

## 1A LDO REGULATOR (Operating Voltage up to 24V)

NO.EA-184-160801

### OUTLINE

The R1501x series are CMOS-based positive voltage regulator (VR) ICs. The R1501xxxxB has features of high input voltage operating, 1A output current drive, and low supply current.

A DMOS transistor is used for the driver, high voltage operating and low on resistance ( $0.6\Omega$  at  $V_{OUT}=10V$ ) device is realized. A standard regulator circuit with a current limit circuit and a thermal shutdown circuit are built in the R1501x series.

As the operating temperature range is from  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $105^{\circ}C$  and maximum input voltage is up to 24V, the R1501x series are suitable for the constant voltage source for digital home appliances and car accessories.

The regulator output voltage is fixed in the R1501x. Output voltage accuracy is  $\pm 2.0\%$  and output voltage range is from 3.0V to 12.0V with a step of 0.1V, and from 12.5V to 18.0V with a step of 0.5V. The chip enable pin realizes ultra low supply current standby mode.

Since the packages for these ICs are the HSOP-6J for high density mounting of the ICs on boards, and the TO-252-5-P2.

\*) The DMOS (Double Diffused MOS) transistor adopted by R1501x is characterized by a double diffusion structure which comprises a low density n-type (channel) diffused layer and a high density p-type (sources) diffused layer from the edge of the gate electrode. The R1501x series possess outstanding properties of high operating voltage and low on-resistance, which have been achieved by the channel length scaled down to submicron dimensions and decreased thickness of the gate oxide film.

### FEATURES

- Supply Current .....Typ.  $70\mu A$
- Standby Current .....Typ.  $0.1\mu A$
- Output Current.....Min. 1A
- Input Voltage Range .....3.0V to 24.0V
- Ripple Rejection .....Typ. 60dB ( $V_{SET}=5.0V$ )
- Output Voltage Range .....3.0V to 12.0V (0.1V steps)  
12.5V to 18.0V (0.5V steps)  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATION.)
- Output Voltage Accuracy ..... $\pm 2\%$
- Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Output Voltage .....Typ.  $\pm 100ppm/^{\circ}C$
- Line Regulation .....Typ. 0.05%/V
- Packages.....HSOP-6J, TO-252-5-P2
- Operating Temperature range ..... $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $105^{\circ}C$
- Built-in Current Limit Circuit
- Built-in Fold-Back Circuit
- Built-in Thermal Shutdown Circuit

### APPLICATIONS

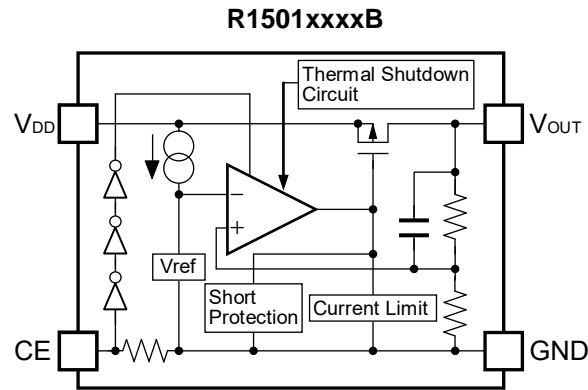
- Power source for home appliances such as refrigerators, rice cookers, electric water warmers, etc.
- Power source for car audio equipment, car navigation system, ETC system, etc.
- Power source for notebook PCs, digital TVs, cordless phones, and private LAN system, etc.
- Power source for office equipment machines such as copiers, printers, facsimiles, scanners, projectors, etc.

---

**R1501x**

---

NO.EA-184-160801

**BLOCK DIAGRAMS****SELECTION GUIDE**

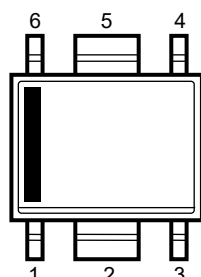
The output voltage, package, etc. for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R1501SxxxB-E2-FE	HSOP-6J	1,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R1501JxxxB-T1-FE	TO-252-5-P2	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

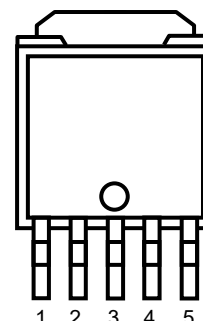
xxx : The output voltage can be designated in the range from 3.0V(030) to 12.0V(120) in 0.1V steps and 12.5V(125) to 18.0V(180) in 0.5V steps.  
(For other voltages, please refer to MARK INFORMATION.)

## PIN CONFIGURATIONS

### • HSOP-6J



### • TO-252-5-P2



## PIN DESCRIPTIONS

### • HSOP-6J

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	$V_{DD}$	Input Pin
2	GND*	Ground Pin
3	GND*	Ground Pin
4	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
5	GND*	Ground Pin
6	$V_{OUT}$	Output Pin

\*) No.2, No.3 and No.5 pins must be wired short each other and connected to the GND plane when it is mounted on board.

### • TO-252-5-P2

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description
1	$V_{DD}$	Input Pin
2	GND*	Ground Pin
3	GND*	Ground Pin
4	CE	Chip Enable Pin ("H" Active)
5	$V_{OUT}$	Output Pin

\*) No.2 and No.3 pins must be wired short each other and connected to the GND plane when it is mounted on board.

---

**R1501x**

---

NO.EA-184-160801

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 36	V
$V_{CE}$	Input Voltage (CE Pin)	$-0.3$ to $V_{IN} + 0.3 \leq 36$	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$-0.3$ to $V_{IN} + 0.3 \leq 36$	V
$P_D$	Power Dissipation (HSOP-6J)*	1700	mW
	Power Dissipation (TO-252-5-P2)*	1900	
$T_{opt}$	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 105	°C
$T_j$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

\*) For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field.

The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)**

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### • R1501xxxxB

$V_{IN}=V_{SET}+1.0V$ ,  $V_{CE}=V_{IN}$ , unless otherwise noted.

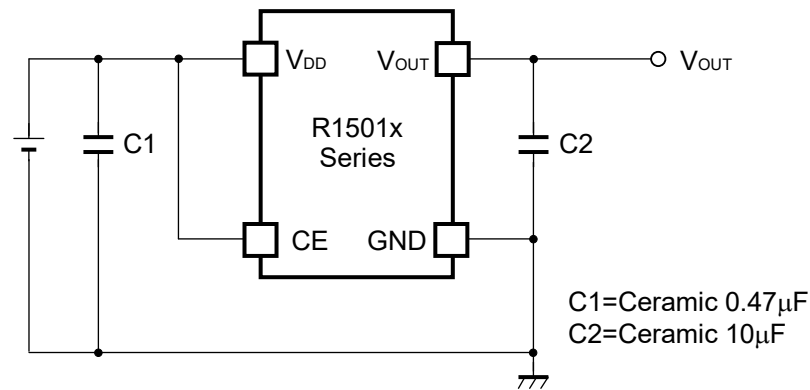
The specification in   is checked and guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$ .

$T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Item	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">3</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">24</span>	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	$I_{OUT}=1mA$	$T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$	$\times 0.98$		$\times 1.02$	V
			$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 0.965</math></span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>\times 1.035</math></span>	V
$I_{SS}$	Supply Current	$V_{IN}=24V$ , $I_{OUT}=0A$			70	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">160</span>	$\mu A$
$I_{standby}$	Standby Current	$V_{IN}=24V$ , $V_{CE}=0V$			0.1	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1.0</span>	$\mu A$
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA$			25	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">60</span>	mV
		$0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1A$ <span style="color: red;">*guaranteed by design engineering</span>			125	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">300</span>	mV
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{SET}+1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 24V$ , $I_{OUT}=10mA$			0.05	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.1</span>	%/V
$V_{DIF}$	Dropout Voltage	$I_{OUT}=200mA$	$3.0V \leq V_{SET} < 5.0V$		0.135	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.225</span>	V
			$5.0V \leq V_{SET} < 9.0V$		0.115	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.180</span>	
			$9.0V \leq V_{SET} < 12.0V$		0.095	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.155</span>	
			$12.0V \leq V_{SET} \leq 18.0V$		0.090	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.140</span>	
		$I_{OUT}=1A$ <span style="color: red;">*guaranteed by design engineering</span>	$3.0V \leq V_{SET} < 5.0V$		0.675	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1.125</span>	V
			$5.0V \leq V_{SET} < 9.0V$		0.575	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.900</span>	
			$9.0V \leq V_{SET} < 12.0V$		0.475	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.775</span>	
			$12.0V \leq V_{SET} \leq 18.0V$		0.450	<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.700</span>	
$\Delta V_{OUT}/\Delta T_{opt}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_{OUT}=1mA$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{opt} \leq 105^{\circ}C$			$\pm 100$		ppm/ $^{\circ}C$
$I_{LIM}$	Output Current			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">1</span>			A
$I_{SC}$	Short Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0V$			65		mA
RR	Ripple Rejection	$f=1kHz$ , Ripple 0.5Vp-p, $I_{OUT}=100mA$ , $V_{IN}=V_{SET}+2V$	$V_{SET} \leq 6.0V$		60		dB
			$V_{SET} > 6.0V$		50		
$V_{CEH}$	CE Input Voltage "H"			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">2.0</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;"><math>V_{IN}</math></span>	V
$V_{CEL}$	CE Input Voltage "L"			<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0</span>		<span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 0 2px;">0.5</span>	V
$T_{TSD}$	Thermal Shutdown Temperature	Junction Temperature			160		$^{\circ}C$
$T_{TSR}$	Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature	Junction Temperature			135		$^{\circ}C$

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that  $T_{opt}=25^{\circ}C$  except for Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient, Ripple Rejection, Thermal Shutdown Temperature, Thermal Shutdown Released Temperature, Load Regulation at  $0.1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1A$ , Dropout Voltage at  $I_{OUT}=1A$ .

## TYPICAL APPLICATION



(External Components)

C2: Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F MURATA: GRM32DB31E106K (size: 3225)

## TECHNICAL NOTES

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

### Phase Compensation

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use a capacitor C2 with good frequency characteristics and ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance).

If you use a tantalum type capacitor and ESR value of the capacitor is large, output might be unstable. Evaluate your circuit with considering frequency characteristics.

Depending on the capacitor size, manufacturer, and part number, the bias characteristics and temperature characteristics are different. Evaluate the circuit with actual using capacitors.

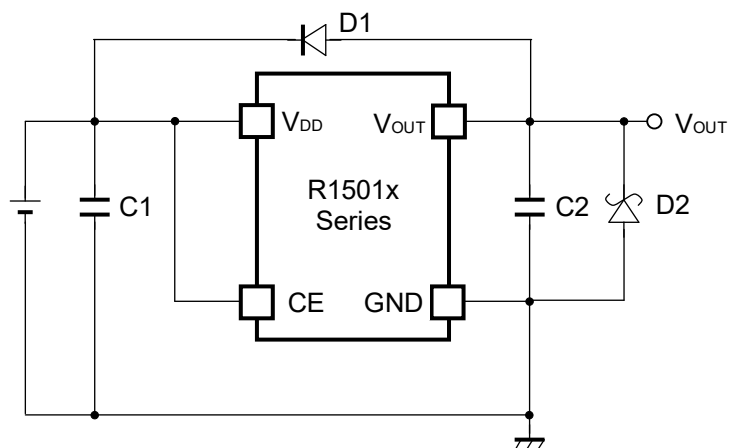
### PCB Layout

Make V<sub>DD</sub> and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor C1 with a capacitance value as much as 0.47 $\mu$ F or more between V<sub>DD</sub> and GND pin, and as close as possible to the pins.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor C2, as close as possible to the ICs, and make wiring as short as possible.

No.2 pin, No.3 pin and No.5 pin of HSOP-6J package must be wired to the GND plane when it is mounted on board. No.2 pin and No.3 pin of TO-252-5-P2 package must be wired to the GND plane when it is mounted on board.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION FOR PREVENTING IC DESTRUCTION



C1: 0.47 $\mu$ F or more (preventing for unstable operation)

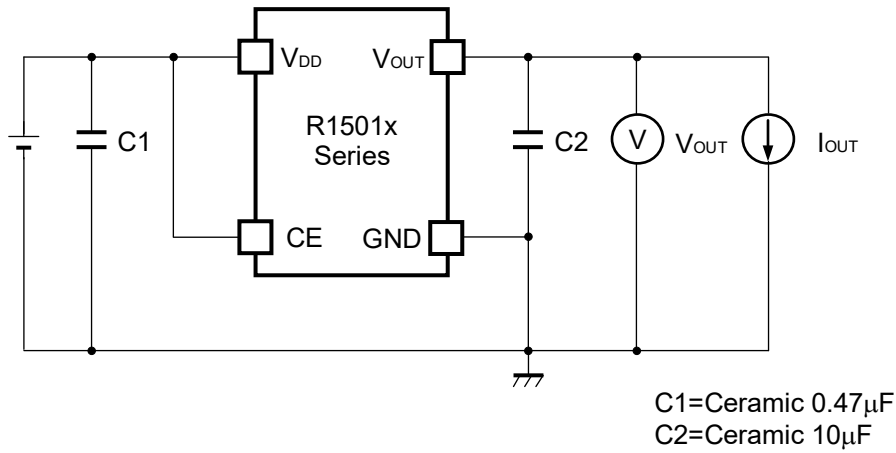
C2: 10 $\mu$ F or more (preventing for unstable operation)

D1: If V<sub>OUT</sub> pin could be higher than V<sub>IN</sub> pin, D1 is necessary.

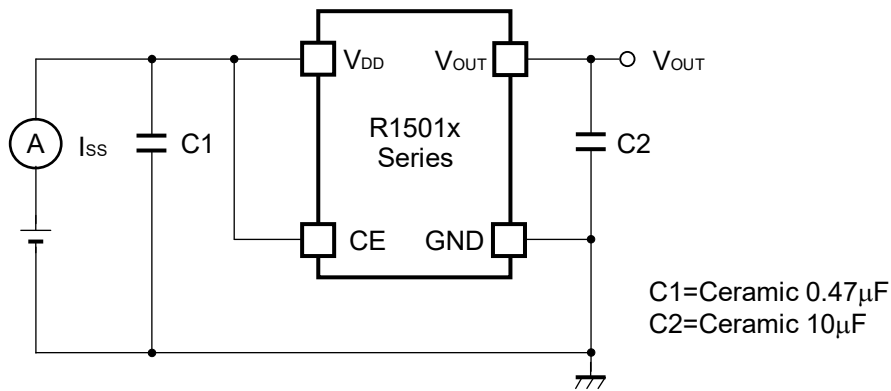
D2: If V<sub>OUT</sub> pin could be lower than GND pin, SBD is necessary.

Note: Do not force the voltage to V<sub>OUT</sub> pin.

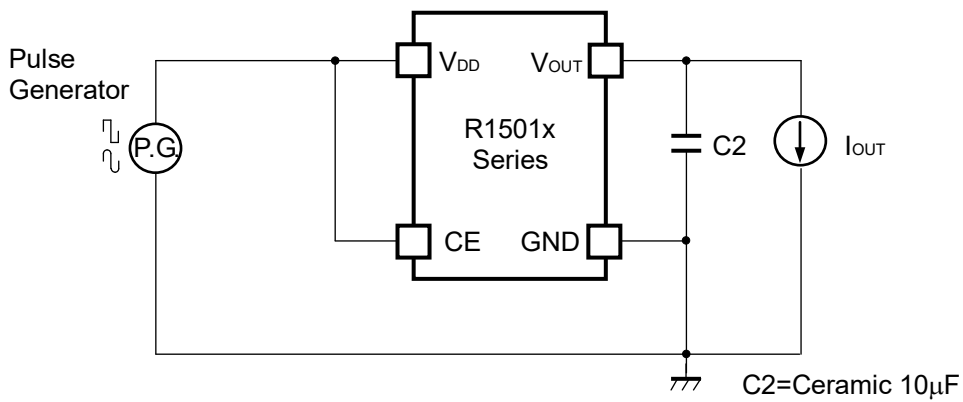
### TEST CIRCUITS



Basic Test Circuit

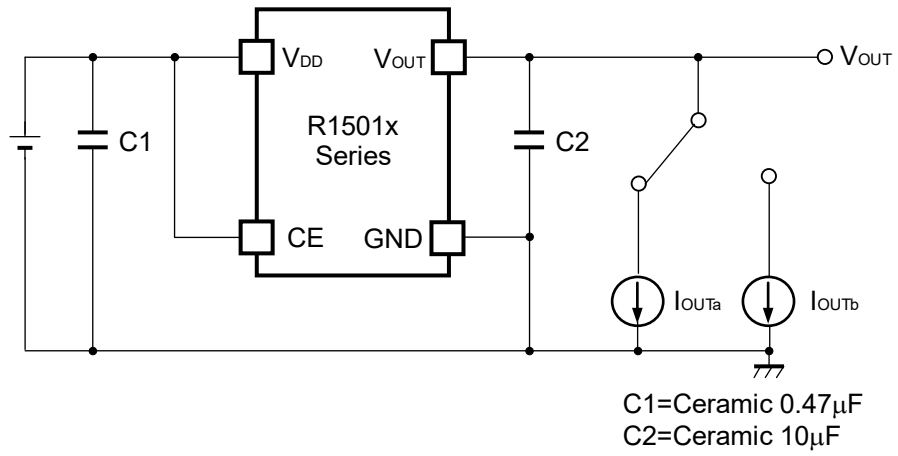


Test Circuit for Supply Current

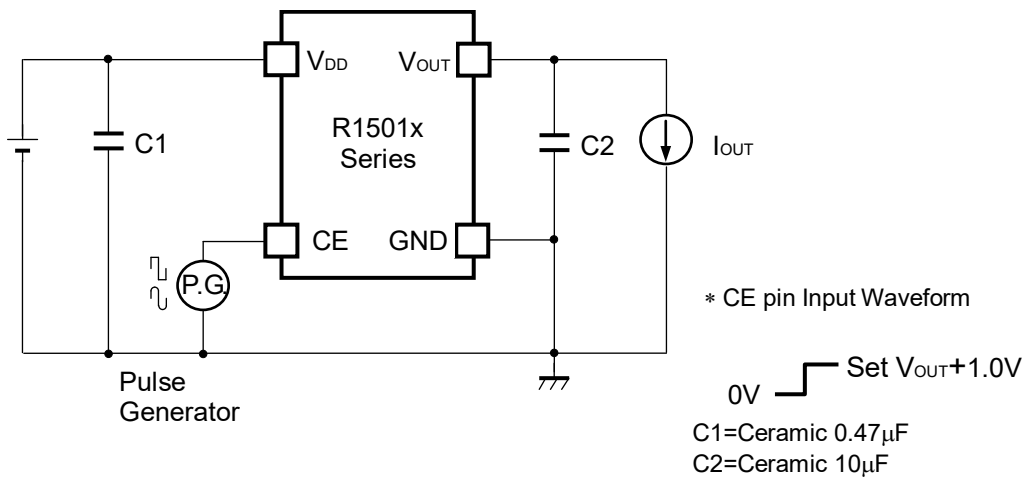


Test Circuit for Ripple Rejection, Input Transient Response





Test Circuit for Load Transient Response

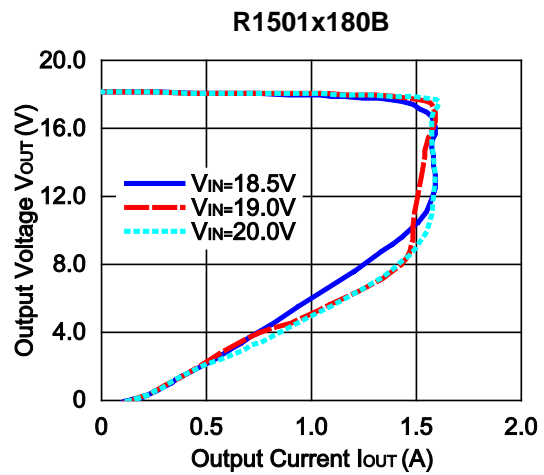
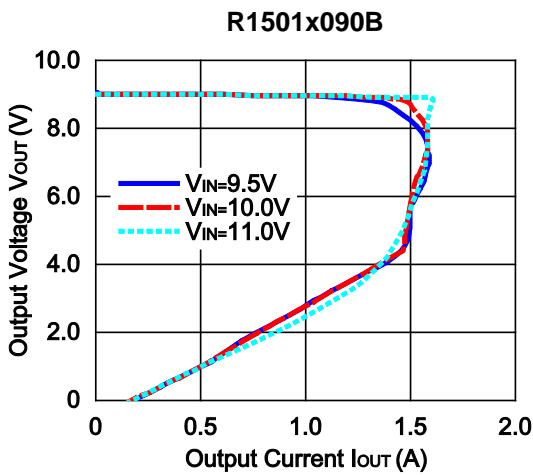
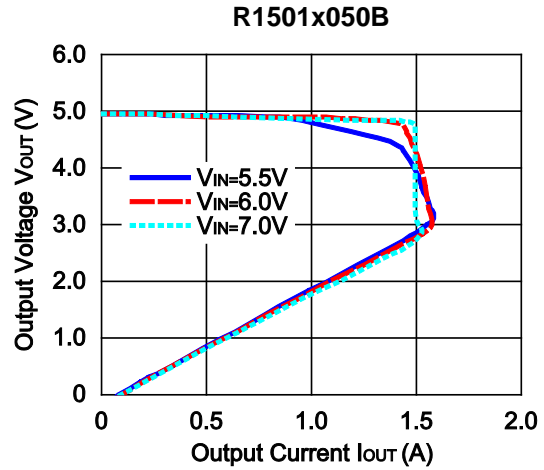
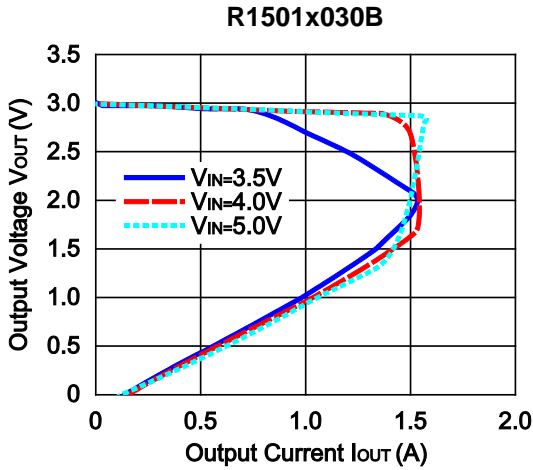


Test Circuit for Turn On Speed with CE pin

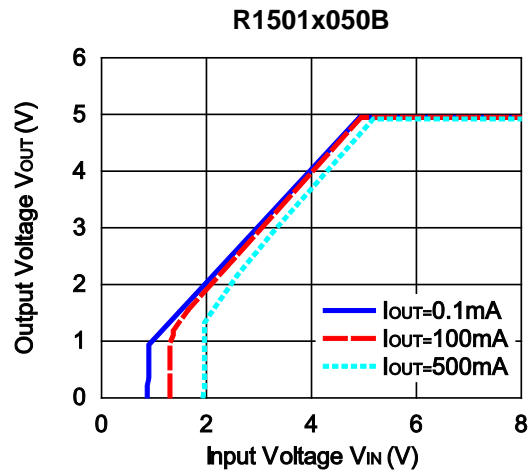
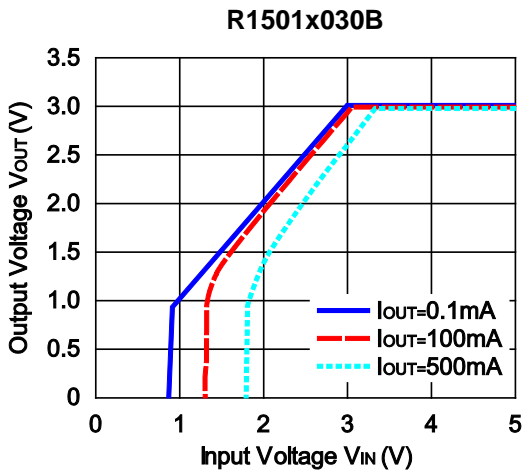
**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

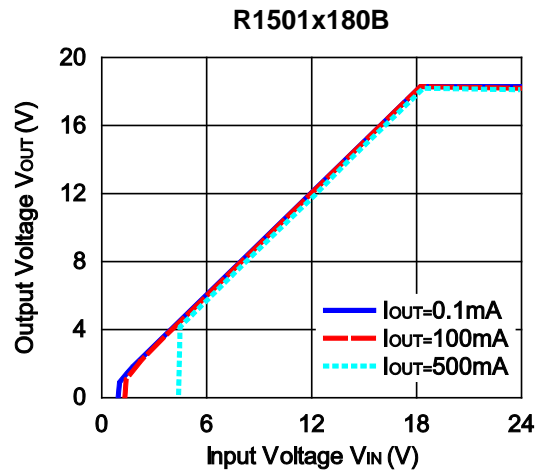
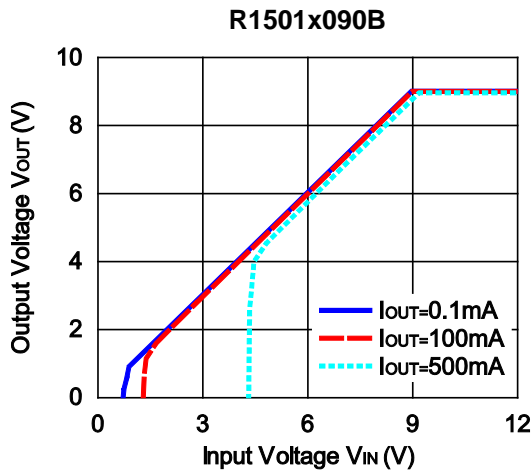
\*T<sub>opt</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise noted.

**1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current (C1=Ceramic 0.47μF, C2=Ceramic 10μF)**

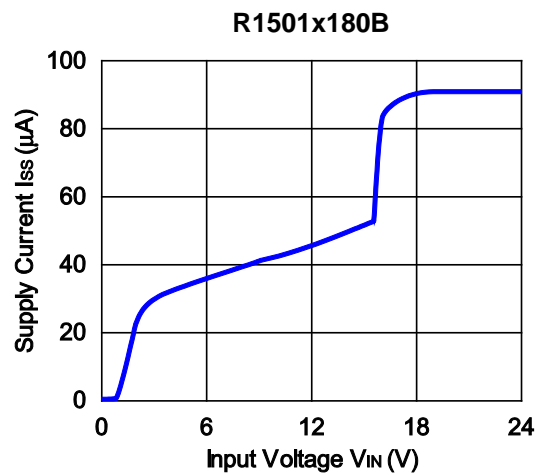
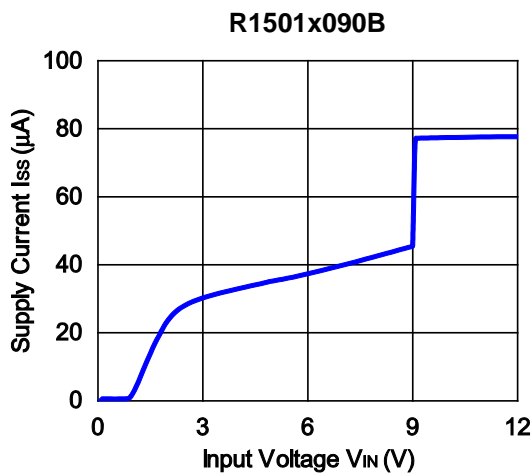
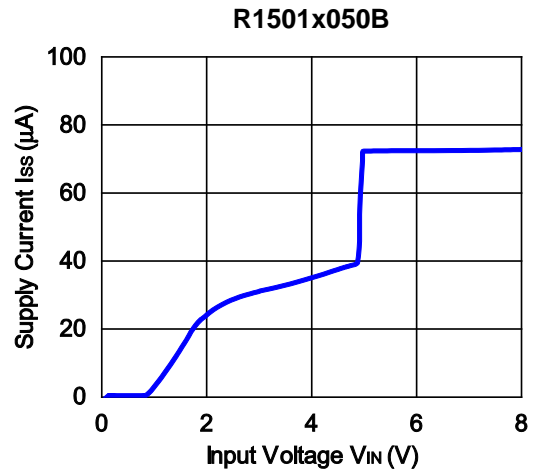
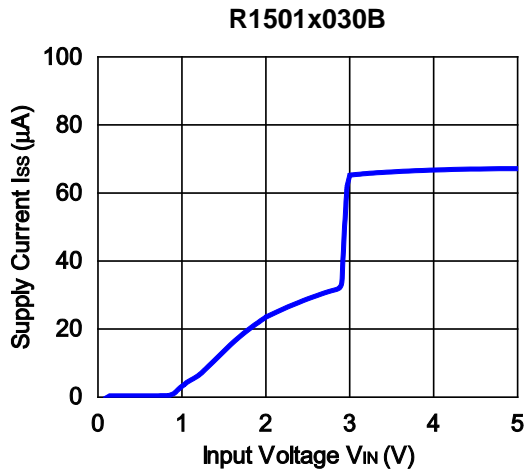


**2) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage (C1=Ceramic 0.47μF, C2=Ceramic 10μF)**





3) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage (C1=Ceramic 0.47 $\mu$ F, C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F)



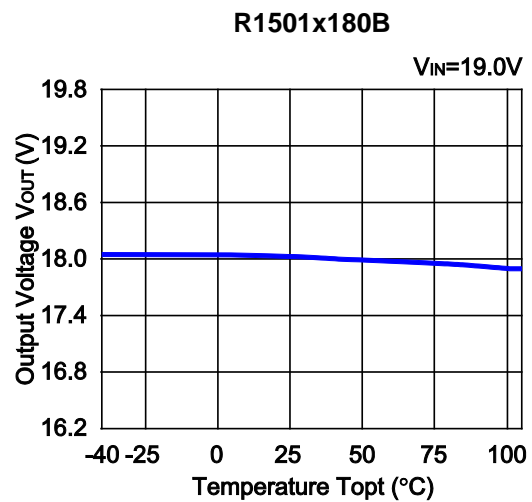
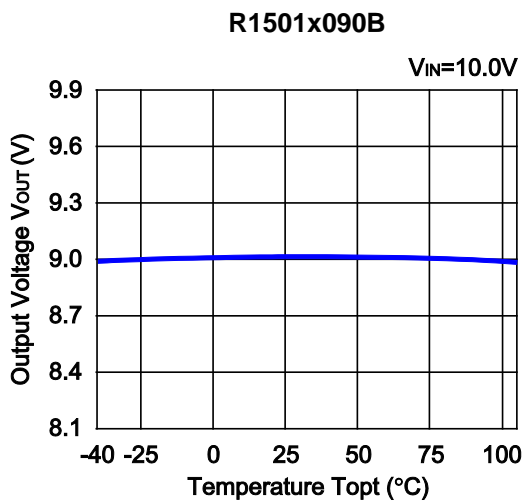
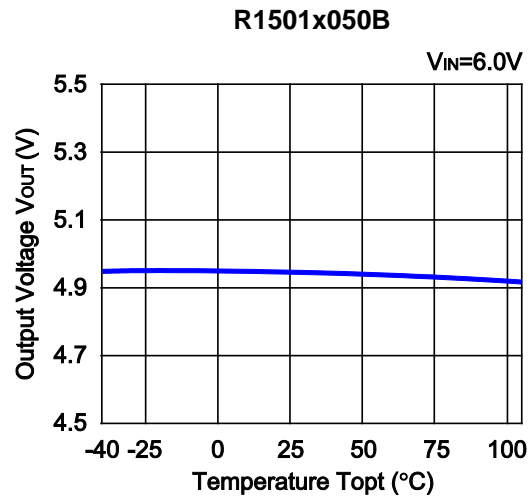
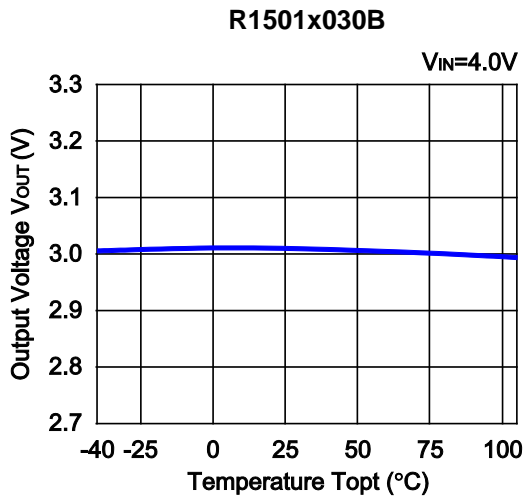
---

## R1501x

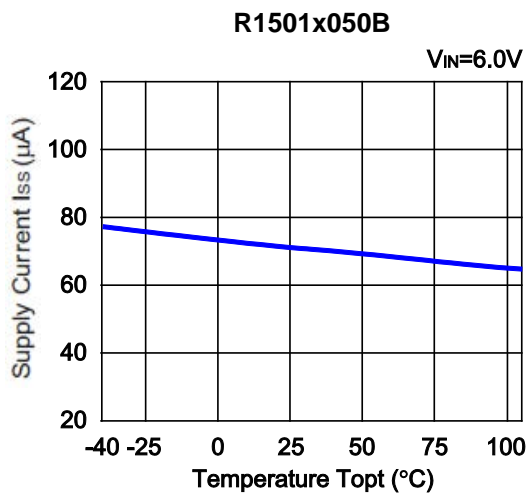
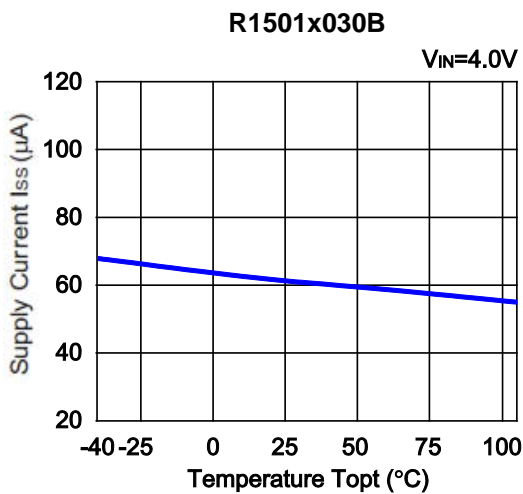
---

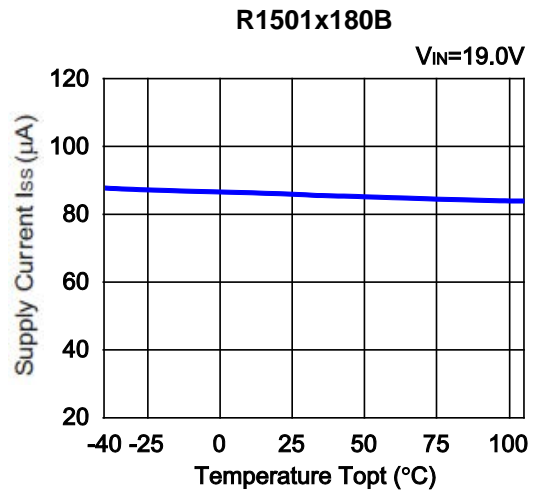
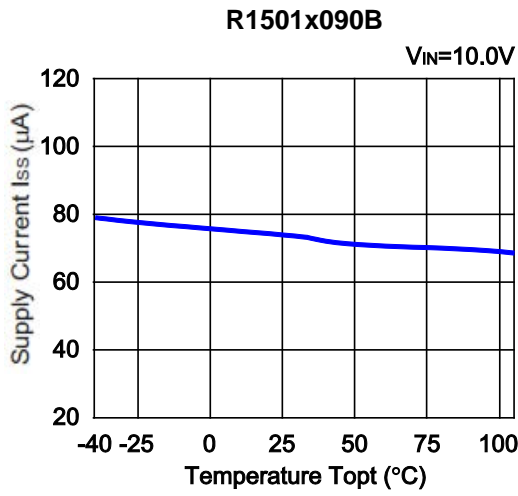
NO.EA-184-160801

### 4) Output Voltage vs. Temperature (C1=Ceramic 0.47 $\mu$ F, C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F, I<sub>OUT</sub>=1mA)

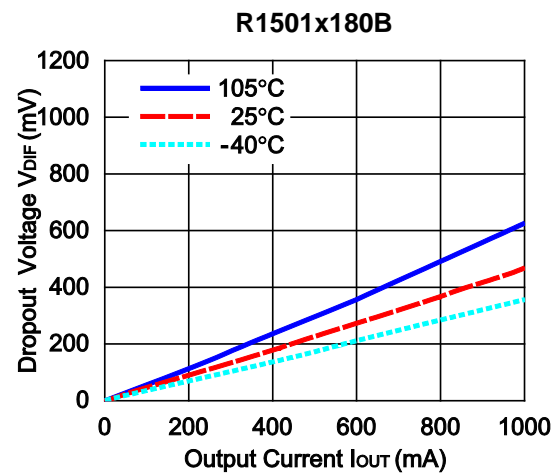
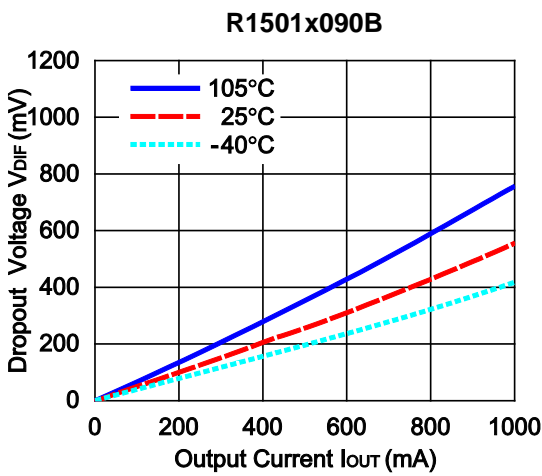
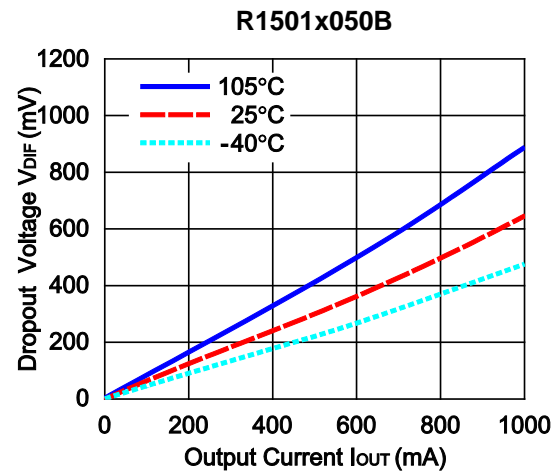
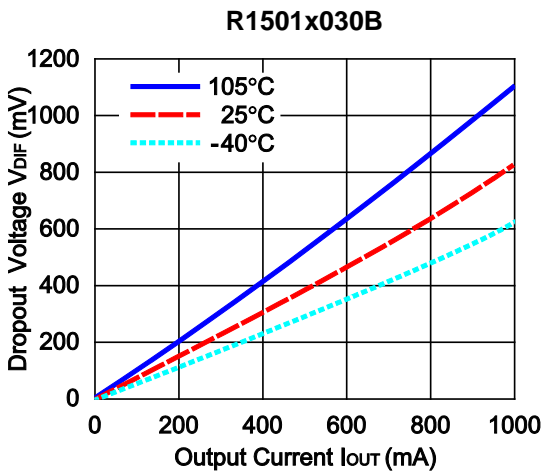


### 5) Supply Current vs. Temperature (C1=Ceramic 0.47 $\mu$ F, C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F, I<sub>OUT</sub>=0mA)





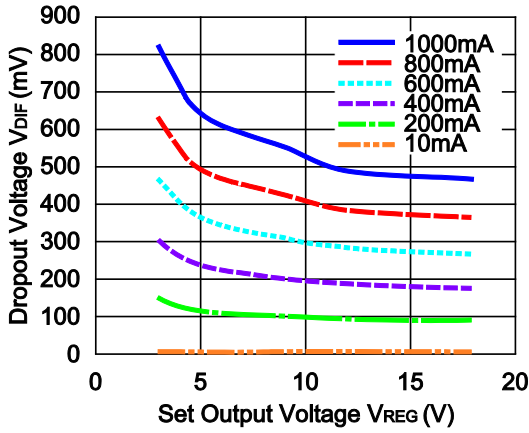
6) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current (C1=Ceramic 0.47µF, C2=Ceramic 10µF)



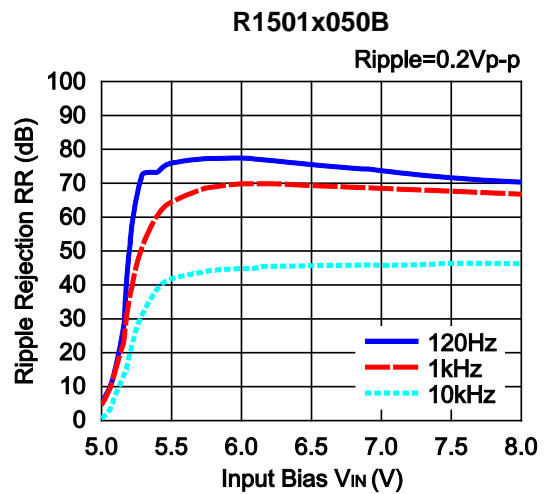
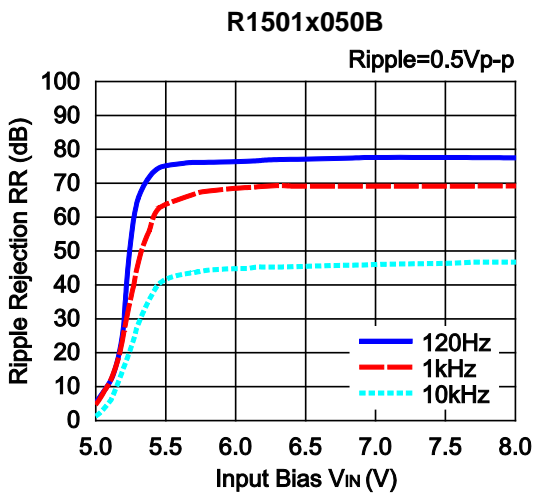
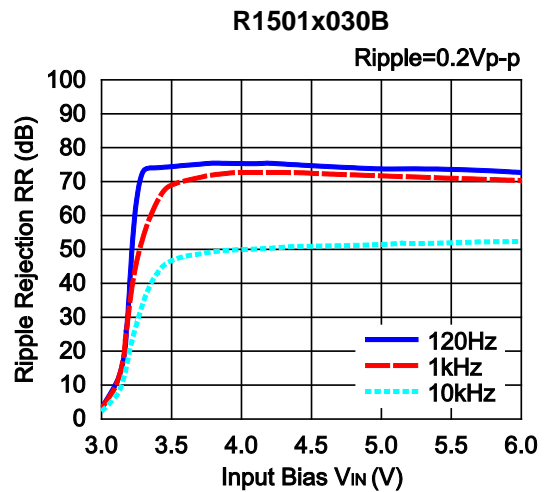
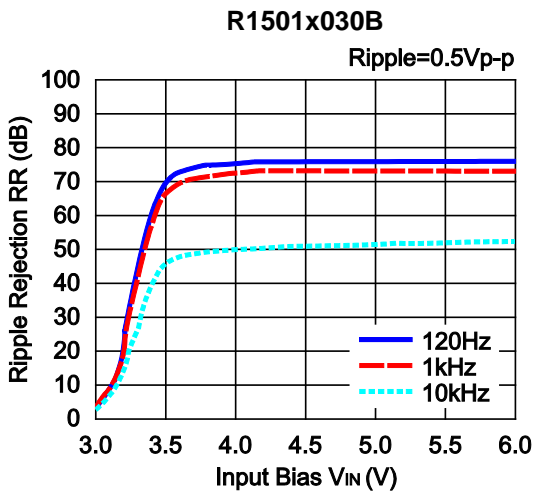
# R1501x

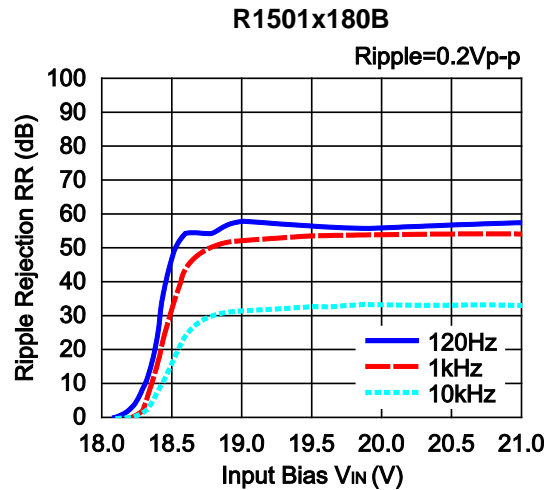
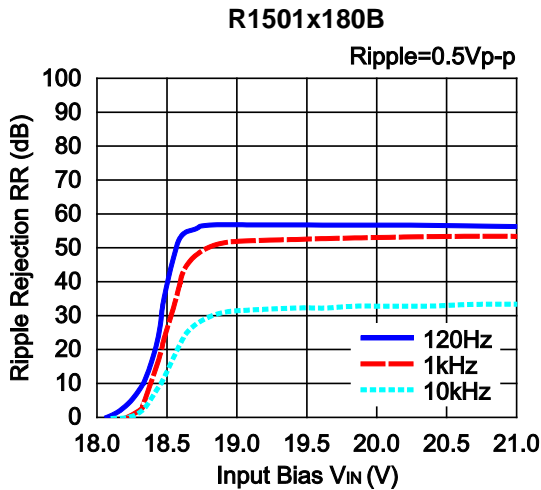
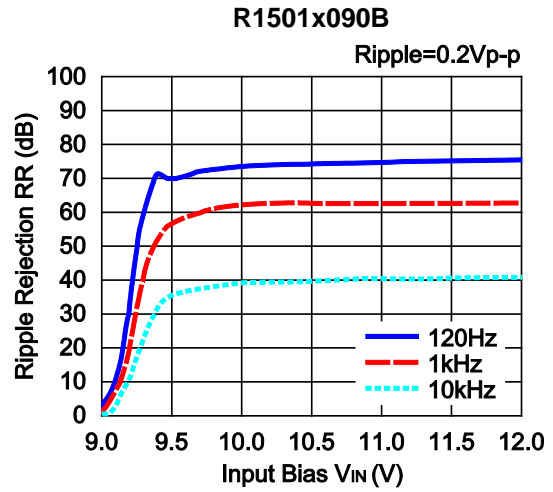
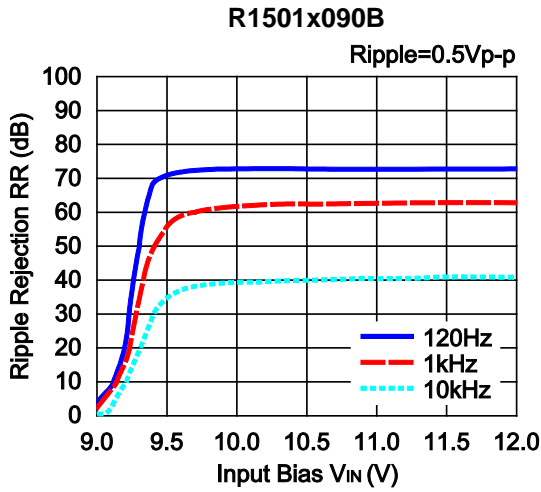
NO.EA-184-160801

## 7) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage (C1=Ceramic 0.47 $\mu$ F, C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F)

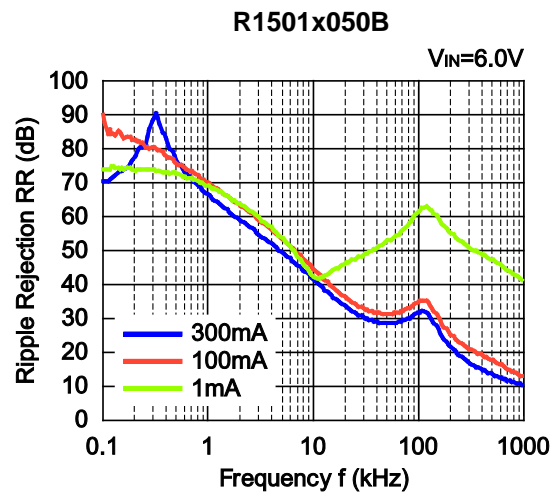
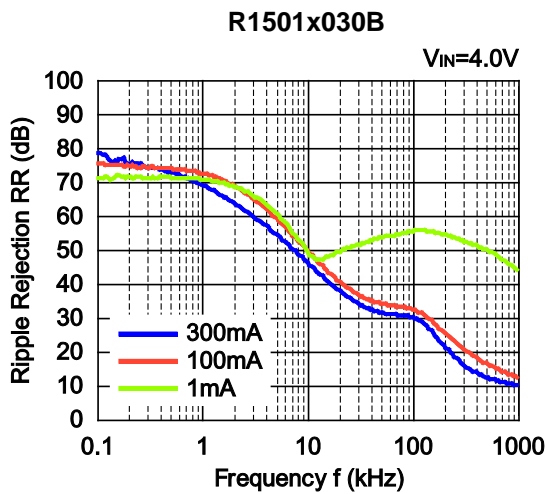


## 8) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Bias Voltage (C1=none, C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F, $I_{OUT}$ =100mA)



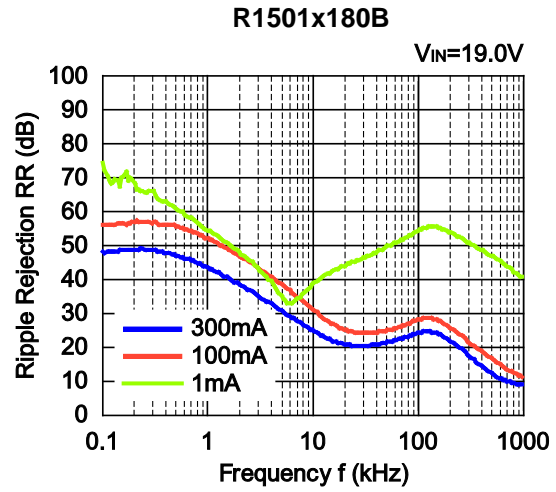
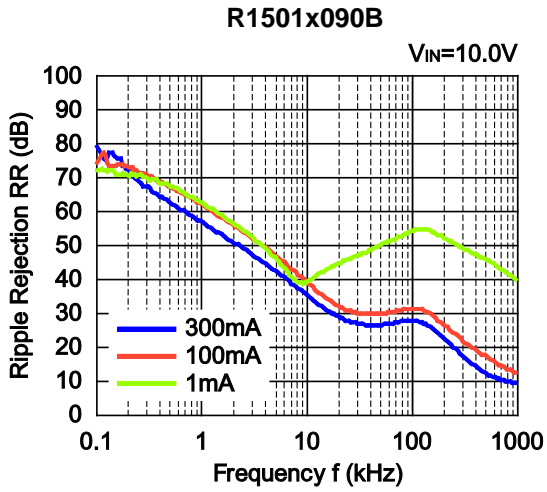


9) Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency (C1=none, C2=Ceramic 10μF, Ripple=0.5Vp-p)

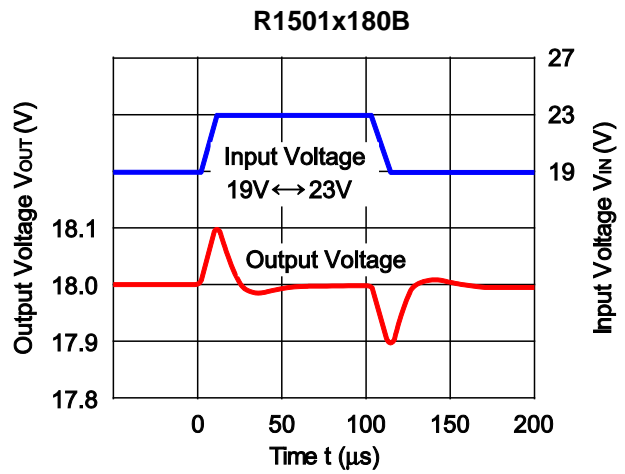
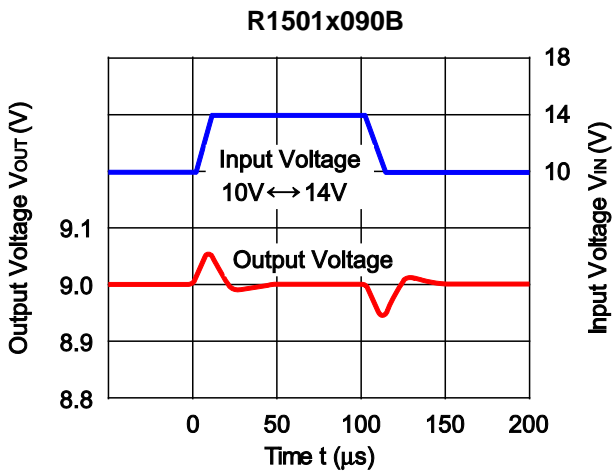
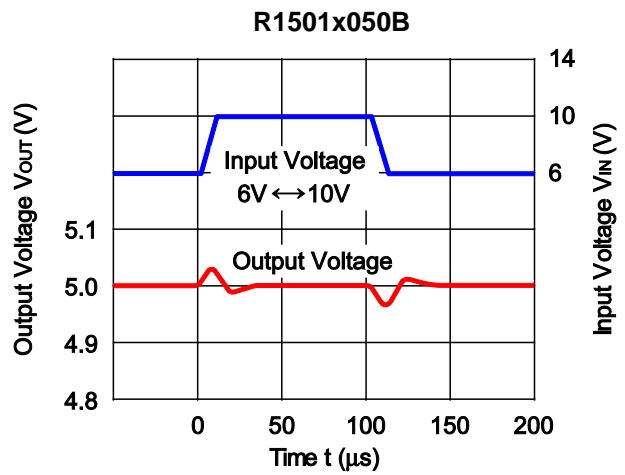
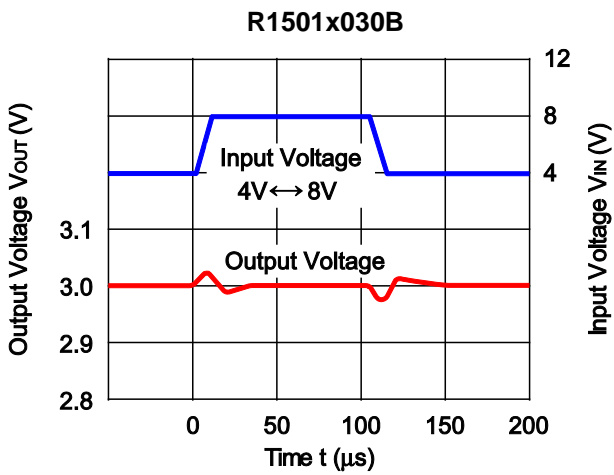


# R1501x

NO.EA-184-160801

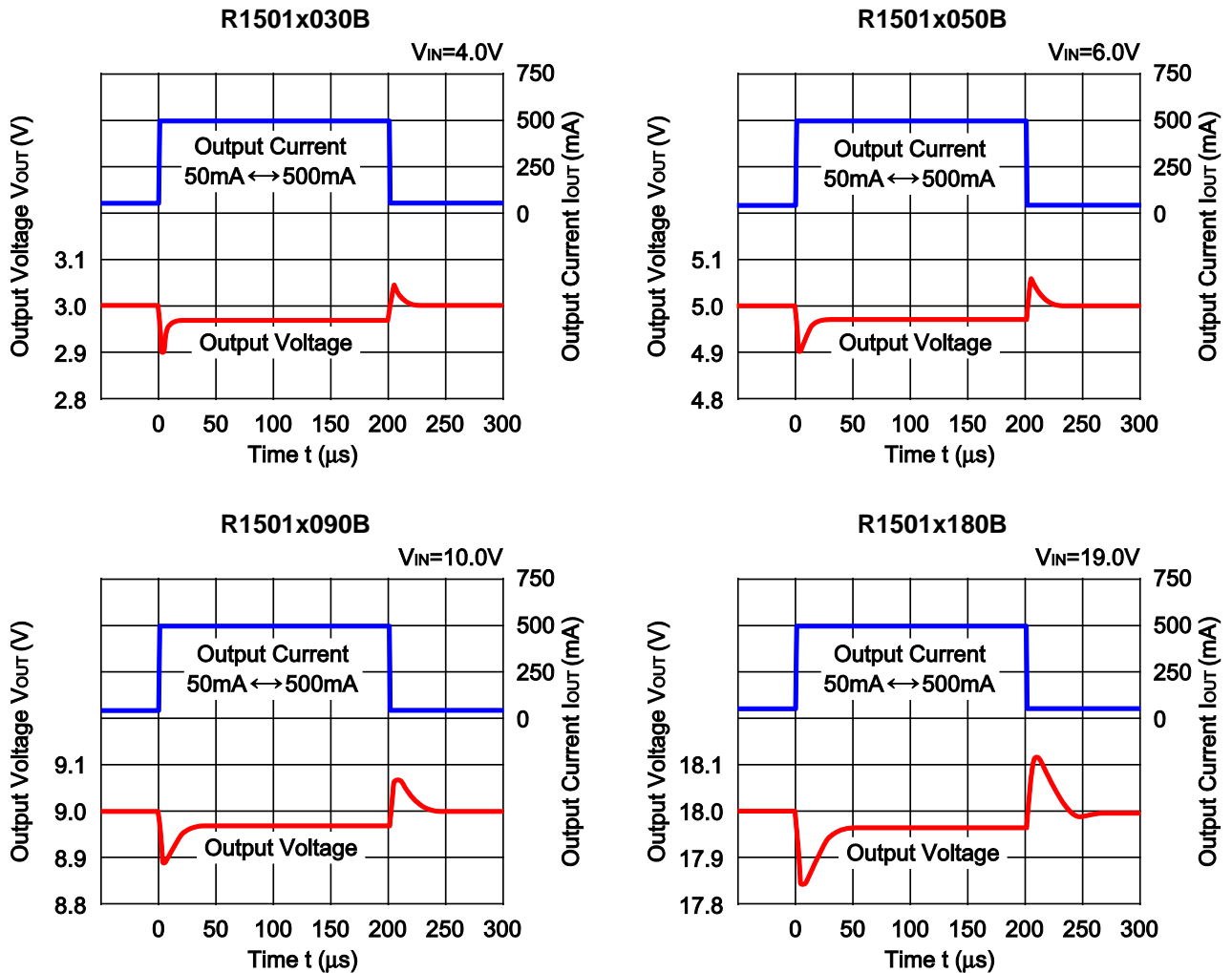


## 10) Input Transient Response ( $C1=none$ , $C2=Ceramic\ 10\mu F$ , $I_{OUT}=100mA$ , $t_r=t_f=10\mu s$ )

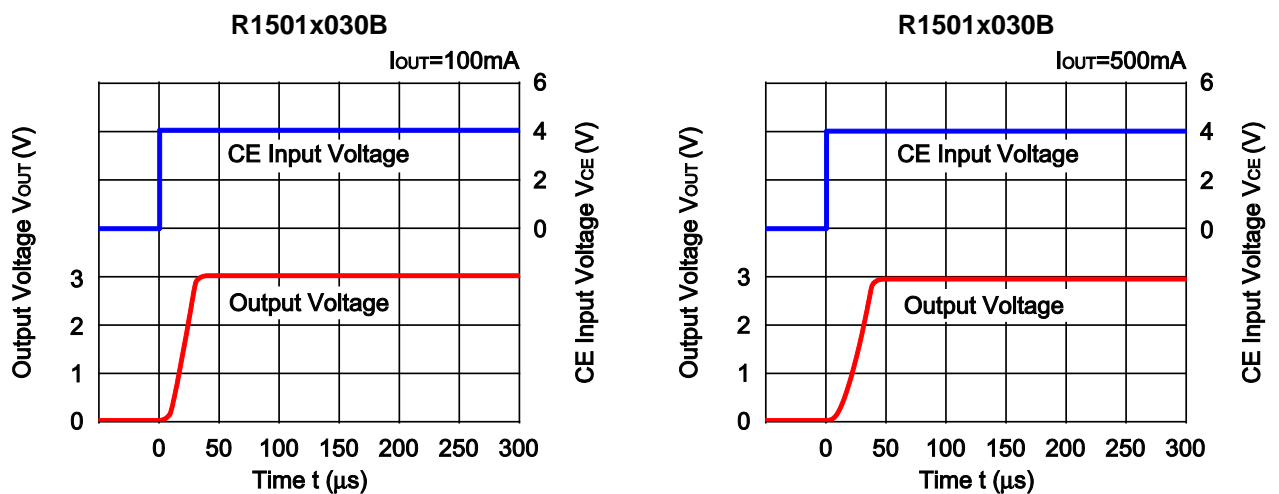




11) Load Transient Response (C1=Ceramic 0.47μF, C2=Ceramic 10μF, tr=tf=0.5μs)

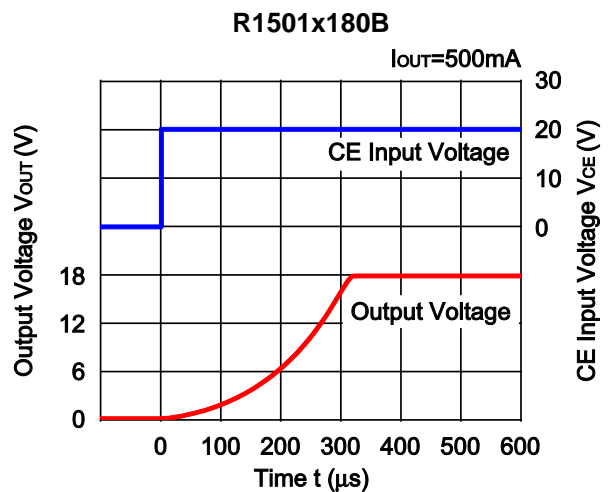
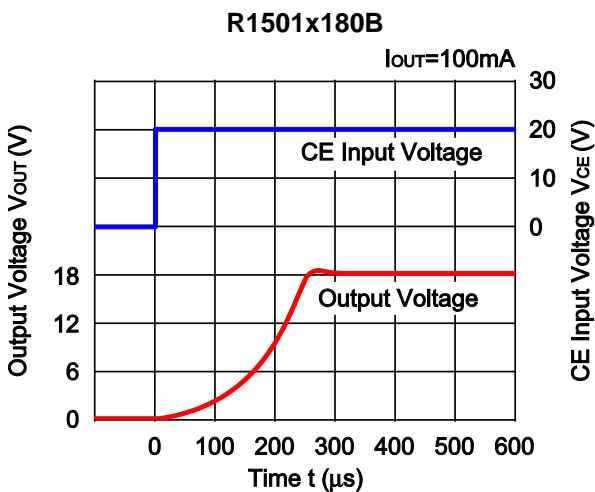
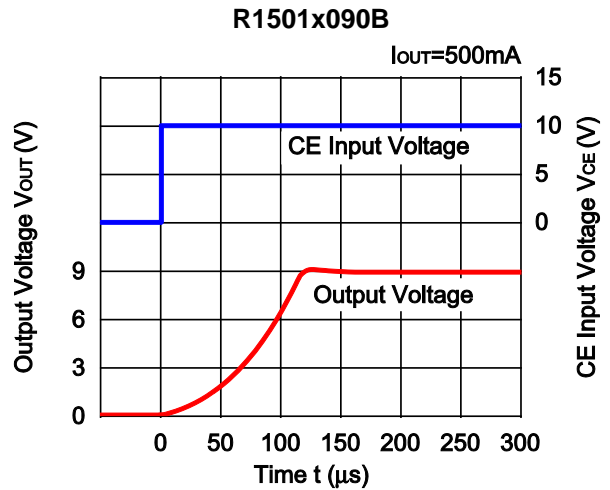
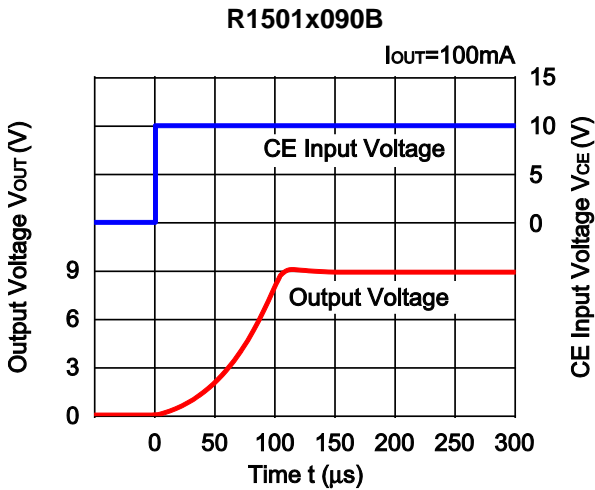
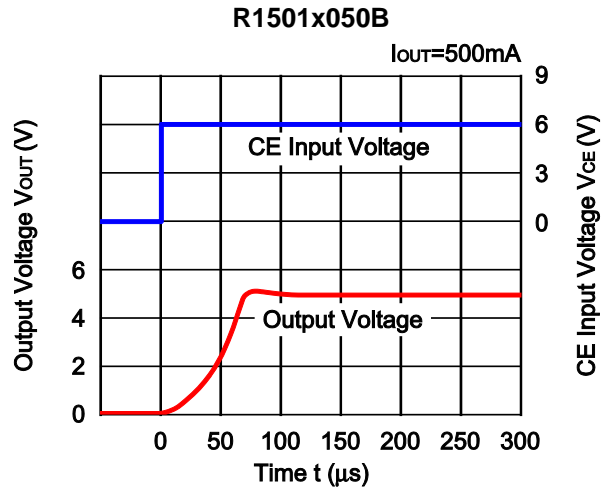
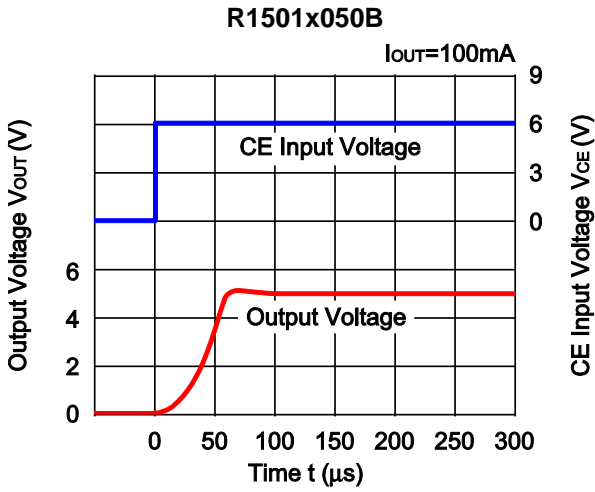


12) Turn On Speed with CE pin (C1=Ceramic 0.47μF, C2=Ceramic 10μF, tr=tf=0.5μs)

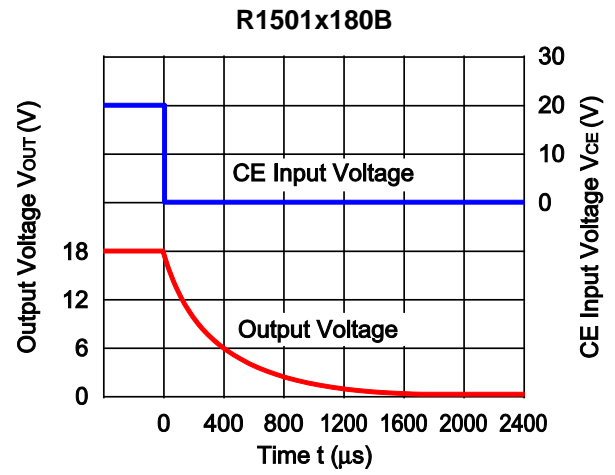
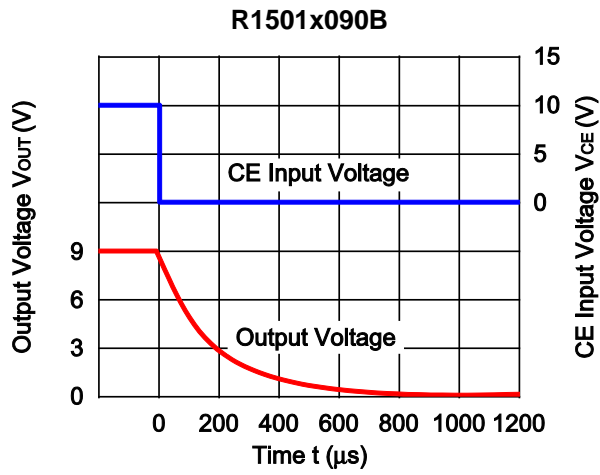
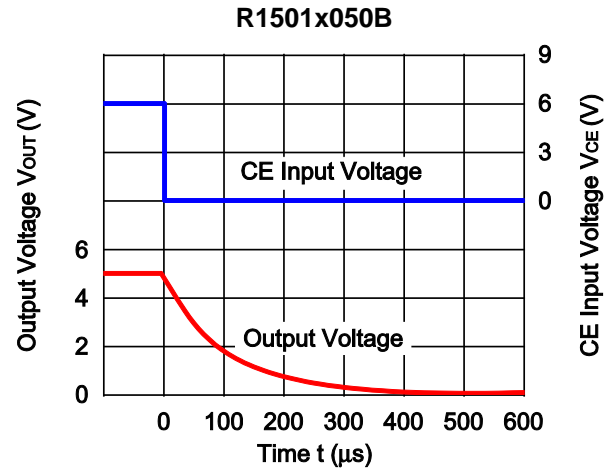
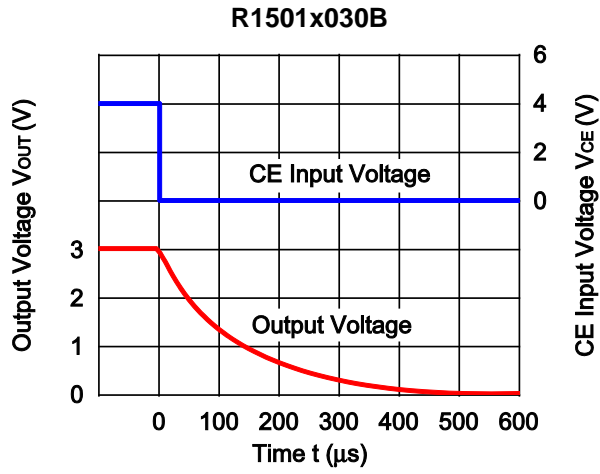


# R1501x

NO.EA-184-160801



13) Turn Off Speed with CE (C1=Ceramic 0.47μF, C2=Ceramic 10μF, I<sub>OUT</sub>=500mA, tr=tf=0.5μs)



## R1501x

NO.EA-184-160801

### ESR vs. Output Current

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

The relations between  $I_{OUT}$  (Output Current) and ESR of an output capacitor are shown below.

The conditions when the white noise level is under the specified certain level are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

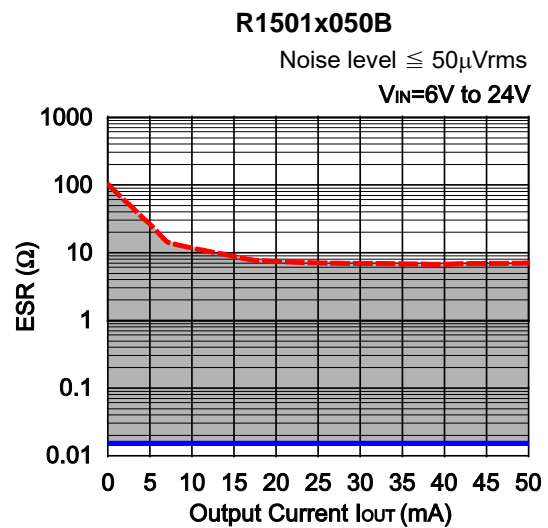
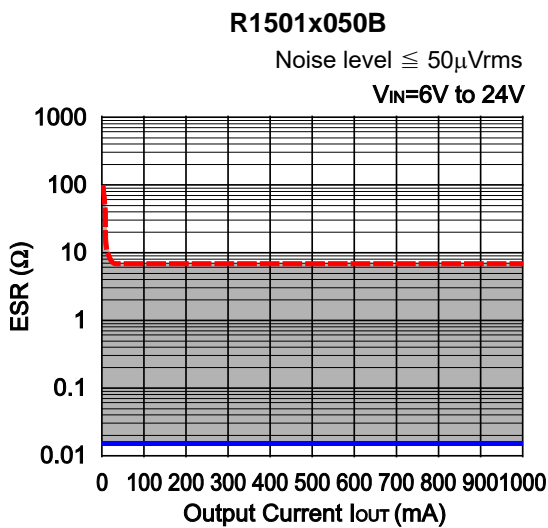
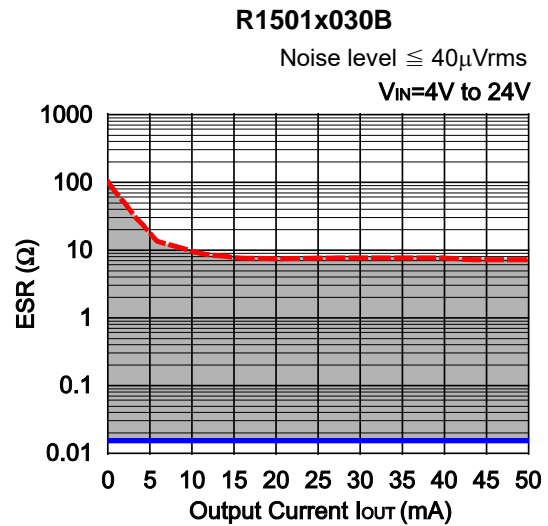
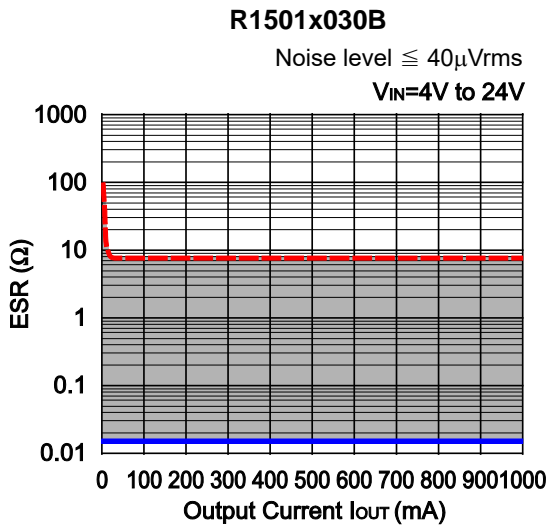
#### Measurement conditions

Input Voltage :  $V_{OUT} + 1V$  to 24V

Frequency Band : 10Hz to 1MHz

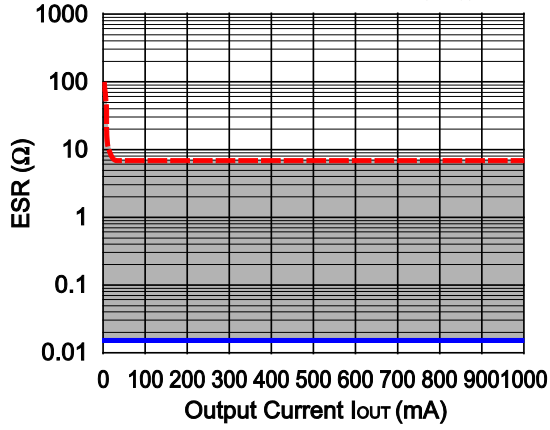
Temperature :  $-40^{\circ}C$  to  $105^{\circ}C$

Capacitor : C1=Ceramic 0.47 $\mu$ F  
C2=Ceramic 10 $\mu$ F



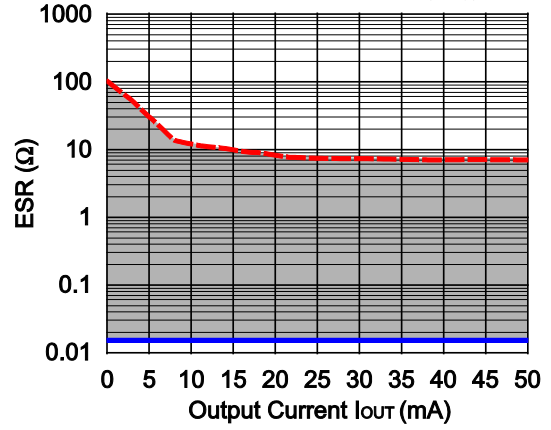
**R1501x090B**

Noise level  $\leq 120\mu\text{Vrms}$   
 $V_{\text{IN}}=10\text{V to }24\text{V}$



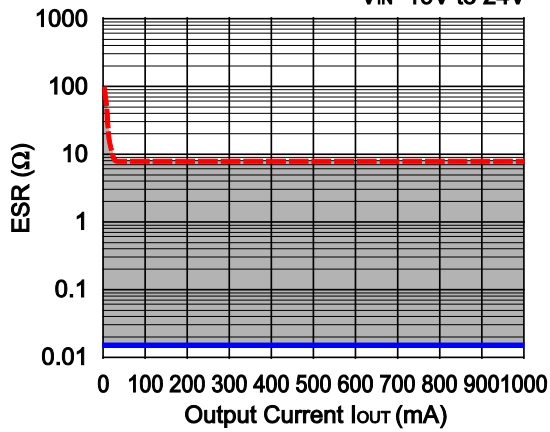
**R1501x090B**

Noise level  $\leq 120\mu\text{Vrms}$   
 $V_{\text{IN}}=10\text{V to }24\text{V}$



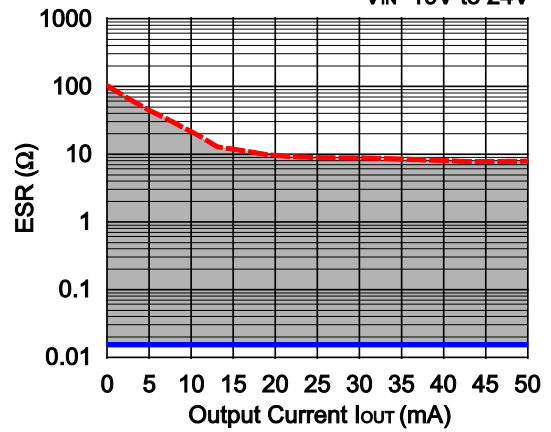
**R1501x180B**

Noise level  $\leq 220\mu\text{Vrms}$   
 $V_{\text{IN}}=19\text{V to }24\text{V}$



**R1501x180B**

Noise level  $\leq 220\mu\text{Vrms}$   
 $V_{\text{IN}}=19\text{V to }24\text{V}$



## PACKAGE INFORMATION

### Power Dissipation (TO-252-5-P2)

Power Dissipation ( $P_D$ ) depends on conditions of mounting on board.  
This specification is based on the measurement at the condition below.

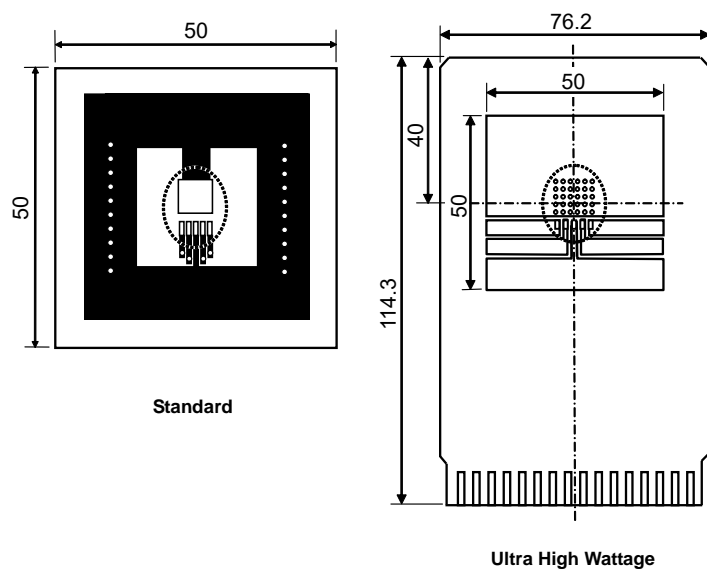
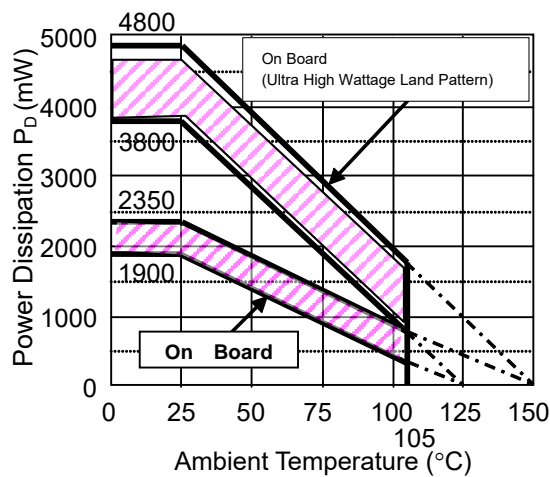
\* Measurement conditions

	Standard Land Pattern	Ultra High Wattage Land Pattern
Environment	Mounting on board (Wind velocity 0m/s)	
Board Material	Glass cloth epoxy plastic (Double layers)	Glass cloth epoxy plastic (Four-layers)
Board Dimensions	50mm x 50mm x 1.6mm	76.2mm x 114.3mm x 0.8mm
Copper Ratio	Top side: Approx. 50%, Back side: Approx. 50%	Top, Back side: 50mmSquare Approx. 96%, 2nd, 3rd: 50mmSquare Approx. 100%
Through - hole	$\phi$ 0.5mm x 24pcs	$\phi$ 0.4mm x 30pcs

\* Measurement Results

( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{j\text{max}}=125^\circ\text{C}$ )

	Standard Land Pattern	Ultra High Wattage Land Pattern
Power Dissipation	1900mW	3800mW
Thermal Resistance	$\theta_{ja}=(125-25^\circ\text{C})/1.9\text{W}= 53^\circ\text{C/W}$	$\theta_{ja}= (125-25^\circ\text{C})/3.8\text{W} = 26^\circ\text{C/W}$
	$\theta_{jc}= 17^\circ\text{C/W}$	$\theta_{jc}= 7^\circ\text{C/W}$



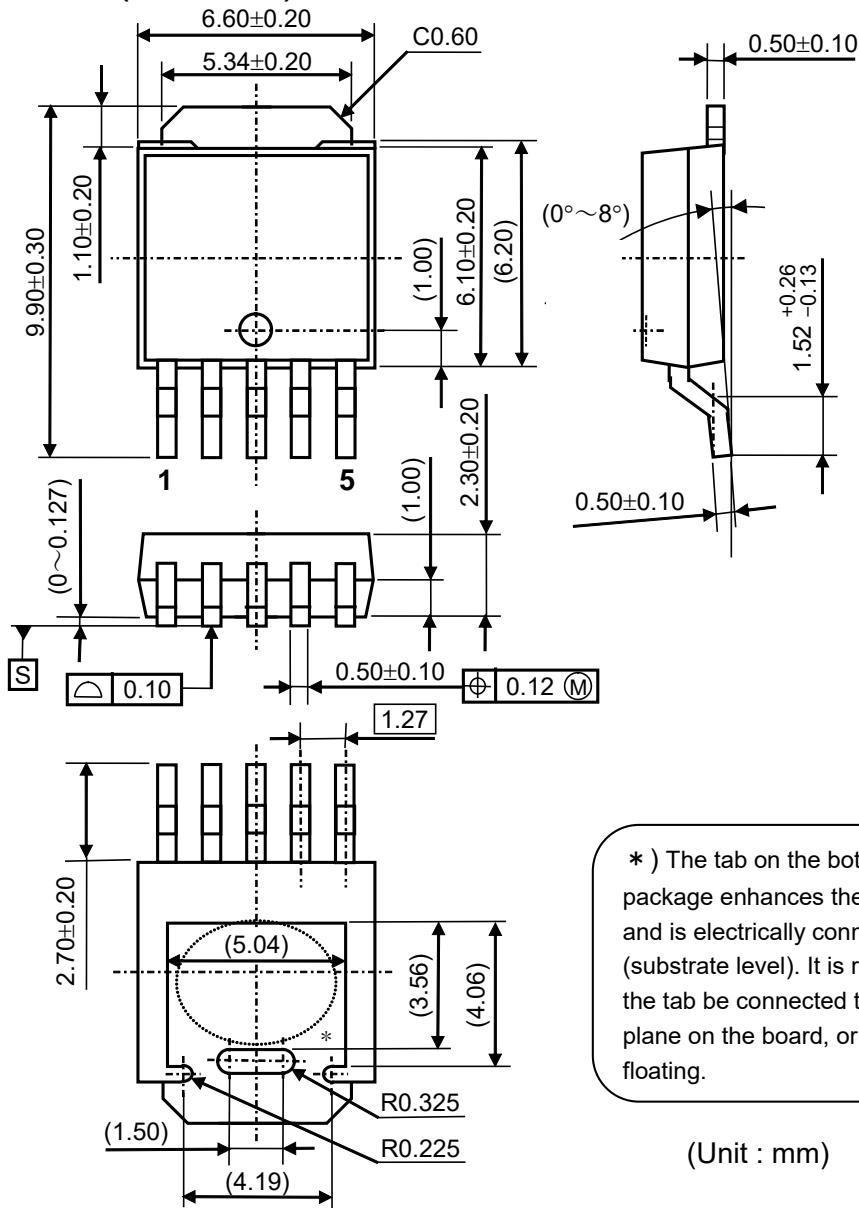
**Measurement Board Pattern**  
○ IC Mount Area (Unit: mm)

The above graph shows the Power Dissipation of the package based on  $T_{j\text{max}}=125^\circ\text{C}$  and  $T_{j\text{max}}=150^\circ\text{C}$ .

Operating the IC in the shaded area in the graph might have an influence its lifetime. Operating time must be within the time limit described in the table below, in case of operating in the shaded area.

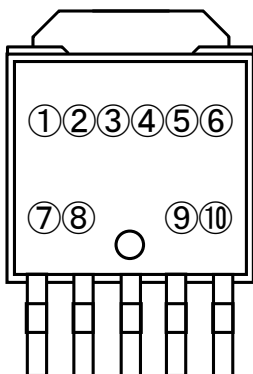
Operating Time	Estimated years (Operating four hours/day)
13,000 hours	9 years

Package Dimensions (TO-252-5-P2)



\* ) The tab on the bottom of the package enhances thermal performance and is electrically connected to GND (substrate level). It is recommended that the tab be connected to the ground plane on the board, or otherwise be left floating.

Mark Specification (TO-252-5-P2)



① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ : Product Code ... Refer to the R1501J Series Mark Specification Table.

⑧ : Blank

⑨ ⑩ : Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number

**R1501J Series Mark Specification**

(PKG: TO-252-5-P2)

Product Name	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	Product Name	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦
R1501J030B	A	1	J	0	3	0	B	R1501J080B	A	1	J	0	8	0	B
R1501J031B	A	1	J	0	3	1	B	R1501J081B	A	1	J	0	8	1	B
R1501J032B	A	1	J	0	3	2	B	R1501J082B	A	1	J	0	8	2	B
R1501J033B	A	1	J	0	3	3	B	R1501J083B	A	1	J	0	8	3	B
R1501J034B	A	1	J	0	3	4	B	R1501J084B	A	1	J	0	8	4	B
R1501J035B	A	1	J	0	3	5	B	R1501J085B	A	1	J	0	8	5	B
R1501J036B	A	1	J	0	3	6	B	R1501J086B	A	1	J	0	8	6	B
R1501J037B	A	1	J	0	3	7	B	R1501J087B	A	1	J	0	8	7	B
R1501J038B	A	1	J	0	3	8	B	R1501J088B	A	1	J	0	8	8	B
R1501J039B	A	1	J	0	3	9	B	R1501J089B	A	1	J	0	8	9	B
R1501J040B	A	1	J	0	4	0	B	R1501J090B	A	1	J	0	9	0	B
R1501J041B	A	1	J	0	4	1	B	R1501J091B	A	1	J	0	9	1	B
R1501J042B	A	1	J	0	4	2	B	R1501J092B	A	1	J	0	9	2	B
R1501J043B	A	1	J	0	4	3	B	R1501J093B	A	1	J	0	9	3	B
R1501J044B	A	1	J	0	4	4	B	R1501J094B	A	1	J	0	9	4	B
R1501J045B	A	1	J	0	4	5	B	R1501J095B	A	1	J	0	9	5	B
R1501J046B	A	1	J	0	4	6	B	R1501J096B	A	1	J	0	9	6	B
R1501J047B	A	1	J	0	4	7	B	R1501J097B	A	1	J	0	9	7	B
R1501J048B	A	1	J	0	4	8	B	R1501J098B	A	1	J	0	9	8	B
R1501J049B	A	1	J	0	4	9	B	R1501J099B	A	1	J	0	9	9	B
R1501J050B	A	1	J	0	5	0	B	R1501J100B	A	1	J	1	0	0	B
R1501J051B	A	1	J	0	5	1	B	R1501J101B	A	1	J	1	0	1	B
R1501J052B	A	1	J	0	5	2	B	R1501J102B	A	1	J	1	0	2	B
R1501J053B	A	1	J	0	5	3	B	R1501J103B	A	1	J	1	0	3	B
R1501J054B	A	1	J	0	5	4	B	R1501J104B	A	1	J	1	0	4	B
R1501J055B	A	1	J	0	5	5	B	R1501J105B	A	1	J	1	0	5	B
R1501J056B	A	1	J	0	5	6	B	R1501J106B	A	1	J	1	0	6	B
R1501J057B	A	1	J	0	5	7	B	R1501J107B	A	1	J	1	0	7	B
R1501J058B	A	1	J	0	5	8	B	R1501J108B	A	1	J	1	0	8	B
R1501J059B	A	1	J	0	5	9	B	R1501J109B	A	1	J	1	0	9	B
R1501J060B	A	1	J	0	6	0	B	R1501J110B	A	1	J	1	1	0	B
R1501J061B	A	1	J	0	6	1	B	R1501J111B	A	1	J	1	1	1	B
R1501J062B	A	1	J	0	6	2	B	R1501J112B	A	1	J	1	1	2	B
R1501J063B	A	1	J	0	6	3	B	R1501J113B	A	1	J	1	1	3	B
R1501J064B	A	1	J	0	6	4	B	R1501J114B	A	1	J	1	1	4	B
R1501J065B	A	1	J	0	6	5	B	R1501J115B	A	1	J	1	1	5	B
R1501J066B	A	1	J	0	6	6	B	R1501J116B	A	1	J	1	1	6	B
R1501J067B	A	1	J	0	6	7	B	R1501J117B	A	1	J	1	1	7	B
R1501J068B	A	1	J	0	6	8	B	R1501J118B	A	1	J	1	1	8	B
R1501J069B	A	1	J	0	6	9	B	R1501J119B	A	1	J	1	1	9	B
R1501J070B	A	1	J	0	7	0	B	R1501J120B	A	1	J	1	2	0	B
R1501J071B	A	1	J	0	7	1	B	R1501J125B	A	1	J	1	2	5	B
R1501J072B	A	1	J	0	7	2	B	R1501J130B	A	1	J	1	3	0	B
R1501J073B	A	1	J	0	7	3	B	R1501J135B	A	1	J	1	3	5	B
R1501J074B	A	1	J	0	7	4	B	R1501J140B	A	1	J	1	4	0	B
R1501J075B	A	1	J	0	7	5	B	R1501J145B	A	1	J	1	4	5	B
R1501J076B	A	1	J	0	7	6	B	R1501J150B	A	1	J	1	5	0	B
R1501J077B	A	1	J	0	7	7	B	R1501J155B	A	1	J	1	5	5	B
R1501J078B	A	1	J	0	7	8	B	R1501J160B	A	1	J	1	6	0	B
R1501J079B	A	1	J	0	7	9	B	R1501J165B	A	1	J	1	6	5	B
								R1501J170B	A	1	J	1	7	0	B
								R1501J175B	A	1	J	1	7	5	B
								R1501J180B	A	1	J	1	8	0	B



**Power Dissipation (HSOP-6J)**

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following conditions are used in this measurement.

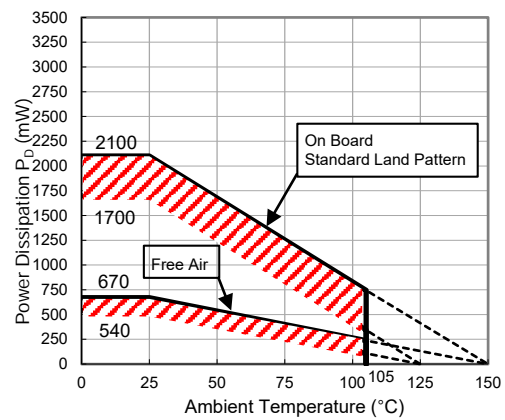
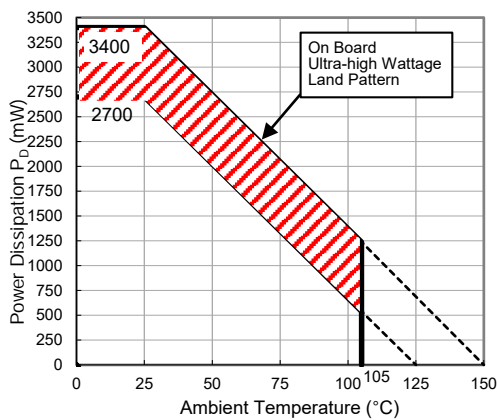
**Measurement Conditions**

	<b>Ultra-high Wattage Land Pattern</b>	<b>Standard Land Pattern</b>
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-layer Board)	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Double-sided Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm	50 mm × 50 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	96%	50%
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 28 pcs	φ 0.5 mm × 24 pcs

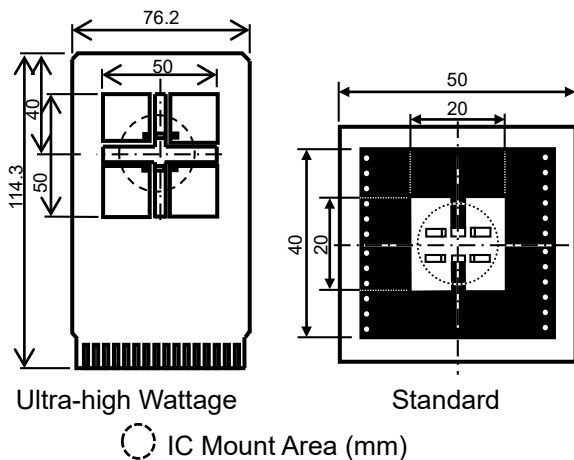
**Measurement Result**

(Ta = 25°C, Tjmax = 125°C)

	<b>Ultra-high Wattage Land Pattern</b>	<b>Standard Land Pattern</b>	<b>Free Air</b>
Power Dissipation	2700 mW	1700 mW	540 mW
Thermal Resistance	37°C/W	59°C/W	185°C/W



**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Measurement Board Pattern**

The above graph shows the power dissipation of the package at Tjmax = 125°C and Tjmax = 150°C. Operating the device in the hatched range might have a negative influence on its lifetime. The total hours of use and the total years of use must be limited as follows:

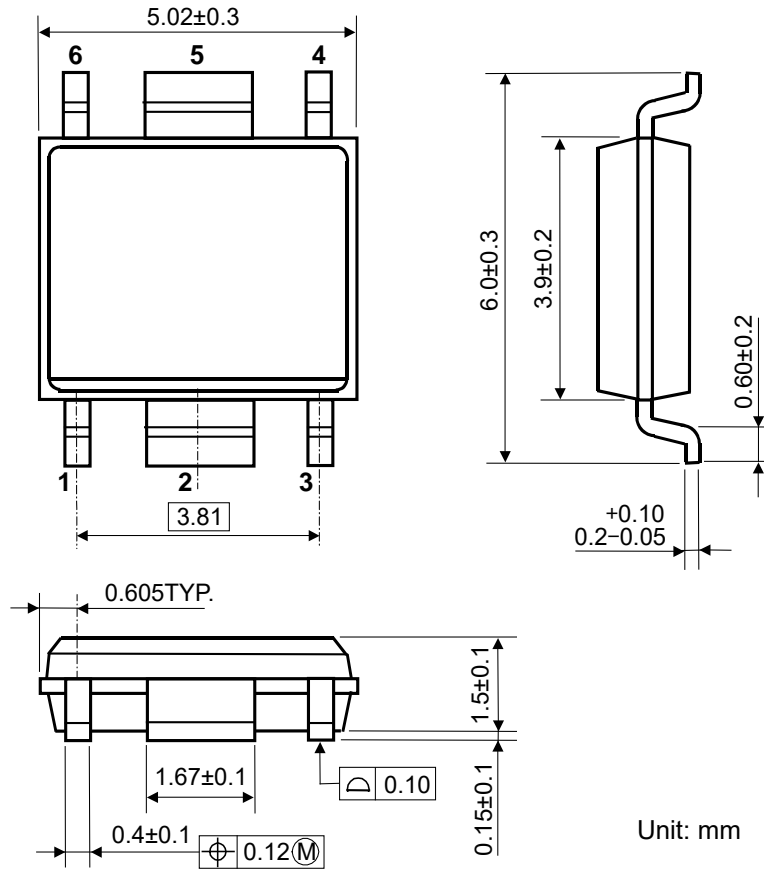
<b>Total Hours of Use</b>	<b>Total Years of Use (4 hours/day)</b>
13,000 hours	9 years

---

# R1501x

NO.EA-184-160801

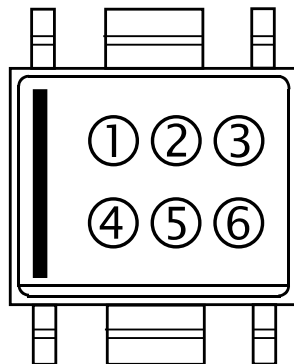
## Package Dimensions (HSOP-6J)



## Mark Specification (HSOP-6J)

①②③④ : Product Code ... **Refer to the R1501S Series Mark Specification Table.**

⑤⑥ : Lot Number ... Alphanumeric Serial Number



**R1501S Series Mark Specification**

(PKG: HSOP-6J)

Product Name	①	②	③	④	Product Name	①	②	③	④
R1501S030B	H	0	3	0	R1501S080B	H	0	8	0
R1501S031B	H	0	3	1	R1501S081B	H	0	8	1
R1501S032B	H	0	3	2	R1501S082B	H	0	8	2
R1501S033B	H	0	3	3	R1501S083B	H	0	8	3
R1501S034B	H	0	3	4	R1501S084B	H	0	8	4
R1501S035B	H	0	3	5	R1501S085B	H	0	8	5
R1501S036B	H	0	3	6	R1501S086B	H	0	8	6
R1501S037B	H	0	3	7	R1501S087B	H	0	8	7
R1501S038B	H	0	3	8	R1501S088B	H	0	8	8
R1501S039B	H	0	3	9	R1501S089B	H	0	8	9
R1501S040B	H	0	4	0	R1501S090B	H	0	9	0
R1501S041B	H	0	4	1	R1501S091B	H	0	9	1
R1501S042B	H	0	4	2	R1501S092B	H	0	9	2
R1501S043B	H	0	4	3	R1501S093B	H	0	9	3
R1501S044B	H	0	4	4	R1501S094B	H	0	9	4
R1501S045B	H	0	4	5	R1501S095B	H	0	9	5
R1501S046B	H	0	4	6	R1501S096B	H	0	9	6
R1501S047B	H	0	4	7	R1501S097B	H	0	9	7
R1501S048B	H	0	4	8	R1501S098B	H	0	9	8
R1501S049B	H	0	4	9	R1501S099B	H	0	9	9
R1501S050B	H	0	5	0	R1501S100B	H	1	0	0
R1501S051B	H	0	5	1	R1501S101B	H	1	0	1
R1501S052B	H	0	5	2	R1501S102B	H	1	0	2
R1501S053B	H	0	5	3	R1501S103B	H	1	0	3
R1501S054B	H	0	5	4	R1501S104B	H	1	0	4
R1501S055B	H	0	5	5	R1501S105B	H	1	0	5
R1501S056B	H	0	5	6	R1501S106B	H	1	0	6
R1501S057B	H	0	5	7	R1501S107B	H	1	0	7
R1501S058B	H	0	5	8	R1501S108B	H	1	0	8
R1501S059B	H	0	5	9	R1501S109B	H	1	0	9
R1501S060B	H	0	6	0	R1501S110B	H	1	1	0
R1501S061B	H	0	6	1	R1501S111B	H	1	1	1
R1501S062B	H	0	6	2	R1501S112B	H	1	1	2
R1501S063B	H	0	6	3	R1501S113B	H	1	1	3
R1501S064B	H	0	6	4	R1501S114B	H	1	1	4
R1501S065B	H	0	6	5	R1501S115B	H	1	1	5
R1501S066B	H	0	6	6	R1501S116B	H	1	1	6
R1501S067B	H	0	6	7	R1501S117B	H	1	1	7
R1501S068B	H	0	6	8	R1501S118B	H	1	1	8
R1501S069B	H	0	6	9	R1501S119B	H	1	1	9
R1501S070B	H	0	7	0	R1501S120B	H	1	2	0
R1501S071B	H	0	7	1	R1501S125B	H	1	2	5
R1501S072B	H	0	7	2	R1501S130B	H	1	3	0
R1501S073B	H	0	7	3	R1501S135B	H	1	3	5
R1501S074B	H	0	7	4	R1501S140B	H	1	4	0
R1501S075B	H	0	7	5	R1501S145B	H	1	4	5
R1501S076B	H	0	7	6	R1501S150B	H	1	5	0
R1501S077B	H	0	7	7	R1501S155B	H	1	5	5
R1501S078B	H	0	7	8	R1501S160B	H	1	6	0
R1501S079B	H	0	7	9	R1501S165B	H	1	6	5
					R1501S170B	H	1	7	0
					R1501S175B	H	1	7	5
					R1501S180B	H	1	8	0



1. The products and the product specifications described in this document are subject to change or discontinuation of production without notice for reasons such as improvement. Therefore, before deciding to use the products, please refer to our sales representatives for the latest information thereon.
2. The materials in this document may not be copied or otherwise reproduced in whole or in part without prior written consent of our company.
3. Please be sure to take any necessary formalities under relevant laws or regulations before exporting or otherwise taking out of your country the products or the technical information described herein.
4. The technical information described in this document shows typical characteristics of and example application circuits for the products. The release of such information is not to be construed as a warranty of or a grant of license under our company's or any third party's intellectual property rights or any other rights.
5. The products listed in this document are intended and designed for use as general electronic components in standard applications (office equipment, telecommunication equipment, measuring instruments, consumer electronic products, amusement equipment etc.). Those customers intending to use a product in an application requiring extreme quality and reliability, for example, in a highly specific application where the failure or misoperation of the product could result in human injury or death (aircraft, spacevehicle, nuclear reactor control system, traffic control system, automotive and transportation equipment, combustion equipment, safety devices, life support system etc.) should first contact us.
6. We are making our continuous effort to improve the quality and reliability of our products, but semiconductor products are likely to fail with certain probability. In order to prevent any injury to persons or damages to property resulting from such failure, customers should be careful enough to incorporate safety measures in their design, such as redundancy feature, fire containment feature and fail-safe feature. We do not assume any liability or responsibility for any loss or damage arising from misuse or inappropriate use of the products.
7. Anti-radiation design is not implemented in the products described in this document.
8. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
9. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
10. There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact our sales or our distributor before attempting to use AOI.
11. Please contact our sales representatives should you have any questions or comments concerning the products or the technical information.



**Nisshinbo Micro Devices Inc.**

**Official website**

<https://www.nisshinbo-microdevices.co.jp/en/>

**Purchase information**

<https://www.nisshinbo-microdevices.co.jp/en/buy/>

