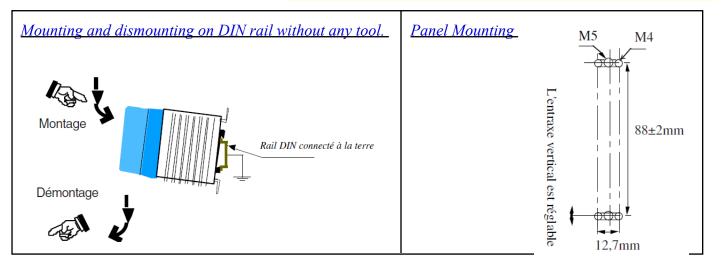
lifetime SSR's.

Fig.3 Surcharge de courant : Itsm (Apeak) = f(t) 1500 1000 ltsm (Apeak 2 - Repetitive Itsm is given for inrush current 500 2 0 0,01 0,1 1 10 t (s)

2

5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75 80 85

Tambient(°C)



Warning ! semiconductor relays don't provide any galvanic insulation between the load and the mains. Always use in conjunction with an adapted circuit breaker with isolation feature or a similar device in order to ensure a reliable isolation in the event of wrong function and when the relay must be insulated from the mains (maintenance; if not used for a long duration ...).





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80mm

## **Connections**.

• For the output terminals, the wire cross sections must be adapted to the load current and to the overcurrent protection device characteristics. The relay rated voltage must be adapted to the mains rated voltage.

• **celpac** use screw clamp connections.



be vice	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{wires} \\ \text{(mm^2)} \end{array} $	torques	screwdriver
ains	$\frac{control}{1 x(0,75>2,5)} \\ L = 6mm$	0,4N.m (0,6N.m max)	3,5x0,5mm
	$\frac{Power}{1x(1,5>16)} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{x(1,5>10)} \frac{1}{L} = 10 \text{ mm}$	1,2N.m (1,8N.m max)	Pozidriv2/

C

vertica

position

## Mounting

### • Only in vertical position:

The user should protect heat sensitive materials as well as persons against any contacts with the heatsink. For non vertical mounting, the load current must be 50% lower than the rated one. For a good cooling, the SSR needs an air convection. Less convection air produces an abnormal heating. Keep a distance between the upper SSR and the lower SSR. In case of no space between two SSR (zero space between two SSRs), please reduce the load current. For further details refer to below :

#### <u>Derating current with no space between SSRs</u>

AC-51 nominal currents are given with a space of 22,5mm between each SSR, for a permanent current during a minimum time of 8 hours in air calm according to IEC60947-4-3. In case of non permanent currents or in case of SSRs are mounted with no space, you must check the heatsink temperature never exceed 90°C. When the SSRs are mounted side to side ( no space between each relay) a derating current of 25% must be take into account.

A forced cooling (fan inside the cabinet) improves significantly the thermal performances.

## **Typical application** :

# **LOADS**

SILD product is designed mainly for AC-51 résistive load. AC-53 motor current are also given . For other loads, check the inrush current at turn ON and possible overvoltages at turn OFF or consult us :

\* AC-55b : Incandescent lamps : Inrush current is generally 10 times In during few 10ms. So limit the nominal current at about 15A.

\* AC-55a : Electric discharge lamp : These loads often have overcurrent at turn ON and overvoltage at turn OFF, so we advise to use 400VAC SSR on 230VAC mains.

\* AC-56a : Transformers loads : Very high inrush current up to 100 times In . We advise to use random SSR.

\* AC-56b : Capacitors loads : Very high current at turn ON and overvolatge at turn OFF, please consult us with 1600V peak SSR with high inrush current.

# **Protection :**

To protect the SSR against a short-circuit of the load, use a fuse with a  $I^2t$  value = 1/2  $I^2t$  value specified page 2. A test has been made with FERRAZ fuse (see page 2).

It is possible to protect SSR by MCB (miniature circuit breaker). In this case, see application note (SSR protection) and use a SSR with high  $I^2t$  value (5000 $A^2s$  minimum).

# <u>EMC :</u>

#### • Immunity :

We give in our data-sheets, the immunity level of our SSRs according to the main standards for this type of products : EN61000-4-4 &5. You can see the high immunity level in comparison with the products on the market.

#### • Emission:

SSRs are complex devices which must be interconnected with other equipment (loads, cables,etc.) to form a system. Because the other equipment or the interconnections may not be under the control of **celduc**, it shall be the responsibility of the system integrator to ensure that systems containing SSRs comply with the requirements of any rules and regulations applicable at the system level. Consult **celduc** laboratory which can make some tests in your application.

