DIODES INCORPORATED

Lead-free Green

PERICOM

PI4IOE5V9536

4-Bit I2C-Bus and SMBus Low Power I/O Port

Features

➔ Operation Power Supply Voltage from 2.3V to 5.5V

➔ 4-bit I²C-Bus GPIO with 5V Tolerant I/Os

➔ Polarity Inversion Register

➔ Low Current Consumption

➔ 0Hz to 1MHz Clock Frequency

➔ Noise Filter on SCL/SDA Inputs

➔ Power-on Reset

➔ Four I/O pins Default to Four Inputs with 100kΩ Pullup Resistor

➔ ESD Protection (4KV HBM and 1KV CDM)

➔ Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)

➔ Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)

➔ Offered in Three Different Packages:

  • SOIC-8(W)

  • MSOP-8(U)

  • UDFN-8(ZW)

Description

The PI4IOE5V9536 provides 4 bits of general purpose parallel input/output (GPIO) expansion for I²C-bus/ SMBus applications. It includes features like higher driving capability, 5V tolerance, lower power supply, individual I/O configuration, and smaller packaging. It provides a simple solution when an additional I/O is required for ACPI power switches, sensors, push buttons, LEDs, fans, etc.

The PI4IOE5V9536 consists of 4-bit registers to configure the I/Os as either inputs or outputs and 4-bit polarity registers to change the polarity of the input-port register data The data for each input or output is kept in the corresponding input-port or output-port register. All registers can be read by the system master.
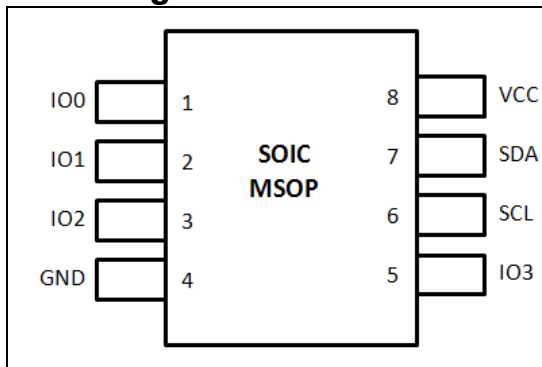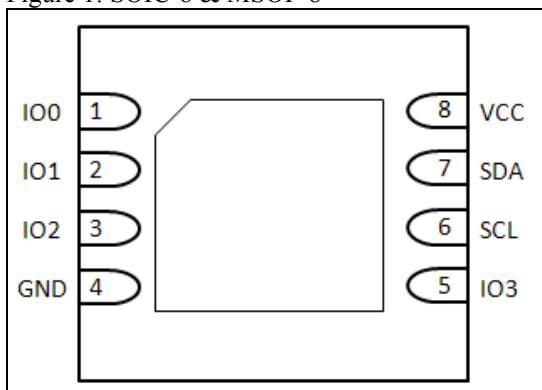
Pin Configuration

Figure 1: SOIC-8 & MSOP-8

Figure 2: UDFN 2x3-8

Pin Description

* I = Input; O = Output; P = Power; G = Ground

Pin	Name	Type	Description
1	IO0	I/O	Input/Output 0
2	IO1	I/O	Input/Output 1
3	IO2	I/O	Input/Output 2
4	GND	G	Supply Ground
5	IO3	I/O	Input/Output 3
6	SCL	I	Serial Clock Line
7	SDA	I/O	Serial Data Line
8	VCC	P	Power Supply

Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

Maximum Ratings

Power Supply ....-0.5V to +6.0V
Voltage on an I/O pin ....GND-0.5V to +6.0V
Input Current ....±20mA
Output Current on I/O pin ....±50mA
Supply Current 85mA
Ground Supply Current 100mA
Total Power Dissipation...200mW
Operation Temperature ....-40°C ~85°C
Storage Temperature ....-65°C ~150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature ,T j(max) ....125°C

Note:
Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Static Characteristics

VCC = 2.3V to 5.5V; GND = 0V; Tamb= -40°C to +85°C; unless otherwise specified.

Table 2: Static Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power Supply						
VCC	Supply Voltage	—	2.3	—	5.5	V
I_{CC}	Supply Current	Operating mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; fSCL = 1MHz,	—	100	150	µA
		Operating mode; VCC = 2.3V; no load; fSCL = 1MHz	—	20	40	µA
I_{stb}	Standby Current	Standby mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; VI = GND; fSCL = 0 kHz; I/O = inputs	—	225	350	µA
		Standby mode; VCC = 5.5V; no load; VI = VCC; fSCL = 0 kHz; I/O = inputs	—	0.25	1	µA
V_{POR}	Power-on Reset Voltage[1]	—	—	1.16	1.41	V
Input SCL, Input/Output SDA						
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5	—	+0.3VCC	V
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage	—	0.7VCC	—	5.5	V
I_{OL}	Low-Level Output Current	V_{OL}=0.4V	3	6	—	mA
I_L	Leakage Current	VI = VCC = GND	-1	—	1	µA
C_i	Input Capacitance	VI = GND	—	6	10	pF

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/Os						
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage	—	-0.5	—	+0.81	V
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage	—	+1.8	—	5.5	V
I_{OL}	Low-Level Output Current	VCC = 2.3V; V_{OL} = 0.5V[2]	8	10	—	mA
		VCC = 2.3V; V_{OL} = 0.7V[2]	10	13	—	mA
		VCC = 3.0V; V_{OL} = 0.5V[2]	8	14	—	mA
		VCC = 3.0V; V_{OL} = 0.7V[2]	10	19	—	mA
		VCC = 4.5V; V_{OL} = 0.5V[2]	8	17	—	mA
		VCC =4.5V; V_{OL} = 0.7V[2]	10	24	—	mA
V_{OH}	High-Level Output Voltage	I_{OH} = -8mA;VCC = 2.3V[3]	1.8	—	—	V
		I_{OH} = -10mA;VCC = 2.3V[3]	1.7	—	—	V
		I_{OH} = -8mA;VCC = 3.0V[3]	2.6	—	—	V
		I_{OH} = -10mA;VCC = 3.0V[3]	2.5	—	—	V
		I_{OH} = -8mA;VCC = 4.75V[3]	4.1	—	—	V
		I_{OH} = -10mA;VCC = 4.75V[3]	4.0	—	—	V
I_{LIH}	High-Level Input Leakage Current	VCC = 3.6V; V_I = VCC	—	—	1	µA
I_{LIL}	Low-Level Input Leakage Current	VCC = 5.5V; V_I = GND	—	—	-100	µA
C_i	Input Capacitance	—	—	3.7	10	pF
C_o	Output Capacitance	—	—	3.7	10	pF

Notes:
1. VCC must be lowered to 0.2V for at least 5µs in order to reset part.
2. Each I/O must be externally limited to a maximum of 25mA, and the device must be limited to a maximum current of 100mA
3. The total current sourced by all I/Os must be limited to 85mA.

Dynamic Characteristics

Table 3: Dynamic Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Standard Mode I²C		Fast Mode I²C		Fast Mode Plus I²C		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
f_{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	—	0	100	0	400	0	1000	kHz
t_{BUF}	Bus Free Time Between a STOP and START Condition	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	0.5	—	µs
$t_{HD;STA}$	Hold Time (Repeated) START Condition	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	0.26	—	µs
$t_{SU;STA}$	Setup Time for a Repeated START Condition	—	4.7	—	0.6	—	0.26	—	µs
$t_{SU;STO}$	Setup Time for STOP Condition	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	0.26	—	µs
$t_{VD;ACK}$[1]	Data Valid Acknowledge Time	—	—	3.45	—	0.9	—	0.45	µs
$t_{HD;DAT}$[2]	Data Hold Time	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
$t_{VD;DAT}$	Data Valid Time	—	—	3.45	—	0.9	—	0.45	µs
$t_{SU;DAT}$	Data Setup Time	—	250	—	100	—	50	—	ns
t_{LOW}	LOW Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	0.5	—	µs
t_{HIGH}	HIGH Period of the SCL Clock	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	0.26	—	µs
t_f	Fall Time of both SDA and SCL Signals	—	—	300	—	300	—	120	ns
t_r	Rise Time of both SDA and SCL Signals	—	—	1000	—	300	—	120	ns
t_{SP}	Pulse Width of Spikes that must be Suppressed by the Input Filter	—	—	50	—	50	—	50	ns
Port Timing									
$t_{v(Q)}$	Data-Output Valid Time[3]	—	—	200	—	200	—	200	ns
$t_{su(D)}$	Data-Input Set-Up Time	—	100	—	100	—	100	—	ns
$T_{h(D)}$	Data-Input Hold Time	—	1	—	1	—	1	—	µs

Note:
1. $t_{VD;ACK}$ = time for acknowledgement signal from SCL LOW to SDA (out) LOW.
2. $t_{VD;DAT}$ = minimum time for SDA data out to be valid following SCL LOW.
3. $t_{v(Q)}$ measured from 0.7VCC on SCL to 50% I/O output.

PI4IOE5V9536 Block Diagram

Fig3: Block diagram of PI4IOE5V9536

Note: All I/Os are set to inputs at reset.
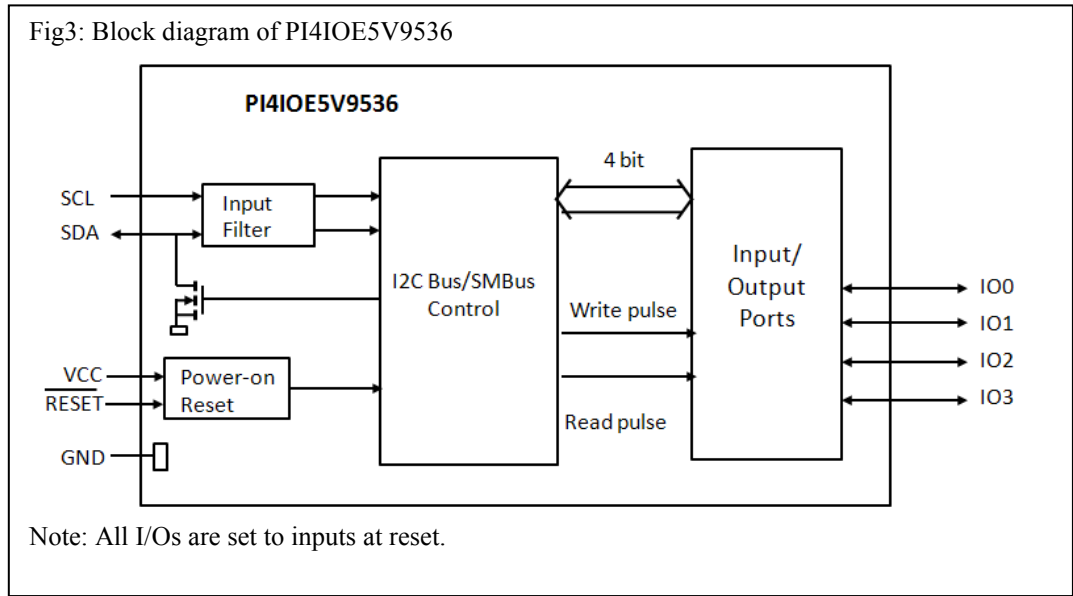
Details Description

a. Device Address

Table 4: Device Address

	b7(MSB)	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Address Byte	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	R/W

Note: Read "1", Write "0"

b. Registers

i. Command Byte

The command byte is the first byte to follow the address byte during a write transmission. It is used as a pointer to determine which of the following registers will be written or read.

Table 5: Command Byte

Command	Register
0	Input Port Register
1	Output Port Register
2	Polarity Inversion Register
3	Configuration Register

ii.   Register 0: Input Port Registers

This register is a read-only port. It reflects the incoming logic levels of the pins, regardless of whether the pin is defined as an input or an output by Register 2. Writes to this register have no effect.

The default value 'X' is determined by the externally applied logic level.

Table 6: Input Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	I7	I6	I5	I4	I3	I2	I1	I0
Default	1	1	1	1	X	X	X	X

iii.   Register 1:Output Port Register

This register is an output-only port. It reflects the outgoing logic levels of the pins defined as outputs by Registers 3. Bit values in this register have no effect on pins defined as inputs. In turn, reads from this register reflect the value that is in the flip-flop controlling the output selection, not the actual pin value.

Table 8: Output Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	O7	O6	O5	O4	O3	O2	O1	O0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

iv.   Register 2: Polarity Inversion Register

This register allows the user to invert the polarity of the input port register data. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the input port data polarity is inverted. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with a '0'), the input port data polarity is retained.

Table 10: Polarity Inversion Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	N7	N6	N5	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

v.   Register 3: Configuration Registers

This register configures the directions of the I/O pins. If a bit in this register is set (written with '1'), the corresponding port pin is enabled as an input with a high-impedance output driver. If a bit in this register is cleared (written with '0'), the corresponding port pin is enabled as an output. At reset, the I/Os are configured as inputs with a weak pullup to VCC.

Table 12: Configuration Port 0 Register

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Symbol	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
Default	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

c. Power-on Reset

When power is applied to VCC, an internal power-on reset holds the PI4IOE5V9536 in a reset condition until VCC reaches V_{POR}. At that point, the reset condition is released, and the PI4IOE5V9536 registers and SMBus state machine initialize to their default states. Thereafter, VCC must be lowered below 0.2 V to reset the device. For a power reset cycle, VCC must be lowered below 0.2 V and then restored to the operating voltage.

d. I/O Port

When an I/O is configured as an input, FETs Q1 and Q2 are off, creating a high-impedance input. The input voltage may be raised above VCC to a maximum of 5.5 V.

If the I/O is configured as an output, then either Q1 or Q2 is on, depending on the state of the output port register. Care must be exercised if an external voltage is applied to an I/O configured as an output because of the low-impedance path that exists between the pin and either VCC or GND.

Figure 4: Simplified Schematic of I/Os

After power-on reset, all registers return to default values.
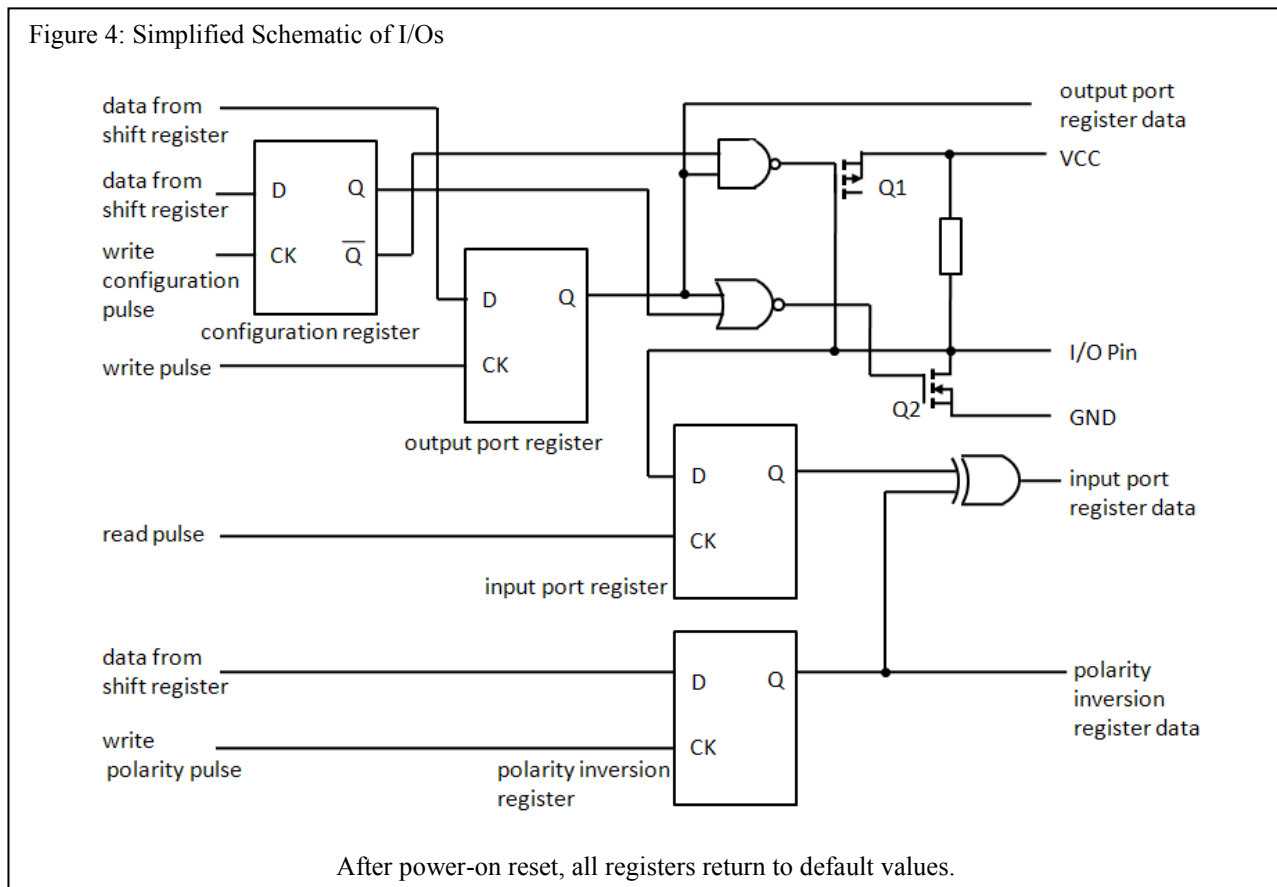
e. Bus Transaction

Data is transmitted to the PI4IOE5V9536 using the write mode as shown in Figure 5. Data is read from the PI4IOE5V9536 using the read mode as shown in Figure 7.These devices do not implement an auto-increment function, so once a command byte is sent, the register that was addressed continues to be accessed by reads until a new command byte is sent.

Figure 5: Write to Output Registers
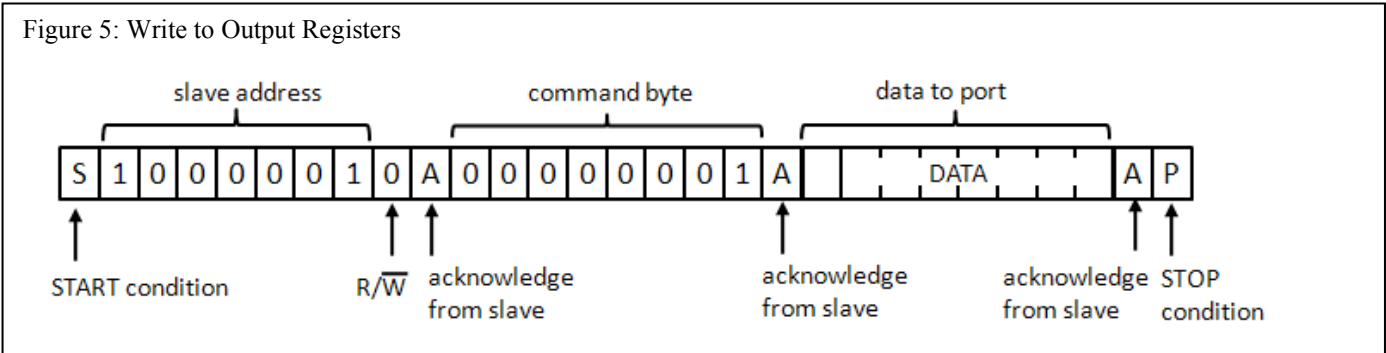
Figure 6: Write to Polarity Inversion Registers
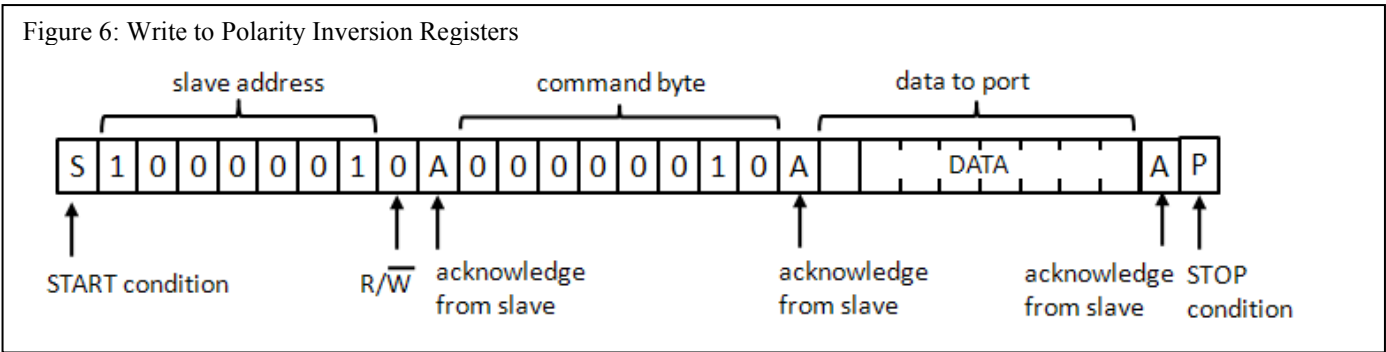
Figure 7: Read from Registers
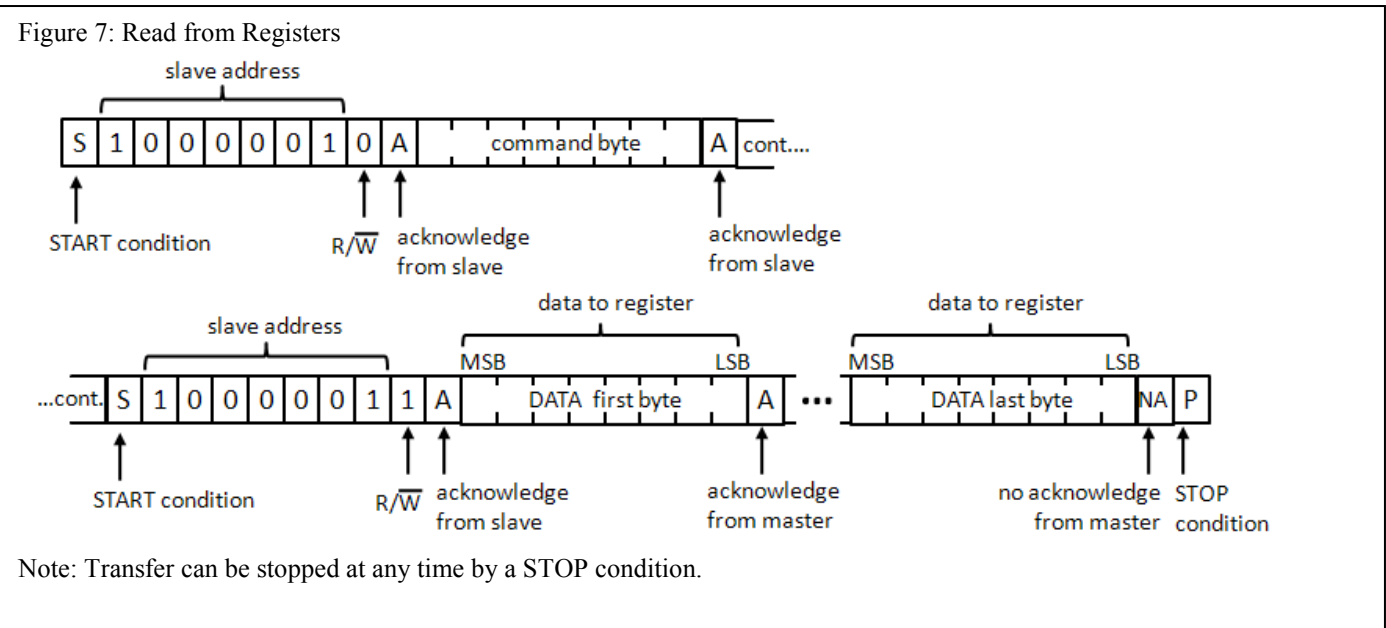
Note: Transfer can be stopped at any time by a STOP condition.

Figure 8: Read Input Port Register
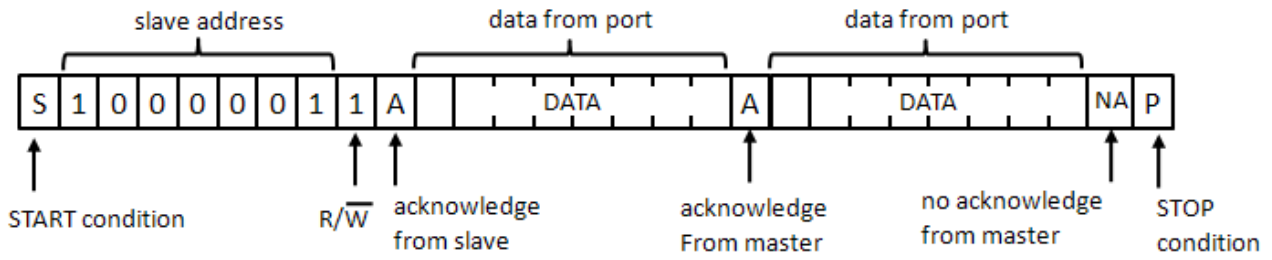
Note: Transfer of data can be stopped at any moment by a STOP condition. It is assumed that the command byte has previously been set to '00' (read input port register).

Application Design-in Information

Figure 9: Typical Application
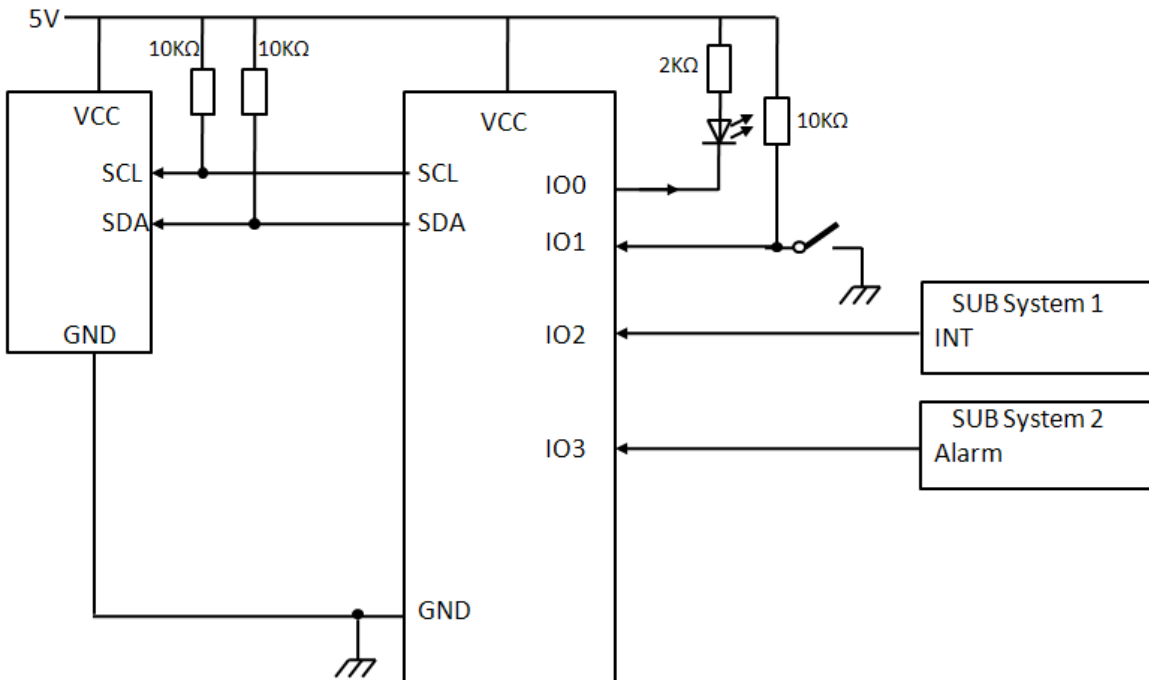
IO0 configured as outputs.
IO1, IO2, IO3 configured as inputs.

Part Marking

U Package

```
IOE5V9
536UE
ABKḠ
```

AB: Date Code (Year & Workweek)
K: Assembly Site Code
G: Wafer Fab Site Code
Bar above "G" means Cu wire

W Package and ZW Package

Top mark not available at this time. To obtain advanced information regarding the top mark, contact your local sales representative.

Packaging Mechanical

SOIC-8 (W)

SYMBOLS	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	—	—	1.75
A1	0.10	—	0.25
A2	1.25	—	—
b	0.31	—	0.51
c	0.10	—	0.25
D	4.80	4.90	5.00
E	5.80	6.00	6.20
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00
e	1.27 BSC		
L	0.40	—	1.27
h	0.25	—	0.50
θ°	0	—	8

UNIT : mm

PERICOM
Enabling Serial Connectivity

DATE: 02/21/14

DESCRIPTION: 8-Pin, 150mil-Wide, SOIC

PACKAGE CODE: W (W8)

DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-1001   **REVISION: G**

NOTE :
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm. ANGLES IN DEGREES
2. DIMENSIONS EXCLUDE BURRS, MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS
3. REFER JEDEC MS-012

15-0103

MSOP-8 (U)
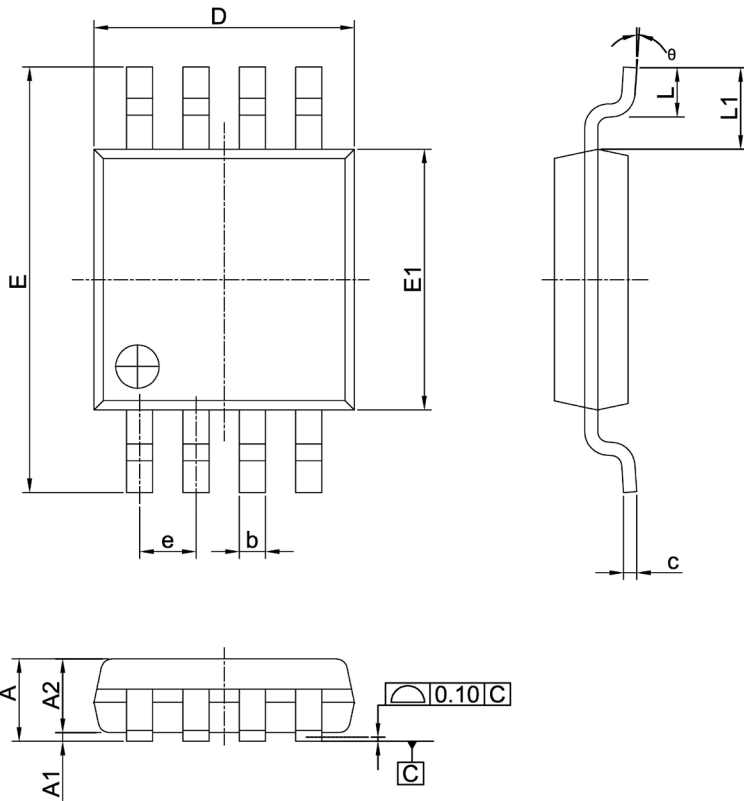
PKG DIMENSIONS(MM)		
SYMBOL	Min.	Max.
A	--	1.10
A1	0.00	0.15
A2	0.75	0.95
b	0.22	0.38
c	0.08	0.23
D	2.80	3.20
E	4.65	5.15
E1	2.80	3.20
e	0.65 BSC	
L	0.40	0.80
L1	0.95 REF	
θ	0°	8°

		DATE: 11/03/16
DESCRIPTION: 8-Pin, Mini Small Outline Package, MSOP		
PACKAGE CODE: U (U8)		
DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-1261		**REVISION: G**

NOTE:
1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES IN DEGREES.
2. REFER JEDEC MO-187F/AA
3. PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR.

16-0242

UDFN-8 (ZW)

8X0.30(MAX)

8X0.70(MAX)

1.50(MAX)

1.70(MAX)

2.90

0.50

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN(unit:mm)

TOP VIEW

BOTTOM VIEW

SIDE VIEW

PIN1
Index Area

PKG. DIMENSIONS(MM)			
SYMBOL	Min	NOM	Max
A	0.50	0.60	0.65
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A3	0.15 REF		
D	1.95	2.00	2.05
E	2.95	3.00	3.05
D1	1.40	1.50	1.60
E1	1.50	1.60	1.70
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
e	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.40	0.45

DATE: 10/13/16

DIODES INCORPORATED **PERICOM** A PRODUCT LINE OF DIODES INCORPORATED ENABLING SERIAL CONNECTIVITY

DESCRIPTION: 8-Pin, UDFN, 2X3

PACKAGE CODE: ZW(ZW8)

DOCUMENT CONTROL#: PD-2214

REVISION: --

Notes:
1. Comly with JEDEC MO-229F, except 'E1' Max.

16-0176

For latest package information:

See http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package Code	Package Description
PI4IOE5V9536WEX	W	8-Pin,150mil-Wide (SOIC)
PI4IOE5V9536UEX	U	8-Pin, Mini Small Outline Package (MSOP)
PI4IOE5V9536ZWEX	ZW	8-Pin, 2x3 (UDFN)

Notes:
1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3).compliant.
2. See http://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
3. Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/
4. E = Pb-free and Green
5. X suffix = Tape/Reel

IMPORTANT NOTICE

LIFE SUPPORT

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Diodes Incorporated](#):
    [PI4IOE5V9536UEX](#)