

TOSHIBA CMOS Linear Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TCR2EN series

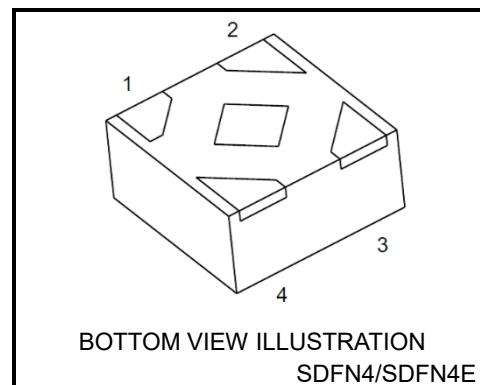
## 200 mA CMOS Low Dropout Regulator in ultra small package

The TCR2EN series are CMOS general-purpose single-output voltage regulators with an on/off control input, featuring low dropout voltage, low quiescent bias current and fast load transient response.

These voltage regulators are available in fixed output voltages between 1.0 V and 3.6 V and capable of driving up to 200 mA. They feature overcurrent protection and an Auto-discharge function.

The TCR2EN series is offered in the ultra small plastic mold package SDFN4/SDFN4E (0.8 mm x 0.8 mm x 0.38 mm). It has a low dropout voltage of 160 mV (2.5 V output,  $I_{OUT} = 150$  mA) with low output noise voltage of 35  $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> (2.5 V output) and a load transient response of only  $\Delta V_{OUT} = \pm 55$  mV ( $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA  $\leftrightarrow$  150 mA,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F).

As small ceramic input and output capacitors can be used with the TCR2EN series, these devices are ideal for portable applications that require high-density board assembly such as cellular phones.



Weight: 0.6 mg (typ.)

## Features

- Low Dropout voltage
  - $V_{DO} = 160$  mV (typ.) at 2.5 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 150$  mA
  - $V_{DO} = 210$  mV (typ.) at 1.8 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 150$  mA
  - $V_{DO} = 360$  mV (typ.) at 1.2 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 150$  mA
  - $V_{DO} = 490$  mV (typ.) at 1.0 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 150$  mA
- Low output noise voltage
  - $V_{NO} = 35$   $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> (typ.) at 2.5 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA, 10 Hz < f < 100 kHz
  - $V_{NO} = 30$   $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> (typ.) at 1.8 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA, 10 Hz < f < 100 kHz
  - $V_{NO} = 23$   $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> (typ.) at 1.2 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA, 10 Hz < f < 100 kHz
  - $V_{NO} = 18$   $\mu$ V<sub>rms</sub> (typ.) at 1.0 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA, 10 Hz < f < 100 kHz
- Fast load transient response ( $\Delta V_{OUT} = \pm 55$  mV (typ.) at  $I_{OUT} = 1$  mA  $\leftrightarrow$  150 mA,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F)
- Low quiescent bias current ( $I_B = 35$   $\mu$ A (typ.) at  $I_{OUT} = 0$  mA)
- High ripple rejection (R.R = 73 dB (typ.) at 2.5 V-output,  $I_{OUT} = 10$  mA, f = 1 kHz)
- Wide range Output Voltage line up ( $V_{OUT} = 1.0$  to 3.6 V)
- High  $V_{OUT}$  accuracy  $\pm 1.0\%$  ( $1.8$  V  $\leq V_{OUT}$ )
- Overcurrent protection
- Auto-discharge
- Pull down connection between CONTROL and GND
- Ceramic capacitors can be used ( $C_{IN} = 0.1$   $\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0$   $\mu$ F)
- Ultra Small package SDFN4/SDFN4E (0.8 mm x 0.8 mm x 0.38 mm)

Start of commercial production  
2013-11

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	6.0	V
Control voltage	V <sub>CT</sub>	-0.3 to 6.0	V
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3	V
Output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>	200	mA
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	300 (Note1)	mW
Operating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 to 85	°C
Junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	150	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 150	°C

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook (“Handling Precautions”/“Derating Concept and Methods”) and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

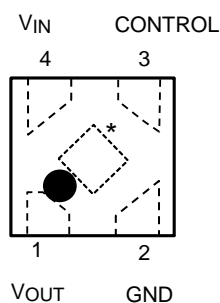
Note1: Rating at mounting on a board

Glass epoxy(FR4) board dimension: 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.6 mm, both sides of board.

Metal pattern ratio: a surface approximately 50%, the reverse side approximately 50%

Through hole hall: diameter 0.5 mm x 24

### Pin Assignment (top view)



\*Center electrode should be connected to GND or Open

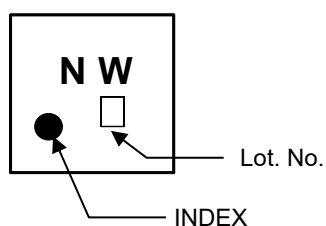
### List of Products Number, Output voltage and Marking

Product No.	Output voltage(V) (typ.)	Marking	Product No.	Output voltage(V) (typ.)	Marking
TCR2EN10	1.0	NJ	TCR2EN27	2.7	NO
TCR2EN105	1.05	NU	TCR2EN28	2.8	NP
TCR2EN11	1.1	N2	TCR2EN285	2.85	N7
TCR2EN115	1.15	NC	TCR2EN29	2.9	NR
TCR2EN12	1.2	N3	TCR2EN30	3.0	NS
TCR2EN125	1.25	NQ	TCR2EN31	3.1	NT
TCR2EN13	1.3	N4	TCR2EN32	3.2	NV
TCR2EN15	1.5	NA	TCR2EN33	3.3	NW
TCR2EN18	1.8	NE	TCR2EN34	3.4	NX
TCR2EN19	1.9	NF	TCR2EN35	3.5	NY
TCR2EN21	2.1	NH	TCR2EN36	3.6	NZ
TCR2EN25	2.5	NM			

Please ask your local retailer about the devices with other output voltages.

### Marking (top view)

Example: TCR2EN33 (3.3 V output)



### Electrical Characteristics

(Unless otherwise specified,

$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{OUT} = 50\text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
Output voltage accuracy	$V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 50\text{ mA}$ (Note2)	$V_{OUT} < 1.8\text{ V}$	-18	—	+18	mV
			$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT}$	-1.0	—	+1.0	%
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$	1.5	—	5.5	V	
Line regulation	Reg·line	$V_{OUT} + 0.5\text{ V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA}$	—	1	15	mV	
Load regulation	Reg·load	$1\text{ mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150\text{ mA}$	—	15	30	mV	
Quiescent current	$I_B$	$I_{OUT} = 0\text{ mA}$	—	35	60	$\mu\text{A}$	
Stand-by current	$I_B$ (OFF)	$V_{CT} = 0\text{ V}$	—	0.1	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	
Dropout voltage	$V_{DO}$	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$ (Note 3)	—	160	210	mV	
Temperature coefficient	$T_{CVO}$	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	—	75	—	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
Output noise voltage	$V_{NO}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ , $10\text{ Hz} \leq f \leq 100\text{ kHz}$ , $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)	—	35	—	$\mu\text{V}_{rms}$	
Ripple rejection ratio	R.R.	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 10\text{ mA}$ , $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ , $V_{Ripple} = 500\text{ mV}_{p-p}$ , $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3)	—	73	—	dB	
Load transient response	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{ mA} \leftrightarrow 150\text{ mA}$ , $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	—	$\pm 55$	—	mV	
Control voltage (ON)	$V_{CT}$ (ON)	—	1.0	—	5.5	V	
Control voltage (OFF)	$V_{CT}$ (OFF)	—	0	—	0.4	V	

Note 2: Stable state with fixed  $I_{OUT}$  condition

Note 3: The 2.5 V output product

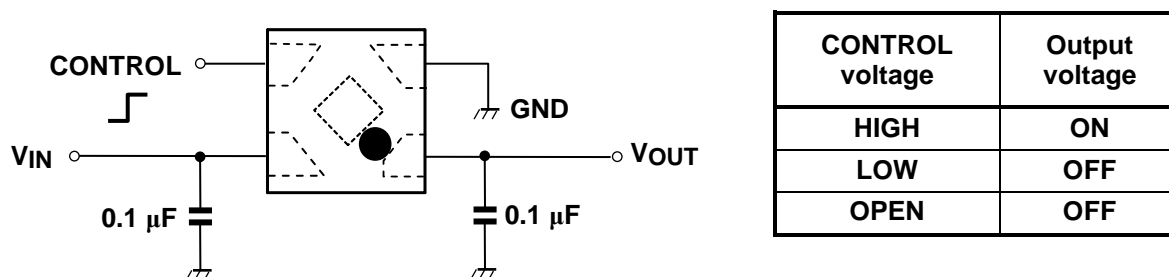
### Dropout voltage for different output voltages

( $I_{OUT} = 150\text{ mA}$ ,  $C_{IN} = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_{OUT} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Output voltages	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
1.0 V, 1.05 V	$V_{DO}$	—	490	750	mV
1.1 V, 1.15 V		—	420	650	
1.2 V, 1.25 V		—	360	550	
1.3 V		—	330	450	
1.4 V		—	290	400	
$1.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 1.8\text{ V}$		—	270	370	
$1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 2.5\text{ V}$		—	210	290	
$2.5\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} < 3.0\text{ V}$		—	160	210	
$3.0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq 3.6\text{ V}$		—	130	180	

### Application Note

#### 1. Example of Application Circuit



The figure above shows the example of configuration for using a Low-Dropout regulator. Insert a capacitor at VOUT and VIN pins for stable input/output operation. (Ceramic capacitors can be used.)

#### 2. Power Dissipation

Power dissipation is measured on the board condition shown below.

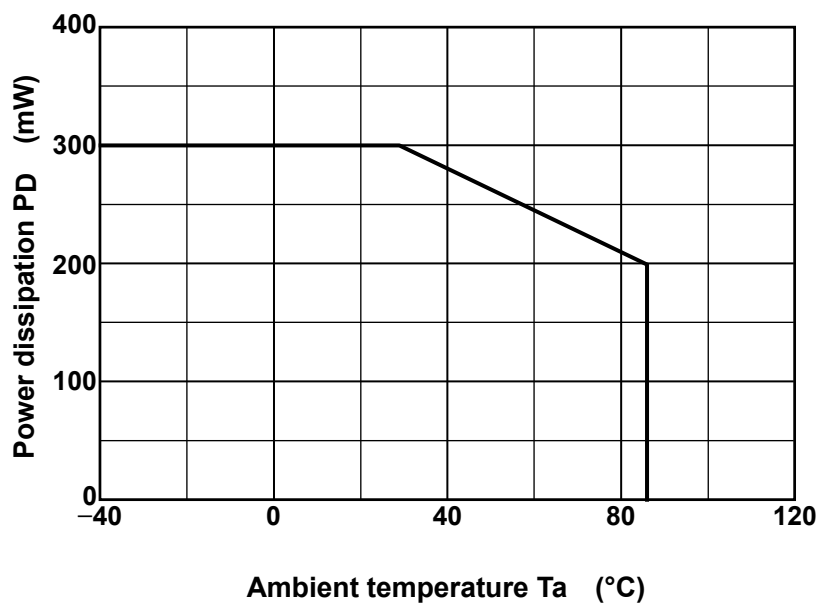
[The Board Condition]

Board material: Glass epoxy(FR4)

Board dimension: 40 mm x 40 mm (both sides of board), t = 1.6 mm

Metal pattern ratio: a surface approximately 50%, the reverse side approximately 50%

Through hole: diameter 0.5 mm x 24

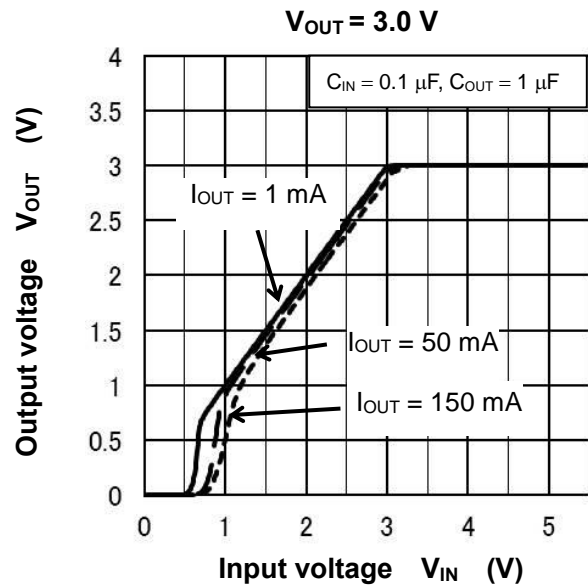
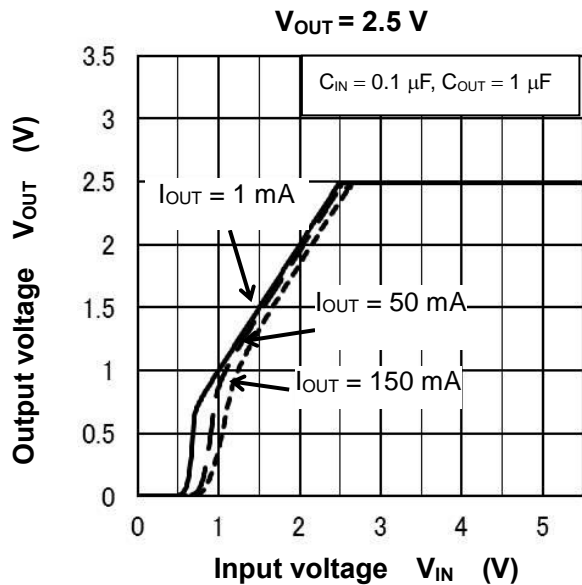
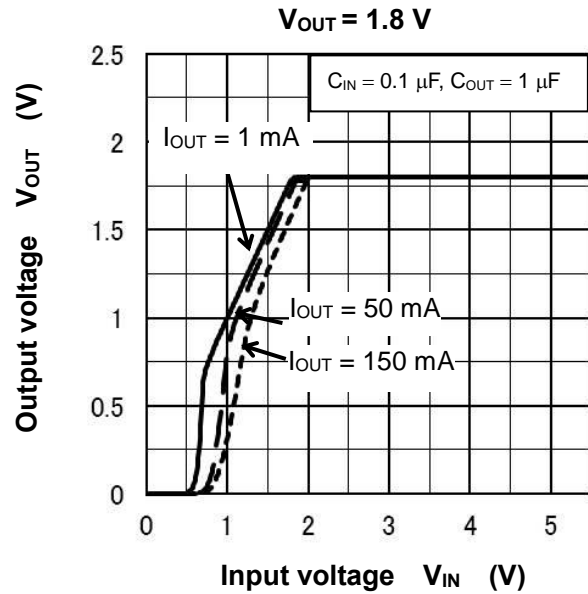
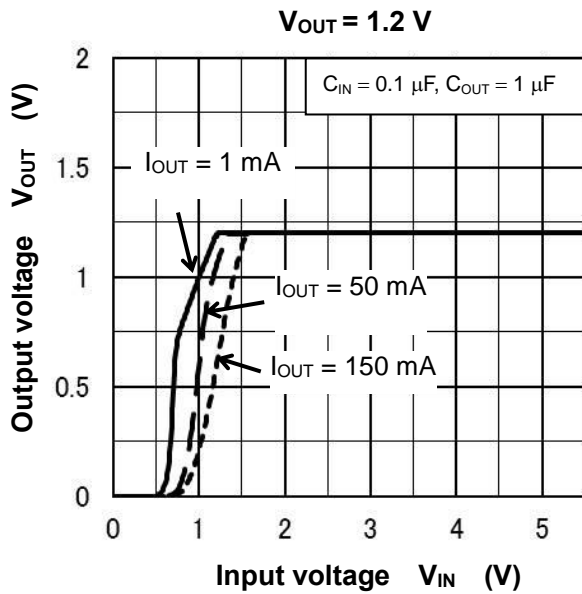


### Attention in Use

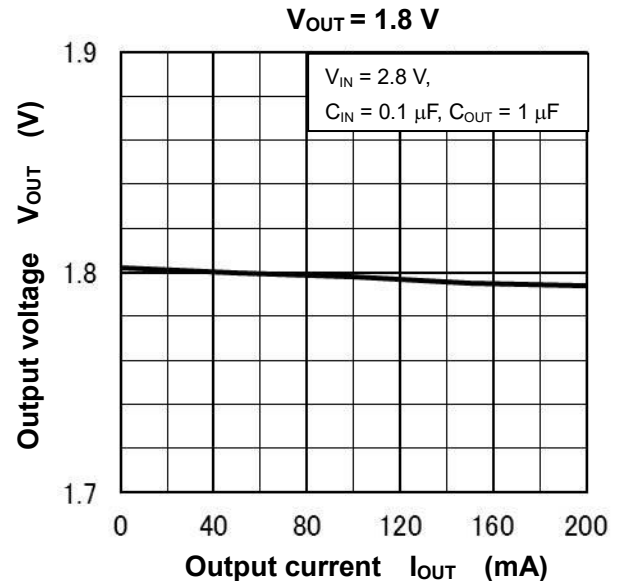
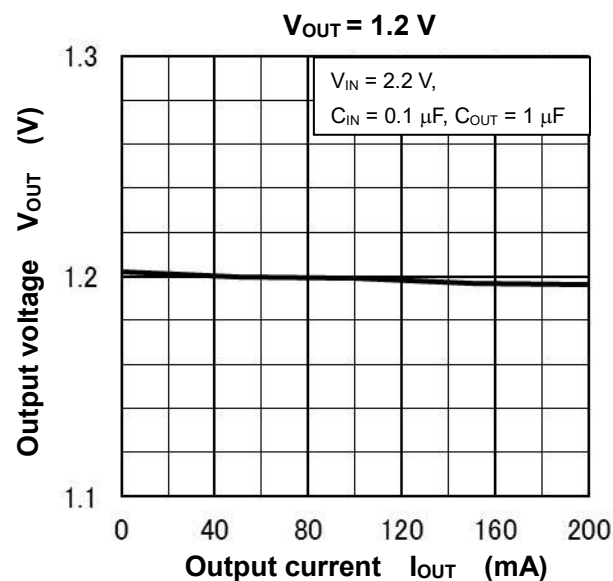
- **Output Capacitors**  
Ceramic capacitors can be used for these devices. However, because of the type of the capacitors, there might be unexpected thermal features. Please consider application condition for selecting capacitors. And Toshiba recommends the ESR of ceramic capacitor is under 10  $\Omega$ .
- **Mounting**  
The long distance between IC and output capacitor might affect phase compensation by impedance in wire and inductor. For stable power supply, output capacitor need to mount near IC as much as possible. Also VIN and GND pattern need to be large and make the wire impedance small as possible.
- **Permissible Loss**  
Please have enough design patterns for expected maximum permissible loss. And under consideration of ambient temperature, input voltage, output current, etc., we recommend proper dissipation ratings for maximum permissible loss; in general maximum dissipation rating is 70 to 80 percent.
- **Overcurrent Protection Circuit**  
Overcurrent protection circuit is designed in these products, but this does not assure for the suppression of uprising device operation. If output pins and GND pins are shorted out, these products might be break down.  
In use of these products, please read through and understand dissipation idea for absolute maximum ratings from the above mention or our 'Semiconductor Reliability Handbook'. Then use these products under absolute maximum ratings in any condition. Furthermore, Toshiba recommends inserting failsafe system into the design.

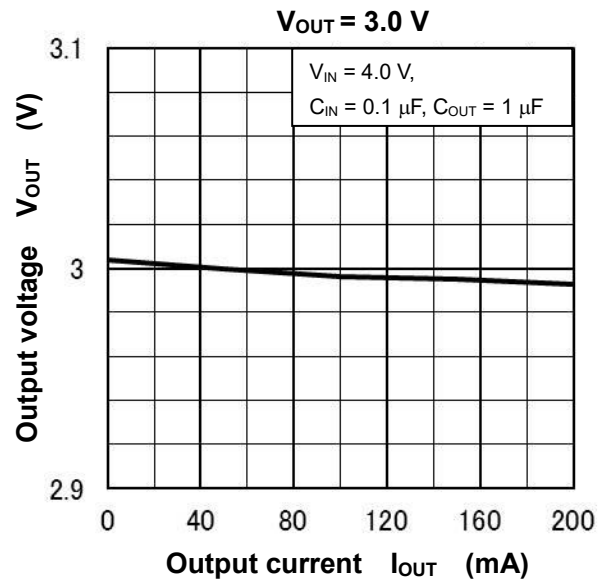
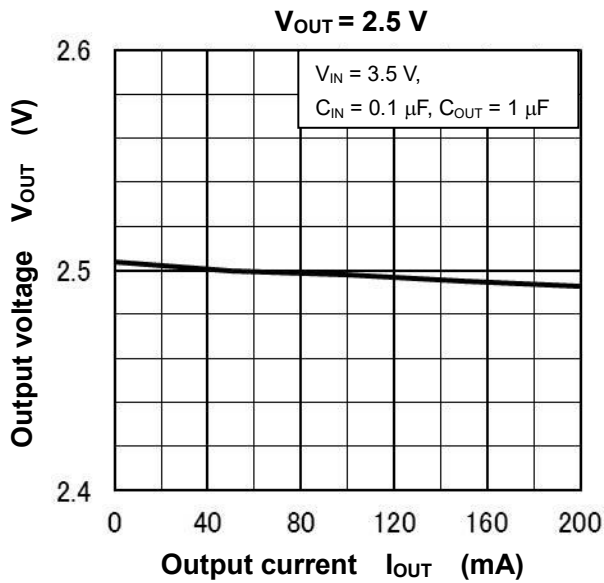
### Representative Typical Characteristics

#### 1) Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

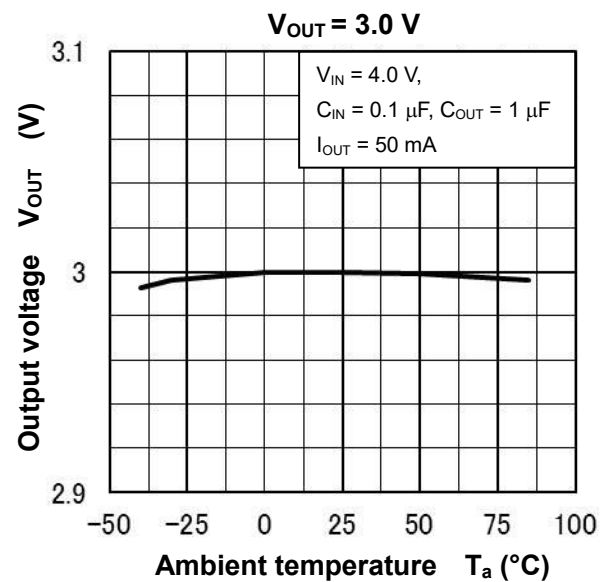
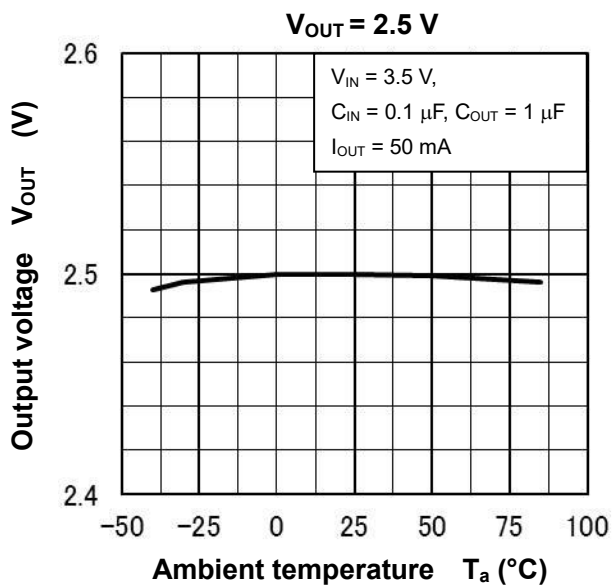
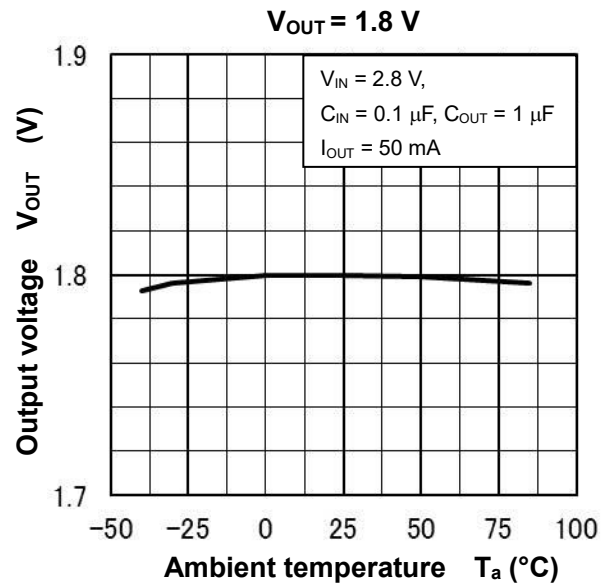
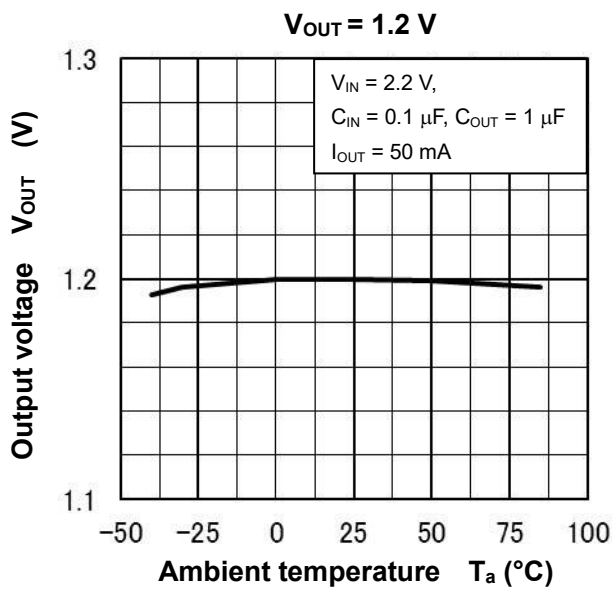


#### 2) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



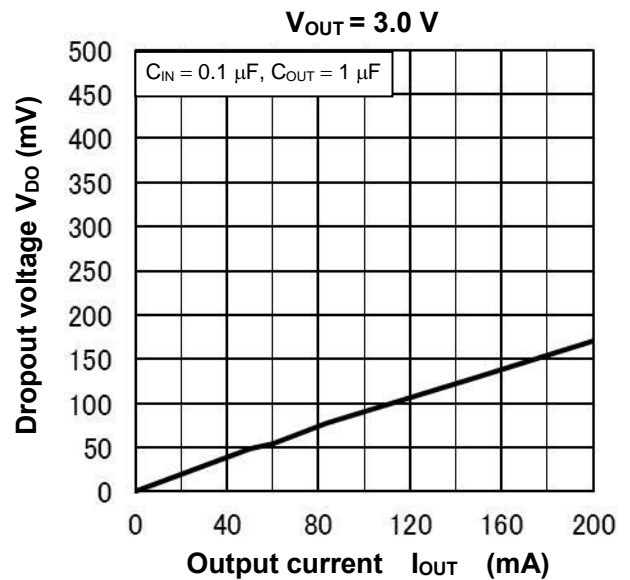
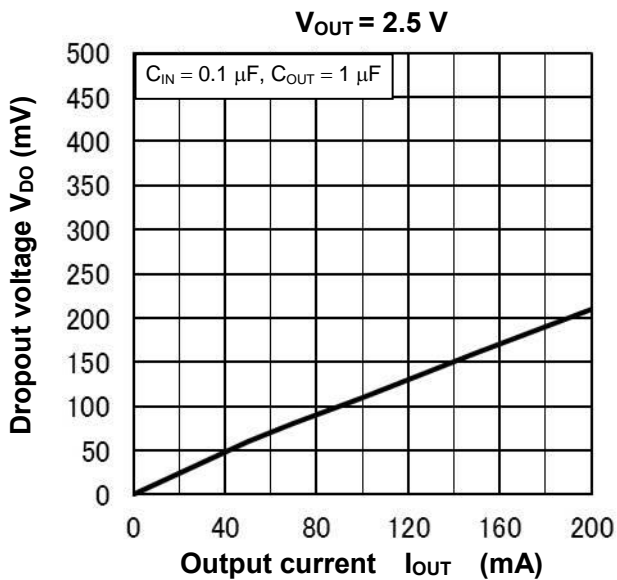
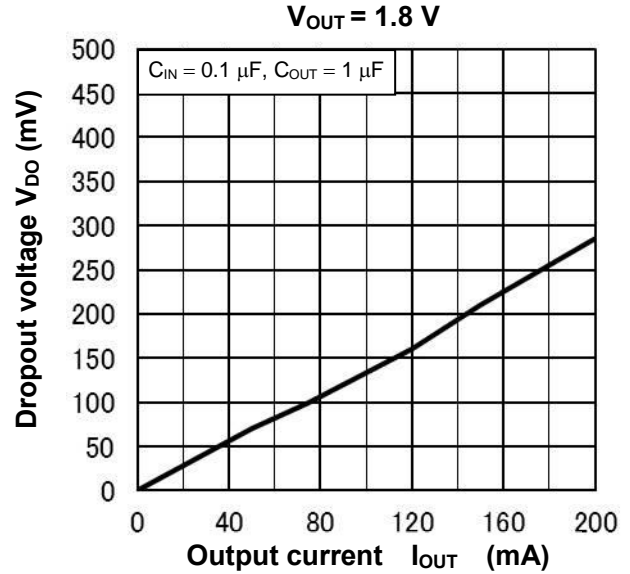
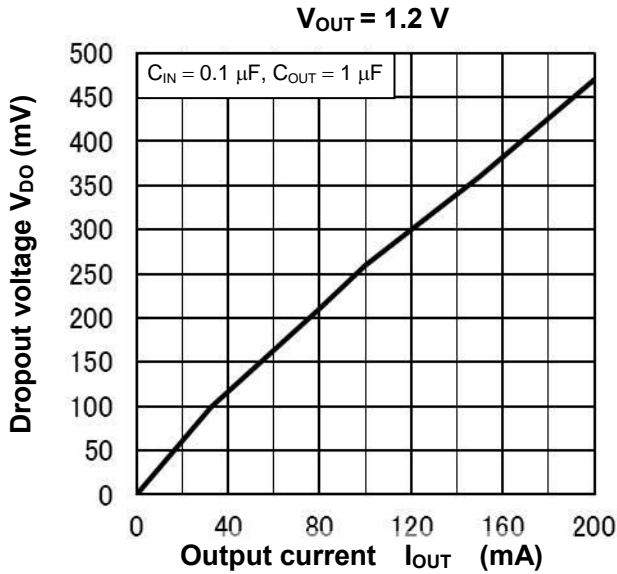


### 3) Output Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

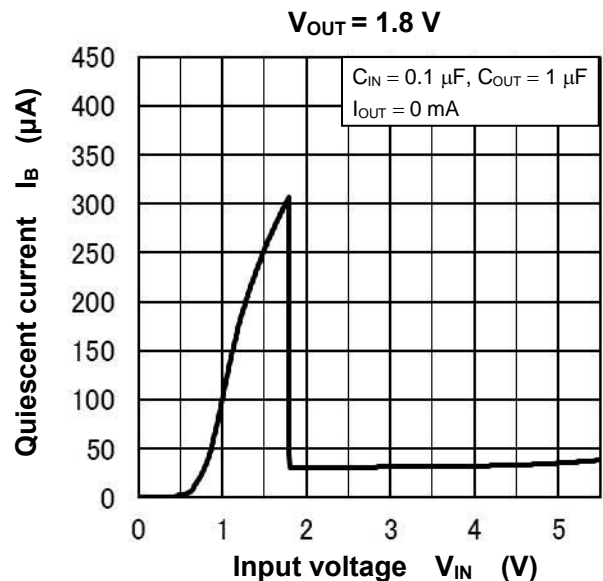
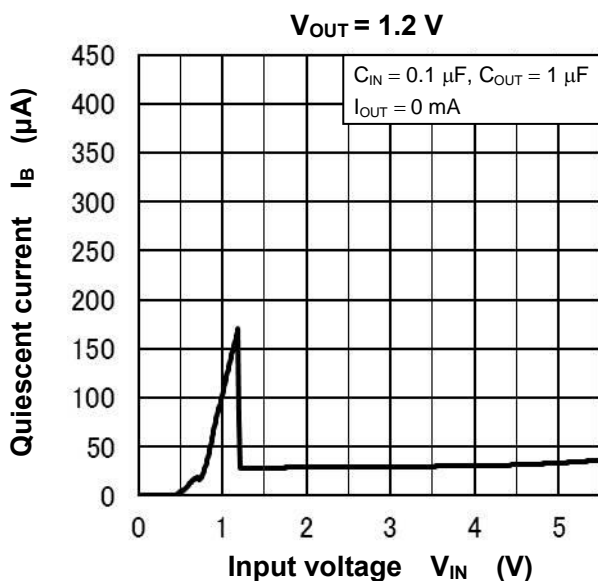


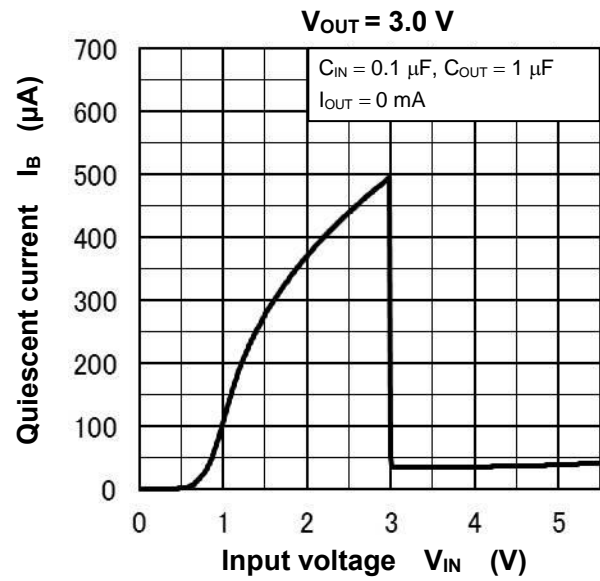
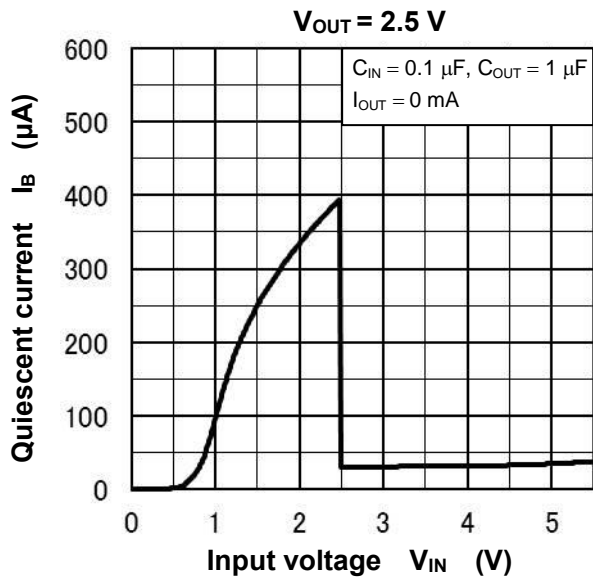


### 4) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

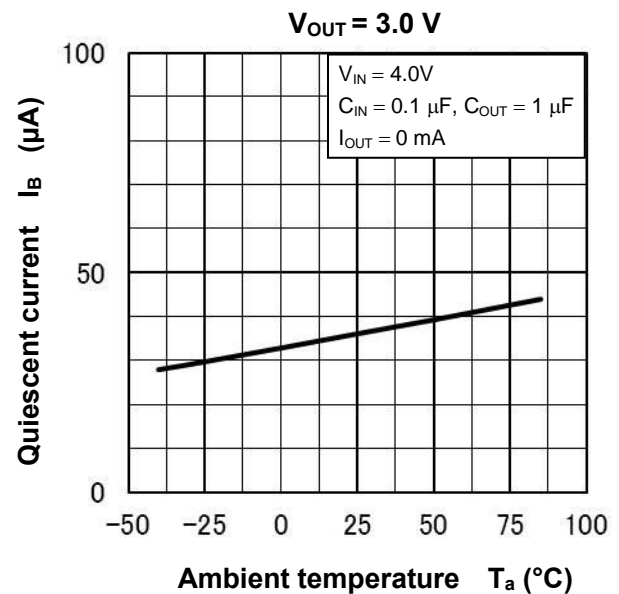
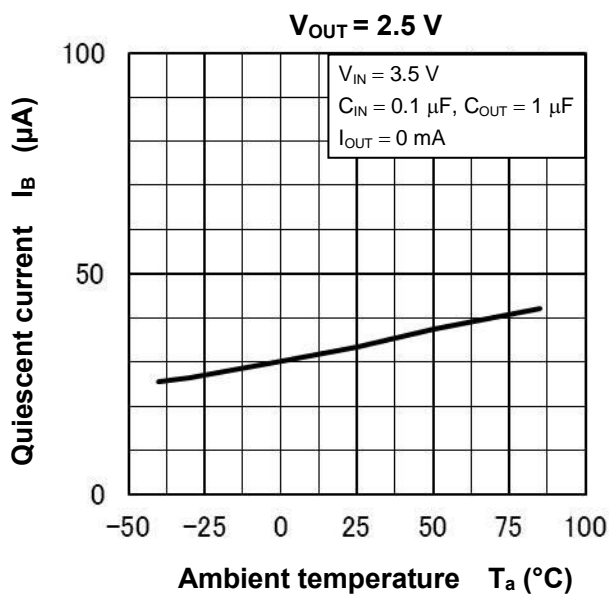
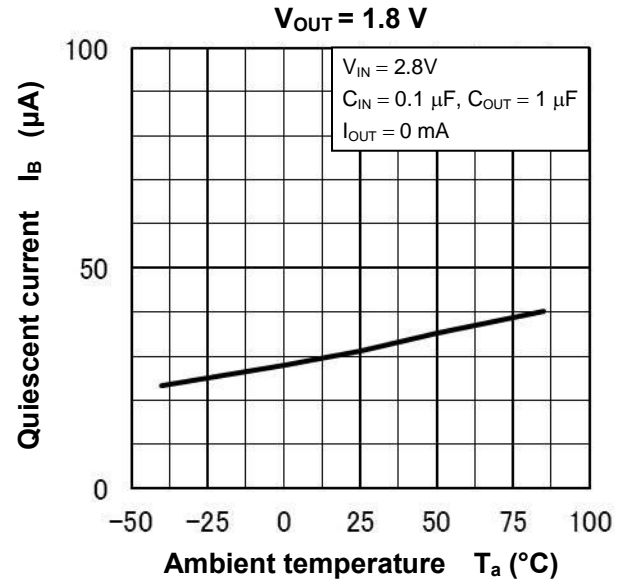
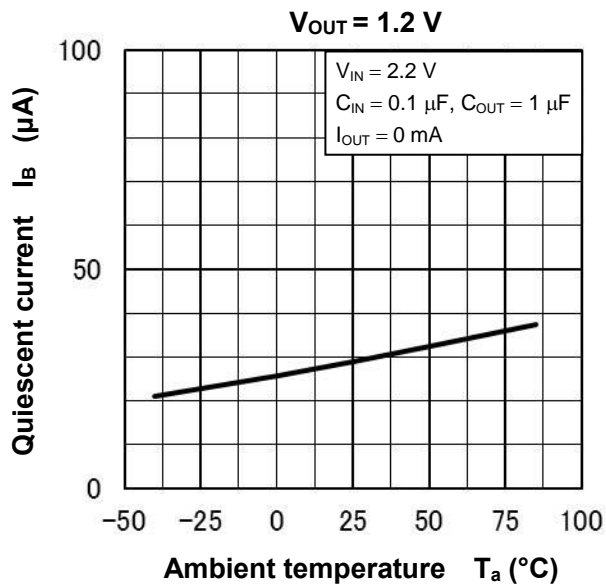


### 5) Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

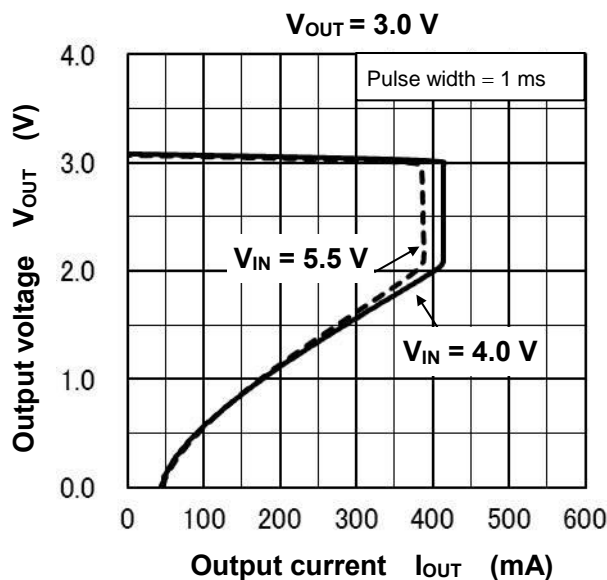
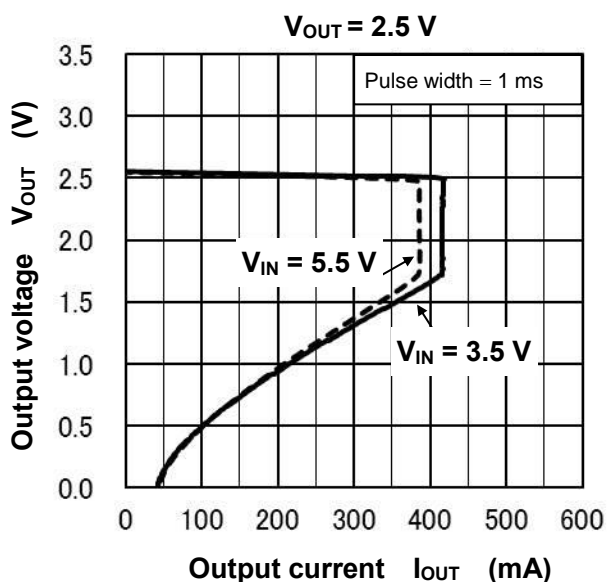
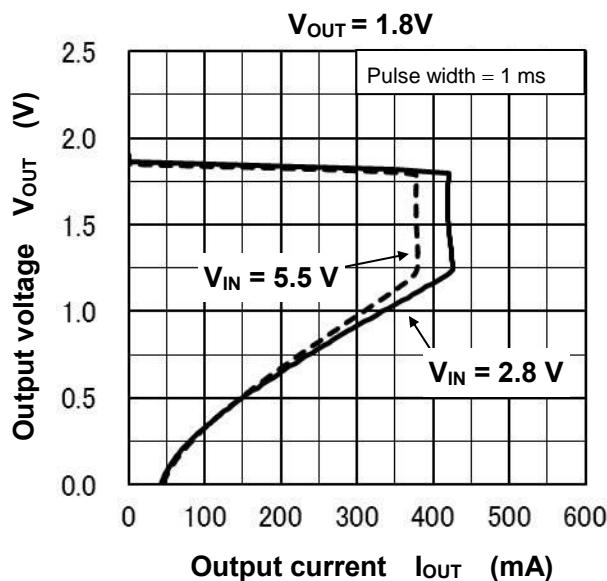
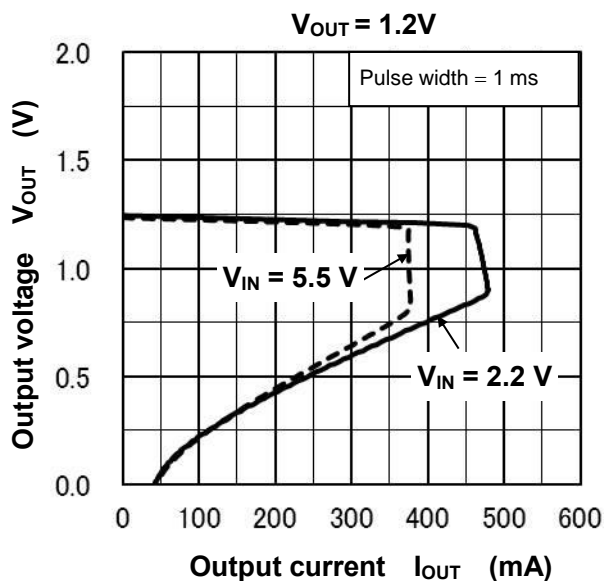




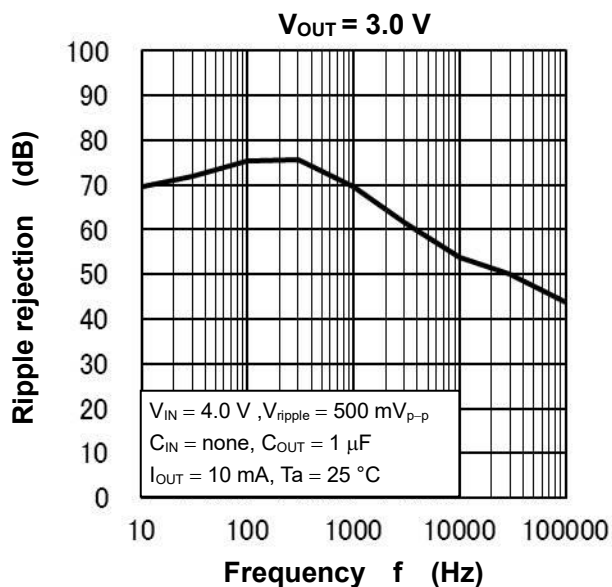
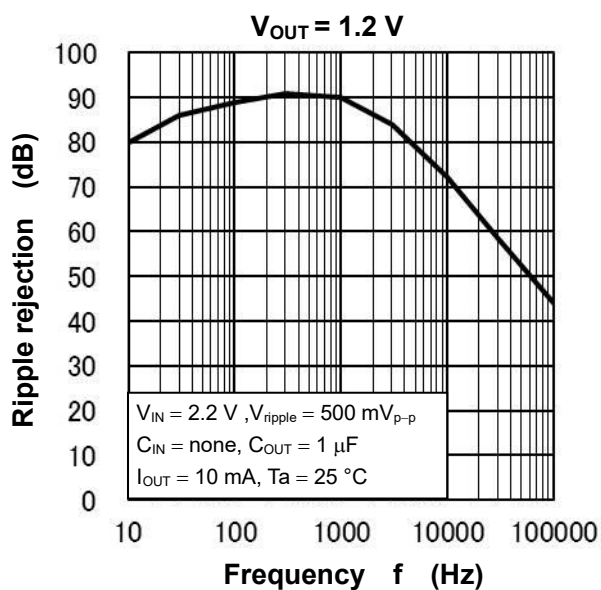
### 6) Quiescent Current vs. Ambient Temperature



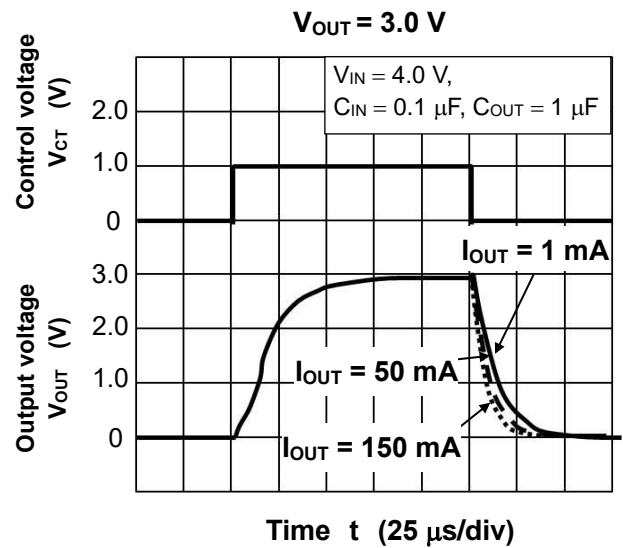
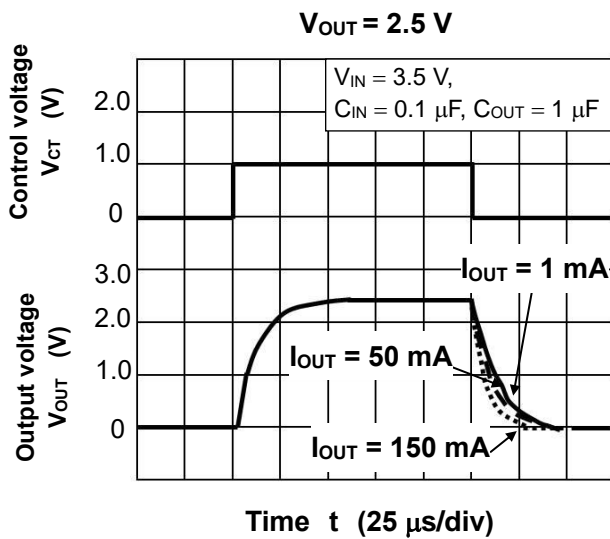
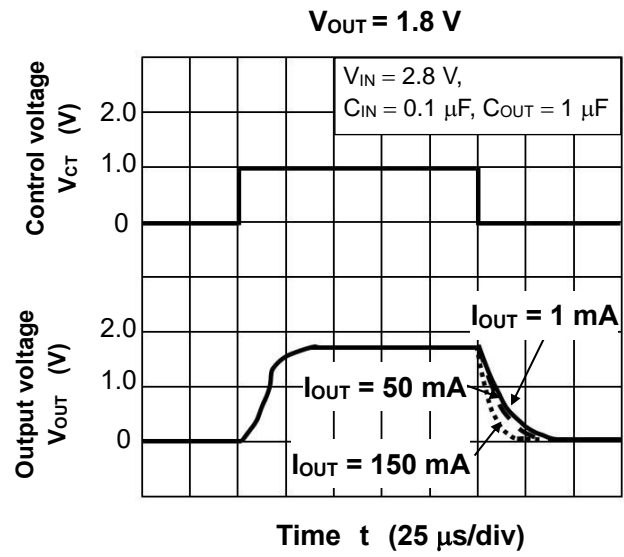
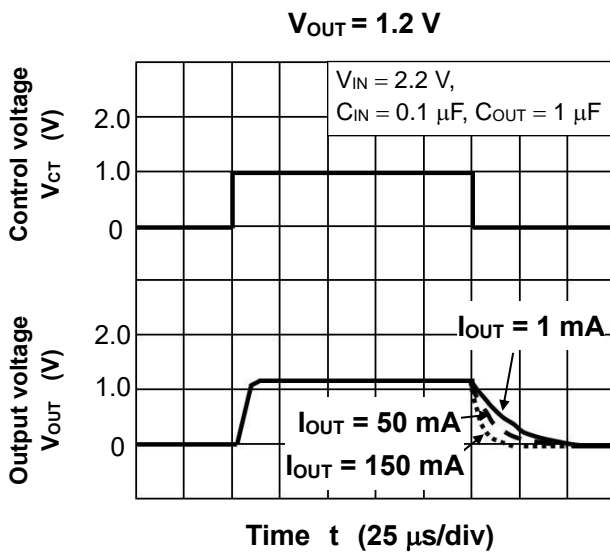
### 7) Output Voltage vs. Output Current



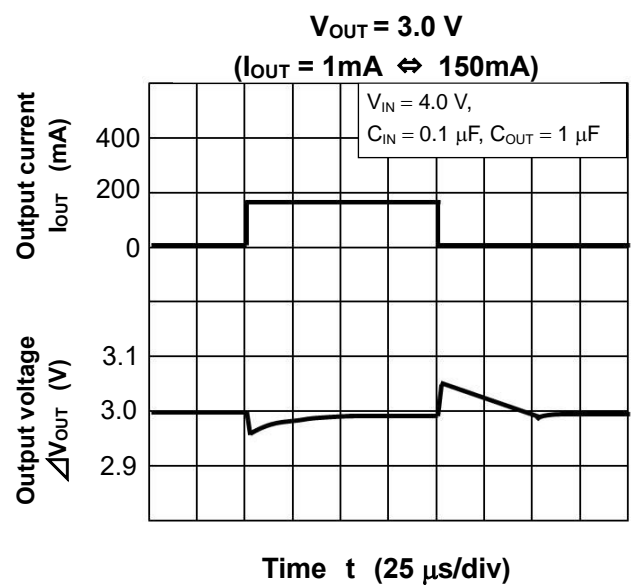
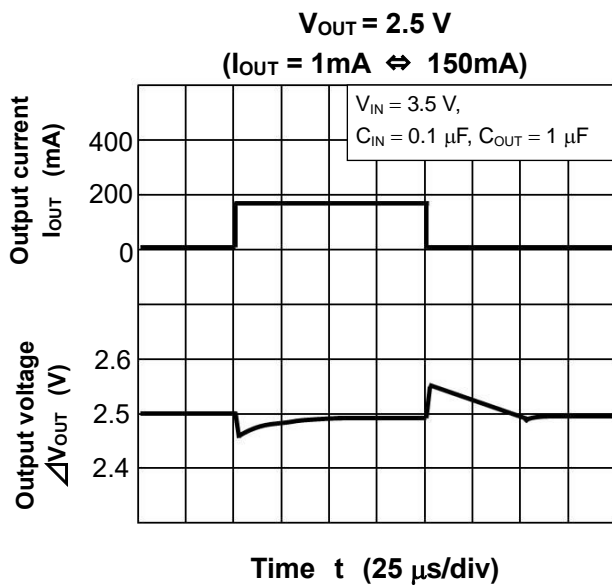
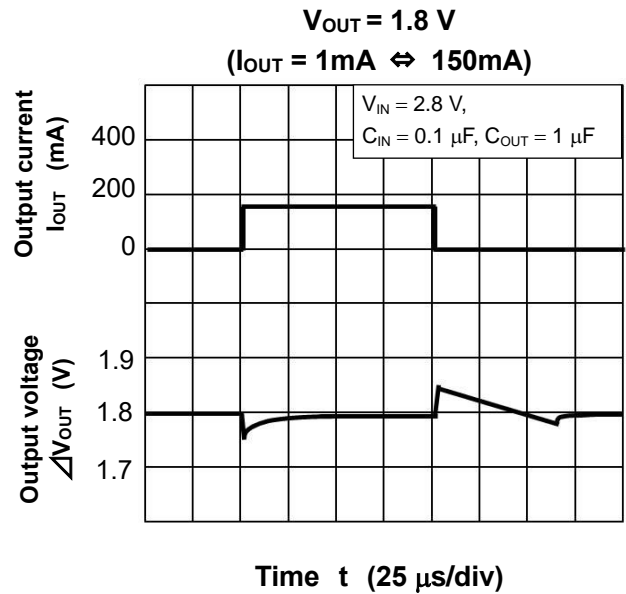
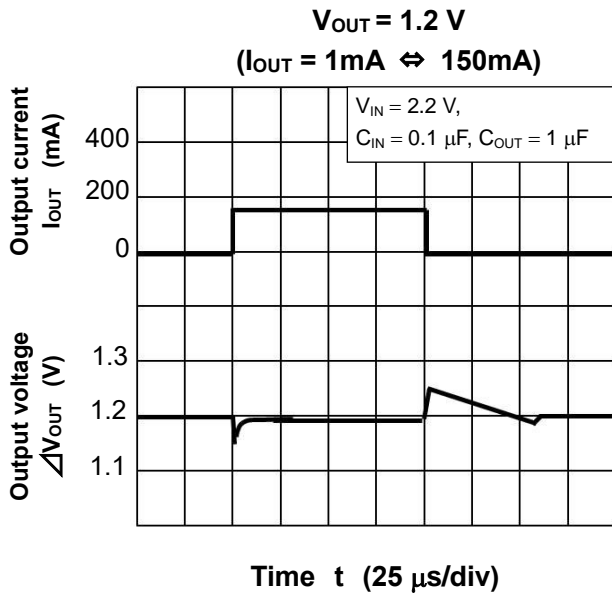
### 8) Ripple Rejection Ratio vs. Frequency



### 9) Control Transient Response



### 10) Load Transient Response

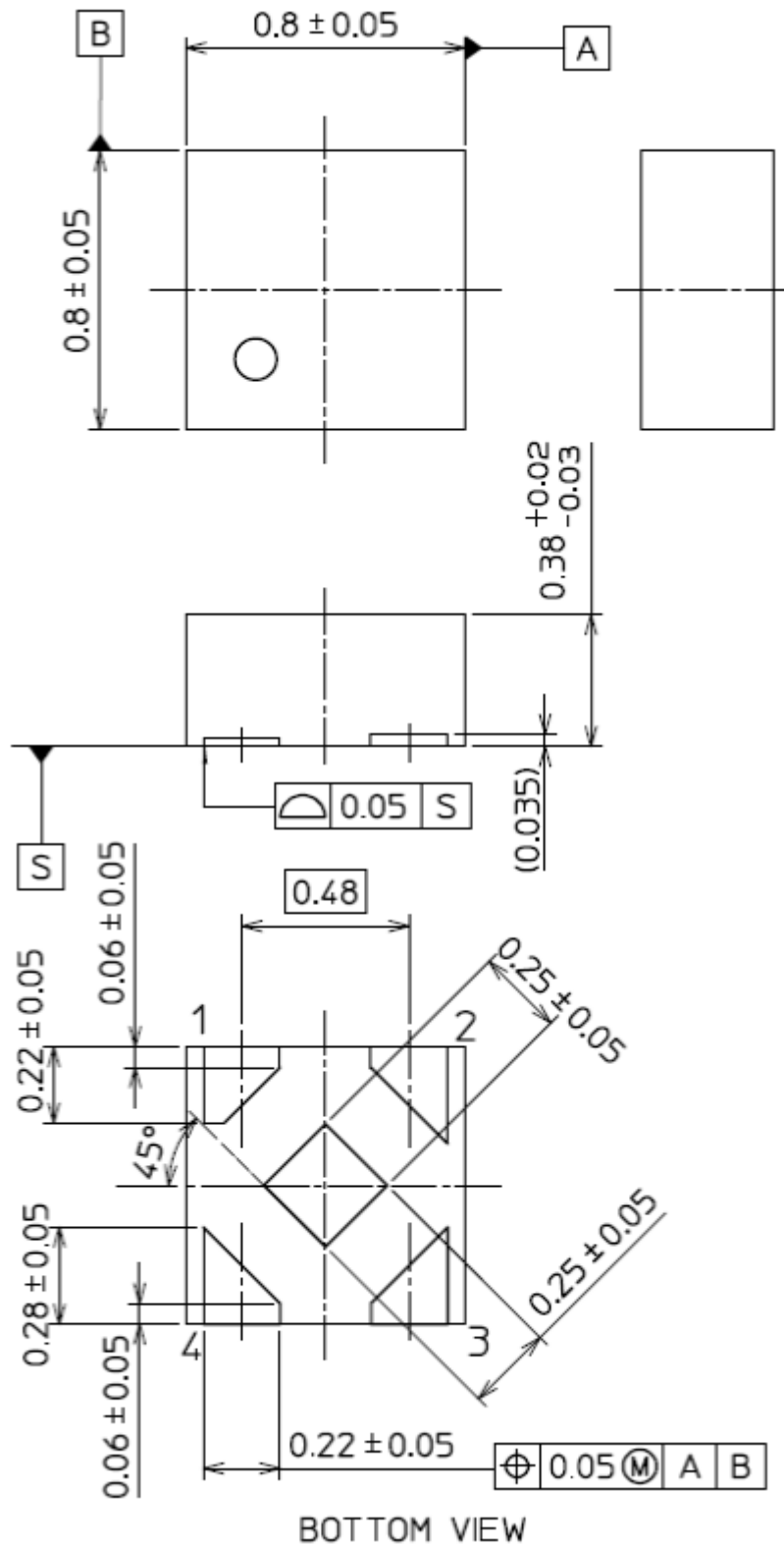


Note: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

### Package Dimensions

SDFN4

Unit: mm



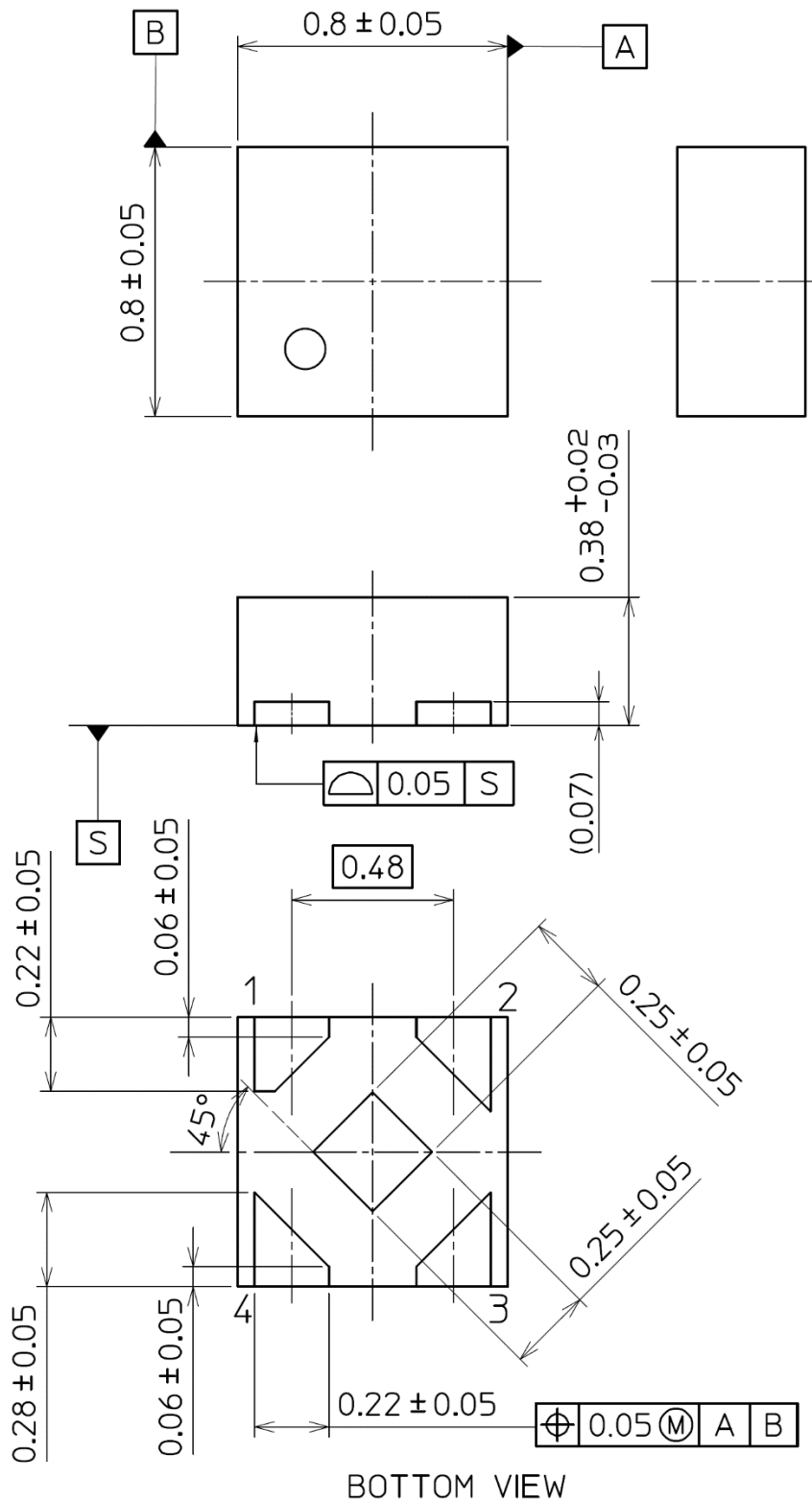
0.04 mm (typ.) unevenness exists along the edges of the back electrode to increase shear after soldering.

Weight : 0.6 mg ( typ.)

### Package Dimensions

SDFN4E

Unit: mm



Weight : 0.6 mg ( typ.)

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