

March 1998



## 100324

### Low Power Hex TTL-to-ECL Translator

#### General Description

The 100324 is a hex translator, designed to convert TTL logic levels to 100K ECL logic levels. The inputs are compatible with standard or Schottky TTL. A common Enable (E), when LOW, holds all inverting outputs HIGH and holds all true outputs LOW. The differential outputs allow each circuit to be used as an inverting/non-inverting translator, or as a differential line driver. The output levels are voltage compensated over the full -4.2V to -5.7V range.

When the circuit is used in the differential mode, the 100324, due to its high common mode rejection, overcomes voltage gradients between the TTL and ECL ground systems. The  $V_{EE}$  and  $V_{TTL}$  power may be applied in either order.

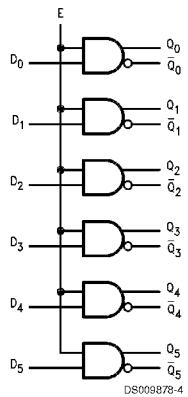
The 100324 is pin and function compatible with the 100124 with similar AC performance, but features power dissipation roughly half of the 100124 to ease system cooling requirements.

#### Features

- Pin/function compatible with 100124
- Meets 100124 AC specifications
- 50% power reduction of the 100124
- Differential outputs
- 2000V ESD protection
- -4.2V to -5.7V operating range
- Available to MIL-STD-883
- Available to industrial grade temperature range

#### Ordering Code:

#### Logic Diagram

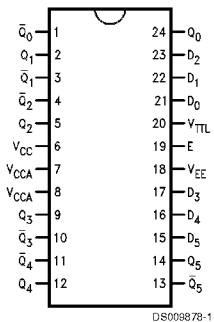


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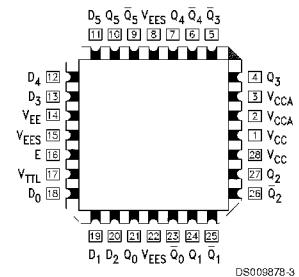
Pin Names	Description
D <sub>0</sub> -D <sub>5</sub>	Data Inputs
E	Enable Input
Q <sub>0</sub> -Q <sub>5</sub>	Data Outputs
Q-bar <sub>0</sub> -Q-bar <sub>5</sub>	Complementary Data Outputs

## Connection Diagrams

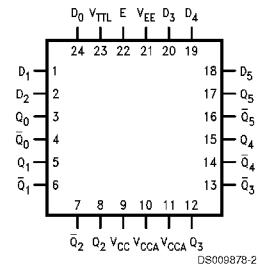
**24-Pin DIP/SOIC**



**28-Pin PCC**



**24-Pin Quad Cerpak**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Above which the useful life may be impaired.

Storage Temperature ( $T_{STG}$ )	-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ )	
Ceramic	+175°C
Plastic	+150°C
$V_{EE}$ Pin Potential to Ground Pin	-7.0V to +0.5V
$V_{TTL}$ Pin Potential to Ground Pin	-0.5V to +6.0V
Input Voltage (DC)	-0.5V to +6.0V
Output Current (DC Output HIGH)	-50 mA
ESD (Note 2)	≥2000V

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature ( $T_C$ )	
Commercial	0°C to +85°C
Industrial	-40°C to +85°C
Military	-55°C to +125°C
Supply Voltage ( $V_{EE}$ )	-5.7V to -4.2V

**Note 1:** Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

**Note 2:** ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

## Commercial Version

### DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 3)

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $T_C = 0^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-955	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1705	-1620		Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{OHC}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035			mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Min) or $V_{IL}$ (Max)
$V_{OLC}$	Output LOW Voltage			-1610		Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0		5.0	V	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	0		0.8	V	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs
$V_{CD}$	Input Clamp Diode Voltage	-1.2			V	$I_{IN} = -18\text{ mA}$
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current Data Enable			20 120	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = +2.4V$ , All Other Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$
	Input HIGH Current Breakdown Test, All Inputs			1.0	mA	$V_{IN} = +5.5V$ , All Other Inputs = $GND$
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current Data Enable	-0.9 -5.4			mA	$V_{IN} = +0.4V$ , All Other Inputs $V_{IN} = V_{IH}$
$I_{EE}$	$V_{EE}$ Power Supply Current	-70	-45	-22	mA	All Inputs $V_{IN} = +4.0V$
$I_{TTL}$	$V_{TTL}$ Power Supply Current		25	38	mA	All Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$

**Note 3:** The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

### DIP AC Electric Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0^\circ C$		$T_C = +25^\circ C$		$T_C = +85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay Data and Enable to Output	0.50	3.00	0.50	2.90	0.50	3.00	ns	<i>Figures 1, 2</i>
$t_{TTL}$	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.45	1.80	0.45	1.80	0.45	1.80	ns	

## SOIC, PCC and Cerpak AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0^\circ C$		$T_C = +25^\circ C$		$T_C = +85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay Data and Enable to Output	0.50	2.80	0.50	2.70	0.50	2.80	ns	Figures 1, 2
$t_{TLL}$	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.45	1.70	0.45	1.70	0.45	1.70	ns	
$t_{OSHL}$	Maximum Skew Common Edge Output-to-Output Variation Data to Output Path			0.95		0.95		ns	PCC Only (Note 4)
$t_{OSLH}$	Maximum Skew Common Edge Output-to-Output Variation Data to Output Path			0.70		0.70		ns	PCC Only (Note 4)
$t_{OST}$	Maximum Skew Opposite Edge Output-to-Output Variation Data to Output Path			1.60		1.60		ns	PCC Only (Note 4)
$t_{PS}$	Maximum Skew Pin (Signal) Transition Variation Data to Output Path			1.20		1.20		ns	PCC Only (Note 4)

**Note 4:** Output-to-Output Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any outputs within the same packaged device. The specifications apply to any outputs switching in the same direction either HIGH to LOW ( $t_{OSHL}$ ), or LOW to HIGH ( $t_{OSLH}$ ), or in opposite directions both HL and LH ( $t_{OST}$ ). Parameters  $t_{OST}$  and  $t_{PS}$  guaranteed by design.

## Industrial Version

### PCC DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 5)

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $T_C = -40^\circ C$  to  $+85^\circ C$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -40^\circ C$		$T_C = 0^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions	
		Min	Max	Min	Max			
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1085	-870	-1025	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(\text{Max})}$	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1575	-1830	-1620		$V_{IN} = V_{IL(\text{Min})}$	
$V_{OHC}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1095		-1035		mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH(\text{Min})}$	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{OLC}$	Output LOW Voltage		-1565		-1610		$V_{IN} = V_{IL(\text{Max})}$	
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	V	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	0	0.8	0	0.8	V	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs	
$V_{CD}$	Input Clamp Diode Voltage	-1.2		-1.2		V	$I_{IN} = -18\text{ mA}$	
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current Data		20		20	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = +2.4V$ ,	All Other Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$
	Enable		120		120		All Other Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$	
$I_{IL}$	Input HIGH Current Breakdown Test, All Inputs		1.0		1.0	$mA$	$V_{IN} = +5.5V$ ,	All Other Inputs = GND
	Input LOW Current Data	-0.9		-0.9		$mA$	$V_{IN} = +0.4V$ ,	
$I_{EE}$	$V_{EE}$ Power Supply Current	-70	-22	-70	-22	$mA$	All Inputs $V_{IN} = +4.0V$	
$I_{TTL}$	$V_{TTL}$ Power Supply Current	38		38		$mA$	All Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$	

**Note 5:** The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

## PCC AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_c = -40^\circ C$		$T_c = +25^\circ C$		$T_c = +85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay Data and Enable to Output	0.50	2.80	0.50	2.70	0.50	2.80	ns	<i>Figures 1, 2</i>
$t_{TLH}$	Transition Times 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.35	1.80	0.45	1.70	0.45	1.70	ns	<i>Figures 1, 2</i>

## Military Version

### DC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $T_c = -55^\circ C$  to  $+125^\circ C$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	$T_c$	Conditions		Notes	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-870	mV	0°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with 50Ω to -2.0V	(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
		-1085	-870	mV	-55°C				
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1620	mV	0°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with 50Ω to -2.0V	(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
		-1830	-1555	mV	-55°C				
$V_{OHC}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035		mV	0°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with 50Ω to -2.0V	(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
		-1085		mV	-55°C				
$V_{OLC}$	Output LOW Voltage		-1610	mV	0°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with 50Ω to -2.0V	(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
			-1555	mV	-55°C				
$V_{IH}$	Input HIGH Voltage	2.0	5.0	V	-55°C to +125°C	Over $V_{TTL}$ , $V_{EE}$ , $T_c$ Range		(Notes 6, 7, 8, 9)	
$V_{IL}$	Input LOW Voltage	0.0	0.8	V	-55°C to +125°C	Over $V_{TTL}$ , $V_{EE}$ , $T_c$ Range		(Notes 6, 7, 8, 9)	
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current Breakdown Test		20	μA	-55°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = +2.7V$		(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
			100	μA	-55°C to +125°C				
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current Data Enable	-0.9	-5.4	mA	-55°C to +125°C	$V_{IN} = +0.4V$		(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
$V_{FCD}$	Input Clamp Diode Voltage		-1.2	V	-55°C to +125°C	$I_{IN} = -18\text{ mA}$		(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
$I_{EE}$	$V_{EE}$ Power Supply Current	-70	-22	mA	-55°C to +125°C	All Inputs $V_{IN} = +4.0V$		(Notes 6, 7, 8)	
$I_{TTL}$	$V_{TTL}$ Power Supply Current		38	mA	-55°C to +125°C	All Inputs $V_{IN} = GND$		(Notes 6, 7, 8)	

**Note 6:** F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals  $-55^\circ C$ ), then testing immediately without allowing for the junction temperature to stabilize due to heat dissipation after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

**Note 7:** Screen tested 100% on each device at  $-55^\circ C$ ,  $+25^\circ C$ , and  $+125^\circ C$ , Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

**Note 8:** Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at  $-55^\circ C$ ,  $+25^\circ C$ , and  $+125^\circ C$ , Subgroups A1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

**Note 9:** Guaranteed by applying specified input condition and testing  $V_{OH}/V_{OL}$ .

## AC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ ,  $V_{TTL} = +4.5V$  to  $+5.5V$

Symbol	Parameter	$T_c = -55^\circ C$		$T_c = +25^\circ C$		$T_c = +125^\circ C$		Units	Conditions	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
$t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay Data and Enable to Output	0.50	3.00	0.50	2.90	0.30	3.30	ns	<i>Figures 1, 2</i>	(Notes 10, 11, 12)
$t_{TLH}$	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	0.35	1.80	0.45	1.80	0.45	1.80	ns		

**Note 10:** F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals  $-55^\circ C$ ), then testing immediately after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

**Note 11:** Screen tested 100% on each device at  $+25^\circ C$  temperature only, Subgroup A9.

**Note 12:** Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at  $+25^\circ C$ , Subgroup A9, and at  $+125^\circ C$  and  $-55^\circ C$  temperatures, Subgroups A10 and A11.

## AC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Note 13: Not tested at +25°C, +125°C, and -55°C temperature (design characterization data).

### Switching Waveform

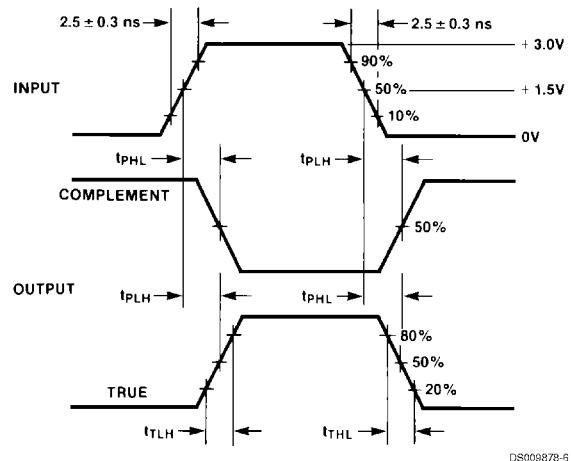
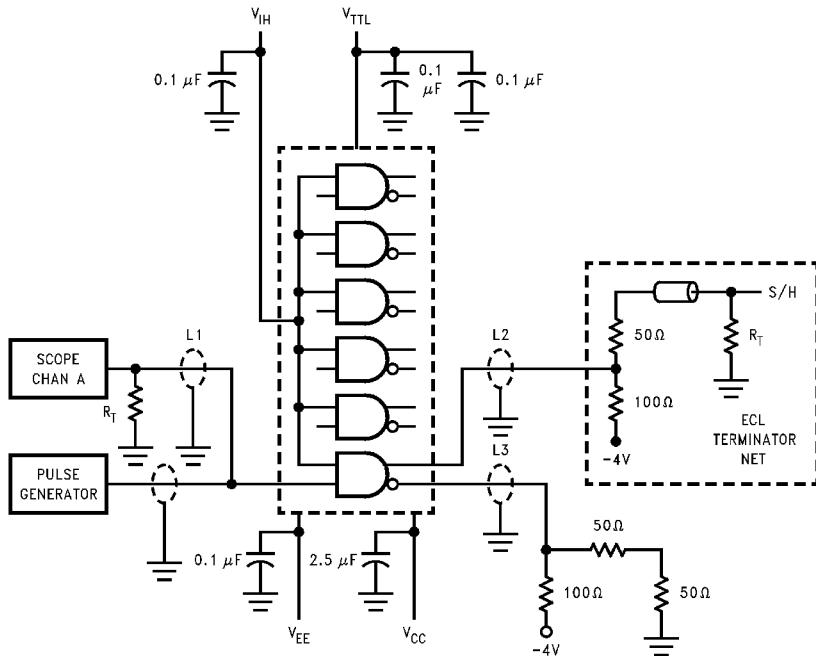


FIGURE 1. Propagation Delay and Transition Times

## Test Circuit



### Note:

$V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{CCA}$  = 0V,  $V_{EE}$  = -4.5V,  $V_{TTL}$  = +5.0V,  $V_{IH}$  = +3.0V

$L_1$ ,  $L_2$  and  $L_3$  = equal length 50Ω impedance lines

$R_T$  = 50Ω terminator internal to scope

Decoupling 0.1 μF from GND to  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{EE}$  and  $V_{TTL}$

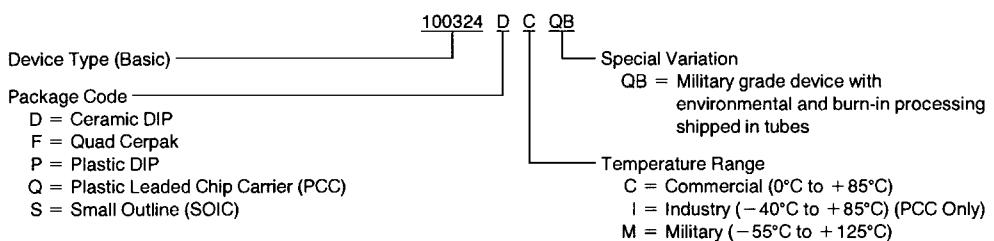
All unused outputs are loaded with 50Ω to -2V or with equivalent ECL terminator network

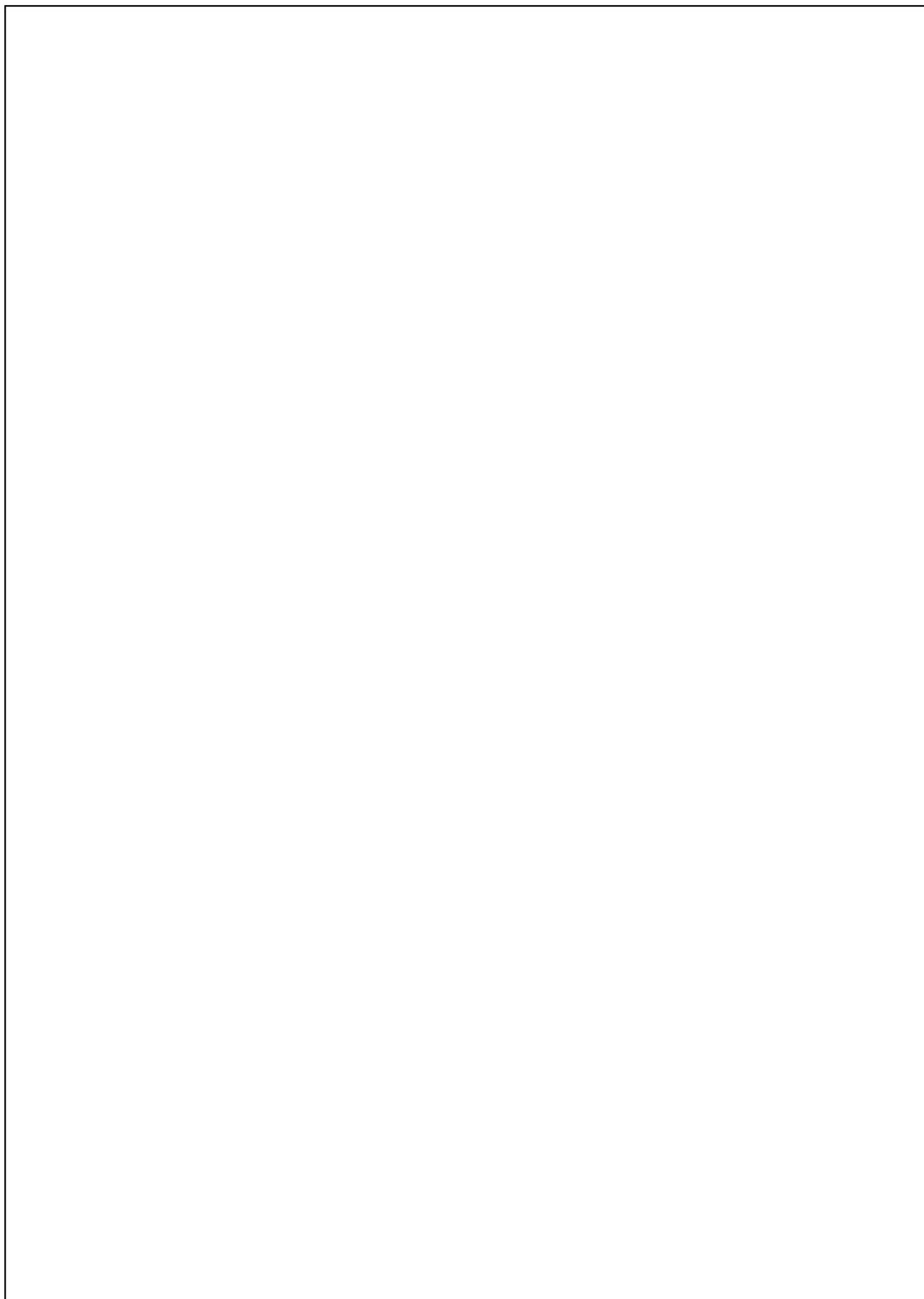
$C_L$  = Fixture and stray capacitance  $\leq 3$  pF

FIGURE 2. AC Test Circuit

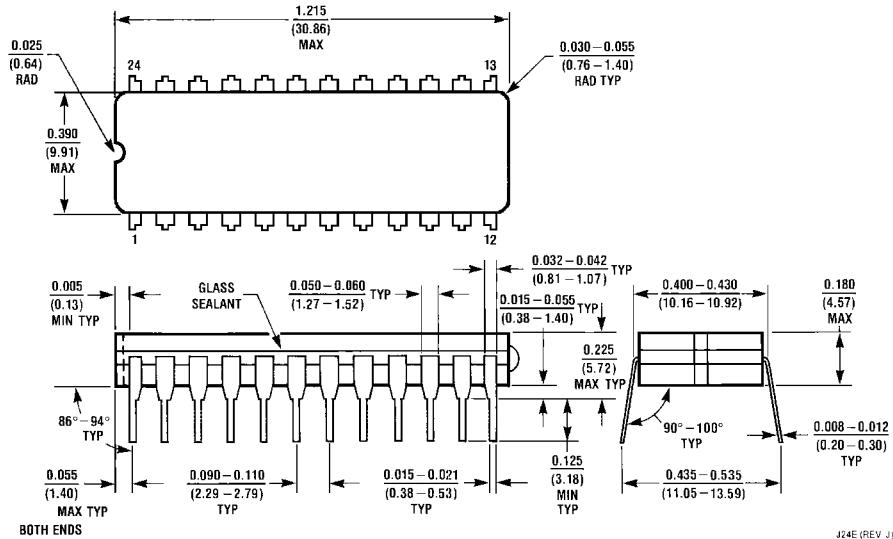
## Ordering Information

The device number is used to form part of a simplified purchasing code where a package type and temperature range are defined as follows:

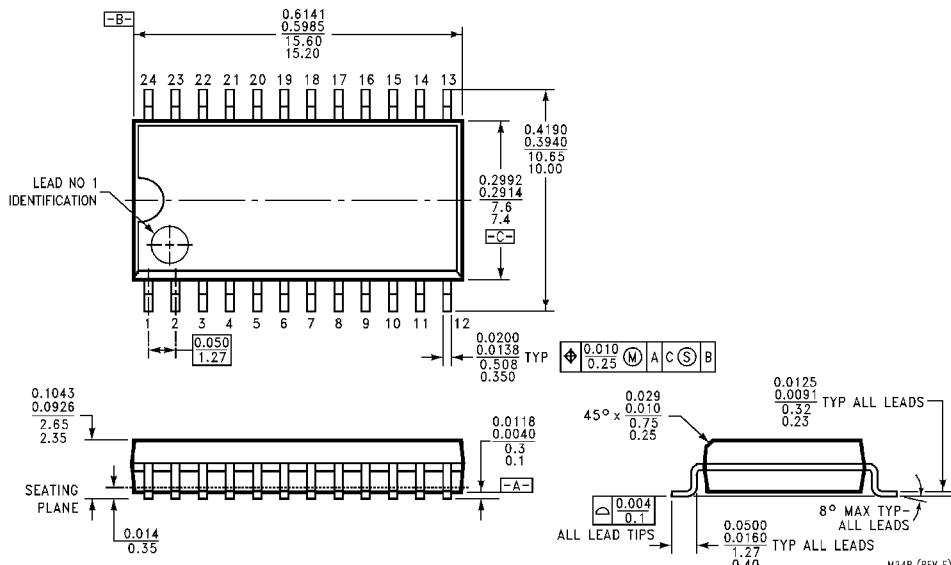




## **Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

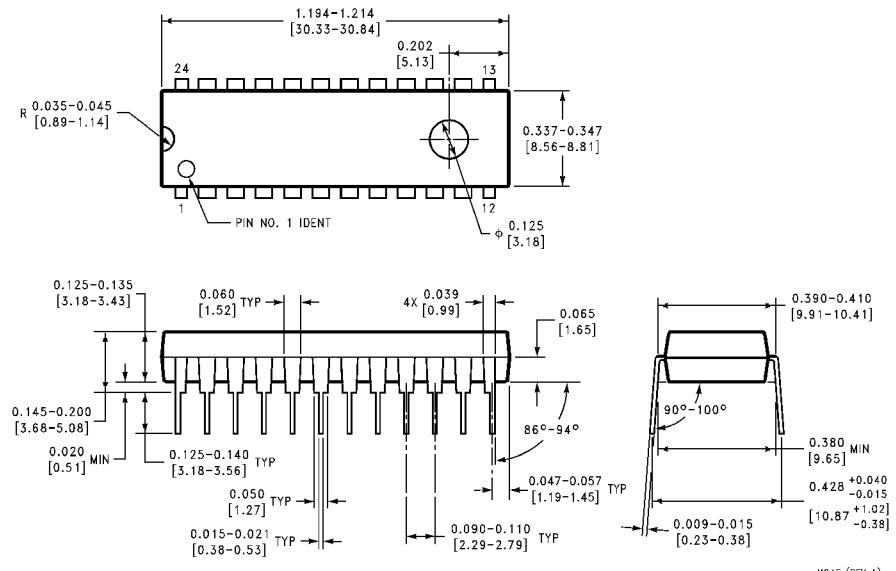


**24-Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (0.400" Wide) (D)  
Package Number J24E**



**24-Lead Molded Package (0.300" Wide) (S)  
Package Number M24B**

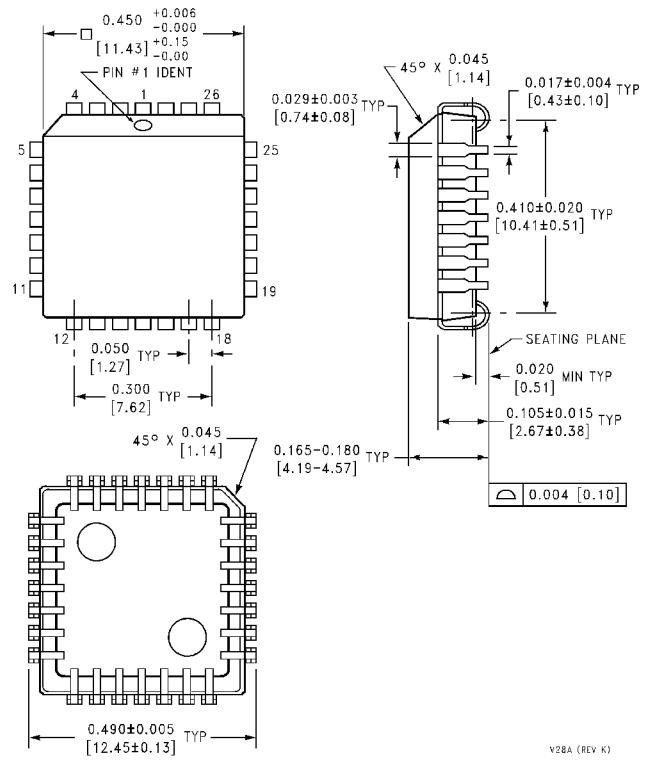
**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (P)  
Package Number N24E

N24E (REV A)

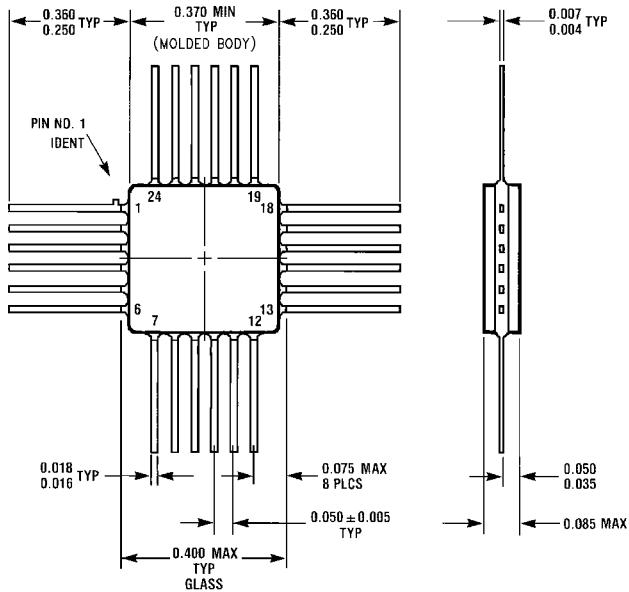
**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



28-Lead Plastic Chip Carrier (Q)  
Package Number V28A

## 100324 Low Power Hex TTL-to-ECL Translator

### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



W24B (REV D)

**24 Lead Quad Cerpak (F)  
Package Number W24B**

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