DELIVERY SPECIFICATION SPEC. No. A-Soft-j

D A T E: Oct., 2023

То		
	Non-Controlled	Сору

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME TDK PRODUCT NAME MULTILAYER CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITORS (Soft Termination) Bulk and Tape packaging [RoHS compliant] CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6, CGA8, CGA9 Type C0G,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE: **YEAR MONTH** DAY

Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

TDK Corporation

Sales Engineering

Electronic Components Electronic Components Business Company Ceramic Capacitors Business Group Sales & Marketing Group

APPROVED Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

SCOPE

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be CGA♦♦♦○○○△△□□□×◎※※※S.

REFERENCE STANDARD

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806 - 3 : 2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic
	equipment

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<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

Division	Date	SPEC. No.	
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	October, 2023	A-Soft-j	

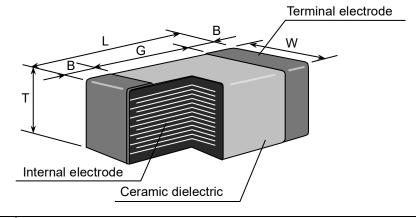
1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(Example) CGA 3 Ε 2 X7R 1 H 104 Κ Т ********S <u>T</u> CGA 6 <u>P</u> 3 X7S 1 H 106 _K_ (2) (3) (4) (7) (9) (1) (5) (6) (8) (10)

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Type



Case size	Case size	Dimensions (Unit : mm)				
Symbol	(EIA style)	L	W	Т	В	G
2	CGA2 (CC0402)	$1.00 {+0.15 \atop -0.05}$	$0.50 {+0.10} \atop {-0.05}$	$0.50 {+0.10} \atop {-0.05}$	0.10 min.	0.30 min.
3	CGA3 (CC0603)	$1.60 {+0.20 \atop -0.10}$	$0.80^{+0.15}_{-0.10}$	$0.80 {+0.15 \atop -0.10}$	0.20 min.	0.30 min.
				0.60±0.15	0.20 min.	0.50 min.
4	CGA4	$2.00 {+0.45 \atop -0.20}$	$1.25 ^{+0.25}_{-0.20}$	0.85±0.15		
	(CC0805)	-0.20	-0.20	$1.25 {+0.25 \atop -0.20}$		
				1.15±0.15		1.00 min.
5	CGA5		1.60 ^{+0.30} -0.20	1.30±0.20	0.20 min.	
	(CC1206)			$1.60 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$		
	CGA6 (CC1210)		2.50±0.30	$1.60 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$	0.20 min.	
6				$2.00 {+0.30 top -0.20}$		
				$2.30 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$		
				2.50±0.30		
8	CGA8 (CC1812)	1 /150	3.20±0.40	$2.00 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$	0.20 min.	
				$2.30 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$		
				2.50±0.30		
9	CGA9 (CC2220) 5.70 +0	$5.70 {+0.50} \atop {-0.40}$	5.00±0.40	$2.30 {+0.30 \atop -0.20}$	0.20 min.	
		-0.40		2.50±0.30		

^{*} As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK web.

(3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)	Symbo
В	0.50	K
С	0.60	L
Е	0.80	М
F	0.85	N
Н	1.15	Р
J	1.25	

ymbol	Dimension(mm)	Symbol	Dimension(mm)
В	0.50	K	1.30
С	0.60	L	1.60
E	0.80	М	2.00
F	0.85	N	2.30
Н	1.15	Р	2.50
J	1.25		

(4) Voltage condition in the life test

^{*} Details are shown in table1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Symbol	Condition
1	Rated Voltage
2	Rated Voltage x 2
3	Rated Voltage x 1.5
4	Rated Voltage x 1.2

(5) Temperature Characteristics

* Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

(6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage
2 J	DC 630 V
2 W	DC 450 V
2 E	DC 250 V
2 A	DC 100 V
1 H	DC 50 V

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 V	DC 35 V
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V

(7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier. R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance
	2R2	2.2 pF
	104	100,000 pF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

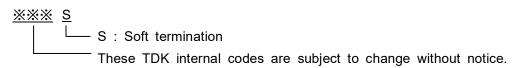
^{*} M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance
С	± 0.25 pF	10pF and under
D	± 0.5 pF	τορι- and under
J	± 5%	
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF
*M	± 20 %	

(9) Packaging

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(10) TDK internal code



^{*} CGA2 type is applicable to tape packaging only.

2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance
		10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5
,	000	under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10
1	C0G	12pF to 10,000pF	I/I = 0/\	E – 12 series
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5%)	E – 6 series
2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	0.1uF and under	K (± 10 %)	E – 6 series or
2			K (± 10 %)	E – 3 series
		Over 0. rui	M (± 20 %)	

Capacitance Step in E series

E series		Capacitance Step										
E- 3	1.0			1.0 2.2					4.	.7		
E- 6	1.0 1.5		0 1.5 2.2			3.	.3	4	.7	6.	.8	
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature		
C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, the capacitors are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

	1		T						
No.	Item	1	Pe	rformance		Test o	r inspectio	n n	nethod
1	External App	earance	No defects wh performance.	Inspect	Inspect with magnifying glass (3×)			s (3×)	
2	Insulation Re	esistance	Please refer to web.	(As for t	he cap		ate	d voltage 630V	
3	Voltage Prod	f	Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other damage.			Volta RV 100 RV 100V< 500 applica	ated age(RV) ≤100V 0V <rv 0v<rv="" extion="" rv≤500v="" th="" time<="" ≤100v=""><th>3: 1.5 2.5 1.5 1.3</th><th></th></rv>	3: 1.5 2.5 1.5 1.3	
4	Canacitanas		Mithin the one	oified telerones	Charge / discharge current : 50mA or lov			50mA or lower	
	Capacitance			o detail page on TDK	1000p un Over 1 《 Class Capac 10uF un Over As for m with our	oF and der 000pF 2 % sitance fand der 10uF neasuring sales r	representa	ey % % mg ey %	
5	Q Dissipation Factor	Class1 Class2	Please refer to web.	See No.		s table for	me	easuring	
6	6 Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance T.C. Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C) COG 0 ± 30		based o	n value iture. ng tem	es at 25°C perature b	and	I be calculated d 85°C w 25°C shall

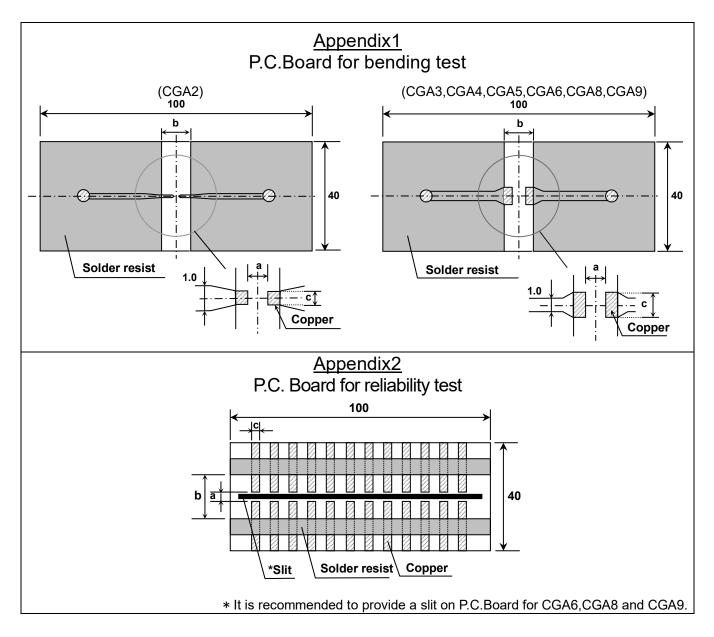
	ntinued)		Danfarra	To ak an in an action mostle ad
No.	Item Temperature		Performance	Test or inspection method
7	Characteristics of Capacitance		No voltage applied	Capacitance shall be measured by the ste shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each step. ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading
	(Class2)		X7R : ± 15 X7S : ± 22	Step Temperature(°C)
			X7T : +22 -33	1 Reference temp. ± 2
			X8R : ± 15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2
			X8L : +15 40	3 Reference temp. ± 2
				4 Max. operating temp. ± 2
				As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "3.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANG As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.
8	Robustness Termination		No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s. Pushing force
0	Don din s	- Esstama el	No machanical damage	Capacitor P.C.Board
9	Bending	External appearance	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (2mm is applied for CGA8 and CGA9 types.) 50 F R230 (Unit : mr
10	Solderability		New solder to cover over 75% of termination. 25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material.	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS 8839) Rosin (JIS K 590 25% solid solution. Solder temp.: 245±5°C Dwell time: 3±0.3s. Solder Until both terminations are position: completely soaked.

No.	nunuea) Ite			Perfo	ormance	Test or	inspection method			
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	No cracks are allowed and terminations shall be covered at least 60% with new solder.			Solder :	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902)			
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Solder temp	25% solid solution.			
			Class1	C0G	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. : Dwell time :	260±5°C 10±1s.			
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.			
		Q				Pre-heating :	Temp. — 110~140°C Time — 30∼60s.			
		(Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Leave the cap	pacitors in ambient			
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	condition for Class 1 : 6~24h				
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the initial spec. No insulation breakdown or other damage.			Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.				
		Voltage proof								
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech		damage.	Applied force : 5G max. Frequency : 10~2,000Hz				
		Capacitance				Reciprocating	sweep time: 20 min.			
		Capacitarios	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Cycle: 12 cyc	les in each 3 mutually			
						Class1	COG	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Reflow solder	the capacitors on a
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	P.C.Board shot testing.	own in Appendix 2 before			
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.					
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.							

No.	Item			Perf	ormance		Test or inspection m	ethod												
13	Temperature cycle	External appearance Capacitance	No mech	anical	damage.	step11	Expose the capacitors in the condition step1 through step 4 listed in the following table.													
			Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp. cycle: 1,000 cycles														
			Class1	COG		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)												
			- Class I	X7R	Please contact with our sales	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3												
			Class2	X7S X7T	representative.	2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5												
				X8R X8L		3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2												
		Q	Moot the	initial		4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5												
		(Class1)	Meet the	ınıtıaı	spec.		Min./ Max. operating													
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	RANG	o "3.OPERATING TE E".	MPERATURE												
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.	the capacitors in amount on for 1: 6~24h	bient													
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.			Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement. Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.														
14	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical damage.				Test temp.: 40±2°C Test humidity: 90~95%RH													
	(Steady State)	Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Test tir	Test time: 500 +24,0h													
			Class1	COG		conditi		bient												
				1											Class2	X7R X7S X7T	Please contact with our sales representative.	Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.		
				X8R X8L		P.C.Bo	v solder the capacitor pard shown in Append													
		Q (Class1)	Capa	citance	Q	testing														
		(Class I)		nd ove																
			10pF a	nd over																
			Unde	r 10pF	200+10×C min.															
			C : Rate	d capa	citance (pF)															
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial s	spec. max.		-													
		Insulation Resistance	Please c represen		with our sales															

No.	Item		Perfor	mance	Test or inspection method				
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mechanical d	amage.	Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH				
		Capacitance	Characteristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h				
							Class1 C0G		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower
			X/R X/S \	Please contact with our sales representative.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1 : 6~24h Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.				
		Q (Class4)	Capacitance	Q	Reflow solder the capacitors on a				
		(Class1)	30pF and over	200 min.	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before				
			Under 30pF	100+10/3×C min.	testing.				
			C : Rated capaci	tance (pF)	Initial value setting (only for class 2)				
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of initial sp	ec. max.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour,》leave the				
		Insulation Resistance	Please contact w representative.	vith our sales	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2 before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.				
16	Life	External appearance	No mechanical d	amage.	Test temp.: Maximum operating temperature±2°C				
		Capacitance	apacitance Characteristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Please contact with our sales representative. Test time: 1,000 +48,0h				
			Class1 C0G	Please contact	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or				
			X7S with our	with our sales representative.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for Class 1 : 6~24h				
		Q			Class 2 : 24±2h before measurement.				
		(Class1)	Capacitance	Q	Reflow solder the capacitors on a				
			30pF and over 10pF and over to	350 min. 275+5/2×C min.	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.				
			under 30pF						
			Under 10pF 200+10×C min. C: Rated capacitance (pF)		Initial value setting (only for class 2) Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat				
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of initial sp	. ,	the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour, leave the				
		Insulation	Please contact w	vith our sales	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2 before measurement.				
		Resistance	representative.		Use this measurement for initial value.				

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



(Unit: mm)

Symbol		Dimensions	
Case size	а	b	С
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

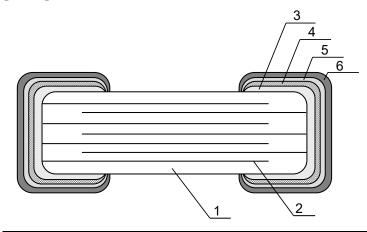
 $2.\ Thickness: Appendix\ 1-0.8mm \qquad (CGA2)$

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATERIAL				
INO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO ₃ BaTiO ₃				
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)				
3		Copper (Cu)				
4	Termination	Conductive resin (Filler : Ag)				
5	remination	Nickel (Ni)				
6		Tin (Sn)				

9. CAUTION FOR PRODUCTS WITH SOFT TERMINATION

This product contains Ag (Silver) as part of the middle layer of termination. To avoid electromigration of Ag under high temperature and humidity, and failures caused by corrosive gas, chip capacitors on P.C boards should be protected by moisture proof-sealing.

10. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 10.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 10.2 Tape packaging is as per 14. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - * CGA2 [CC0402] type is applicable to tape packaging only.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity
 - *Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{3}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day
- *Composition of new Inspection No.

(Implemented on and after May 1, 2019 in sequence)

- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 \sim ZZ)
- (g) Suffix($00 \sim ZZ$)

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

11. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

12. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only. For other case sizes than the above, reflow soldering is recommended.

^{*} It was shifted to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

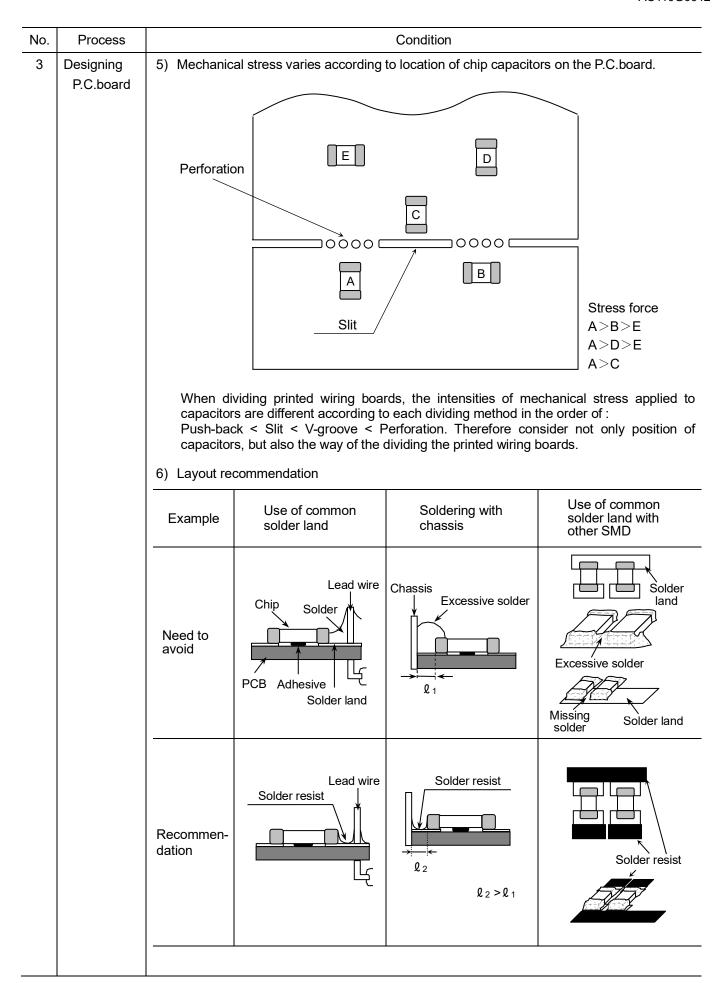
13. CAUTION

No.	Process	Condition
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. JIS C 60721-3-1 Class 1K2 should be followed for the other climatic conditions.
		1) High temperature and humidity environment may affect a capacitor's solder ability because it accelerates terminal oxidization. They also deteriorate performance of taping and packaging. Therefore, SMD capacitors shall be used within 6 months. For capacitors with terminal electrodes consisting of silver or silver-palladium which tend to become oxidized or sulfurized, use as soon as possible, such as within one month after opening the bag.
		2) When capacitors are stored for a longer time period than 6 months, confirm the solderability of the capacitors prior to use. During storage, keep the minimum packaging unit in its original packaging without opening it. Do not deviate from the above temperature and humidity conditions even for a short term.
		3) Corrosive gasses in the air or atmosphere may result in deterioration of the reliability, such as poor solderability of the terminal electrodes. Do not store capacitors where they will be exposed to corrosive gas (e.g., hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine ammonia etc.)
		4) Solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate due to photochemical change in the terminal electrode if stored in direct sunlight, or due to condensation from rapid changes in humidity. The capacitors especially which use resin material must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation, as moisture absorption due to condensation may affect the performance.
		5) Refer to JIS C 60721-3-1, class 1K2 for other climate conditions.
		1-2. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation)
2	Circuit design	2-1. Operating temperature
	<u></u> Caution	Upper category temperature (maximum operating temperature) is specified. It is necessary to select a capacitor whose rated temperature us higher than the operating temperature. Also, it is necessary to consider the temperature distribution in the equipment and seasonal temperature variation.
		2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating
		temperature. Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied due to ESR. Especially at high frequencies, please be careful that the heat might be so extreme. Also, even if the surface temperature of the capacitor includes self-heating and is the maximum operating temperature or lower, excessive heating of the capacitor due to self-heating may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of
		the capacitor. The self-heating temperature rise of the capacitor changes depending on the difference in heat radiation due to the mounting method to the device, the ambient temperature, the cooling method of the device and circuit board material and the design, etc.
		The load should be contained so that the self-heating temperature rise of the capacitor body in a natural convection environment at an ambient temperature of 25°C remain below 20°C.
		When using in a high-frequency circuit or a circuit in which a capacitor generates heat, such as when a high-frequency ripple current flows, pay attention to the above precautions. (Note that accurate measurement may not be possible with self-heating measurement when the equipment applies cooling other than natural convection such as a cooling fan.)

No.	Process	Condition					
2	Circuit design Caution	The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration.					
		2-2. When overvoltage is applied					
		Applying overvoltage to a capacitor may cause dielectric breakdown and result in a short circuit. The duration until dielectric breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.					
		2-3. Operating voltage					
		1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V _{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2)					
		AC or pulse with overshooting, V _{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5)					
		When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage.					
		Voltage (1) DC voltage (2) DC+AC voltage (3) AC voltage					
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage) 0					
		Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B)					
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage)					
		Even below the rated voltage, if repetitive high frequency AC or pulse is applied, the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced.					
		The effective capacitance will vary depending on applied DC and AC voltages. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration.					
		Abnormal voltage (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated voltage.					
		5) When capacitors are used in a series connection, it is necessary to add a balancing circuit such as voltage dividing resistors in order to avoid an imbalance in the voltage applied to each capacitor.					
		2-4. Frequency When the capacitors (Class 2) are used in AC and/or pulse voltages, the capacitors may vibrate themselves and generate audible sound.					

No.	Process			Condition					
3	Designing P.C.board	The amount of solde capacitors.	r at the terminati	ons has a direct	effect on the reli	ability of the			
	1.0.55414	 The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations. 							
		Avoid using common solder land for multiple terminations and provide individual solder land for each terminations.							
		3) Size and recomm	nended land dim	ensions.					
			Chip	capacitors So	lder land				
		Solder resist							
		Reflow solderin	ng			(mm)			
		Case size Symbol	CGA2 (CC0402)	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)			
		A	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2	2.0 ~ 2.4			
		В	0.35 ~ 0.45	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.7 ~ 0.9	1.0 ~ 1.2			
		C	0.4 ~ 0.6	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.6			
		Case size	CGA6 (CC1210)	CGA8 (CC1812)	CGA9 (CC2220)				
		A	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8				
		В	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4				
		C	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0				
		Flow soldering	(Unrecommend))	(mm)				
		Case size Symbol	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)				
		А	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-			
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3				
		C	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	-			

No.	Process		Condition					
3	Designing P.C.board	4) Recommended	Recommended chip capacitors layout is as following.					
			Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress				
		Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit				
			Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.				
			Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit				
		Chip arrangement (Direction)	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit				
		Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress (lambda 1 - lambda 2 -	Away from slit is less stress				



No.	Process			Condition				
4	Mounting	If the mounting he capacitors to result of the surface and not 2) Adjust the mounting he capacitors to result of the surface and not 2) Adjust the mounting the surface and not 2) To minimize the surface and not 2) To minimize the surface and not 2)	 4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. 1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it. 2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight. 3) To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. 					
			Not	recommended	Recommended			
		Single-sided mounting		Crack	A support pin is not to be underneath the capacitor.			
		Double-sides mounting	Solde		Support pin			
		When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.						
		4-2. Amount of adh	esive					
					\			
				c c				
			Example :	CGA4 (CC0805), CG	A5 (CC1206)			
			а	0.2mm m				
			b	70 ~ 100 _k				
			С	Do not touch the s				

No.	Process	Condition					
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously affect the performance of capacitors. Confirm the following to select the appropriate flux.					
		1) It is recommended to use a mildly activated rosin flux (less than 0.1wt% chlorine). Strong flux is not recommended.					
		2) Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux.					
		3) When water-soluble flux is used, enough washing is necessary.					
		5-2. Recommended soldering profile : Reflow method Refer to the following temperature profile at Reflow soldering.					
		Reflow soldering					
		Soldering Preheating → Natural cooling					
		Reflow soldering is recommended for CGA3,CGA4,CGA5 types, but only reflow soldering is allowed for other case sizes. 5-3. Recommended soldering peak temp and peak temp duration for Reflow soldering Pb free solder is recommended, but if Sn-37Pb must be used, refer to below.					
		Temp./Duration Reflow soldering					
		Solder Peak temp(°C) Duration(sec.)					
		Lead Free Solder 260 max. 10 max.					
		Sn-Pb Solder 230 max. 20 max.					
		Recommended solder compositions Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu					

Soldering		_	peratu F	re profile at Flow sol	-			
		Peak Temp	Preheatii	Soldering Natural c	ooling >			
		Preheating Natural cooling Peak Temp						
	5-5. Red	ommended solderir	ng pea	k temp and peak ten	np duration	for Flow soldering		
		Temp./Duration		Flow soldering				
		Solder		Peak temp(°C) Duration		n(sec.)		
		Lead Free Solo	der	260 max.	5 m	nax.		
		Sn-Pb Solder		250 max. 3 n		nax.		
	Lea 5-6. Avo	nd Free Solder : Sn- iding thermal shock	3.0Ag					
) Pier			Case size		Temp. (°C)		
		Reflow soldering		CGA2(CC0402), CGA3(CC0603),		ΔT ≦ 150		
				CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)		ΔT ≦ 130		
		Flow soldering			CC0805),	ΔT ≦ 150		
		5-5. Record Pb free Section Pb free Section Prehim	5-5. Recommended soldering Temp./Dur Solder Lead Free Sold Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder of Lead Free Solder: Sn- 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering Reflow soldering Flow soldering 2) Cooling condition Natural cooling using air	5-5. Recommended soldering pear Pb free solder is recommended, Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder compose Lead Free Solder: Sn-3.0Age 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering Reflow soldering CGA CGA CGA CGA CGA CGA CGA CGA	5-5. Recommended soldering peak temp and peak tem Pb free solder is recommended, but if Sn-37Pb must Temp./Duration Flow so Solder Peak temp(°C) Lead Free Solder 260 max. Sn-Pb Solder 250 max. Recommended solder compositions Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering Case size CGA2(CC0402), CGA3(CCGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CCGA9(CC2220)) Reflow soldering CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CCC0805) Flow soldering CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CCC0805) CGA5(CC1206) 2) Cooling condition	Solder Peak temp(°C) Duration Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Sn-Pb Solder Sn-Pb Solder Sn-Pb Solder Sn-Pb Solder Sn-Pb Solder compositions Lead Free Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering Case size CGA2(CC0402), CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206) CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220) Flow soldering CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206) CGA5(CC1206) 2) Cooling condition Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dip		

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	5-7. Amount of solder Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.
		Excessive solder Higher tensile force in chip capacitors to cause crack
		Adequate Maximum amount Minimum amount
		Insufficient solder Low robustness may cause contact failure or chip capacitors come off the P.C.board.
		5-8. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.
		5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)

No.	Process				Condition				
6	Solder repairing	Solder repairing is una 6-1. Solder repair by s		•	r to below.				
		1) Selection of the so							
		Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder							
		land size. The hi	land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However,						
		heat shock may	heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors.						
		Please make sur	e the t	ip temp.	before soldering	and keep the	peak temp and		
		time in accordan	ce with	n followir	ng recommended	condition.			
				ľ	Manual soldering				
		n.	ook		(Solder iron)				
		Peak Temp O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O							
		3sec. (As short as possible)				e)			
		-	Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead		<u> </u>				
			Case size Temp. (°C) Duration (sec.) Wattage (V		Wattage (W) Shape (mm)			
		CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350	max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.		
		CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280	max.					
		* Please preheat the o	chip ca	pacitors	with the condition	n in 6-2 to avo	id the thermal shock.		
		Direct contact of to cause crack. Do	capacitors may ations by solder iron.						
		3) It is not recomme	ended	to reuse	dismounted capa	citors.			
		6-2. Avoiding thermal			·				
		Preheating conditi							
		Soldering			Case size		Temp. (°C)		
					CC0402), CGA3(CC0805), CGA5($\Delta T \leq 150$		
		Manual soldering		CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)			ΔT ≦ 130		

No.	Process	Condition
7	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning equipment is used, excessive ultrasonic power or direct vibration transfer to a printed wiring board may generate a resonant vibration in the board. This may cause a crack in a capacitor or its solder joints to the board and degradation in the terminal strength of the capacitor. In order to avoid this, the following cleaning conditions are recommended.
		Power : 20 W/ l max.
		Frequency : 40 kHz max.
		Washing time: 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.
8	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	This product contains Ag (Silver) as part of the middle layer of termination. To avoid electromigration of Ag under high temperature and humidity, and failures caused by corrosive gas, chip capacitors on P.C boards should be protected by moisture proof-sealing.
		2) When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product.
		Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors.
		4) Please verify the curing temperature.
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. Bend Twist

No.	Process	Condition				
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	2) Printed circuit board cropping should not be carried out by hand, but by using the proper tooling. Printed circuit board cropping should be carried out using a board cropping jig as shown in the following figure or a board cropping apparatus to prevent inducing mechanical stress on the board.				
		(1)Example of a board cropping jig Recommended example: The board should be pushed from the back side close to the cropping jig so that the board is not bent and the stress applied to the capacitor is compressive. Unrecommended example: If the pushing point is far from the cropping jig and the pushing direction is from the front side of the board, large tensile stress is applied to the capacitor, which may cause cracks.				
		Outline of jig Recommended Unrecommended				
	Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Components V-groove Slot Slot					
		(2)Example of a board cropping machine An outline of a printed circuit board cropping machine is shown below. The top and bottom blades are aligned with one another along the lines with the V-grooves on printed circuit board when cropping the board. Unrecommended example: Misalignment of blade position between top and bottom, right and left, or front and rear blades may cause a crack in the capacitor.				
		Outline of machine Principle of operation				
	Top blade Printed circuit board V-groove Bottom blade					
		Printed circuit board V-groove Cross-section Top blade V-groove Bottom blade				
		Recommended Unrecommended				
		Top-bottom Left-right Front-rear misalignment misalignment misalignment				
		Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade Top blade Board Boar				

No.	Process		Condition		
9	Handling after chip mounted Caution	to be adju	nctional check of the P.C.board is penusted higher for fear of loose contact the P.C.board, it may crack the chipse adjust the check pins not to bend	et. But if the pressure is excessive p capacitors or peel the terminations	
		Item	Not recommended	Recommended	
		Board bending	Termination peeling Check pin	Support pin Check pin	
10	Handling of loose chip capacitors	the large of handle with the large of handle w	Check pin		
11	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.			
12	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335C Annex F (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.			

No.	Process	Condition
13	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		 Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits. Atmosphere change with causes condensation
14	Others Caution	The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions.
		The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.
		 (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications
		When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

14. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

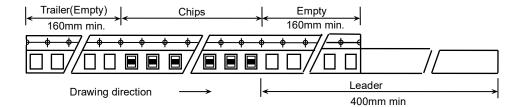
1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4.

Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 5, 6.

1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping

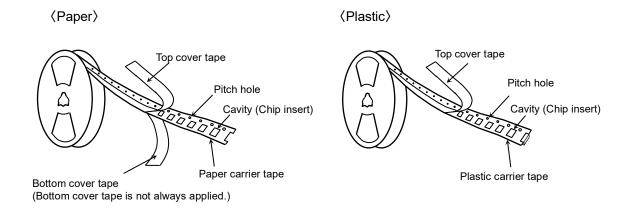


1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 7, 8.

Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 9, 10.

1-4. Structure of taping



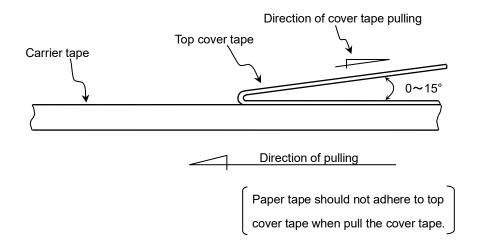
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK web.

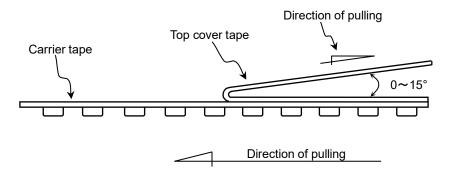
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N

⟨Paper⟩

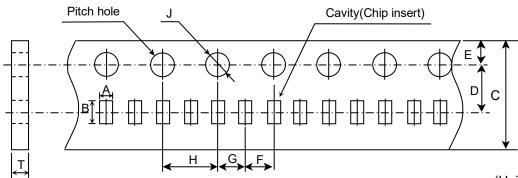


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Paper Tape



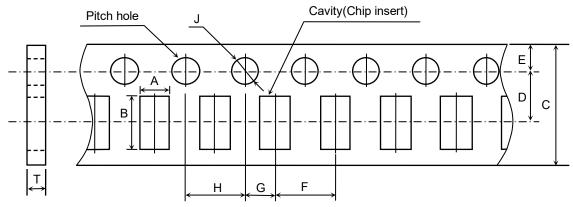
(U	Init	•	mm)
١.	\sim		•	,

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	(0.65)	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	.	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 ^{+0.10} ₀	0.60±0.05	-	

() Reference value.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape



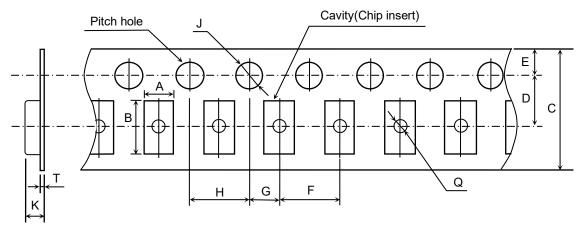
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol						

Symbol	G	Н	J	Т
Case size	0		0	•
CGA3				
(CC0603)				
CGA4	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10	1.20 max.
(CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.03			
CGA5				
(CC1206)				

) Reference value.

Plastic Tape



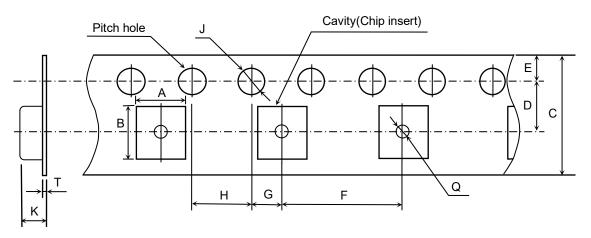
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05		
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	6.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)	8.00 ± 0.30 or 12.0 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05 or 5.50 ± 0.05		
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
CGA4 (CC0805)				2 50 may		
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	ø 1.5 ^{+0.10}	2.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 0.50 min.
CGA6 (CC1210)				3.40 max.		

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

Plastic Tape



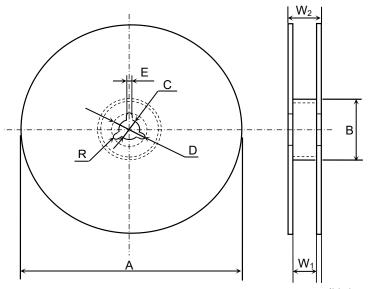
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.0 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.0 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	6.00 ± 0.10
Symbol	_		_		_	_
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
Case size CGA8	G	Н		К	Т	Q
Case size	G 2.00 ± 0.05	H 4.00 ± 0.10	J Ø 1.5 +0.10	6.50 max.	T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 1.50 min.

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6(8mm width taping type)



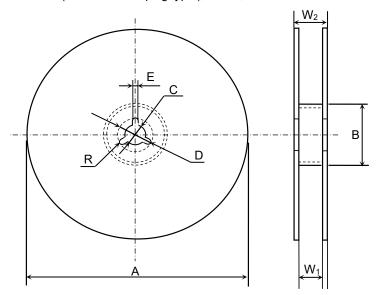
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W_1
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 8

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(12mm width taping type), CGA8, CGA9

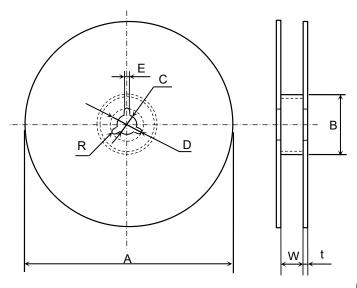


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6(8mm width taping type)



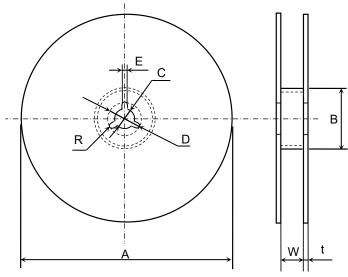
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 10

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(12mm width taping type), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R	
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0	