



FEATURES

- DC input range: 57.6-160V (Covers 96V and 110V input range)
- Encapsulated circuitry for optimal thermal/vibration performance
- Meet requirements of EN50155
- Size: 61.0mm X 57.9mm X 12.7mm (2.4" X 2.28" X 0.5")
- Industry standard pinout options
- 5 sided metal shielding for improved EMI performance
- Fixed Frequency operation, simplifies input filter design
- Hiccup output over current protection (OCP)
- Latch mode output over voltage protection (OVP)
- Over Temperature Protection (OTP)
- No Minimum Load Required
- Tested to EN61373 for Mechanical Shock and vibration
- Meets EN60068 Damp Heat & Dry Heat requirements
- Extensive reliability qualification, see Page 24 for details

SAFETY FEATURES

- Reinforced insulation
- 3000Vrms input to output isolation
- UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1
- IEC 60950-1
- RoHS compliant



Encapsulated Half-Brick 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (A)	Input Voltage (V)
5	30	110
12	12.5	110
24	6.25	110

Optimized for harsh environments in industrial/railway applications, the IRH DC-DC converter series offer regulated outputs in an industry-standard half brick fully encased package.

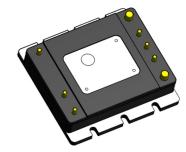
PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The IRH series delivers the latest technology in fixed frequency power conversion designed for Industrial/railway applications. The IRH series delivers 5V, 12V or 24Vout from an input voltage range of 57.6V – 160V with reinforced I/O galvanic I/O isolation rated at 3,000Vrms. The Half Brick, industry standard packaging offers options for electrical connections & mounting for thermal management in your latest system designs.

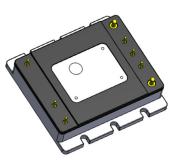
The IRH series is designed for the highest reliability, incorporating the latest circuit technologies along with proprietary

packaging & thermal management techniques to deliver a product that meets critical environmental requirements for Industrial & Railway applications. The modules incorporate many features to protect the power module from fault conditions and also expensive end use equipment. Protection features include input under voltage lockout, output overvoltage protection, output current limit, short circuit (hiccup mode) and over temperature shutdown.

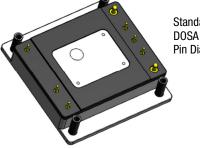
Available options include various pin lengths, pin functions and baseplate cooling options.



Slotted / Flanged Baseplate "V" Option Pins / Pinout Pin Diameter: 0.080/ 0.15



Slotted / Flanged Baseplate DOSA Pins / Pinout Pin Diameter: 0.040 / 0.080



Standard Baseplate DOSA Pins / Pinout Pin Diameter: 0.040 / 0.080







To Be Discontinued *

IRH Series

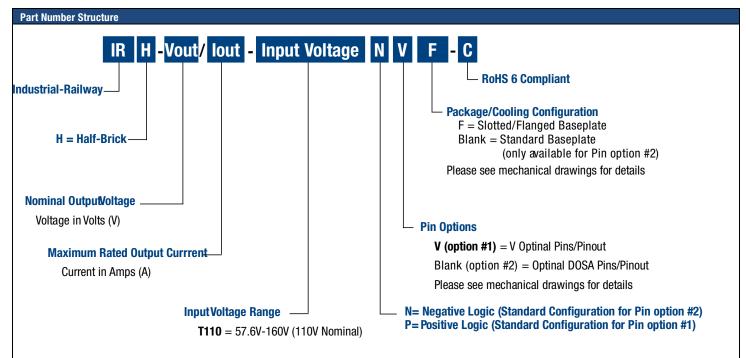
muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

PERFORMANCE SF	PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE ① ②												
Output					Input								
Root Model ①	VOUT (V)	IOUT (A, max)	Total Power (W)		& Noise 'p-p)	Regulatio	on (max.)	VIN Nom. (V)	Range (V)	IIN, no load (mA)	IIN, full load (A)	Effici	ency
			(••)	Тур.	Max.	Line	Load					Min.	Тур.
IRH-5/30-T110	5	30	150	60	100	±0.2%	±0.3%	110	57.6-160	60	2.92	89.0%	91.0%
IRH-12/12.5-T110	12	12.5	150	100	160	±0.5%	±0.5%	110	57.6-160	60	3	87.0%	89.5%
IRH-24/6.3-T110	24	6.25	150	100	240	±0.2%	±0.3%	110	57.6-160	60	3	88.0%	89.0%

1 Please refer to the part number structure for additional options and complete ordering part numbers.

② All specifications are at nominal line voltage and full load, +25 °C. Unless otherwise noted. See detailed specifications. Output capacitors are 1 μF ceramic in parallel with 10 μF electrolytic. I/O caps are necessary for our test equipment and may not be needed for your application.



Examples:

IRH-5/30-T110N-C stands for Industrial Railway Half Brick, 5Vout @ 30A, 57.6V – 160Vin, Negative Logic, Option #2 Pin Option, Standard Baseplate, RoHS Compliant

IRH-5/30-T110PVF-C stands for Industrial Railway Half Brick, 5Vout @ 30A, 57.6V – 160Vin, Positive Logic, V pin option with Slotted/Flanged Baseplate, RoHS Compliant

Note: Special order applies to Positive Logic version. Some model number combinations may not be available. See website or contact your local Murata sales representative.

* NOTE: The IRH-T110 Series is "To Be Discontinued". The Last-Time-Buy date is March 31, 2024.

International Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
	0		160	Vdc
100 mS max. duration			170	Vdc
Input to output			3000	Vrms
Input to Baseplate			1500	Vrms
Output to Baseplate			1500	Vrms
Referred to -Vin	-0.1		15	Vdc
Ambient Temperature	-40		85	°C
Baseplate Temperature	-55		125	٥°
			100	°C
osure of devices to greater than any of thes onal Specifications Table is not implied nor	e conditions may advers recommended.	sely affect long-term reliab	ility. Proper operation ur	nder conditions other
	57.6		160	Vdc
	52	54.5	57	Vdc
	50	52	56	Vdc
Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
riving with an open collector logic, Volta	ges referenced to -Vin)		-
#1, V Option Pins/Pinout				
ON = pin open or external voltage	3.5		15	V
OFF = ground pin or external voltage	0		1	V
open collector/drain		1	2	mA
2, DOSA Pin Option				
ON = ground pin or external voltage	-0.1		0.8	V
OFF = pin open or external voltage	2.5		15	V
open collector/drain		1	2	mA
Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout pins		5		
Ambient Temperature	-40		85	°C
Baseplate Temperature	-40		110	°C
	-55		125	°C
			125	°C
Average PCB Temperature		125		°C
				°C
	1			
External filter required: see		D		
External filter required; see Emissions performance test.		В		Class
	100 mS max. duration Input to output Input to Baseplate Output to Baseplate Output to Baseplate Ambient Temperature Baseplate Temperature osure of devices to greater than any of these ponal Specifications Table is not implied nor sector and specifications (Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout pins Ambient Temperature Baseplate Temperature Baseplate Temperature Baseplate Temperature	Conditions Minimum 0 0 100 mS max. duration 0 Input to output 100 mS max. duration Input to Baseplate 0 Output to Baseplate 0 Referred to -Vin -0.1 Ambient Temperature -40 Baseplate Temperature -55 osure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversoral Specifications Table is not implied nor recommended. String 57.6 52 50 Conditions Minimum riving with an open collector logic, Voltages referenced to -Vin #1, V Option Pins/Pinout 0 ON = pin open or external voltage 0 open collector/drain 2.5 OPF = ground pin or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage 2.5 open collector/drain 2.5 open collector/drain 2.5 OPF = pin open or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage -55 open collector/dr	Conditions Minimum Typical/Nominal 0 0 100 mS max. duration 0 Input to output 0 Input to baseplate 0 Output to Baseplate 0 Referred to -Vin -0.1 Ambient Temperature -40 Baseplate Temperature -55 Dosure of devices to greater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliabonal Specifications Table is not implied nor recommended. S7.6 52 S4.5 50 S0 52 Conditions Minimum Typical/Nominal Typical/Nominal riving with an open collector logic, Voltages referenced to -Vin) #1, V Option Pins/Pinout ON = pin open or external voltage 0.5 OFF = ground pin or external voltage 0.1 OFF = ground pin or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage -0.1 OFF = pin open or external voltage 2.5 open collector/drain 1 Sense pins connected externally to respective Vout pins 5 Ambient Tem	ConditionsMinimumTypical/NominalMaximum00160100 mS max. duration0170Input to output30003000Input to output15003000Output to Baseplate15001500Output to Baseplate-0.1150Referred to -Vin-0.115Ambient Temperature-4085Baseplate Temperature-55125Input to grater than any of these conditions may adversely affect long-term reliability. Proper operation unal Specifications Table is not implied nor recommended.100Superifications Table is not implied nor recommended.57.61605254.55750505256ConditionsMinimumTypical/Nominalriving with an open collector logic, Voltages referenced to -Vin1 2 , ODSA Pin Option12 $0N = pin open or external voltage0.5150FF = ground pin or external voltage0.10.80FF = pin open or external voltage2.5150FF = pin open or external voltage2.5$

Murata Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

IRH SERIES FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

Insulation Safety Rating			Reinforced		
Isolation Resistance		10			MΩ
Isolation Capacitance				500	pF
Safety	Certified to UL-60950-1, CSA-C22.2 No.60950-1, IEC60950-1, 2nd edition		Yes		
MECHANICAL	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Through Hole Pin Diameter	Standard:Option#2		0.08 & 0.04		Inches
			2.032 & 1.016		mm
	Option#1		0.08 & 0.15		Inches
			2.032 & 3.81		mm
Through Hole Pin Material			Copper alloy		
TH Pin Plating Metal and Thickness	Nickel subplate		98.4-299		µ-inches
	Gold overplate		4.7-19.6		µ-inches

International Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

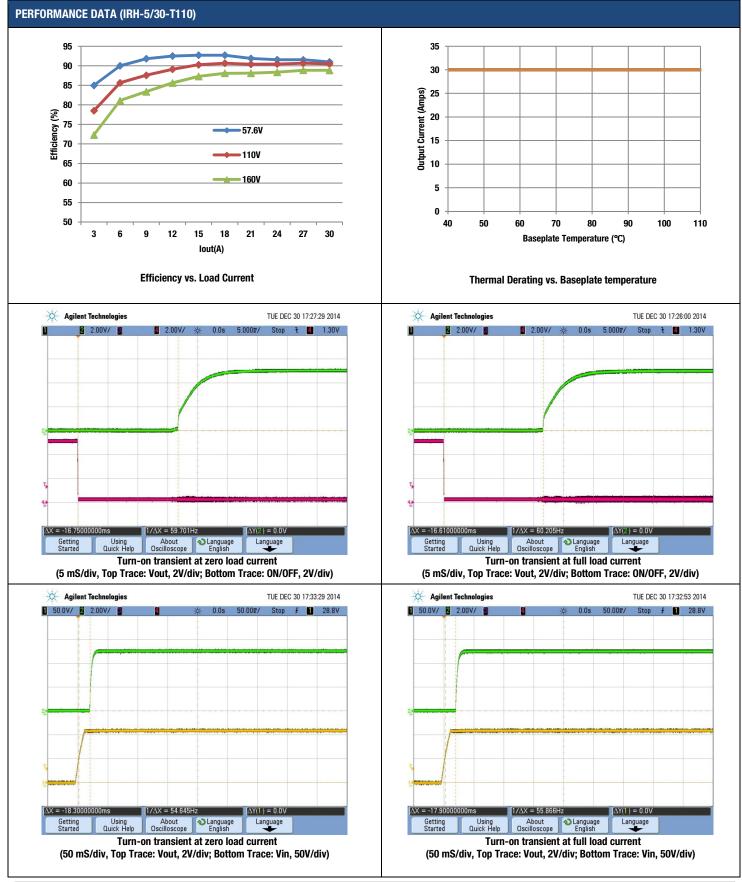
INPUT	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input current					
Full Load Conditions	Vin = nominal		1.5	1.55	А
Low Line input current	Vin = minimum		2.83	2.92	A
Inrush Transient	Vin = 110v		0.1	0.2	A ² -Sec.
Short Circuit input current			0.05	0.10	A
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=0N		40	60	mA
Shut-Down input current (Off, UV, OT)			7	10	mA
Back Ripple Current	Measured at the input of module with a simulated source impedance of 12 μ H, 220 μ F, 450V, across source, 33 μ F, 250V external capacitors across input pins.			500	тАр-р
Internal Filter Type/Value			Pi		
Recommended Input fuse				10	А
OUTPUT					
Total Output Power		0	150	151.5	W
Voltage					
Setting Accuracy	At 100% load, no trim, all conditions	4.95	5	5.05	Vdc
Output Adjust Range		4.5		5.5	Vdc
Overvoltage Protection	See technical notes for details	6	6.4	7	Vdc
Current					
Output Current Range		0	30	30	А
Minimum Load			0		
Current Limit Inception	cold condition	36	41	45	А
Short Circuit			-		
Short Circuit Current	Hiccup technique - Auto recovery within 1.25% of Vout		1.4	3	А
Short Circuit Duration	Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
(remove short for recovery)					
Short circuit protection method	Hiccup current limiting		Non-latching		
Regulation					<u>г</u>
Line Regulation	Vin = 57.6-160, Vout = nom., full load			±0.2	%
Load Regulation	lout = min. to max., Vin = nom.			±0.3	%
Ripple and Noise	20 MHz BW, Cout = 1μ F paralleled with 10μ F		60	100	mV pk-pk
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs		0.02		% of Vnom./°C
Maximum Output Capacitance	(Loads : CR mode)		0.02	10,000	μF
maximum output oapacitance	(Loads : CC mode)			10,000	μF
GENERAL and SAFETY			L	10,000	μr
	Vin=110V, full load	89	91		%
Efficiency	viii= i i uv, iuli luau	09	31		70

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS (IBH-5/30-T110)

Murata Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

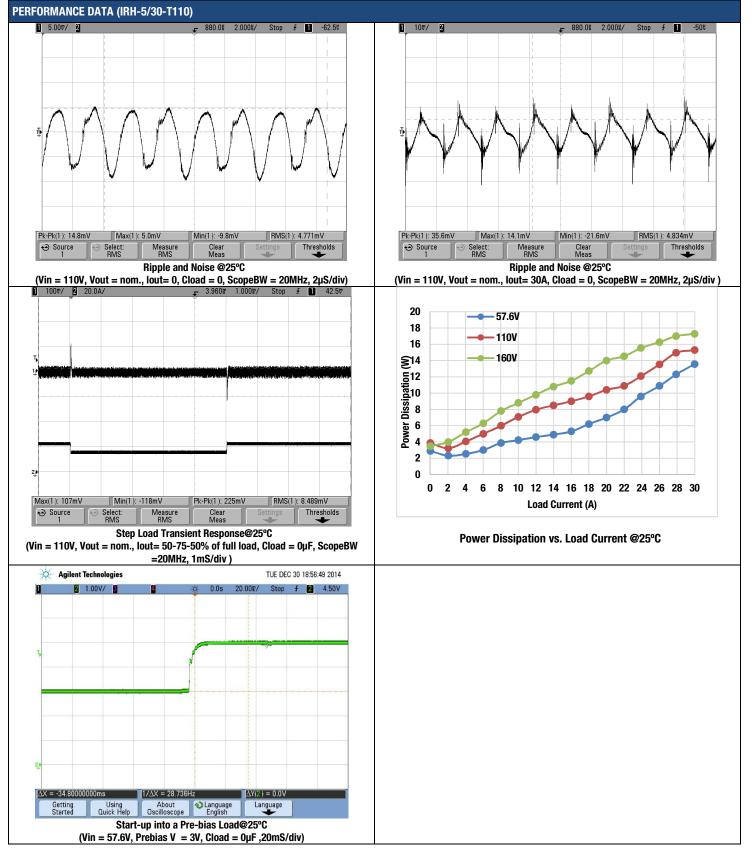
Isolation Resistance		10			MΩ		
Isolation Capacitance				500	pF		
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1, Ground Fixed, Tcase=+25°C		1300		Hours x 10 ³		
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS							
Switching Frequency			200		KHz		
Turn On Time							
Rise time	10% Vout to 90% Vout		8	15	mS		
Delay time	Vin on to 10% Vout		15	25	mS		
Dynamic Load Response	50-75-50%, 1A/us, within 1% of Vout		30	60	μSec		
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		±120	±240	mV		
MECHANICAL	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units		
Outline Dimensions (with baseplate)			2.28x 2.20 x 0.5		Inches		
			57.91x55.88 x 12.7		mm		
Weight (with baseplate)			3.95		Ounces		
			112		Grams		

IRH Series



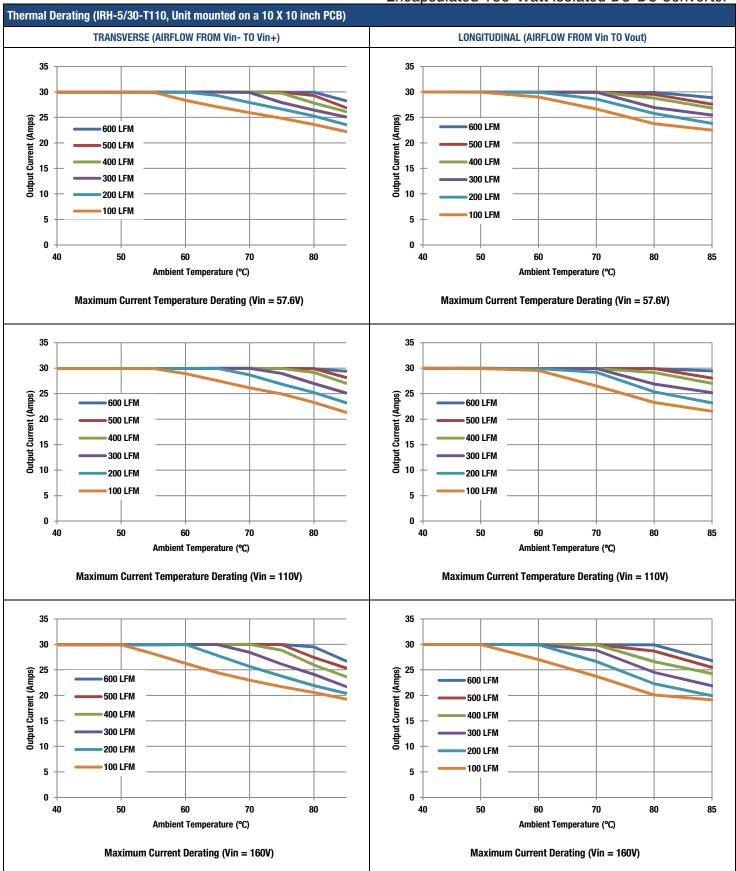
IRH Series





IRH Series

muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions



International Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS	6 (IRH-12/12.5-T110)				
INPUT	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input current					
Full Load Conditions	Vin = nominal		1.52	1.58	А
Low Line input current	Vin = minimum		2.89	3	А
Inrush Transient	Vin = 110v		0.1	0.2	A ² -Sec.
Short Circuit input current			0.02	0.05	А
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=0N		40	60	mA
Shut-Down input current (Off, UV, OT)			7	60	mA
Back Ripple Current	Measured at the input of module with a simulated source impedance of 12μ H, 220μ F, 450 V, across source, 33μ F, 250 V external capacitors across input pins.			600	mAp-p
Internal Filter Type/Value			Pi		
Recommended Input fuse				10	А
OUTPUT					
Total Output Power		0	150	151.5	W
Voltage					
Setting Accuracy	At 100% load, no trim, all conditions	11.88	12	12.12	Vdc
Output Adjust Range		10.8		13.2	Vdc
Overvoltage Protection	See technical notes for details	13.8	16	18.75	Vdc
Current					
Output Current Range		0	12.5	12.5	А
Minimum Load			0		
Current Limit Inception	cold condition	14.5	16	18.75	А
Short Circuit					
Short Circuit Current	Hiccup technique - Auto recovery within 1.25% of Vout		1.4	3	А
Short Circuit Duration	Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
(remove short for recovery)	output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
Short circuit protection method	Hiccup current limiting		Non-latching		
Regulation					
Line Regulation	Vin = 57.6-160, $Vout = nom.$, full load			±0.5	%
Load Regulation	lout = min. to max., $Vin = nom$.			±0.5	%
Ripple and Noise	20 MHz BW, Cout = 1µF		100	160	mV pk-pk
пірріс ани поізс	paralleled with 10µF		100	100	1114 br-br
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs		0.02		% of Vnom./°C
Maximum Output Capacitance	(Loads : CR mode)			1000	μF
	(Loads : CC mode)			1000	μF
GENERAL and SAFETY					
Efficiency	Vin=110V, full load	87	89.5		%

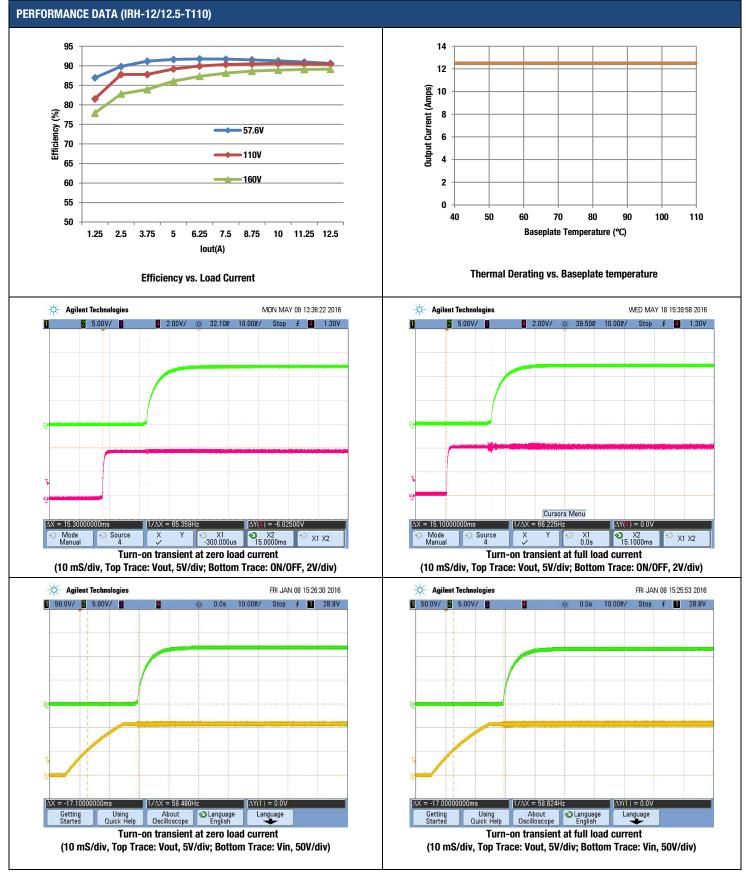
Murata Power Solutions IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

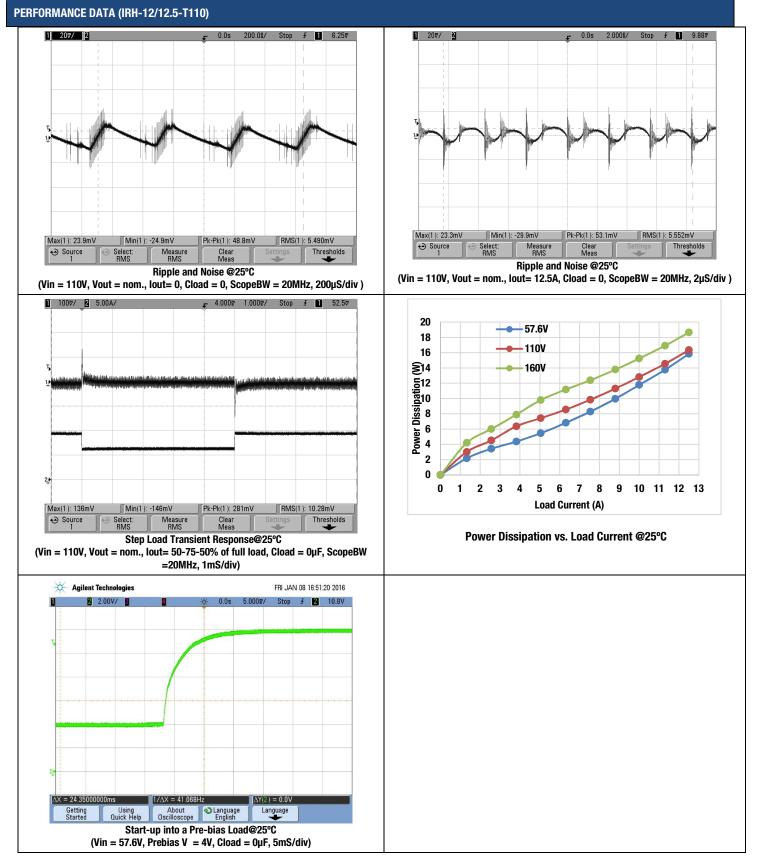
FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS (IRH-12/12.5-T110)

Isolation Resistance		10			MΩ
Isolation Capacitance				500	pF
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1, Ground Fixed, Tcase=+25°C		1300		Hours x 10 ³
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency			200		KHz
Turn On Time					
Rise time	10% Vout to 90% Vout		10	25	mS
Delay time	Vin on to 10% Vout		18	30	mS
Dynamic Load Response	50-75-50%, 1A/us, within 1% of Vout		75	150	μSec
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		±250	±400	mV
MECHANICAL	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Outline Dimensions (with baseplate)			2.28x 2.20 x 0.5		Inches
			57.91x55.88 x 12.7		mm
Weight (with baseplate)			3.95		Ounces
			112		Grams

IRH Series

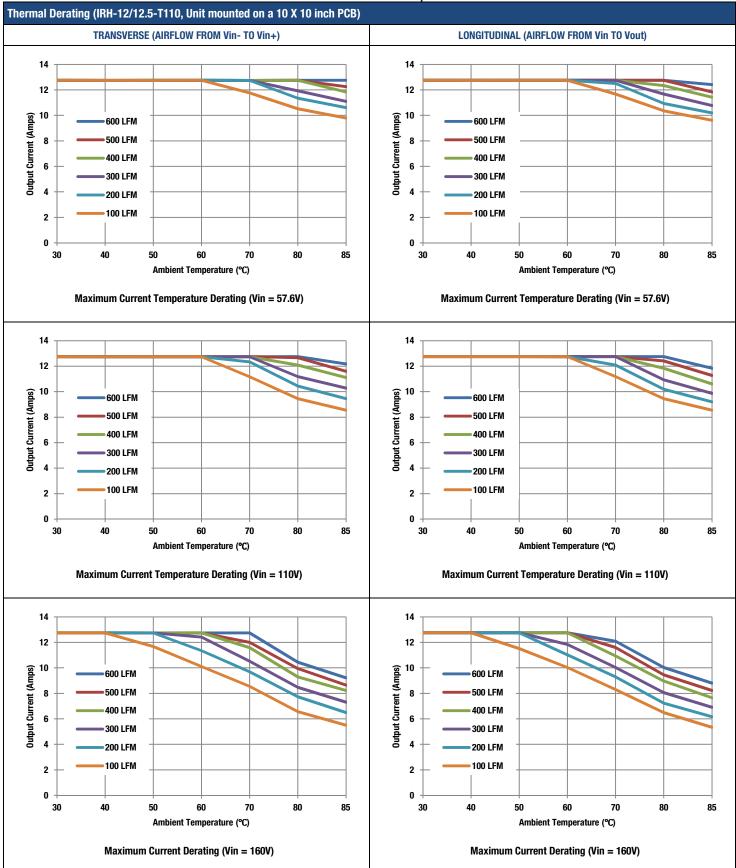


IRH Series



IRH Series

muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions



muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

IRH Series

INPUT	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Input Current					
Full Load Conditions	Vin = nominal		1.55	1.6	A
Low Line input current	Vin = minimum		2.92	3	A
Inrush Transient	Vin = 110v		0.1	0.2	A ² -Sec.
Short Circuit input current			0.05	0.10	А
No Load input current	lout = minimum, unit=ON		40	60	mA
Shut-Down input current (Off, UV, OT)			10	30	mA
Back Ripple Current	Measured at the input of module with a simulated source impedance of 12μ H, 220μ F, 450 V, across source, 33μ F, 250 V external capacitors across input pins.			500	mAp-p
Internal Filter Type/Value			Pi		
Recommended Input fuse				10	А
OUTPUT					
Total Output Power		0	150	151.5	W
Voltage					
Setting Accuracy	At 100% load, no trim, all conditions	23.76	24	24.24	Vdc
Output Adjust Range		21.6		26.4	Vdc
Overvoltage Protection	See technical notes for details	27.5	32	36	Vdc
Current			·		
Output Current Range		0	6.25	6.25	А
Minimum Load			0		
Current Limit Inception	cold condition	6.93	8.51	9.45	А
Short Circuit					
Short Circuit Current	Hiccup technique - Auto recovery within 1.25% of Vout		1.4	3	А
Short Circuit Duration	Output charted to ground no domogo		Continuous		
(remove short for recovery)	Output shorted to ground, no damage		Continuous		
Short circuit protection method	Hiccup current limiting		Non-latching		
Regulation					
Line Regulation	Vin = 57.6-160, $Vout = nom.$, full load			±0.2	%
Load Regulation	lout = min. to max., Vin = nom.			±0.3	%
Pinnlo and Noiso	20 MHz BW, Cout = 1µF		100	240	m)/ n/ n/
Ripple and Noise	paralleled with 10µF		100	240	mV pk-pk
Temperature Coefficient	At all outputs		0.02		% of Vnom./°C
Maximum Output Capacitance	(Loads : CR mode)			680	μF
	(Loads : CC mode)			680	μF
GENERAL and SAFETY	·		·		
Efficiency	Vin=110V, full load	88	89		%

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS (IRH-24/6.3-T110)

IRH Series Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

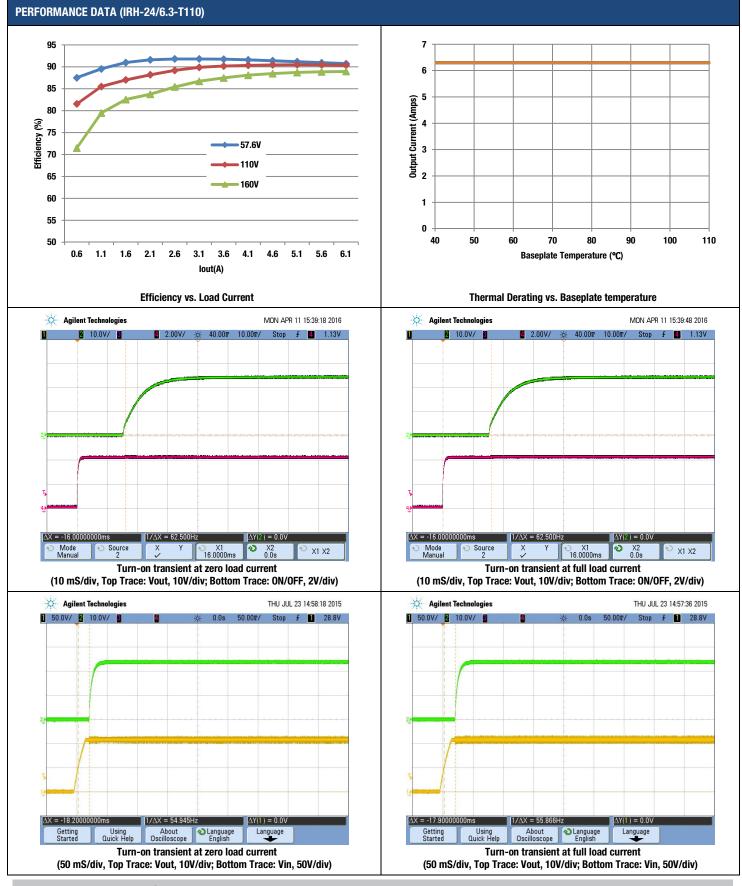
IRH Series

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS (IRH-24/6.3-T110)

TONOTIONAL OF LOW IDATION	(<u>-</u> ., e.e				
Isolation Resistance		10			ΜΩ
Isolation Capacitance				500	pF
Calculated MTBF	Per Telcordia SR-332, Issue 2, Method 1, Class 1, Ground Fixed, Tcase=+25°C		1300		Hours x 10 ³
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Switching Frequency			200		KHz
Turn On Time					
Rise time	10% Vout to 90% Vout		10	30	mS
Delay time	Vin on to 10% Vout		15	30	mS
Dynamic Load Response	50-75-50%, 1A/us, within 1% of Vout			500	μSec
Dynamic Load Peak Deviation	same as above		±400	±600	mV
MECHANICAL	Conditions	Minimum	Typical/Nominal	Maximum	Units
Outline Dimensions (with baseplate)			2.28x 2.20 x 0.5		Inches
			57.91x55.88 x 12.7		mm
Weight (with baseplate)			3.95		Ounces
			112		Grams

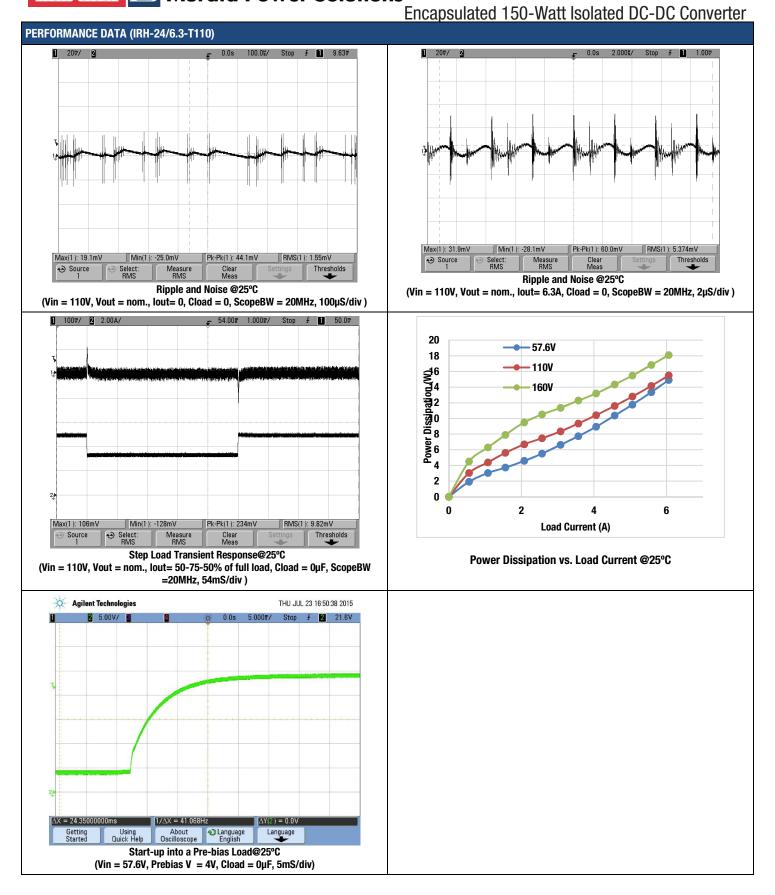
IRH Series

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter



www.murata-ps.com/support

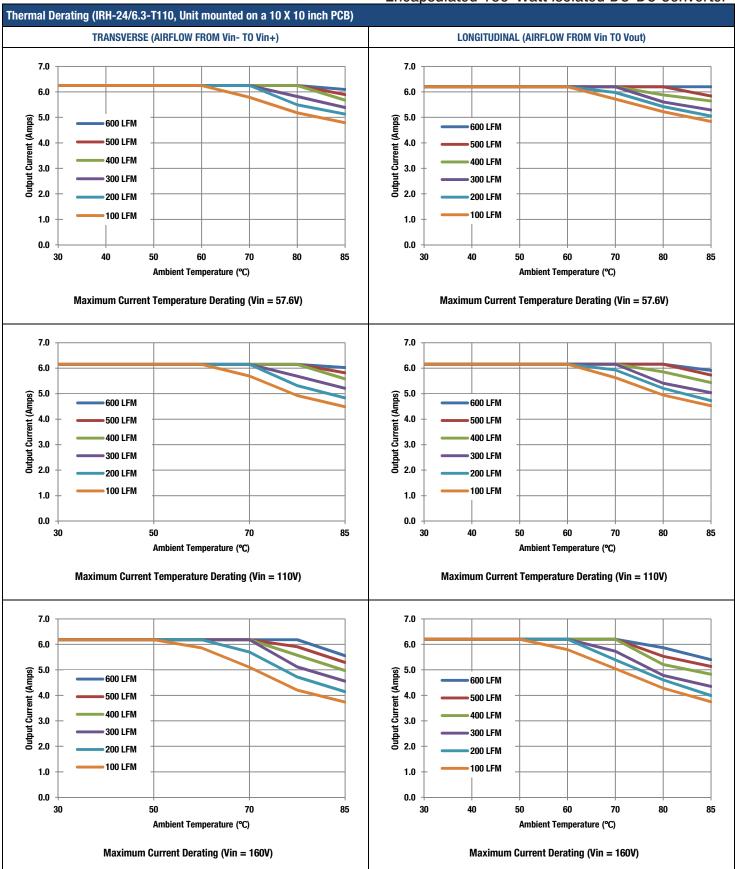
IRH Series



IRH Series

muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

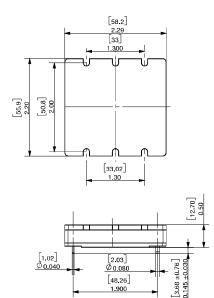


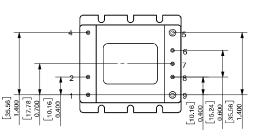
www.murata-ps.com/support

IRH Series

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter





1.900

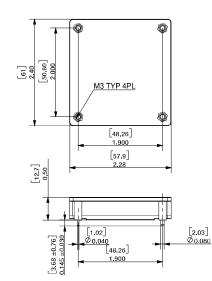
SLOTTED / FLANGED BASEPLATE

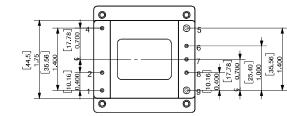
Bottom View

Pin Option#2 Pin 1-4,6-8: Dia 0.040 Pin 5,9: Dia 0.080

Side View

Top View





STANDARD BASEPLATE

NOTES:

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED;

1: M3 SCREW USED TO BOLT UNIT'S BASEPLATE TO OTHER SURFACES(SUCH AS HEATSINK);

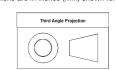
2: FOR STANDARD BASEPLATE, APPLIED TORQUE PER SCREW SHOULD NOT EXCEED 5.3In-Ib(0.6Nm);

3: ALL DIMENSION ARE IN INCHES[MILIMETER];

4: ALL TOLERANCES: $\times \times \times in$,±0.02in($\times \times mm$,±0.5mm)

 $\times.\times\times\times in \;, \pm 0.01 in (\times.\times\times mm, \pm 0.25 mm)$

Dimensions are in inches (mm) shown for ref. only.



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): .XX ± 0.02 (0.5) .XXX ± 0.010 (0.25) Angles $\pm 2^{\circ}$

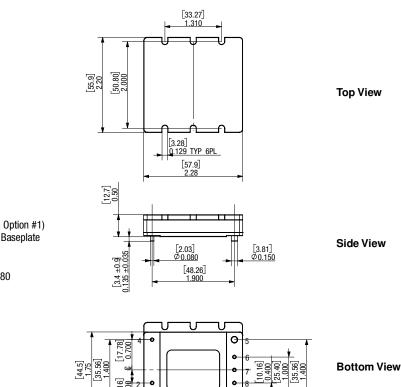
Material Pin 1-4,6-8: Dia 0.040 PINS: COPPER ALLOY Pin 5.9: Dia 0.080 PINS: COPPER ALLOY FINISH:(ALL PINS) GOLD(5 u"MIN) OVER NICKEL (100u"MIN)

INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS		
Pin	Function	
1	Vin(+)	
2	On/Off Control	
4	Vin(-)	
5	Vout(-)	
6	Sense(-)	
7	Trim	
8	Sense(+)	
9	Vout(+)	

IRH Series

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



Θ

"V" Options Pins (Pin Option #1) with Slotted/Flanged Baseplate

Pin Option #1 Pin 1-3, 6-8: Dia 0.080 Pin 5, 9: Dia 0.150

NOTES:

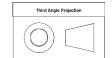
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; 1: M3 SCREW USED TO BOLT UNIT'S BASEPLATE TO OTHER SURFACES(SUCH AS HEATSINK) 2: ALL DIMENSION ARE IN INCHES[MILIMETER];

2: ALL DIMENSION ARE IN INCHES[MILIMETER]; 3: ALL TOLERANCES: ×.××in ,±0.02in(×.×mm,±0.5mm)

x.xxxin ,±0.01in(x.xxmm,±0.25mm)

Material: Pin 1-3,6-8: Dia 0.080 PINS: COPPER ALLOY Pin 5,9: Dia 0.150 PINS: COPPER ALLOY FINISH:(ALL PINS) GOLD(5 u"MIN) OVER NICKEL (100u"MIN)

Dimensions are in inches (mm) shown for ref. only.

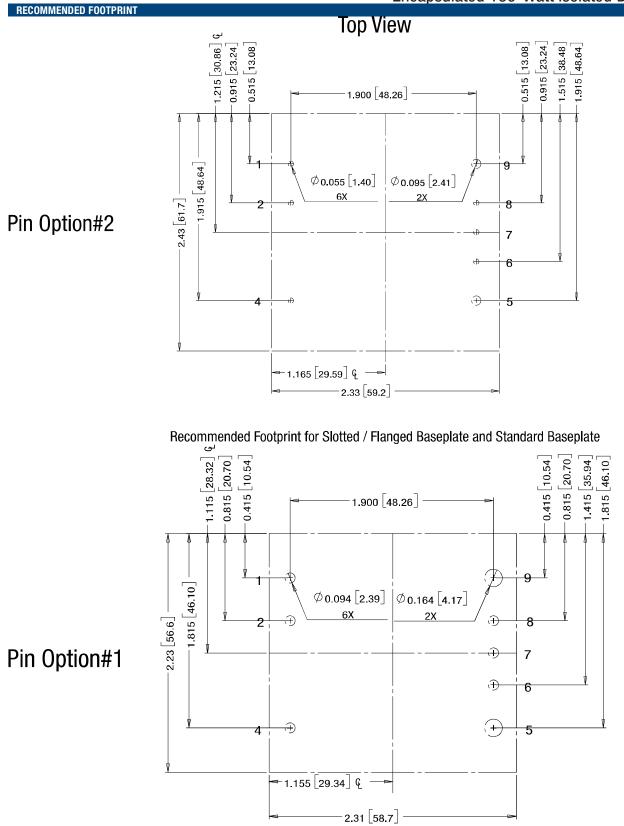


Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): .XX \pm 0.02 (0.5) .XXX \pm 0.010 (0.25) Angles \pm 2°

INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS		
Pin	Function	
1	Vin(+)	
2	On/Off Control	
4	Vin(-)	
5	Vout(-)	
6	Sense(-)	
7	Trim	
8	Sense(+)	
9	Vout(+)	

IRH Series

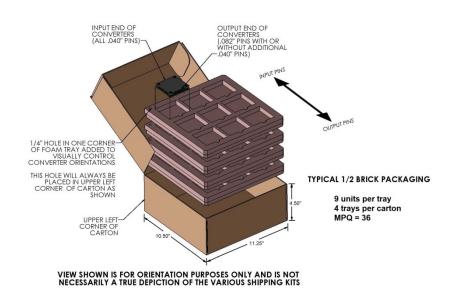
Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter



Recommended Footprint for "V" Option Pins / Pinout with Slotted / Flanged Baseplate

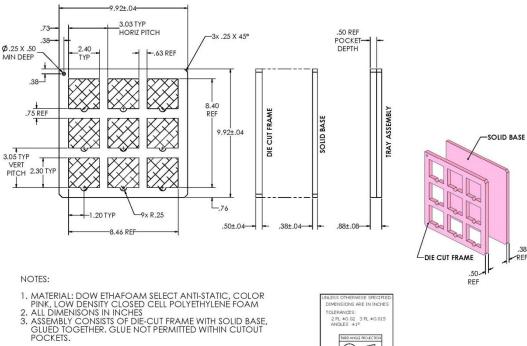
muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

SHIPPING TRAYS AND BOXES



SHIPPING TRAY DIMENSIONS

IRH modules are supplied in a 9-piece (3 × 3) shipping tray. The tray is an anti-static closed-cell polyethylene foam. Dimensions are shown below.





muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

Parameter	Notes	
EN 60950-1/A12:2011	Reinforced insulation	
UL 60950-1/R:2011-12		
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1/A1:2011		
IEC 61000-4-2	ESD test, 8 kV - NP, 15 kV air - NP (Normal Performance)	
Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements.		

ENVIRONMENTAL QUALIFICATION TESTING

Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions	
Vibration	15	EN 61373:1999 Category I, Class B, Body mounted	
Mechanical Shock	15	EN 61373:1999 Category I, Class B, Body mounted	
DMTBF(Life Test)	60	Vin nom , units at derating point,101days	
Temperature Cycling Test(TCT)	15	-40 °C to 125 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min.,500cycles	
Power and Temperature Cycling Test (PTCT)	5	Temperature operating = min to max, Vin = min to max, Load=50% of rated maximum,100cycles	
Temperature ,Humidity and Bias(THB)	15	85 °C85RH,Vin=max, Load=min load,1072Hour(72hours with a pre-conditioning soak, unpowered)	
Damp heat test, cyclic	15	EN60068-2-30: Temperatures: + 55 °C and + 25 °C; Number of cycles: 2 (respiration effect); Time: 2 x 24 hours; Relative Humidity: 95%	
Dry heat test	5	EN60068-2-2, Vin=nom line, Full load, 85°C for 6 hours.	
High Temperature Operating Bias(HTOB)	15	Vin=min to max ,95% rated load, units at derating point,500hours	
Low Temperature operating	5	Vin=nom line, Full load,-40°C for 2 hours.	
Highly Accelerated Life Test(HALT)	5	High temperature limits, low temperature limits, Vibration limits, Combined Environmental Tests.	
EMI	3	Class A in CISSPR 22 or IEC62236-3-2(GB/T 24338.4)	
ESD	3	IEC 6100-4-2: +/-8kv contact discharge /+/-15kv air discharge	
Surge Protection	3	EN50121-3-2	
Solderability	15Pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003 (IPC/EIA/JEDEC J-SID-002B)	

Note: Governing Standard BS EN 50155:2007 Railway applications - Electronics equipment used on rolling stock.

Technical Notes

On/Off Control

The input-side, remote On/Off Control function (pin 2) can be ordered to operate with either logic type:

Negative ("N" suffix): Negative-logic devices are off when pin 2 is left open (or pulled high, applying +3.5V to +13V), and on when pin 2 is pulled low (0 to 0.8V) with respect to -Input as shown in Figure 1.

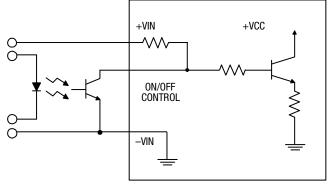


Figure 1. Driving the Negative Logic On/Off Control Pin

Dynamic control of the remote on/off function is best accomplished with a mechanical relay or an open-collector/open-drain drive circuit (optically isolated if appropriate). The drive circuit should be able to sink appropriate current (see Performance Specifications) when activated and withstand appropriate voltage when deactivated. Applying an external voltage to pin 2 when no input power is applied to the converter can cause permanent damage to the converter.

Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal which is not current-limited. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line.

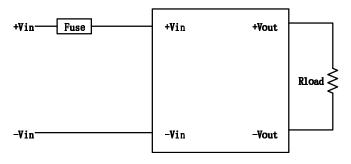


Figure 2. Input Fusing

Input Under-Voltage Shutdown and Start-Up Threshold

Under normal start-up conditions, converters will not begin to regulate properly until the rising input voltage exceeds and remains at the Start-Up Threshold Voltage (see Specifications). Once operating, converters will not turn off until the input voltage drops below the Under-Voltage Shutdown Limit. Subsequent restart will not occur until the input voltage rises again above the Start-Up Threshold. This built-in hysteresis prevents any unstable on/off operation at a single input voltage.

Transient and Surge Protection

The input range of the IRH T110 modules cover EN50155 requirements

www.murata-ps.com/support

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

for Brownout and Transient conditions with Nominal input voltages of 96 & 110Vdc.

EN 50155 standard			
Neminal	Permanent	Brownout	Transient
Nominal	input range	100mS	1\$
Input	(0.7 – 1.25 Vin)	(0.6 Vin)	(1.4 Vin)
96 V	67.2 – 120 V	57.6 V	134.4 V
110 V	77 – 137.5 V	66 V	154 V

Start-Up Time

Assuming that the output current is set at the rated maximum, the Vin to Vout Start-Up Time (see Specifications) is the time interval between the point when the rising input voltage crosses the Start-Up Threshold and the fully loaded output voltage enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. Actual measured times will vary with input source impedance, external input capacitance, input voltage slew rate and final value of the input voltage as it appears at the converter.

These converters include a soft start circuit to moderate the duty cycle of its PWM controller at power up, thereby limiting the input inrush current.

The On/Off Remote Control interval from On command to Vout (final \pm 5%) assumes that the converter already has its input voltage stabilized above the Start-Up Threshold before the On command. The interval is measured from the On command until the output enters and remains within its specified accuracy band. The specification assumes that the output is fully loaded at maximum rated current. Similar conditions apply to the On to Vout regulated specification such as external load capacitance and soft start circuitry.

Recommended Input Filtering

The user must assure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content, including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. The converter will operate with no additional external capacitance if these conditions are met.

For best performance, we recommend installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series or a polymer type. Make sure that the input terminals do not go below the undervoltage shutdown voltage at all times. More input bulk capacitance may be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

Recommended Output Filtering

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with no additional external capacitor. However, the user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. Again, use low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series) or polymer capacitors. Mount these close to the converter. Measure the output ripple under your load conditions.

Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

Input Ripple Current and Output Noise

All models in this converter series are tested and specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using designated external

IRH Series

input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the figures below. The Cbus and Lbus components simulate a typical DC voltage bus.

Output Over-Voltage Protection

The IRH output voltage is monitored for an over-voltage condition using a comparator. The signal is optically coupled to the primary side and if the output voltage rises to a level which could be damaging to the load, the sensing circuitry will disable the PWM controller drive causing the output voltage to decrease. It is referred to as "latch" mode.

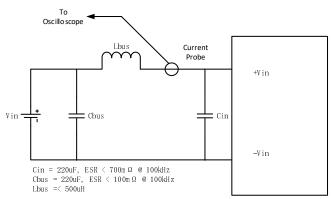


Figure 3. Measuring Input Ripple Current

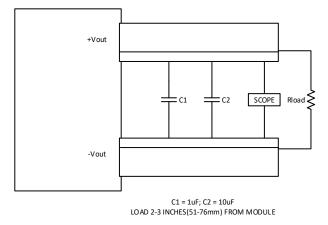


Figure 4 Measuring Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

Minimum Output Loading Requirements

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions. Operation under no load might however slightly increase output ripple and noise.

Thermal Shutdown

To prevent many over temperature problems and damage, these converters include thermal shutdown circuitry. If environmental conditions cause the temperature of the DC-DC's to rise above the Operating Temperature Range up to the shutdown temperature, an onboard electronic temperature sensor will power down the unit. When the temperature decreases below the turn-on threshold, the converter will automatically restart. There is a small amount of hysteresis to prevent rapid on/off cycling.

<u>CAUTION</u>: If you operate too close to the thermal limits, the converter may shut down suddenly without warning. Be sure to thoroughly test your application to avoid unplanned thermal shutdown.

www.murata-ps.com/support

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter Temperature Derating Curves

The graphs in this data sheet illustrate typical operation under a variety of conditions. The Derating curves show the maximum continuous ambient air temperature and decreasing maximum output current which is acceptable under increasing forced airflow measured in Linear Feet per Minute ("LFM"). Note that these are AVERAGE measurements. The converter will accept brief increases in current or reduced airflow as long as the average is not exceeded.

Note that the temperatures are of the ambient airflow, not the converter itself which is obviously running at higher temperature than the outside air.

Murata Power Solutions makes Characterization measurements in a closed cycle wind tunnel with calibrated airflow. We use both thermocouples and an infrared camera system to observe thermal performance. As a practical matter, it is quite difficult to insert an anemometer to precisely measure airflow in most applications. Sometimes it is possible to estimate the effective airflow if you thoroughly understand the enclosure geometry, entry/exit orifice areas and the fan flow rate specifications.

<u>CAUTION</u>: If you exceed these Derating guidelines, the converter may have an unplanned Over Temperature shut down. Also, these graphs are all collected near Sea Level altitude. Be sure to reduce the derating for higher altitude.

Output Fusing

The converter is extensively protected against current, voltage and temperature extremes. However your output application circuit may need additional protection. In the extremely unlikely event of output circuit failure, excessive voltage could be applied to your circuit. Consider using an appropriate fuse in series with the output.

Output Current Limiting

Current limiting inception is defined as the point at which full power falls below the rated tolerance. See the Performance/Functional Specifications. Note particularly that the output current may briefly rise above its rated value in normal operation as long as the average output power is not exceeded. This enhances reliability and continued operation of your application. If the output current is too high, the converter will enter the short circuit condition.

Output Short Circuit Condition

When a converter is in current-limit mode, the output voltage will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low (approximately 97% of nominal output voltage for most models), the PWM controller will shut down. Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to begin rising to its appropriate value. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will initiate. This rapid on/off cycling is called "hiccup mode." The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing excessive internal temperatures and/or component damage.

The "hiccup" system differs from older latching short circuit systems because you do not have to power down the converter to make it restart. The system will automatically restore operation as soon as the short circuit condition is removed.

Output Capacitive Load

These converters do not require external capacitance added to achieve rated specifications. Users should only consider adding capacitance to reduce switching noise and/or to handle spike current load steps. Install only enough capacitance to achieve noise objectives. Excess external capacitance may cause degraded transient response and possible oscillation or instability.

NOTICE: Please use only this customer data sheet as product documentation when laying out your printed circuit boards and applying this product into your application. Do NOT use other materials as official documentation such as advertisements, product announcements, or website graphics.

We strive to have all technical data in this customer data sheet highly accurate and complete. This customer data sheet is revision-controlled and dated. The latest customer data sheet revision is normally on our website (www.murata-ps.com) for products which are fully released to Manufacturing. Please be especially careful using any data sheets labeled "Preliminary" since data may change without notice.

Remote Sense Input

Use the Sense inputs with caution. Sense is normally connected **at the load**. Sense inputs compensate for output voltage inaccuracy delivered at the load. This is done by correcting IR voltage drops along the output wiring and the current carrying capacity of PC board etch. This output drop (the difference between Sense and Vout when measured at the converter) should not exceed 0.5V. Consider using heavier wire if this drop is excessive. Sense inputs also improve the stability of the converter and load system by optimizing the control loop phase margin.

NOTE: The Sense input and power Vout lines are internally connected through low value resistors to their respective polarities so that the converter can operate without external connection to the Sense. Nevertheless, if the Sense function is not used for remote regulation, the user should connect +Sense to +Vout and –Sense to –Vout at the converter pins.

The remote Sense lines carry very little current. They are also capacitively coupled to the output lines and therefore are in the feedback control loop to regulate and stabilize the output. As such, they are not low impedance inputs and must be treated with care in PC board layouts. Sense lines on the PCB should run adjacent to DC signals, preferably Ground. In cables and discrete wiring, use twisted pair, shielded tubing or similar techniques.

Any long, distributed wiring and/or significant inductance introduced into the Sense control loop can adversely affect overall system stability. If in doubt, test your applications by observing the converter's output transient response during step loads. There should not be any appreciable ringing or oscillation. You may also adjust the output trim slightly to compensate for voltage loss in any external filter elements. Do not exceed maximum power ratings.

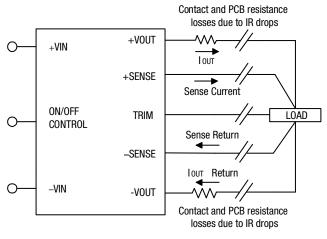


Figure 5 Remote Sense Circuit Configuration

Please observe Sense inputs tolerance to avoid improper operation:

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter [Vout(+) –Vout(-)] – [Sense(+) –Sense(-)] ≤ 10% of Vout

Output overvoltage protection is monitored at the output voltage pin, not the Sense pin. Therefore excessive voltage differences between Vout and Sense together with trim adjustment of the output can cause the overvoltage protection circuit to activate and shut down the output.

Power derating of the converter is based on the combination of maximum output current and the highest output voltage. Therefore the designer must insure:

(Vout at pins) x (lout) \leq (Max. rated output power)

Trimming the Output Voltage

The Trim input to the converter allows the user to adjust the output voltage over the rated trim range (please refer to the Specifications). In the trim equations and circuit diagrams that follow, trim adjustments use either a trimpot or a single fixed resistor connected between the Trim input and either the +Sense or –Sense terminals. Trimming resistors should have a low temperature coefficient (±100 ppm/deg.C or less) and be mounted close to the converter. Keep leads short. If the trim function is not used, leave the trim unconnected. With no trim, the converter will exhibit its specified output voltage accuracy.

There are two CAUTIONs to observe for the Trim input:

CAUTION: To avoid unplanned power down cycles, do not exceed EITHER the maximum output voltage OR the maximum output power when setting the trim. Be particularly careful with a trimpot. If the output voltage is excessive, the OVP circuit may inadvertently shut down the converter. If the maximum power is exceeded, the converter may enter current limiting. If the power is exceeded for an extended period, the converter may overheat and encounter overtemperature shut down.

<u>CAUTION:</u> Be careful of external electrical noise. The Trim input is a sensitive input to the converter's feedback control loop. Excessive electrical noise may cause instability or oscillation. Keep external connections short to the Trim input. Use shielding if needed.

Trim Equations

Trim Down Connect trim resistor between trim pin and –Sense

$$\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{TrimDn}} (\mathsf{k} \ \Omega) = \frac{\mathsf{Vo}}{\mathsf{Vonom-Vo}}$$

Trim Up Connect trim resistor between trim pin and +Sense

$$R_{TrimUp} (k \Omega) = \frac{Vonom^* (Vo-1.23)}{1.23 * (Vo-Vonom)} - 1$$

Where,

Do not exceed the specified trim range or maximum power ratings when adjusting trim. Use 1% precision resistors mounted close to the converter on short leads.

If sense is not installed, connect the trim resistor to the respective Vout pin.

Trim Circuits

IRH Series

muRata P. Murata Power Solutions Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

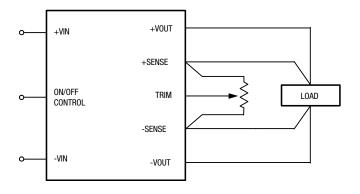


Figure 6 Trim Connections Using A Trimpot

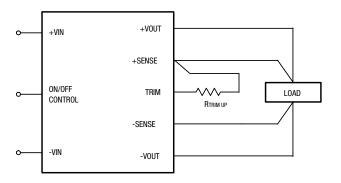


Figure 7 Trim Connections to Increase Output Voltages

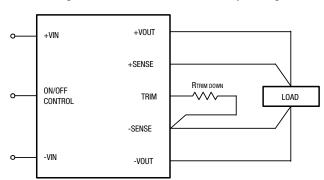


Figure 8 Trim Connections to Decrease Output Voltage

Soldering Guidelines

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

Wave Solder Operations for through-hole mounted products (THMT)				
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:		For Sn/Pb based solders:		
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115º C	Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C	
Maximum Pot Temperature	270º C	Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C	
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds	Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds	

muRata Ps Murata Power Solutions Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter

Emissions Performance

Murata Power Solutions measures its products for conducted emissions against the EN 50121-3-2 standard. Passive resistance loads are employed and the output is set to the maximum voltage. If you set up your own emissions testing, make sure the output load is rated at continuous power while doing the tests.

The recommended external input and output capacitors (if required) are included. Please refer to the fundamental switching frequency. All of this information is listed in the Product Specifications. An external discrete filter is installed and the circuit diagram is shown below.

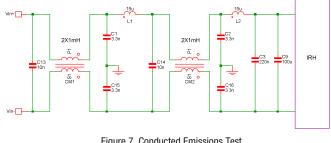


Figure 7. Conducted Emissions Test Circuit

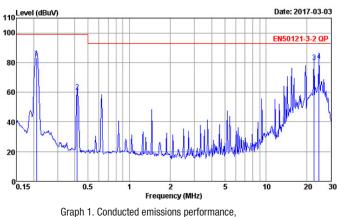
[1] Conducted Emissions Parts List

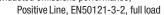
Reference	Description	Part Number	Vendor
C13/C14	10nF (Class X1/Y2)	DE2F3KY103MA3BM02F	Murata
L1/L2	15uH/7.5A	7443551181	Wurth Electronics
C1/C2/C15/C16	3.3nF (Class X1/Y1)	DE1E3KX332MA4BP01F	Murata
CM1/CM2	1mH	C20200-08	ITG
C3	0.22uF/250V	GRM32DR72E224KW01L	Murata
C9	100uF/250V		Rubycon

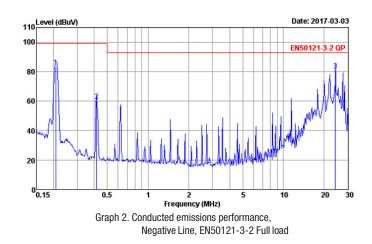
[2] Conducted Emissions Test Equipment Used

Hewlett Packard HP8594L Spectrum Analyzer - S/N 3827A00153 2Line V-networks LS1-15V 50Ω/50Uh Line Impedance Stabilization Network

[3] Conducted Emissions Test Results

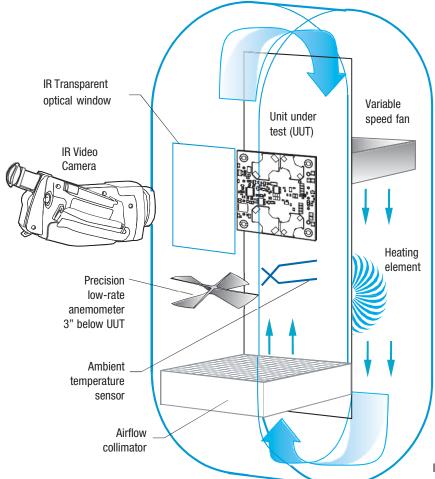






IRH Series

Encapsulated 150-Watt Isolated DC-DC Converter



Vertical Wind Tunnel

Murata Power Solutions employs a computer controlled custom-designed closed loop vertical wind tunnel, infrared video camera system, and test instrumentation for accurate airflow and heat dissipation analysis of power products. The system includes a precision low flow-rate anemometer, variable speed fan, power supply input and load controls, temperature gauges, and adjustable heating element.

The IR camera monitors the thermal performance of the Unit Under Test (UUT) under static steady-state conditions. A special optical port is used which is transparent to infrared wavelengths.

Both through-hole and surface mount converters are soldered down to a 10"x10" host carrier board for realistic heat absorption and spreading. Both longitudinal and transverse airflow studies are possible by rotation of this carrier board since there are often significant differences in the heat dissipation in the two airflow directions. The combination of adjustable airflow, adjustable ambient heat, and adjustable Input/Output currents and voltages mean that a very wide range of measurement conditions can be studied.

The collimator reduces the amount of turbulence adjacent to the UUT by minimizing airflow turbulence. Such turbulence influences the effective heat transfer characteristics and gives false readings. Excess turbulence removes more heat from some surfaces and less heat from others, possibly causing uneven overheating.

Both sides of the UUT are studied since there are different thermal gradients on each side. The adjustable heating element and fan, built-in temperature gauges, and no-contact IR camera mean that power supplies are tested in real-world conditions.

Murata Power Solutions, Inc. 129, Flanders Road, Westborough, MA 01581, U.S.A. ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy: Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

Murata Power Solutions, Inc. makes no representation that the use of its products in the circuits described herein, or the use of other technical information contained herein, will not infringe upon existing or future patent rights. The descriptions contained herein do not imply the granting of licenses to make, use, or sell equipment constructed in accordance therewith. Specifications are subject to change without notice. © 2020 Murata Power Solutions, Inc.