6 Strings 43V White LED Driver

General Description

The RT8569 is a high efficiency driver for white LEDs. It is designed for LCD panels that employ an array of LEDs as the lighting source. An integrated current mode boost controller drives six strings in parallel and support up-to 12 WLEDs per string. The internal current sinks support a maximum of $\pm 2\%$ current mismatching for excellent brightness uniformity in each string of LEDs. To provide enough headroom for current sink operation, the boost controller monitors the minimum voltage of the feedback pins and regulates an optimized output voltage for power efficiency.

The RT8569 has a wide input voltage range from 4.2V to 24V and can provide adjustable LED current from 5mA to 40mA. The internal 200m Ω , 43V power switch with current-mode control provides cycle-by-cycle over current protection. The RT8569 also integrates PWM dimming function for accurate LED current control. The input PWM dimming frequency can operate from 200Hz to 25kHz without inducing any inrush in LED current or inductor current. The switching frequency of the RT8569 is also adjustable from 500kHz to 2MHz, which allows flexibility between efficiency and component size.

The RT8569 is available in a thin WQFN-20L 4x4 package.

Ordering Information

RT8569 🗖 🗖

Package Type
 QW : WQFN-20L 4x4 (W-Type)
 (Exposed Pad-Option 2)

Lead Plating System
 G : Green (Halogen Free and Pb Free)

Note :

Richtek products are :

- RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

Marking Information

EV=YM DNN EV= : Product Code YMDNN : Date Code

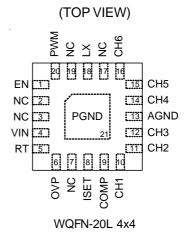
Features

- Wide Input Voltage : 4.2V to 24V
- High Output Voltage : Up to 43V
- Programmable Channel Current : 5mA to 40mA
- Channel Current Regulation with Accuracy ±3% and Matching ±2%
- Dimming Controls : External PWM Input Up to 25 kHz
- Adjustable Switching Frequency : 500kHz to 2MHz
- Build-In Soft-Start
- Protections
 - LED Strings Open Detection
 - Current Limit Protection
 - Programmable Over Voltage Protection
 - Over Temperature Protection
- 20-Lead WQFN Package
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

Applications

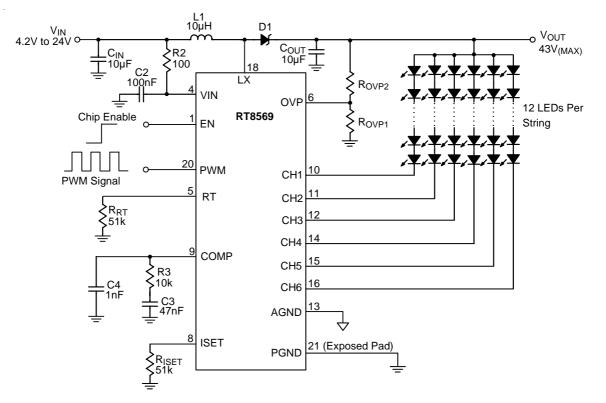
- UMPC and Notebook Computer Backlight
- GPS, Portable DVD Backlight

Pin Configurations





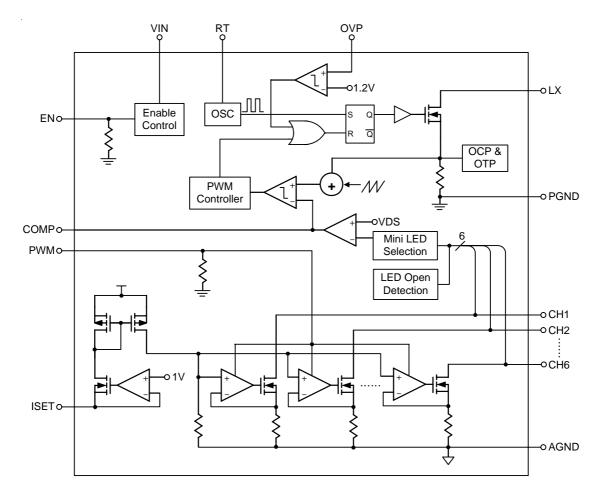
Typical Application Circuit



Functional Pin Description

	•	1			
Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function			
1	EN	Chip Enable (Active High). Note that the pull-low current is typically 3			
2, 3 , 7, 17, 19	NC	No Internal Connection.			
4	VIN	Supply Input.			
5	RT	Frequency Set. Connect a resistor to ground to set the switching frequency of the boost converter.			
6	OVP	Over Voltage Protection. The detecting threshold is 1.2V.			
8	ISET	LED Current Set. LED current is set by the value of the resistor R_{ISET} connected from the ISET pin to ground. Do NOT short the ISET pin to ground. V _{ISET} is typically 1V.			
9	COMP	Compensation for Error Amplifier. Connect a compensation network to ground.			
10 , 11, 12, 14, 15, 16	CH1 to CH6	Current Sink for LED. (Leave the pin unconnected, if not used)			
13	AGND	Analog Ground of LED Driver.			
18	LX	Switching.			
20	PWM	PWM Dimming Control Input.			
21 (Exposed pad)	PGND	Power Ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.			

Function Block Diagram



RT8569



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

VIN to GND	0.3V to 26.5V
• EN, PWM, ISET, COMP, RT to GND	0.3V to 26.5V
• LX to GND	0.3V to 48V
• OVP, (CH1 to CH6) to GND	0.3V to 48V
• Power Dissipation, $P_D @ T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	
WQFN-20L 4x4	- 1.852W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
WQFN–20L 4x4, θ_{JA}	- 54°C/W
WQFN–20L 4x4, θ_{JC}	- 7°C/W
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	- 260°C
Junction Temperature	- 150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to 150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 3)

Supply Input Voltage, VIN	4.2V to 24V
Junction Temperature Range	- –40°C to 125°C
Ambient Temperature Range	 –40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN} = 4.5V, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
System Supply								
VIN Under Voltage Lockout Threshold		V _{UVLO}	V _{IN} Rising		3.8		V	
Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis					0.2		V	
VIN Quiescent Current		I _{VCC}	$V_{COMP} = 0V$, No Switching		1	2	mA	
		I _{VCC_LX}	$V_{COMP} = 2V$, Switching		2	3	mA	
Shutdown Current		I _{SHDN}	$V_{IN}=4.5V,V_{EN}\leq0.8V$			10	μA	
EN, PWM Input	Logic-High	V _{IH}	$V_{IN} = 4.2V$ to 24V	2			V	
Voltage Threshold	Logic-Low	VIL	$V_{IN} = 4.2V$ to 24V			0.8		
LED Current Prog	ramming				•			
LED Current Accur	асу	I _{LEDA}	$2V > V_{CHx} > 0.6V, R_{ISET} = 51k\Omega$	19.4	20	20.6	mA	
LED Current Matching		ILEDM	$\label{eq:linear_state} \begin{array}{l} 2\text{V} > \text{V}_{CHx} > 0.6\text{V}, \ \text{R}_{ISET} = 51\text{k}\Omega, \\ \text{Calculated by} \\ \frac{(\text{I}_{LEDX} - \text{I}_{AVG})}{\text{I}_{AVG}} \times 100\% \end{array}$		±0.5	±2	%	
ISET Pin Voltage		VISET			1		V	
PWM Boost Conv	erter							
Switching Frequency			$R_{RT} = 25k\Omega$		2			
		fosc	$R_{RT} = 51 k\Omega$	0.9	1	1.1	MHz	
			R _{RT} = 100kΩ		0.5			
LX On Resistance (N-MOSFET)		R _{DS(ON)}	VIN > 4.5V		0.2		Ω	

To be continued

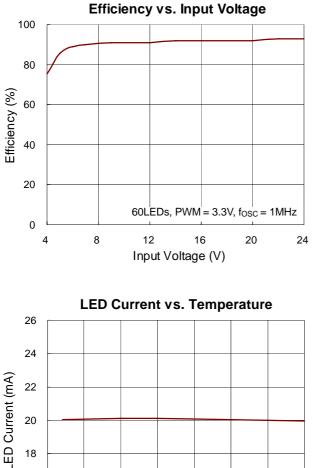
RT8569

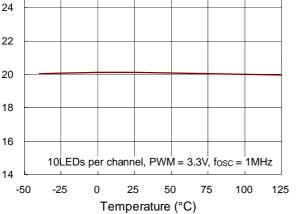
Parameter	Symbol Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Minimum On Time	t _{MON}	f _{OSC} = 1MHz		120		ns	
Maximum Duty	D _{MAX}	COMP = 2V, Switching		94		%	
LX Current Limit	I _{LIM}		1.6	2	2.4	Α	
Regulated V _{CHx}	V _{CHx}	Highest LED String, ILED = 20mA		0.6		V	
Fault Protection							
OVP Threshold	VOVP			1.2		V	
OVP Fail Threshold	V _{OVPF}			50		mV	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T _{SD}			150		°C	
LED Pin Under Voltage Threshold	V _{LSD}	No-connection		60		mV	

- **Note 1.** Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured in natural convection at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board of JEDEC 51-7 thermal measurement standard. The measurement case position of θ_{JC} is on the exposed pad of the package.
- Note 3. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

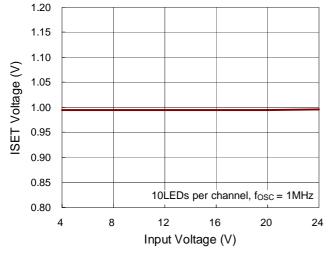


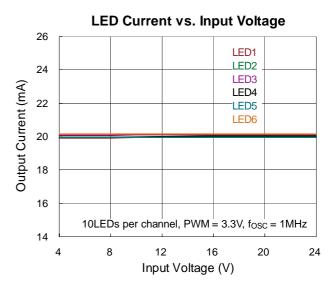
Typical Operating Characteristics



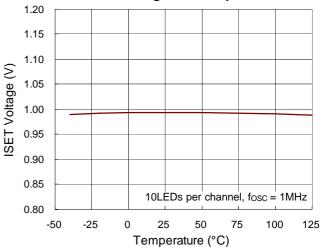




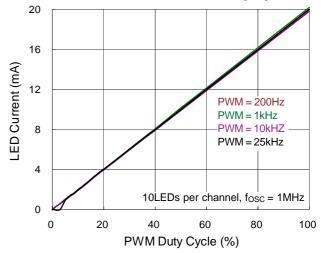


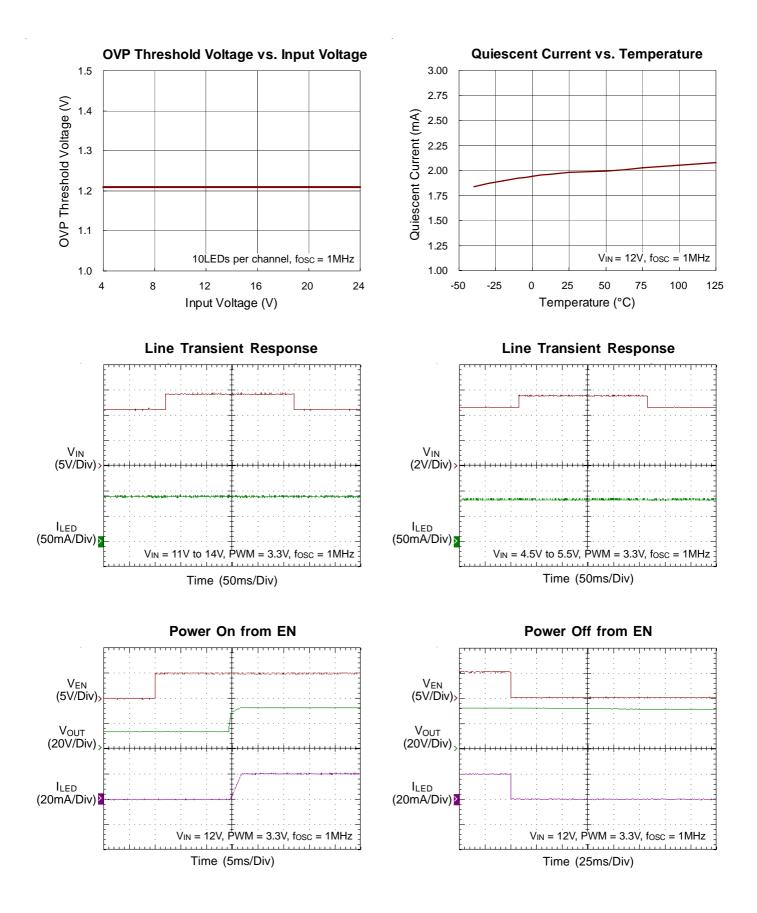


ISET Voltage vs. Temperature



LED Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle





Application Information

The RT8569 is a current mode boost converter capable of powering to 72 white LEDs with a programmable current for uniform intensity. The part integrates current sources, soft-start, and easy analog and digital dimming control. The protection block provides the circuitry for over temperature, over voltage and current limit protection features.

Input UVLO

The input operating voltage range of the RT8569 is from 4.2V to 24V. An input capacitor at the VIN pin can reduce ripple voltage. It is recommended to use a ceramic 10μ F or larger capacitance as the input capacitor. This IC provides an Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) function to enhance the stability during startup. The UVLO threshold of the input rising voltage is set at 3.8V typically with a 0.2V hysteresis.

Soft-Start

The function of the soft-start is defined by two periods. The first period is capped at the peak current limit with the time decided by the ratio of V_{OUT} and V_{IN} . However, an external capacitor, C_{OUT} , can also affect the time of charging. The second period is defined by the slowly ramping of the I_{LED} current by the V_{ISET} voltage. Thus, the inrush current is limited by the boost converter and current regulator.

Compensation

The control loop can be compensated by adjusting the external components connected to the COMP pin. The COMP pin is the output of the internal error amplifier. The compensation capacitors, C3 and C4, will adjust the zero and pole respectively to maintain stability. Moreover, the resistor, R3, will adjust the mid-band gain for fast transient response.

LED Connection

The RT8569 equips 6-CH LED drivers with each channel supporting up to 12 LEDs. The 6 LED strings are connected from VOUT to pin 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, and 16 respectively. If one of the LED channels is not used, the unused LED pin should be opened directly.

Setting and Regulation of LED Current

The LED current can be calculated by the following equation :

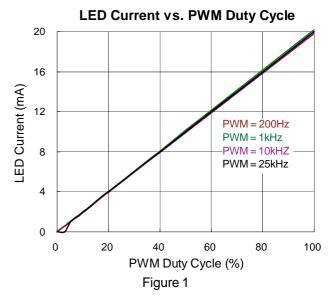
 $I_{\text{LED}} = \frac{1020}{R_{\text{ISET}}}$

where, $R_{\mbox{\scriptsize ISET}}$ is the resistor between the ISET pin and GND.

This setting is the reference for the LED current at CH1 to CH6 and represents the sensed LED current for each string. The DC/DC converter regulates the LED current according to the setting.

Brightness Control

The RT8569 brightness dimming is determined by the signal on the PWM pin with a suggested PWM frequency range from 200Hz to 25kHz. Referring to the following curve, the minimum dimming duty can be as low as 1% for the frequency range from 200Hz to 1kHz. For the frequency range from 1kHz to 10kHz, the dimming duty is at most 5%. If the frequency is increased to 25kHz, the dimming duty will be up to 10%.



Over Voltage Protection

The RT8569 equips an Over Voltage Protection (OVP) function. When the voltage at the OVP pin reaches a threshold of approximately 1.2V, the MOSFET driver turns off. The MOSFET driver turns on again once the voltage at OVP drops below the threshold voltage. Thus, the

output voltage can be clamped at a certain voltage level. This voltage level can be calculated by the following equation :

$$V_{OUT, OVP} = V_{OVP} \times (\frac{1 + R_{OVP2}}{R_{OVP1}})$$

where R_{OVP1} and R_{OVP2} are the resistors in the voltage divider connected to the OVP pin. If at least one string is in normal operation, the controller will automatically ignore the open strings and continue to regulate the current for the string (s) in normal operation.

Current Limit Protection

The RT8569 can limit the peak current to achieve over current protection. The RT8569 senses the inductor current through LX pin in the ON period. The duty cycle depends on the current sense signal summed with the internal slope compensation and compared to the COMP signal. The internal N-MOSFET will be turned off when the current signal is larger than the COMP signal. In the OFF period, the inductor current will descend. The internal MOSFET is turned on by the oscillator in the next starting cycle.

Over Temperature Protection

The RT8569 has an Over Temperature Protection (OTP) function to prevent excessive power dissipation from overheating the device. The OTP will shut down switching operation when the junction temperature exceeds 150°C.

Inductor Selection

The value of the output inductor (L), where the transition from discontinuous to continuous mode occurs is approximated by the following equation :

$$L = \frac{(V_{OUT} - V_{IN}) \times V_{IN}^{2}}{2 \times I_{OUT} \times f \times V_{OUT}^{2}}$$

where,

V_{OUT} = maximum output voltage.

V_{IN} = minimum input voltage.

f = operating frequency.

 I_{OUT} = sum of current from all LED strings.

 $\boldsymbol{\eta}$ is the efficiency of the power converter.

The boost converter operates in discontinuous mode over the entire input voltage range when the L1 inductor value is less than this value L. With an inductance greater than L, the converter operates in continuous mode at the minimum input voltage and may be discontinuous at higher voltages.

The selected inductor must be selected with saturation current rating greater than the peak current provided by the following equation :

$$I_{\text{PEAK}} = (\frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times I_{\text{OUT}}}{\eta \text{ x } V_{\text{IN}}}) + (\frac{V_{\text{IN}} \times T}{2 \times L}) \times (\frac{V_{\text{OUT}} - V_{\text{IN}}}{V_{\text{OUT}}})$$

Diode Selection

Schottky diode is a good choice for any asynchronous boost converter due to its small forward voltage and fast switching Speed. However, when selecting a Schottky diode, important parameters such as power dissipation, reverse voltage rating and pulsating peak current must all be taken into consideration. Choose a suitable diode with reverse voltage rating greater than the maximum output voltage.

Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor reduces current spikes from the input supply and minimizes noise injection to the converter. For most applications, a 10μ F ceramic capacitor is sufficient. A value higher or lower may be used depending on the noise level from the input supply and the input current to the converter. It is recommended to choose a ceramic capacitor based on the output voltage ripple requirements. The minimum value of the output capacitor C_{OUT}, can be calulated by the following equation :

$$C_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUT} - V_{IN}) \times I_{OUT}}{\eta \times V_{RIPPLE} \times V_{OUT} \times f}$$

Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula :

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{MAX})} = \left(\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}(\mathsf{MAX})} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}\right) / \theta_{\mathsf{JA}}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.



For recommended operating condition specifications of the RT8569, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C and T_A is the ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For WQFN-20L 4x4 packages, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 54°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at T_A = 25°C can be calculated by the following formula :

 $P_{D(MAX)}$ = ($125^{\circ}C$ – $25^{\circ}C)$ / (54°C /W) = 1.852W for WQFN-20L 4x4 package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . For the RT8569 package, the derating curve in Figure 2 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

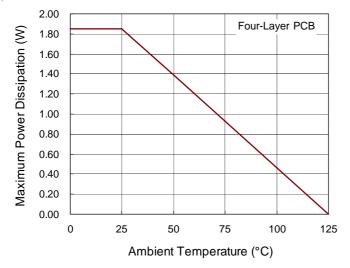


Figure 2. Derating Curve for RT8569 Package

Layout Considerations

PCB layout is very important for designing switching power converter circuits. The following layout guides should be strictly followed for best performance of the RT8569.

- The power components L1, D1, C_{IN}, C_{OUT} must be placed as close to the IC as possible to reduce current loop. The PCB trace between power components must be as short and wide as possible.
- Place L1 and D1 as close to the LX pin as possible. The trace should be as short and wide as possible.
- The compensation circuit should be kept away from the power loops and shielded with a ground trace to prevent any noise coupling. Place the compensation components as close to the COMP pin as possible.
- The exposed pad of the chip should be connected to ground plane for thermal consideration.

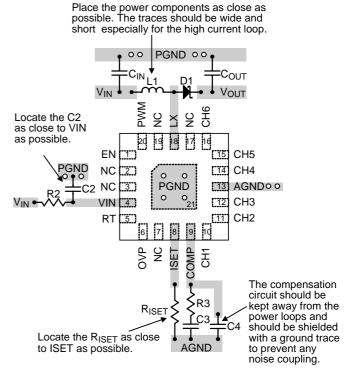
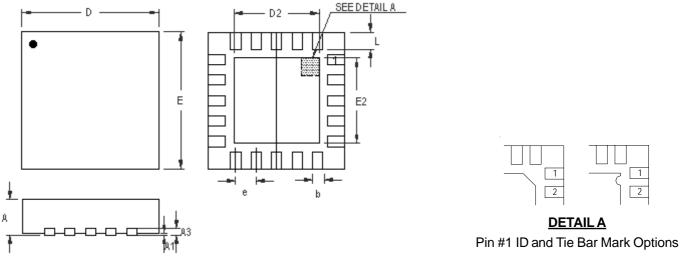


Figure 3. PCB Layout Guide

Outline Dimension



Note : The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol		Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	
	А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
	A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
	A3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
	b	0.150	0.300	0.006	0.012	
D		3.900	4.100	0.154	0.161	
D2	Option 1	2.650	2.750	0.104	0.108	
	Option 2	2.100	2.200	0.083	0.087	
	E	3.900	4.100	0.154	0.161	
F 2	Option 1	2.650	2.750	0.104	0.108	
E2	Option 2	2.100	2.200	0.083	0.087	
е		0.500		0.020		
L		0.350	0.450	0.014	0.018	

W-Type 20L QFN 4x4 Package

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