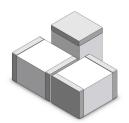
#### **Description**

Gas discharge Tubes (GDT) are classical components for protecting the installations of the telecommunications. It is essential that IT and telecommunications systems -with their high-grade but sensitive electronic circuits - be protected by arresters.

The 1812 series GDT offers high surge ratings in a miniature package. It's designed for surface mounting on PCB with small size 4.5x3.2x2.7mm. Low insertion loss is perfectly suited to broadband equipment applications. The capacitance does not vary with voltage, and will not cause operational problems with ADSL2+, where capacitance variation across Tip and Ring is undesirable. These devices are extremely robust and are able to divert a 500A pulse in a miniature package 1812 without destruction.



#### **Schematic Symbol**



### **Features**

- ♦ Non-Radioactive
- ♦ RoHS compliant
- ◆ Ultra low capacitance (<1.0 pF)
- UL recognized
- Excellent response to fast rising transients
- 2KA surge capability tested with 8/20µs pulse as defined by IEC 61000-4-5
- ♦ Square Outline

#### **Applications**

- Communication equipment
- CATV equipment
- Test equipment
- Data lines
- Power supplies
- ◆ Telecom SLIC protection
- Broadband equipment
- ADSL equipment, including ADSL2+
- XDSL equipment
- ◆ Satellite and CATV equipment
- General telecom equipment
- ♦ ESD protection

## **Product Characteristics**

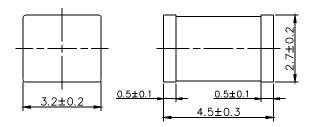
Materials	Dull Tin-plated
Product Marking	Without
Storage and Operational Temperature	-40 to +90°C
Weight	~180mg
Climatic category (IEC 60068-1)	40/ 90/ 21

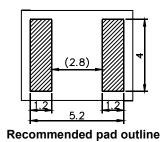
# KBA091N THRU KBA601N

Gas Discharge Tube

Datasheet

## **Device Dimensions** (Unit: mm)





## **Electrical Characteristics**

Part Number	DC Spark-over Voltage	Maximum Impulse Spark-over Voltage		Minimum Insulation Resistance	Maximum Capacitance	Arc Voltage	Nominal Impulse Discharge Current
	@100V/S	@100V/µs	@1KV/μs		@1MHz	@1A	@8/20μs ±5 times
KBA091N	90V±20%	<600V	<700V	1 GΩ (at 50V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA151N	150V±20%	<600V	<700V	1 GΩ (at 50V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA201N	200V±20%	<600V	<750V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA231N	230V±20%	<600V	<750V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA301N	300V±20%	<800V	<900V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA351N	350V±20%	<800V	<900V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA401N	400V±20%	<900V	<1000V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA421N	420V±20%	<900V	<1000V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA471N	470V±20%	<900V	<1000V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA
KBA601N	600V±20%	<1100V	<1200V	1 GΩ (at 100V DC)	<1.0pF	~15V	2 KA

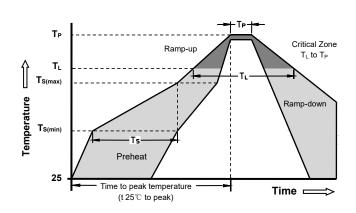
#### Notes

- 1. Terms in accordance with ITU-T K.12 and GB/T 9043-2008
- 2. At delivery AQL 0.65 level  $\,\mathrm{II}$  , DIN ISO 2859

## **Electrical Rating**

Item	Test Condition / Description	Requirement
DC Spark-over Voltage	The voltage is measured with a slowly rate of rise dv / dt=100V/s	
Impulse Spark-over Voltage	The maximum impulse spark-over voltage is measured with a rise time of dv / dt=100V//µs or 1KV/µs	
Insulation Resistance	The resistance of gas tube shall be measured each terminal each other terminal, please see above spec.	
Capacitance	The capacitance of gas tube shall be measured each terminal to each other terminal.  Test frequency :1MHz	
Nominal Impulse Discharge Current	The maximum current applying a waveform of 8/20µs that can be applied across the terminals of the gas tube. One hour after the test is completed, re-testing of the DC spark-over voltage does not exceed ±30% of the nominal DC spark-over voltage. Dwell time between pulses is 3 minutes.	To meet the specified value

## Recommended soldering profile



Reflow Condition		Pb - Free assembly	
-Temperature Min (T <sub>s(min)</sub> )		150°C	
Pre Heat	-Temperature Max (T <sub>s(max)</sub> )	200°C	
	- Time (min to max) (t <sub>s</sub> )	60 -180 Seconds	
Average ramp up rate ( Liquidus Temp $T_L$ ) to peak		3°C/second max	
T <sub>S(max)</sub> to TL - Ramp-up Rate		5°C/second max	
Reflow	- Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> ) (Liquidus)	217°C	
	- Time (min to max) (t <sub>s</sub> )	60 -150 Seconds	
Peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )		260 +0/-5°C	
Time within 5°C of actual peak Temperature (t <sub>p</sub> )		10 - 30 Seconds	
Ramp-down Rate		6°C/second max	
Time 25°C to peak Temperature (T <sub>P</sub> )		8 minutes Max	
Do not exceed		260°C	