

L-113IDT

DESCRIPTION

2 x 5 mm Rectangular LED Lamp



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

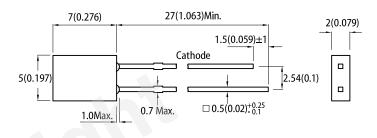
• The High Efficiency Red source color devices are made with Gallium Arsenide Phosphide on Gallium Phosphide Orange Light Emitting Diode

FEATURES

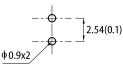
- Low power consumption
- Reliable and rugged
- Excellent uniformity of light output
- · Suitable for level indicator
- · Long life solid state reliability
- RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

- Status indicator
- Illuminator
- Signage applications
- · Decorative and entertainment lighting
- Commercial and residential architectural lighting



Recommended PCB Layout



Notes

All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
 Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.

- Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
 The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice

SELECTION GUIDE

| Part Number | Emitting Color | Long Type | lv (mcd) @ 10mA ^[2] | | Viewing Angle ^[1] |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|------|------------------------------|
| | (Material) | Lens Type | Min. | Тур. | 201/2 |
| L-113IDT | High Efficiency Red (GaAsP/GaP) | Red Diffused | 4 | 7 | 1108 |
| | | | *2 | *4 | - 140° |

Notes

- 1. 01/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 * Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

| Parameter | Querry has h | Envitting Only | Value | | 11-24 |
|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|-------|------|-------|
| Parameter | Symbol | Emitting Color | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
| Wavelength at Peak Emission $I_F = 10 \text{mA}$ | λ_{peak} | High Efficiency Red | 627 | - | nm |
| Dominant Wavelength I _F = 10mA | λ_{dom} ^[1] | High Efficiency Red | 617 | - | nm |
| Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 10mA | Δλ | High Efficiency Red | 45 | - | nm |
| Capacitance | С | High Efficiency Red | 15 | - | pF |
| Forward Voltage I _F = 10mA | V _F ^[2] | High Efficiency Red | 1.9 | 2.3 | V |
| Reverse Current ($V_R = 5V$) | I _R | High Efficiency Red | - | 10 | μA |
| Temperature Coefficient of λ_{peak} I_F = 10mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C | TC _{λpeak} | High Efficiency Red | 0.13 | - | nm/°C |
| Temperature Coefficient of λ_{dom} I_F = 10mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C | TC _{λdom} | High Efficiency Red | 0.06 | - | nm/°C |
| Temperature Coefficient of V_F I_F = 10mA, -10°C \leq T \leq 85°C | TCv | High Efficiency Red | -1.9 | - | mV/°C |

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd : ±1nm.) 2. Forward voltage: ±0.1V. 3. Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

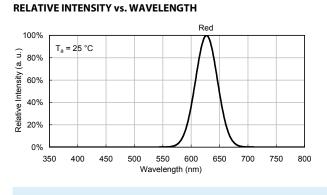
4. Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

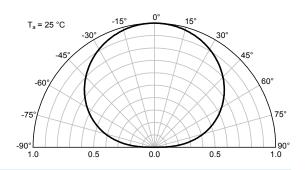
| Parameter | Symbol | Value | Unit | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|------|--|
| Power Dissipation | P _D | 75 | mW | |
| Reverse Voltage | V _R | 5 | V | |
| Junction Temperature | Tj | 125 | °C | |
| Operating Temperature | T _{op} | -40 to +85 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -40 to +85 | °C | |
| DC Forward Current | I _F | 30 | mA | |
| Peak Forward Current | I _{FM} ^[1] | 160 | mA | |
| Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM) | - | 8000 | V | |
| Thermal Resistance (Junction / Ambient) | R _{th JA} ^[2] | 580 | °C/W | |
| Thermal Resistance (Junction / Solder point) | R _{th JS} ^[2] | 350 | °C/W | |
| Lead Solder Temperature [3] | | 260°C For 3 Seconds | | |
| Lead Solder Temperature ^[4] | | 260°C For 5 Seconds | | |

Notes: 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width. 2. R_{In. Js}, Results from mounting on PC board FR4 (pad size ≥ 16 mm² per pad). 3. Zmm below package base. 4. 5mm below package base. 5. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

TECHNICAL DATA



SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION



HIGH EFFICIENCY RED

Pemissible forward current (mA)

40

30

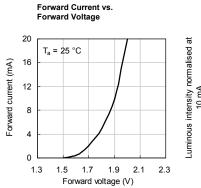
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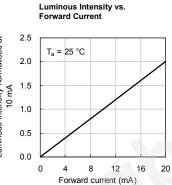
10

0

-40

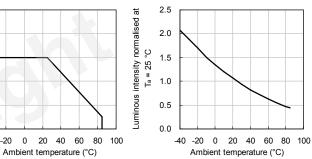
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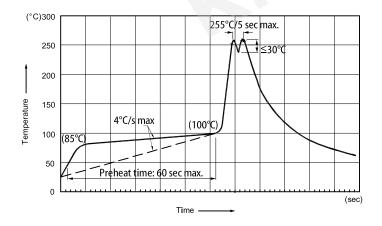






RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS



Notes

- Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C

- Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
 Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
 Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process. SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
 No more than one wave soldering pass.

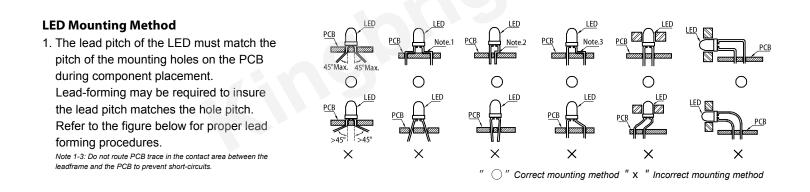
Label Outside Label Kingbright Kingbright 1,000pcs / Bag 40K / Box 20K / Box



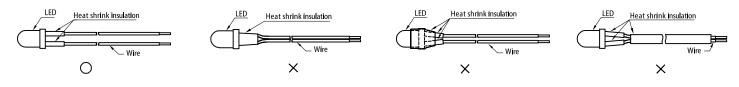
PRECAUTIONS

Storage conditions

- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
- 2. LEDs should be stored with temperature \leq 30°C and relative humidity < 60%.
- 3. Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening. Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.



2. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure.

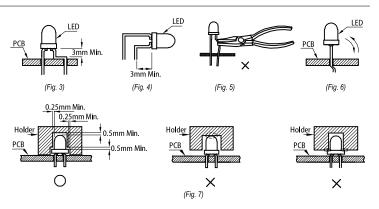


- PCB (Fig. 1) (Fig. 2)
- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig.1) or spacers (Fig.2) to securely position the LED above the PCB.
 - 4. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (*Fig. 3 , Fig. 4*).
 - 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (*Fig.* 5)

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Lead Forming Procedures

- 1. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 6)
- 2. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering. (Fig. 7)
- 3. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 4. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 5. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.



PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

- The information included in this document reflects representative usage scenarios and is intended for technical reference only.
- The part number, type, and specifications mentioned in this document are subject to future change and improvement without notice. Before production usage customer should refer to the latest datasheet for the updated specifications. When using the products referenced in this document, please make sure the product is being operated within the environmental and electrical limits specified in the datasheet. If
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- 6. All design applications should refer to Kingbright application notes available at http