HARRIS SEMICONDUCTOR

HGTP6N40E1D, HGTP6N50E1D

6A, 400V and 500V N-Channel IGBTs with Anti-Parallel Ultrafast Diodes

April 1995

Features

- 6A, 400V and 500V
- Latch Free Operation
- T_{FALL}: < 1.0μs
- High Input Impedance
- Low Conduction Loss
- With Anti-Parallel Diode
- t_{RR} < 60ns

Description

The IGBT is a MOS gated high voltage switching device combining the best features of MOSFETs and bipolar transistors. The device has the high input impedance of a MOSFET and the low on-state conduction loss of a bipolar transistor. The much lower on-state voltage drop varies only moderately between +25°C and +150°C. The diode used in parallel with the IGBT is an ultrafast (t_{RR} < 60ns) with soft recovery characteristic.

The IGBTs are ideal for many high voltage switching applications operating at frequencies where low conduction losses are essential, such as: AC and DC motor controls, power supplies and drivers for solenoids, relays and contactors.

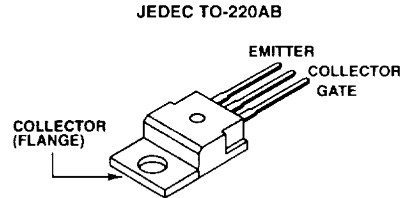
PACKAGING AVAILABILITY

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
HGTP6N40E1D	TO-220AB	G6N40E1D
HGTP6N50E1D	TO-220AB	G6N50E1D

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number

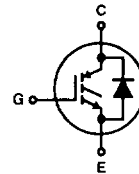
Package

JEDEC TO-220AB



Terminal Diagram

N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE



3

IGBTs

Absolute Maximum Ratings T_C = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

		HGTP6N40E1D	HGTP6N50E1D	UNITS
Collector-Emitter Voltage	BV_{CES}	400	500	V
Collector-Gate Voltage R_{GE} = 1MΩ	BV_{CGR}	400	500	V
Collector Current Continuous at T_C = +25°C	I_{C25}	7.5	7.5	A
at T_C = +90°C	I_{C90}	6	6	A
Collector Current Pulsed (Note 1)	I_{CM}	7.5	7.5	A
Gate-Emitter Voltage Continuous	V_{GES}	±20	±20	V
Diode Forward Current at T_C = +25°C	I_{F25}	10	10	A
at T_C = +90°C	I_{F90}	6	6	A
Power Dissipation Total at T_C = +25°C	P_D	75	75	W
Power Dissipation Derating T_C > +25°C		0.6	0.6	W/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to +150	-55 to +150	°C
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering	T_L	260	260	°C

NOTE:
1. T_J = +150°C, Min. R_{GE} = 25Ω without latch.

HARRIS SEMICONDUCTOR IGBT PRODUCT IS COVERED BY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING U.S. PATENTS:

4,364,073	4,417,385	4,430,792	4,443,931	4,466,176	4,516,143	4,532,534	4,567,641
4,587,713	4,598,461	4,605,948	4,618,872	4,620,211	4,631,564	4,639,754	4,639,762
4,641,162	4,644,637	4,682,195	4,684,413	4,694,313	4,717,679	4,743,952	4,783,690
4,794,432	4,801,986	4,803,533	4,809,045	4,809,047	4,810,665	4,823,176	4,837,606
4,860,080	4,883,767	4,888,627	4,890,143	4,901,127	4,904,609	4,933,740	4,963,951
4,969,027							

CAUTION: These devices are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Users should follow proper ESD Handling Procedures

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File Number 2795.2

Electrical Specifications T_C = +25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETERS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS				UNITS
			HGTP6N40E1D		HGTP6N50E1D		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	BV_{CES}	I_C = 1.25mA, V_{GE} = 0V	400	-	500	-	V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE(TH)}$	V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_C = 1mA	2.0	4.5	2.0	4.5	V
Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	I_{CES}	T_J = +150°C, V_{CE} = 400V	-	1.25	-	-	mA
		T_J = +150°C, V_{CE} = 500V	-	-	-	1.25	mA
Gate-Emitter Leakage Current	I_{GES}	V_{GE} = ±20V, V_{CE} = 0V	-	100	-	100	nA
Collector-Emitter On-Voltage	$V_{CE(ON)}$	T_J = +150°C, I_C = 3A, V_{GE} = 10V	-	2.9	-	2.9	V
		T_J = +150°C, I_C = 3A, V_{GE} = 15V	-	2.5	-	2.5	V
		T_J = +25°C, I_C = 3A, V_{GE} = 10V	-	2.5	-	2.5	V
		T_J = +25°C, I_C = 3A, V_{GE} = 15V	-	2.4	-	2.4	V
Gate-Emitter Plateau Voltage	V_{GEP}	I_C = 3A, V_{CE} = 10V	6.5 (Typ)				V
On-State Gate Charge	$Q_{G(ON)}$	I_C = 3A, V_{CE} = 10V	6.9 (Typ)				nC
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{D(ON)}$	Resistive Load, I_C = 3A, V_{CE} = 400V, R_L = 133Ω, T_J = +150°C, V_{GE} = 10V, R_G = 25Ω	90 (Typ)				ns
Rise Time	t_R		32 (Typ)				ns
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{D(OFF)}$		24 (Typ)				ns
Fall Time	t_F		1100 (Typ)				ns
Turn-Off Energy Loss Per Cycle (Off Switching Dissipation = W_{OFF} x Frequency)	W_{OFF}		0.29 (Typ)				mJ
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{D(OFF)I}$	Inductive Load (See Figure 13), I_C = 3A, $V_{CE(CLP)}$ = 400V, R_L = 133Ω, L = 50µH, T_J = +150°C, V_{GE} = 10V, R_G = 25Ω	-	190	-	190	ns
Fall Time	t_{FI}		-	1	-	1	µs
Turn-Off Energy Loss Per Cycle (Off Switching Dissipation = W_{OFF} x Frequency)	W_{OFF}		-	0.43	-	0.43	mJ
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case (IGBT)	$R_{\theta JC}$		-	2.08	-	2.08	°C/W
Thermal Resistance of Diode	$R_{\theta JC}$		-	2.00	-	2.00	°C/W
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{EC}	I_{EC} = 6A	-	1.6	-	1.6	V
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{RR}	I_{EC} = 6A, dI_{EC}/dt = 100A/µs	-	60	-	60	ns

Typical Performance Curves

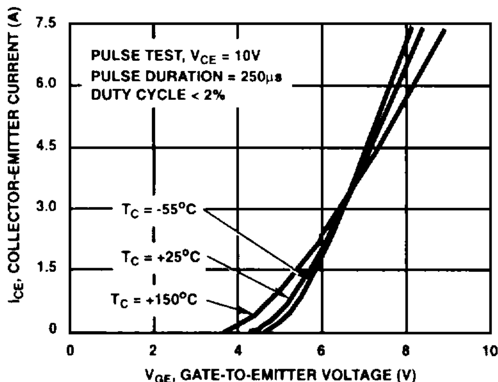

FIGURE 1. TYPICAL TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

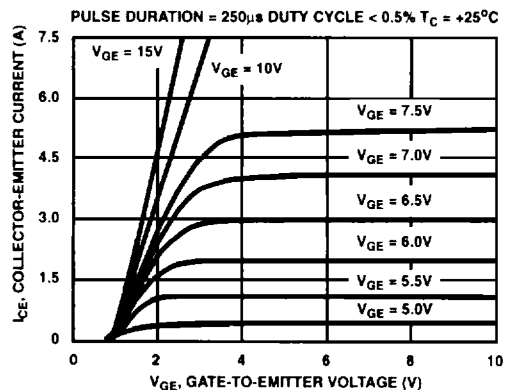

FIGURE 2. TYPICAL SATURATION CHARACTERISTICS

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

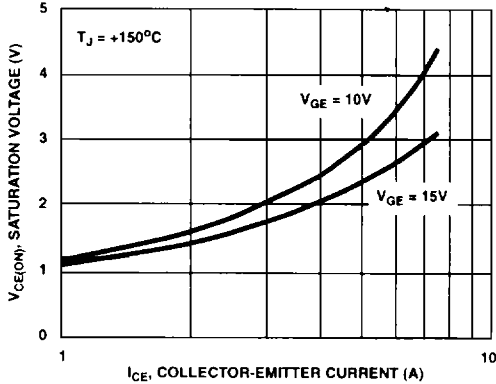

FIGURE 3. SATURATION VOLTAGE vs COLLECTOR-EMITTER CURRENT (TYPICAL)

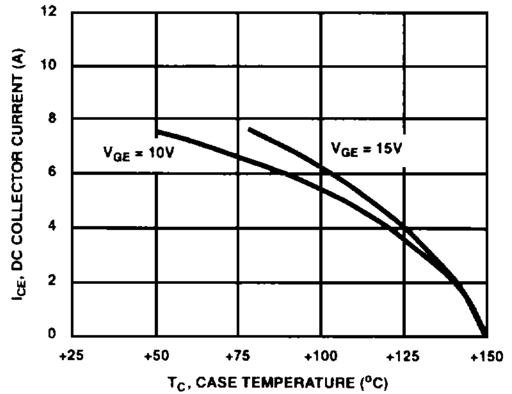

FIGURE 4. DC COLLECTOR CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

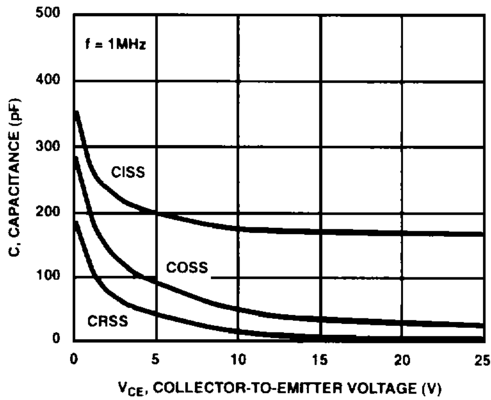

FIGURE 5. CAPACITANCE vs COLLECTOR-TO-EMITTER VOLTAGE (TYPICAL)

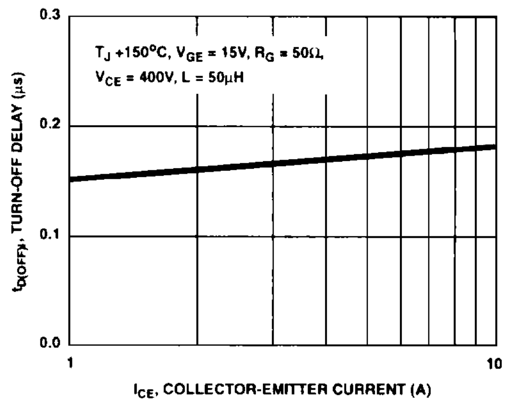

FIGURE 6. TURN-OFF DELAY vs COLLECTOR-TO-EMITTER CURRENT (TYPICAL)

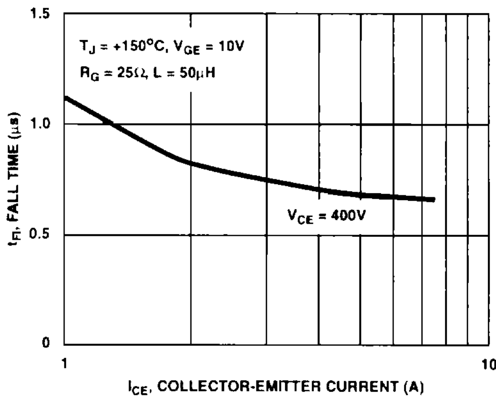

FIGURE 7. FALL TIME vs COLLECTOR-TO-EMITTER CURRENT (TYPICAL)

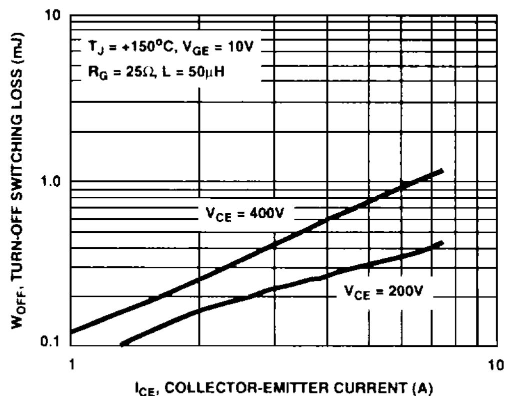

FIGURE 8. TURN-OFF SWITCHING LOSS vs COLLECTOR-EMITTER CURRENT (TYPICAL)

Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

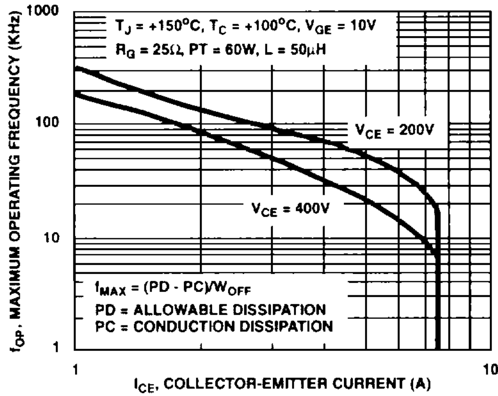

FIGURE 9. MAXIMUM OPERATING FREQUENCY vs COLLECTOR CURRENT AND VOLTAGE (TYPICAL)

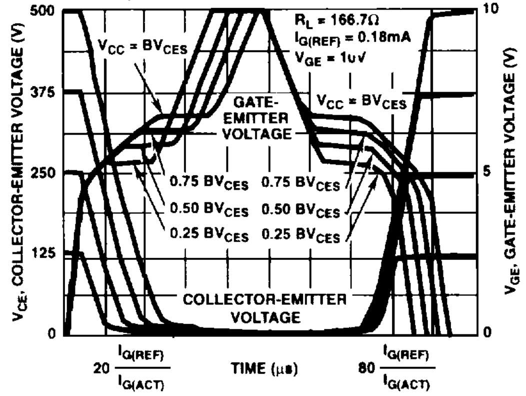

FIGURE 10. NORMALIZED SWITCHING WAVEFORMS AT CONSTANT GATE CURRENT

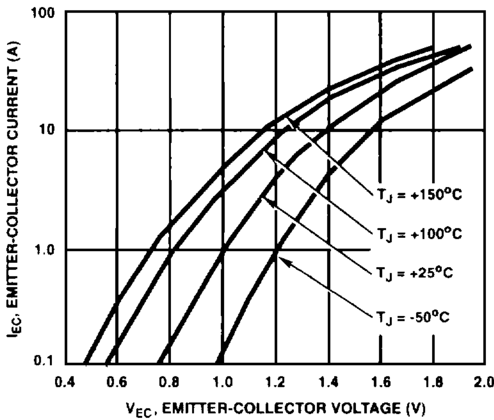

FIGURE 11. TYPICAL FORWARD VOLTAGE

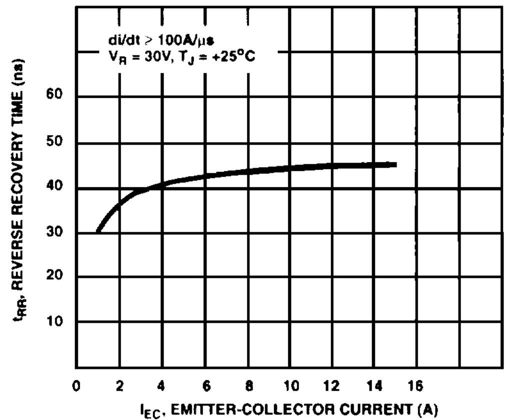

FIGURE 12. TYPICAL REVERSE RECOVERY TIME

Test Circuit

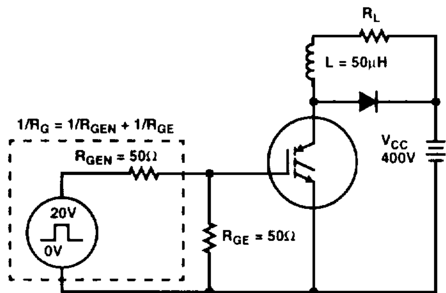

FIGURE 13. INDUCTIVE SWITCHING TEST CIRCUIT