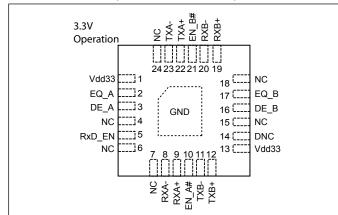


# PI3EQX7502AI

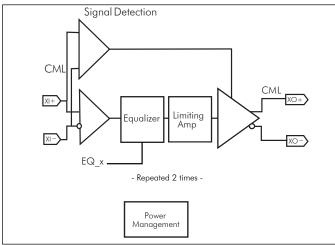
#### **Features**

- → USB 3.0 compatible
- → Full Compliancy to USB3.0 Super Speed Standard
- → Two 5.0Gbps differential signal pairs
- → Adjustable Receiver Equalization
- → 100Ω Differential CML I/O's
- → Pin Configured Output Emphasis Control
- → Input signal level detect and squelch for each channel
- → Automatic Receiver Detect with digital enable/disable
- → Low Power : ~330mW
- → Auto "Slumber" mode for adaptive power management
- → Stand-by Mode Power Down State
- ➔ Industrial Temp Support (-40°C to 85°C)
- → Single Supply Voltage: 3.3V
- → Packaging: 24-Pin TQFN (4x4mm)

#### Pin Diagram (Top Side View)



## **Block Diagram**

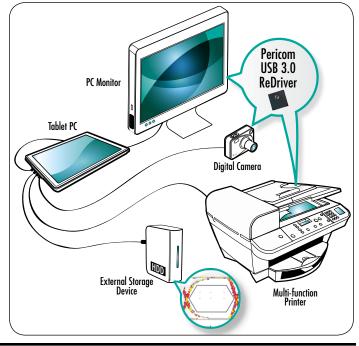


## 5.0Gbps, 1-port, USB3.0 ReDriver™

### Description

Pericom Semiconductor's PI3EQX7502AI is a low power, high performance 5.0 Gbps signal ReDriver<sup>™</sup> designed specifically for the USB 3.0 protocol. The device provides programmable equalization, De-Emphasis, and input threshold controls to optimize performance over a variety of physical mediums by reducing Inter-Symbol Interference. PI3EQX7502AI supports two 100Ω Differential CML data I/O's between the Protocol ASIC to a switch fabric, over cable, or to extend the signals across other distant data pathways on the user's platform. The integrated equalization circuitry provides flexibility with signal integrity of the signal before the ReDriver. A low-level input signal detection and output squelch function is provided for each channel. Each channel operates fully independently. When the channels are enabled  $EN_x$ # = 0 and operating, that channels' input signal level (on xI+/-) determines whether the output is active. If the input signal level of the channel falls below the active threshold level (Vth-) then the outputs are driven to the common mode voltage. In addition to signal conditioning, when EN\_x# = 1, the device enters a low power standby mode. The PI3EQX7502AI also includes a fully programmable receiver detect function. When the RXD-EN pin is pulled high, automatic receiver detection will be active. The receiver detection loop will be active again if the corresponding channel's signal detector is idle for longer than 7.3mS. The channel will then move to Unplug Mode if load not detected, or it will return to Low Power Mode (Slumber Mode) due to inactivity.

#### Figure1



#### **Pin Description**

Pin #	Pin Name	Туре	Description
2 17	EQ_A EQ_B	Input	Set the equalization of two channels. These are Tri-level input pins. When set to "HIGH" the pin becomes Logic "1"; when set to "open", the pin becomes "open", when set to "low", the pin becomes logic "0". Please refer to Mode Adjustment on page 3.
10	EN_A#	Input	Channel A Enable. When the pin is driven "Low" Channel A is in normal operation. When the pin is driven "High", Channel A is in power down mode. With internal $200k\Omega$ pull-down resistor.
21	EN_B#	Input	Channel B Enable. When the pin is driven "Low" Channel B is in normal operation. When the pin is driven "High", Channel B is in power down mode. With internal $200k\Omega$ pull-down resistor.
9 8 19 20	RXA+ RXA- RXB+ RXB-	Input	CML input channels. With Selectable input termination between 50 $\Omega$ to internal V <sub>bias</sub> and 60K $\Omega$ to GND. The input pins are pin polarity reversible.
22 23 12 11	TXA+ TXA- TXB+ TXB-	Output	Selectable output termination between 50 $\Omega$ to internal V <sub>bias</sub> and 2k $\Omega$ to internal V <sub>bias</sub> . The output pins are pin polarity reversible.
4 6 7 14 15 18 24	DNC	DNC	No Connect
1 13	VDD33	Power	3.3V Voltage Supply
Center Pad	GND	GND	Supply Ground.
3 16	DE_A, DE_B	Input	Set the de-emphasis of the output CML buffer. These are Tri-level input pins. When set to "high", the pin becomes logic "1"; when set to "open", the pin becomes "open"; when set to "low", the pin becomes logic "0". Please refer to Mode Adjustment on page 3.
5	RxD_EN	Input	Set the state of receiver detection of two channels. "Low" means no receiver detection and "high" means the receiver detection is active. With internal $200k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.

#### **Power Management**

Notebooks, netbooks, and other power sensitive consumer devices require judicious use of power in order to maximize battery life. In order to minimize the power consumption of our devices, Pericom has added an additional adaptive power management feature. When a signal detector is idle for longer than 1.3ms, the corresponding channel will move to low power mode ONLY. (It means both channels will move to low power mode individually).

In the slumber mode, the signal detector will still be monitoring the input channel. If a channel is in slumber mode and the input signal is detected, the corresponding channel will wake-up immediately. If a channel is in slumber mode and the signal detector is idle longer than 6ms, the receiver detection loop will be active again. If load is not detected, then the Channel will move to Device Unplug Mode and monitor the load continuously. If load is detected, it will return to Slumber Mode and receiver detection will be active again per 6ms.

The device can also be forced into low power standby mode through the use of the EN\_x# pins however this would require the use of GPIO pins to control.

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## **Configuration Table**

EN_x#	R <sub>X</sub> D_EN	Function	Input R	Output R	
1	Х	Channel disable if both EN_A#, EN_B# are high, Chip Power Down	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	
0	1	Chip and channel enabled, receiver detect is active	50Ω / 60K to GND	50Ω / 2ΚΩ	
0	0	Chip and channel enabled, receiver detect is not active	50Ω	50Ω	

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\* Refer to pin 19 description

## **Mode Adjustment**

#### **Equalization Setting:**

EQ\_A/B are the selection pins for the equalization selection for each direction.

Equalizer setting		
EQ_A/B	@ 2.5GHz	
0	3 dB	
open	6dB (Default)	
1	9dB	

#### **De-emphasis Setting:**

DE\_A/B are the selection pins for the de-emphasis selection for each direction.

Output de-emphasis setting				
DE_A/B	De-emphasis			
0	0 dB			
open	-3.5 dB (default)			
1	-6 dB			

Note:

## **Maximum Ratings**

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Supply Voltage to Ground Potential	0.5V to +4.6V
DC SIG Voltage	0.5V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V
Current Output	25mA to +25mA
Power Dissipation Continuous	
Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
ESD, Human Body Model	7kv to +7kV
ESD, Machine Model	200V to +200V

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXI-MUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
DEVICE PARAMET	DEVICE PARAMETERS							
maximum date rate					5	Gbps		
t <sub>ENB</sub>	Device enable time	ENA/B# H->L with Rx termination present			50	ms		
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Device disable time	ENA/B# L->H		7		ns		
CONTROL LOGIC	CONTROL LOGIC							
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Current				50			
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current		-50			uA		
Bi-level Cotrol Pins (	(Pin 5, 10, 21)		1					
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		0.65Vdd			37		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage				0.35Vdd	V		
Tri-level Control Pin	s (Pins: 2,3,16,17)		1	·				
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Voltage		0.8Vdd33					
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage				0.2Vdd33	v		
V <sub>I mid</sub>	Input Mid Level		0.4Vdd33	0.5Vdd33	0.6Vdd33	3		

## **AC/DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
3.3V Power Suppl	3.3V Power Supply Characteristics						
V <sub>DD33</sub>	Power Supply Voltage		3.0		3.6	V	
P <sub>STANDBY33</sub>	Supply Power Standby	EN_ [A:B]# = 1		0.15	1.8		
P <sub>SLUMBER33</sub>	Supply Power Slumber	EN_ [A:B]# = 0, No Input Signal		58	65		
P <sub>DEVICE_UNPLUG</sub>	Supply Power Device Unplug	EN_[A:B]# = 0, Output unterminated		7.3		mW	
P <sub>ACTIVE33</sub>	Supply Power Active	$EN_{A:B} = 0, V_{RX-DIFF-P} \ge V_{TH-SD}$		328	450		
I <sub>DD-STANDBY33</sub>	Supply Current Standby	EN_ [A:B]# = 1			0.5	mA	
I <sub>DD-SLUMBER33</sub>	Supply Current Slumber	EN_ [A:B]# = 0, No Input Signal			18	mA	
I <sub>DD-DEVICE_UNPLUG</sub>	Supply Current Device Unplug	EN_[A:B]# = 0, Output unterminated		2.2			
I <sub>DD-ACTIVE33</sub>	Supply Current Active	$EN_x = 0, V_{RX-DIFFP-P} \ge V_{TH-SD}$			125	- mA	

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Receiver AC/I	DC		,			1
V <sub>RX-DIFFP-P</sub>	Differential Peak-to-Peak Input Volt- age	AC coupled differential RX peak to peak signal	175		1200	mVppd
V <sub>RX-C</sub>	Common Mode Voltage			1		V
V <sub>cm_ac</sub>	RX AC Common Mode Voltage	Measured at Rx pins with termination enabled			150	mVP
Z <sub>DC_RX</sub>	DC commmon mode inpedance		18		30	
Zdiff_RX	DC differential input impendance		72	100	120	Ω
Z <sub>RX_HIGH_</sub> IMP+	DC Input high impedance	Device in unplug, standby modes RX termination not powered measured with respect to GND over 500mV max		67		kΩ
DI		50 MHz-1.25GHz		23		11
RL <sub>RX-DIFF</sub>	Differential return loss	1.25 GH-2.5 GHz		13		db
RL <sub>RX-CM</sub>	Common mode return loss	50 MHz-2.5 GHz		8		db
TH-SD	Signal detect Threshold	EN_x# = 0	65		175	mVppd
Transmitter (	Dutput AC/DC (100 $\Omega$ differential) <sup>1</sup>					
V <sub>TX-DIFFP-P</sub>	Differential Peak-to-peak Output Voltage	$V_{\text{TX-DIFFP-P}} = 2 *  V_{\text{TX-D+}} - V_{\text{TX-D-}} $	400		1200	mVand
V <sub>TX-LFPS</sub>	LFPS Differential Peak-to-peak Out- put Voltage		800			- mVppd
V <sub>TX-C</sub>	Common-Mode Voltage	$ V_{TX-D+} + V_{TX-D- }/2$	0.5		1.2	V
		DEA/B = 0		0		
DE		DEA/B = NC	-3.0	-3.5	-4.0	dB
		DEA/B = 1		-6.0		
Z <sub>diff_TX</sub>	DC differential impedance		72	90	120	
Z <sub>CM_TX</sub>	DC common mode impedance	Measured w.r.t to AC ground over 0-500mV	18	23	30	Ω
DI		f= 50MHz-1.25 GHz		12		10
RL <sub>diff_TX</sub>	Differential return loss	f= 1.25 GHz-2.5 GHz		8		dB
RL <sub>CM_TX</sub>	Common mode return loss	f= 50 MHz-2.5GHz		10		dB
I <sub>TX_SC</sub>	TX short circuit current	TX± shorted to GND		26		mA
V <sub>TX_CM_AC_</sub> Active	TX AC common mode voltage active			30	100	mVpp

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## AC/DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued..)

## AC/DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued..)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Transmitter O	utput AC/DC (100 $\Omega$ differential) <sup>1</sup>					
V <sub>detect</sub>	Voltage change to allow receiver	Positive voltage to sense receiver ter- mination			600	mV
t <sub>R</sub> ,t <sub>F</sub>	Output rise/fall time	20%-80% of differental voltage mea- sured 1" from the output pin		90		ps
T <sub>diff_LH,</sub> T <sub>diff_HL</sub>	Differential propagation delay	Propagation delay between 50% level at input and output		305	370	ps
Equalization					-	
$T_{TX-EYE}^{(1)(2)}$	Total jitter(Tj)			0.2	0.5	(3)
$DJ_{TX}^{(2)}$	Deterministic jitter(Dj)	with 36 inch of inputFR4 trace		0.1	0.3	UI <sup>(3)</sup>
$RJ_{TX}^{(2)(4)}$	Random jitter(Rj)			0.09	0.2	- Pp

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Note:

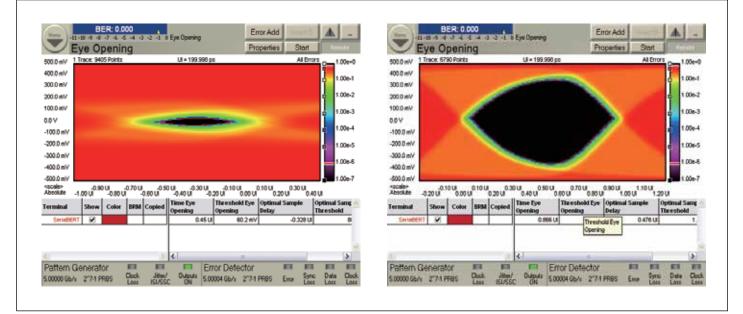
1.Includes RJ at 10<sup>-12</sup> BER

2.Determininstic jitter measured with PRBS7 pattern, Random jitter measured with 1010 patter VID=1000mVpp, 5Gbps,

3.UI = 200 ps

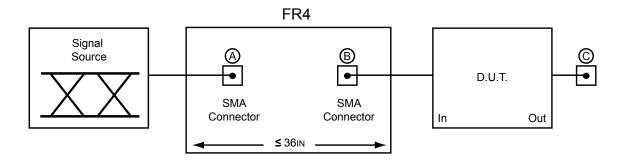
4.Rj calculated as 14.069 times the RMS random jitter for  $10^{-12}$  BER

## **Eye Diagram**

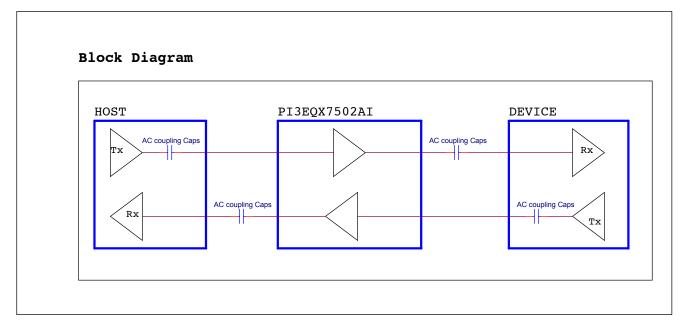


Left: Input Eye Diagram, Left: Output Eye Diagram, Trace length: 36-inch, 5.0 Gb/s

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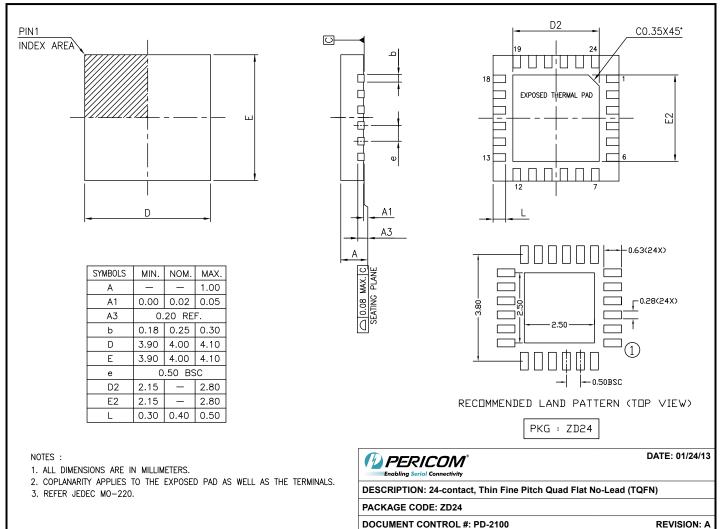
Test Condition Referenced in the Electrical Characteristic Table



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#### **PI3EQX7502AI** Application Schematics

## Packaging Mechanical: 24-contact TQFN (ZD)



## **Ordering Information**

Ordering Number	Package Code	Package Description
PI3EQX7502AIZDE	ZD	Pb-Free and Green 24-pin TQFN (4x4mm)

Notes:

• Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.pericom.com/packaging/

• E = Pb-free and Green

• X suffix = Tape/Reel

## **Mouser Electronics**

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Diodes Incorporated: PI3EQX7502AIZDEX