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MCP6001T-E/(MS)**

Product specification

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) is a CMOS operational amplifier that uses the proprietary auto-calibration technique to simultaneously provide very low offset voltage, near-zero drift over time and temperature. This miniature, high-precision, low quiescent current amplifiers offer high-impedance inputs that have a common-mode range 200mV beyond the rails, and rail-to-rail output that swings within 50mV of the rails, single or dual supplies as low as 2.1V ($\pm 1.35V$) and up to 5.5V ($\pm 2.75V$) can be used. This device is optimized for low voltage, single supply operation.

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) offers excellent CMRR without the crossover associated with traditional complementary input stages. This design results in superior performance for driving analog-to-digital converters (ADC) without degradation of differential linearity.

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) is available in the 5-pin SOT-23-5 and SC70-5 packages, and specified for operation from $-55^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$.

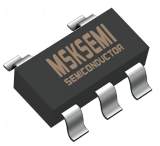
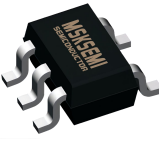
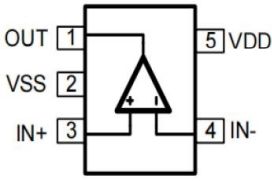


FEATURES

- VDD range: 2.1V to 5.5V
- Low Offset Voltage: 0.5mV (Typical)
- Low Drift: 0.65 μ V/C (Typical)
- Low Noise
- Quiescent Current: 28 μ A
- Rail to Rail Input/Output
- MicroSize Packages: SC70-5 and SOT23-5

Applications

- Transducers
- Temperature Measurement
- Electronic Scales
- Medical instrumentation
- Handheld Test Equipment

Reference News

PACKAGE OUTLINE		PIN CONFIGURATION	Marking	
				
SOT-23-5	SC70-5	SOT-23-5/SC70-5	SOT-23-5	SC70-5

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin Name	Pin Number	Description
1 IN+	1	Noninverting input
GND	2	Negative (lowest) power supply
1 IN-	3	Inverting input
OUT	4	Output
Vcc+	5	Positive (highest) power supply

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

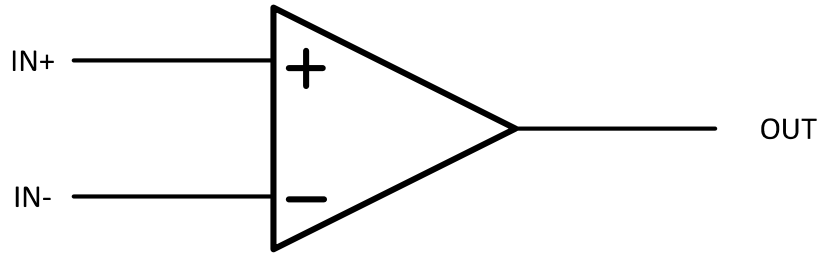


Figure 1.Simpliied Schematic

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- Thermal Resistance 0 Jc.....130°C/W
- Supply Voltage.....2.1to 5.5V
- Signal Input Terminals Voltage...-0.1 to (V+)+0.1V
- Operating Junction Temperature.....150°C
- Operating Temperature Range.....-25°C to 85°C
- Storage Temperature-65°C to 150°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(At TA=25° C, RL=10k connected to Vs/2, and Vour=Vs/2, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	Vs=±2.5V	-3	0.5	3	mV
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TA=-55° C to 125° C		0.65		μV/°C
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Vs =2.1V to 5.5V TA=-55°C to 125°C	80	90		dB
Input Bias Current	TA=25°C		2.0		pA
Input Offset Current			1.0		pA
Common-mode Voltage Range		(V-)-0.1		(V+)+0.1	V
Common-mode Rejection Ratio	V-)-0.1<Vcm<(V+)+0.1 TA=-55°C to 125°C	80	95		dB
Open Loop Voltage Gain	(V-)+100mV<Vo<(V+)-100mV, RL=10k TA=-55° C to 125°C	80	100		dB
Gain-bandwidth product	CL=120pF		1.5		MHz
Slew Rate	G=+1		1.2		V/μs
Specified Voltage Range		1.8		5.5	V
Quiescent Current			28	40	μA
Operating Temperature Range		-25		85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-65		150	°C

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(At $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_S=5\text{V}$, $C_L=20\text{pF}$, unless otherwise noted.)

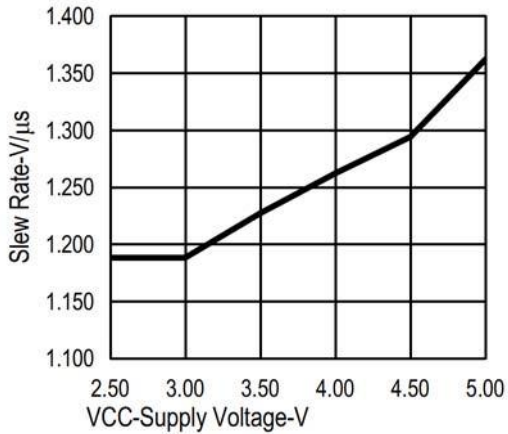


Figure 2. Slew Rate vs Supply Voltage

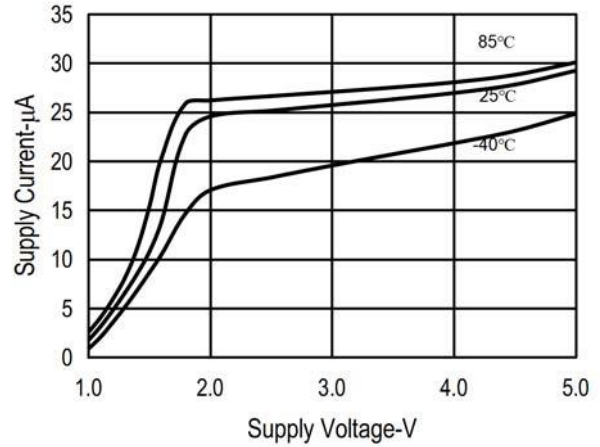


Figure 3. Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

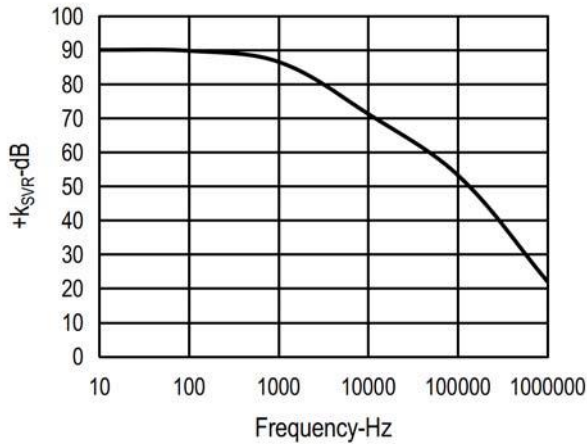


Figure 4. +kSVR vs Frequency

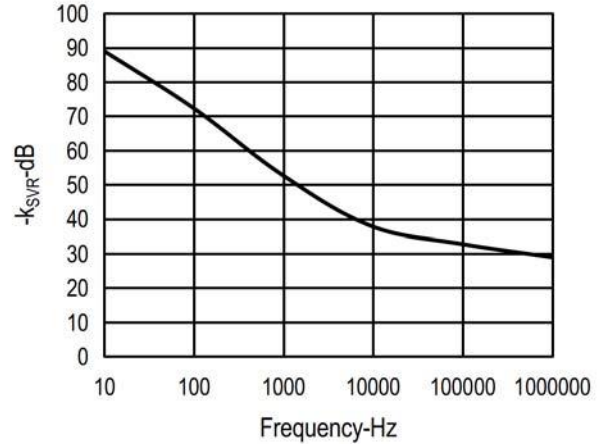


Figure 5. -kSVR vs Frequency

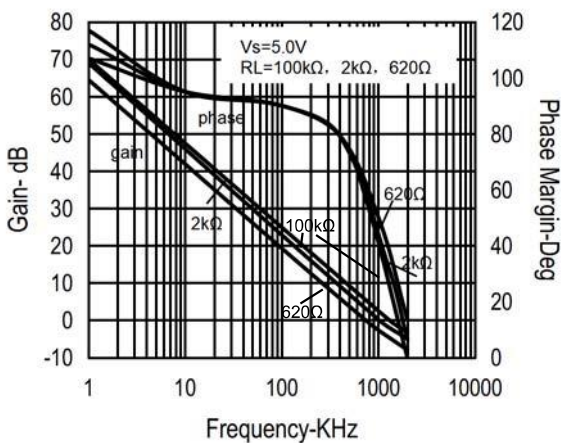


Figure 6. Frequency Response vs Resistive Load

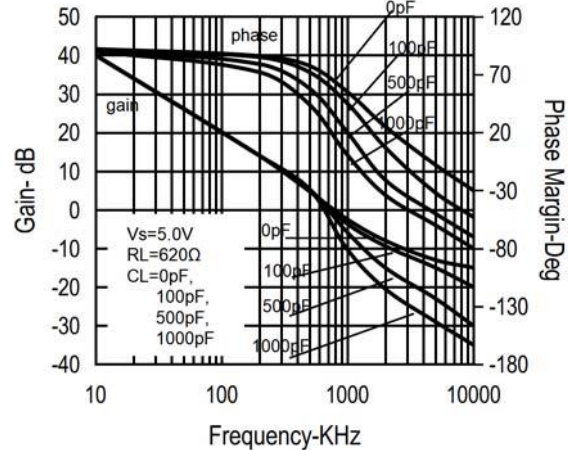


Figure 7. Frequency Response vs Capacitive Load

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

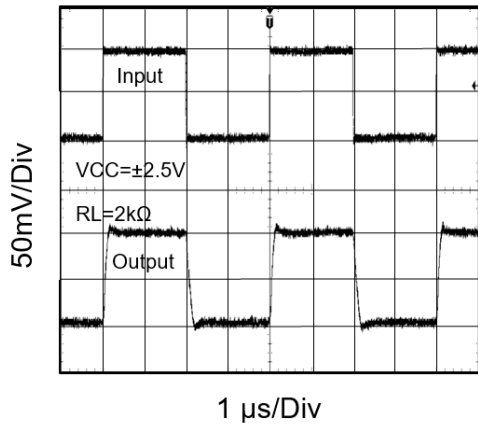


Figure 8. Noninverting Small-Signal Pulse Response

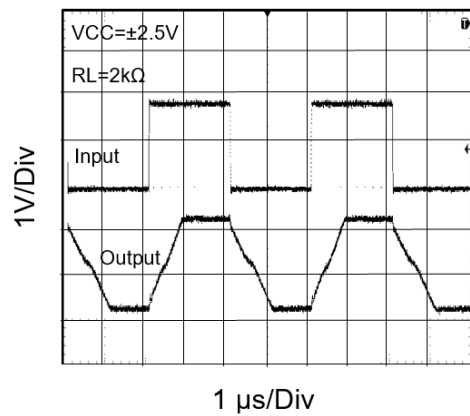


Figure 9. Noninverting Large-Signal Pulse Response

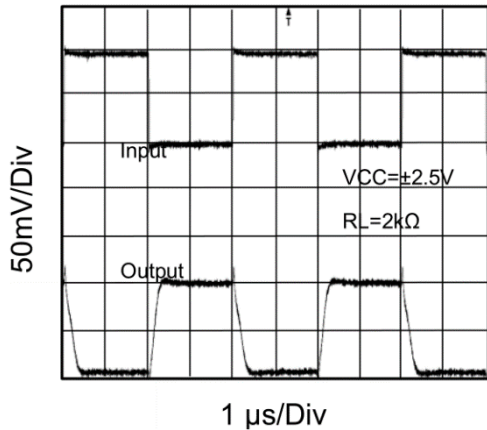


Figure 10. Inverting Small-Signal Pulse Response

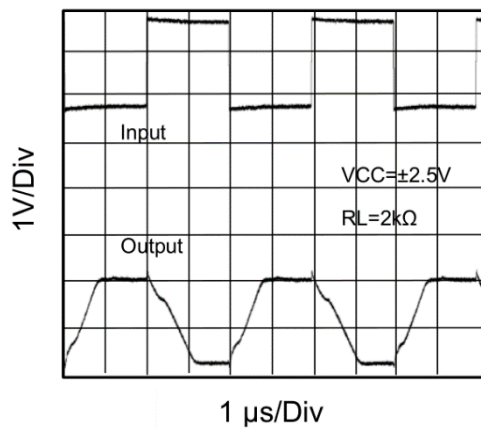


Figure 11. Inverting Large-Signal Pulse Response

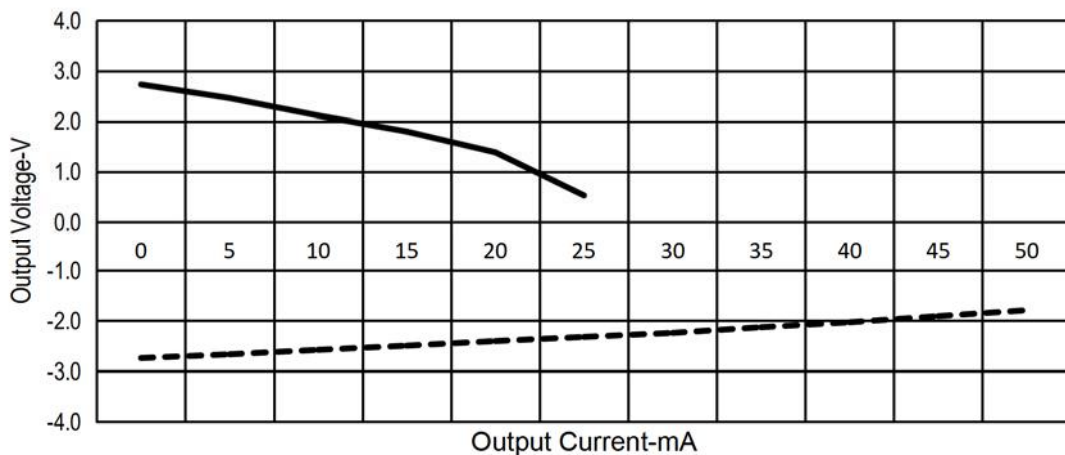


Figure 12. Output Voltage vs Output Current

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Operating Voltage

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) devices are fully specified and ensured for operation from 2.1V to 5.5 V. In addition, many specifications apply from -55°C to 125°C. Parameters that vary significantly with operating voltages or temperature are shown in the Typical Characteristics graphs.

Unity-Gain Bandwidth

The unity-gain bandwidth is the frequency up to which an amplifier with a unity gain may be operated without greatly distorting the signal. The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) device has a 1.5-MHz unity-gain bandwidth.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) is a unity-gain stable, precision operational amplifier with very low offset voltage drift; these devices are also free from output phase reversal. Applications with noisy or high-impedance power supplies require decoupling capacitors close to the device power-supply pins. In most cases, 0.1µF capacitors are adequate.

Typical Application

Figure 13 shows a simple circuit to convert a single-ended input into differential output. The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) could be used to build this circuit. The circuit is composed of two amplifiers. One amplifier acts as a buffer and creates a voltage, V_{out+} . The second amplifier inverts the input and adds a reference voltage to generate V_{out-} . Both V_{out+} and V_{out-} range from 0.5 to 2 V. The difference, V_{DIFF} , is the difference between V_{out+} and V_{out-} .

Slew Rate

The slew rate is the rate at which an operational amplifier can change its output when there is a change on the input. The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) devices have a 1.2-V/µs slew rate. The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) is characterized to perform with this technique; the recommended resistor value is approximately 20 k.

Device Functional Modes

The MCP6001T-E/**(MS) device has a single functional mode. The device is powered on as long as the power supply voltage is between 2.1V(±1.35V) and 5.5V(±2.75V).

Detailed Design Procedure

Linearity over the input range is key for good dc accuracy. The common mode input range and the output swing limitations determine the linearity. In general, an amplifier with rail-to-rail input and output swing is required. Bandwidth is a key concern for this design. Because MCP6001T-E/**(MS) has a bandwidth of 1MHz, this circuit will only be able to process signals with frequencies of less than 1 MHz.

Because the transfer function of V_{out} is heavily reliant on resistors ($R_1, R_2, R_3,$ and R_4), use resistors with low tolerances to maximize performance and minimize error. This design used resistors with resistance values of 36 k with tolerances measured to be within 2%. If the noise of the system is a key parameter, the user can select smaller resistance values (6 k or lower) to keep the overall system noise low. This ensures that the noise from the resistors is lower than the amplifier noise.

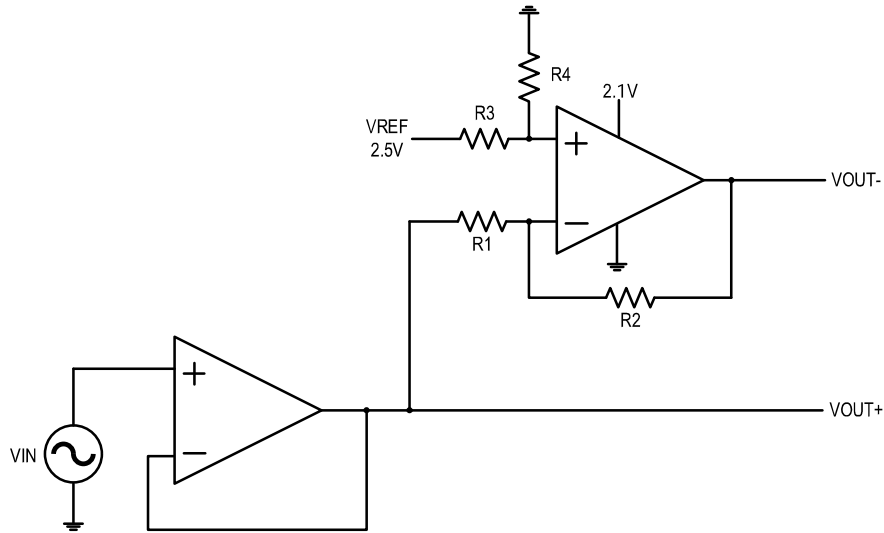
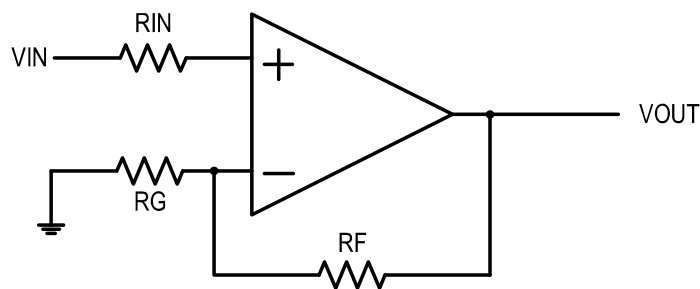


Figure 13. Schematic for Single-Ended Input to Differential Output Conversion

LAYOUT

Use good PCB layout practices for best operational performance of the device, including:

- Keep the length of input traces as short as possible.
- Run the input traces as far away from the supply lines as possible to reduce parasitic coupling.
- Place components close to device and to each other to reduce parasitic capacitance and parasitic errors.
- Use low-ESR, ceramic bypass capacitors to reduce the coupled noise by providing low impedance power sources local to the analog circuitry.
- Grounding for analog and digital portions of circuitry separately to suppress the noise.



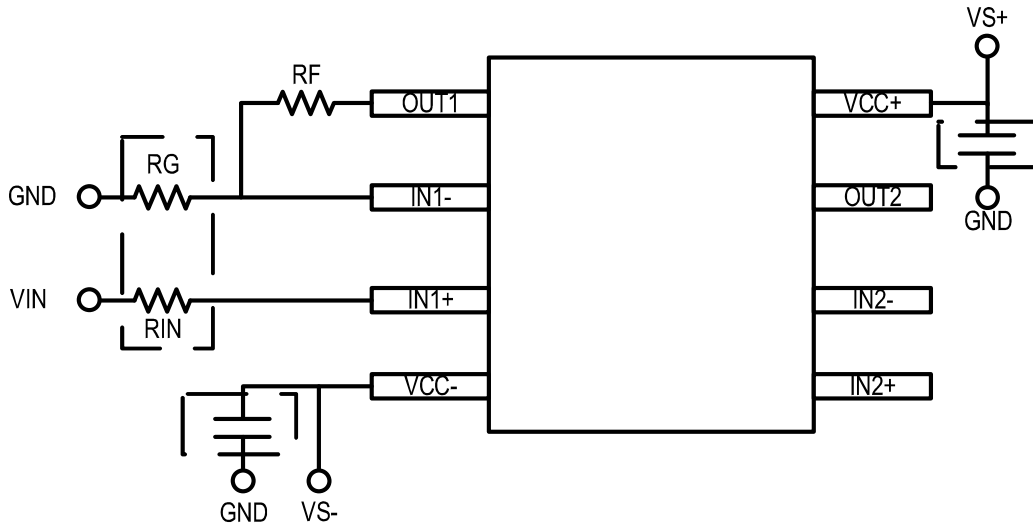
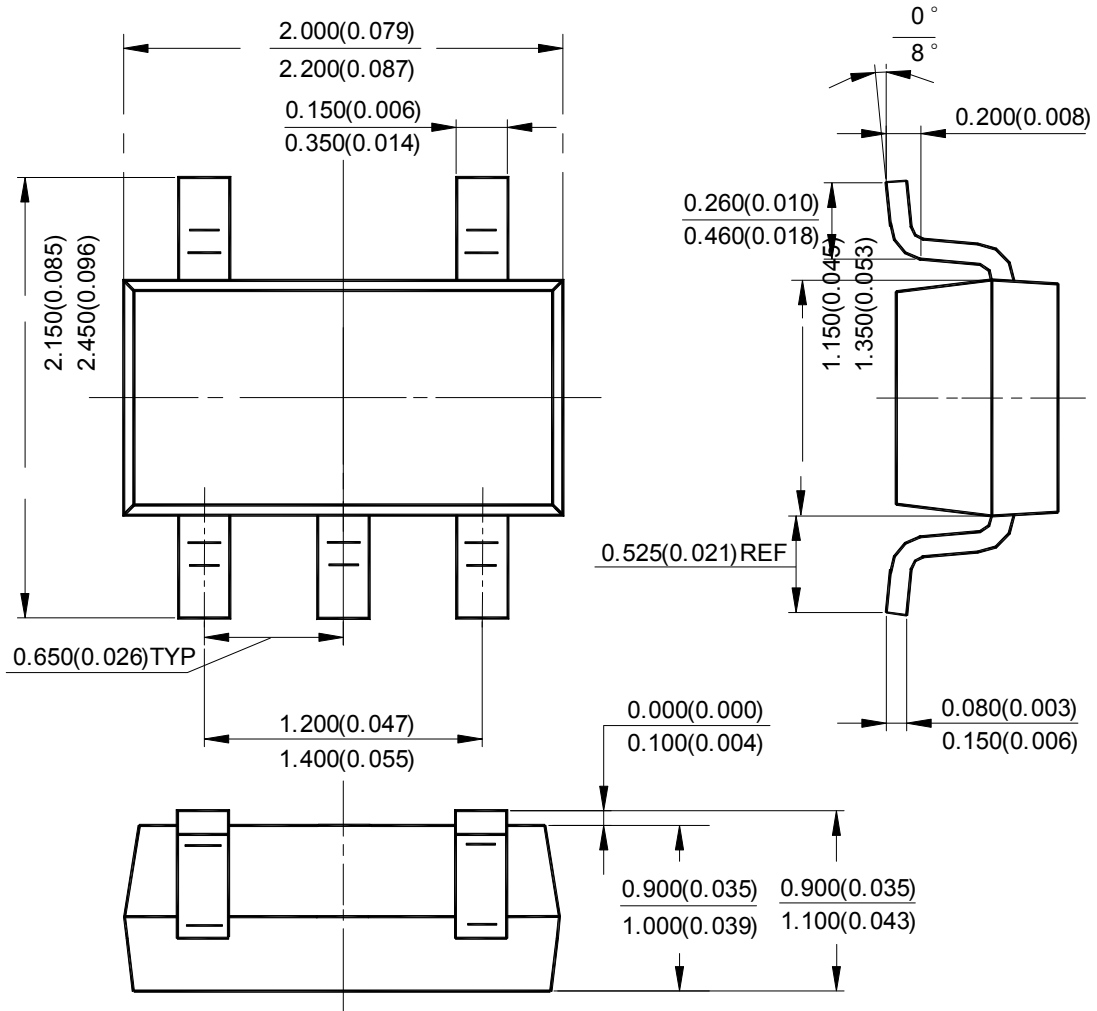


Figure 14. Operational Amplifier Schematic and Board Layout for Noninverting Configuration

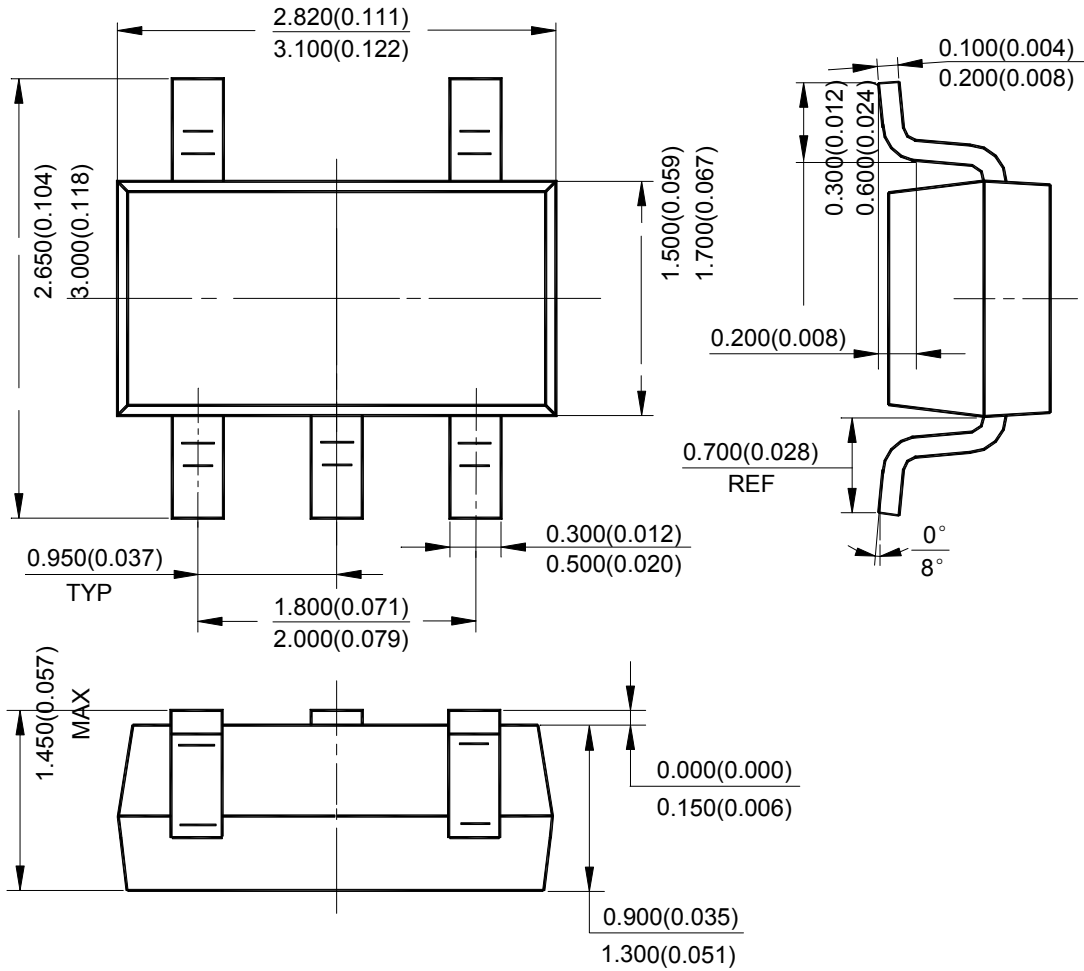
Package Outline Dimensions (All dimensions in mm(inch).)

SC-70-5



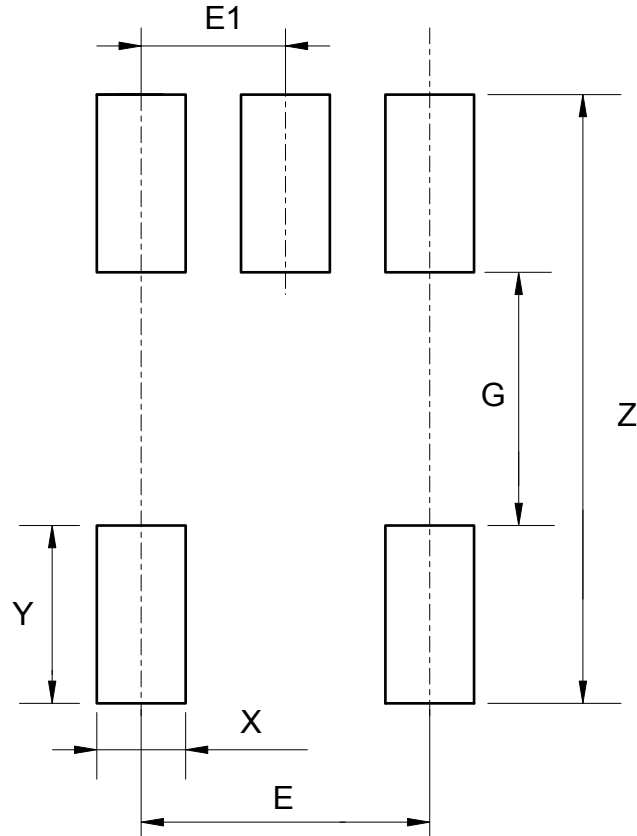
Package Outline Dimensions (Cont. All dimensions in mm(inch).)

SOT-23-5



Suggested Pad Layout

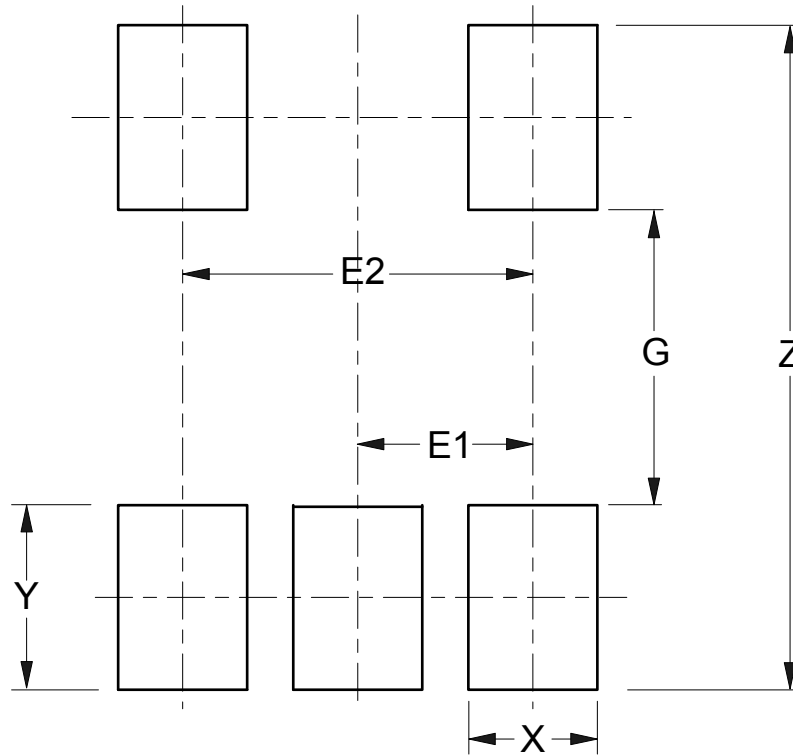
SC-70-5



Dimensions	Z (mm)/(inch)	G (mm)/(inch)	X (mm)/(inch)	Y (mm)/(inch)	E (mm)/(inch)	E1 (mm)/(inch)
Value	2.740/0.108	1.140/0.045	0.400/0.016	0.800/0.031	1.300/0.051	0.650/0.026

Suggested Pad Layout (Cont.)

SOT-23-5



Dimensions	Z (mm)/(inch)	G (mm)/(inch)	X (mm)/(inch)	Y (mm)/(inch)	E1 (mm)/(inch)	E2 (mm)/(inch)
Value	3.600/0.142	1.600/0.063	0.700/0.028	1.000/0.039	0.950/0.037	1.900/0.075

REEL SPECIFICATION

P/N	PKG	QTY
MCP6001T-E/OT(MS)	SOT-23-5	3000
MCP6001T-E/LT(MS)	SC70-5	3000

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