



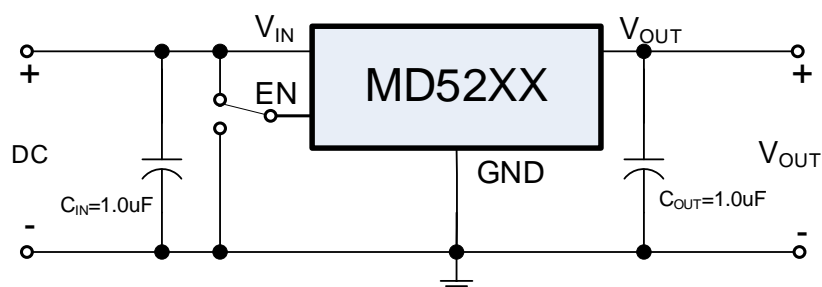
MD52XX is ultra-low power consumption low dropout voltage regulator (LDO) manufactured in CMOS processes. It can deliver up to 500mA of current while consuming only 0.6 $\mu$ A of quiescent current. It consists of a reference voltage generator, an error amplifier, a current foldback circuit, and a phase compensation circuit plus a driver transistor. The MD52XX is designed specifically for applications where very-low  $I_Q$  is a critical parameter. This device maintains low quiescent current consumption even in dropout mode to further increase the battery life.

**■ Features:**

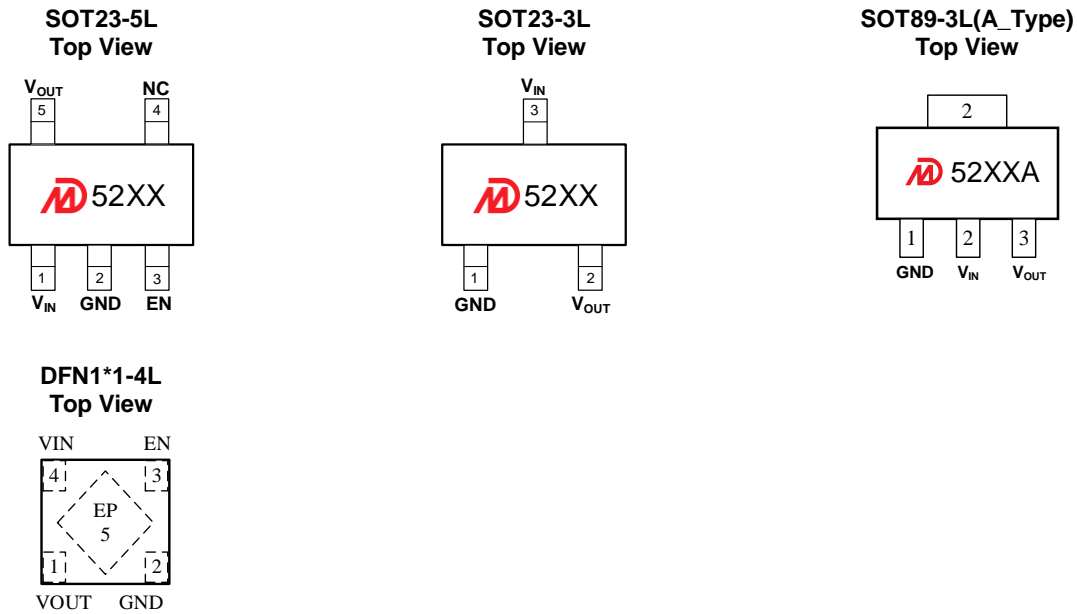
- Ultra-low Quiescent Current: 0.6 $\mu$ A
- Highly Accurate:  $\pm 2\%$
- Dropout Voltage: 230mV@ $I_{OUT}=500$ mA
- Maximum Output Current: 500mA
- Input Voltage Range: 2.2V~7.0V
- Temperature Stability:  $\pm 50$ ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C
- ON/OFF Logic = Enable High
- Standby Current: 10nA
- $C_{OUT}$  Discharge Circuit when EN Disable is Active
- Protections Circuits: Current Limiter, Short Circuit, Foldback
- Output Capacitor: Low ESR Ceramic Capacitor Compatible

**■ Applications:**

- Smart wearer
- Long-life battery-powered devices
- Portable mobile devices, such as mobile phones, cameras, and so on
- Wireless communication equipment








**■ Typical Applications:**

■ Pin Configuration:



■ Product Selections:

Product Name	V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	Package	Ordering Name	Marking	Package Information
MD5212	1.2	SOT23-5L	MD52E12QC3	5212	Tape and Reel, 3000pcs
MD5215	1.5	SOT23-5L	MD52E15QC3	5215	
MD5218	1.8	SOT23-5L	MD52E18QC3	5218	
MD5221	2.1	SOT23-5L	MD52E21QC3	5221	
MD5225	2.5	SOT23-5L	MD52E25QC3	5225	
MD5228	2.8	SOT23-5L	MD52E28QC3	5228	
MD5230	3.0	SOT23-5L	MD52E30QC3	5230	
MD5233	3.3	SOT23-5L	MD52E33QC3	5233	
MD5236	3.6	SOT23-5L	MD52E36QC3	5236	
MD5240	4.0	SOT23-5L	MD52E40QC3	5240	
MD5250	5.0	SOT23-5L	MD52E50QC3	5250	
MD5212	1.2	SOT23-3L	MD52E12QA3	5212	
MD5215	1.5	SOT23-3L	MD52E15QA3	5215	
MD5218	1.8	SOT23-3L	MD52E18QA3	5218	
MD5221	2.1	SOT23-3L	MD52E21QA3	5221	
MD5225	2.5	SOT23-3L	MD52E25QA3	5225	
MD5228	2.8	SOT23-3L	MD52E28QA3	5228	
MD5230	3.0	SOT23-3L	MD52E30QA3	5230	
MD5233	3.3	SOT23-3L	MD52E33QA3	5233	
MD5236	3.6	SOT23-3L	MD52E36QA3	5236	
MD5240	4.0	SOT23-3L	MD52E40QA3	5240	
MD5250	5.0	SOT23-3L	MD52E50QA3	5250	
MD5212A	1.2	SOT89-3L	MD52A12PA1	5212A	Tape and Reel, 1000pcs
MD5215A	1.5	SOT89-3L	MD52A15PA1	5215A	
MD5218A	1.8	SOT89-3L	MD52A18PA1	5218A	
MD5221A	2.1	SOT89-3L	MD52A21PA1	5221A	

MD5225A	2.5	SOT89-3L	MD52A25PA1	 5225A		
MD5228A	2.8	SOT89-3L	MD52A28PA1	 5228A		
MD5230A	3.0	SOT89-3L	MD52A30PA1	 5230A		
MD5233A	3.3	SOT89-3L	MD52A33PA1	 5233A		
MD5236A	3.6	SOT89-3L	MD52A36PA1	 5236A		
MD5240A	4.0	SOT89-3L	MD52A40PA1	 5240A		
MD5250A	5.0	SOT89-3L	MD52A50PA1	 5250A		
MD5212	1.2	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E12WB6	5212		Tape and Reel, 10000pcs
MD5215	1.5	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E15WB6	5215		
MD5218	1.8	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E18WB6	5218		
MD5221	2.1	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E21WB6	5221		
MD5225	2.5	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E25WB6	5225		
MD5228	2.8	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E28WB6	5228		
MD5230	3.0	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E30WB6	5230		
MD5233	3.3	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E33WB6	5233		
MD5236	3.6	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E36WB6	5236		
MD5240	4.0	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E40WB6	5240		
MD5250	5.0	DFN1*1-4L	MD52E50WB6	5250		

**Notes:** 1\* Customer can request to customize the output voltage ranged from 1.2V to 5V if desired voltage is not found in the selections.

2\* Customer can request customization of package choice.

3\* Please pay attention to the MARKING of the product package type.

■ **Absolute Maximum Ratings:** (Unless otherwise indicated:  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS		UNITS
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3 ~ 8		V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim V_{IN}+0.3V$		
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	SOT23-5	250	mW
		SOT23-3	250	
		SOT89-3	1000	
		DFN1*1-4L	200	
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JB}^{(1)}$	SOT23-5	180	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
		SOT23-3	200	
		SOT89-3	100	
		DFN1*1-4L	160	
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 ~ +85		$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ +125		
ESD Protection	ESD HBM	6000		V

**Note:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

<sup>(1)</sup> Mounted on JEDEC standard 4layer (2s2p) PCB test board

■ **Notes on Use:**

Input Capacitor ( $C_{IN}$ ): 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$  above

Output Capacitor ( $C_{OUT}$ ): 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$  above

**■ Electrical Characteristics:**

MD52XX Series

(Unless otherwise indicated:  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

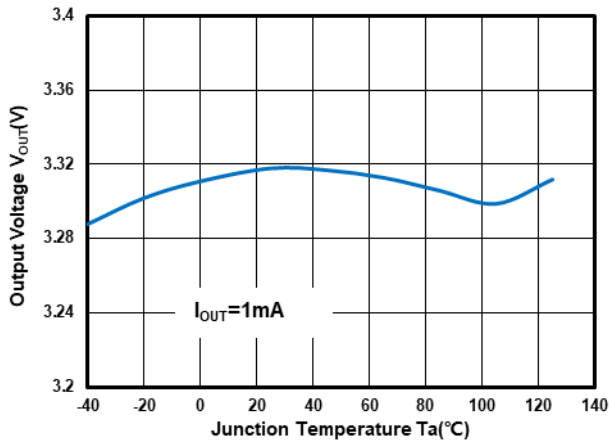
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage*1	$V_{OUT(S)}$	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+2.0\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}, V_{OUT(S)}<2.0\text{V}$	$V_{OUT(S)}-0.03$	$V_{OUT(S)}$	$V_{OUT(S)}+0.03$	V
		$V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA},$ $V_{OUT(S)}\geq 2.0\text{V}$	$V_{OUT(S)}\times 0.98$		$V_{OUT(S)}\times 1.02$	
Dropout Voltage*2	$V_{DROP}$	$V_{EN}=V_{IN}, V_{OUT}<3\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=500\text{mA}$		240		mV
		$V_{EN}=V_{IN}, V_{OUT}\geq 3\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=500\text{mA}$		230		
Line Regulation	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \cdot V_{OUT(S)}}$	$V_{OUT(S)}+0.5\text{V}\leq V_{IN}=V_{EN}\leq 7\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$		0.05	0.1	%/V
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT2}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0\text{V}$ $1\text{mA}\leq I_{OUT}\leq 500\text{mA}$		50	90	mV
Temperature Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \cdot V_{OUT(S)}}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0\text{V}$ $I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ $-40^{\circ}\text{C}\leq T_a\leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		$\pm 50$		ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
GND Current ( $V_{EN}=V_{IN}$ )	$I_{GND}$	no load		0.6	0.9	$\mu\text{A}$
		$I_{OUT}=500\text{mA}$		210		$\mu\text{A}$
Shutdown Current ( $V_{EN}=0$ )	$I_{SHUT}$	$V_{IN}=7.0\text{V}, V_{EN}=0$		0.01	0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	---	2.2		7	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUTMAX}$		450	500		mA
Current Limit*2	$I_{LIM}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0\text{V}$ $V_{OUT} = 0.95 \times V_{OUT(S)}$		750		mA
Short Circuit Current	$I_{SHORT}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0\text{V}$ $V_{OUT}=0\text{V}$		50		mA
$C_{OUT}$ Auto Discharge	$R_{DCHG}$	$V_{EN}=0, V_{OUT}=V_{OUT(S)}$	280	450	640	$\Omega$
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$f=10\text{Hz}, I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$		64		dB
		$f=100\text{Hz}, I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$		51		
		$f=1\text{kHz}, I_{OUT}=10\text{mA}$		34		
EN 'H' Level Voltage	$V_{ENH}$	---	1.0		7.0	V
EN 'L' Level Voltage	$V_{ENL}$	---	0		0.38	
EN 'H' Level Current	$I_{ENH}$	$V_{IN}=7.0\text{V}, V_{EN}=V_{IN}$	-0.1		0.1	$\mu\text{A}$
EN 'L' Level Current	$I_{ENL}$	$V_{IN}=7.0\text{V}, V_{EN}=0$	-0.1		0.1	

Notes:

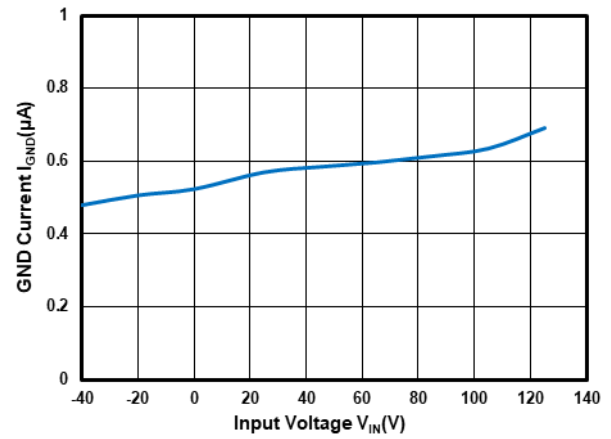
- $V_{OUT(S)}$ : Output voltage when  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1\text{V}, I_{OUT}=1\text{mA}$ .
- $V_{DROP}=V_{IN1} - (V_{OUT(S)}\times 0.98)$  where  $V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage when  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)}\times 0.98$ .
- $I_{LIM}$ : Output current when  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1\text{V}$  and  $V_{OUT} = 0.95 \times V_{OUT(S)}$ .

■ Typical Performance Characteristics:

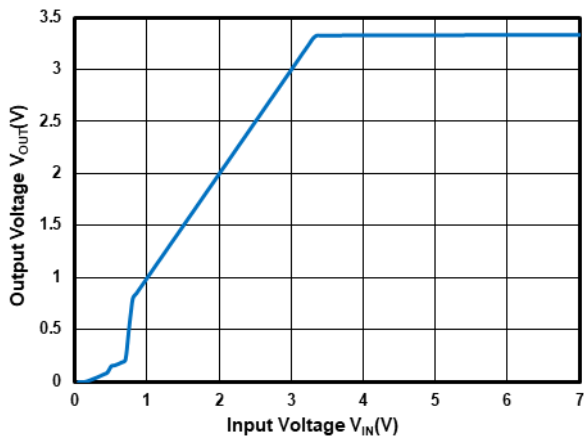
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



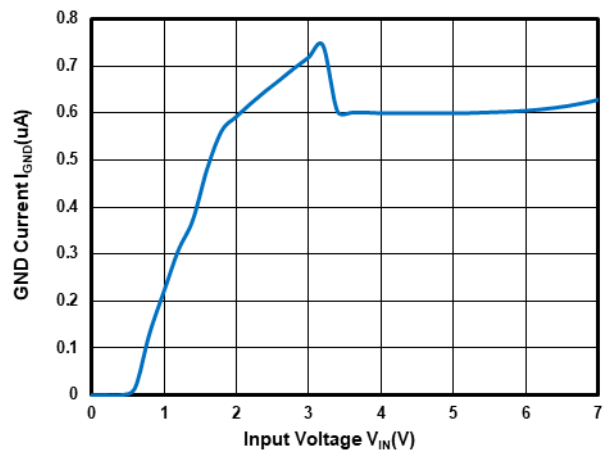
Output Voltage vs. Temperature at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



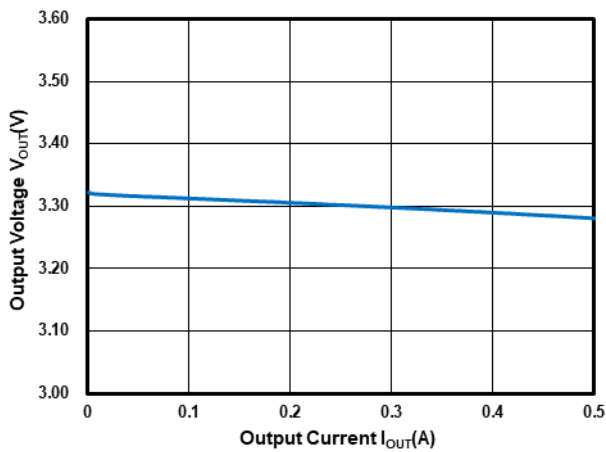
GND Current vs. Temperature at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



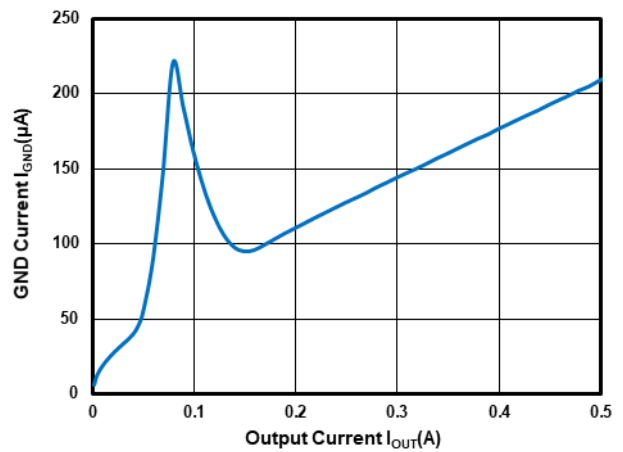
Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



GND Current vs. Input Voltage at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



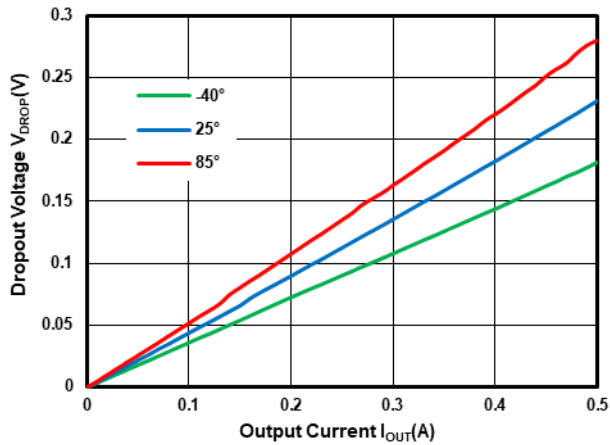
Output Voltage vs Output Current at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



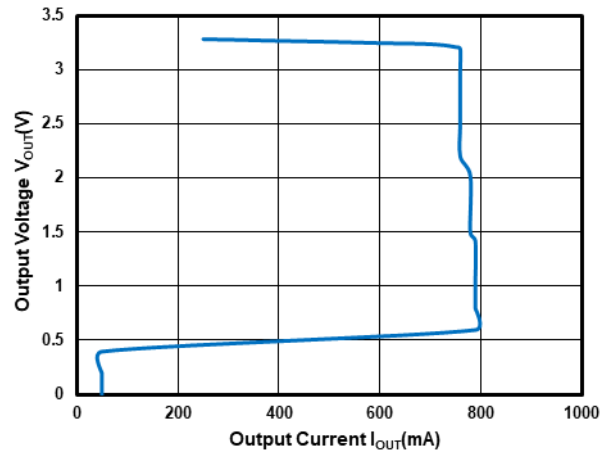
GND Current vs Output Current at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$

■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued):

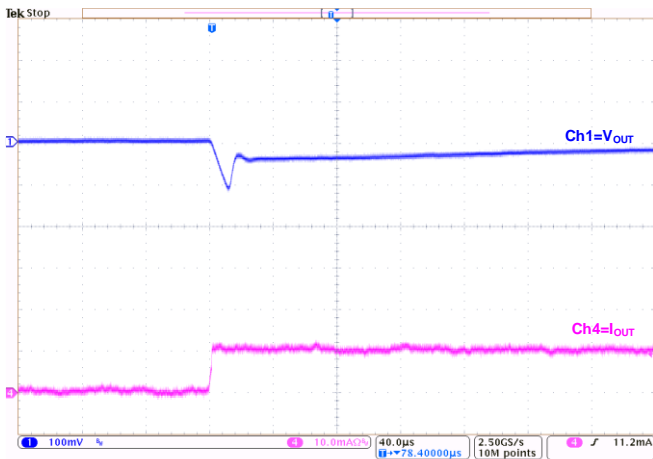
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



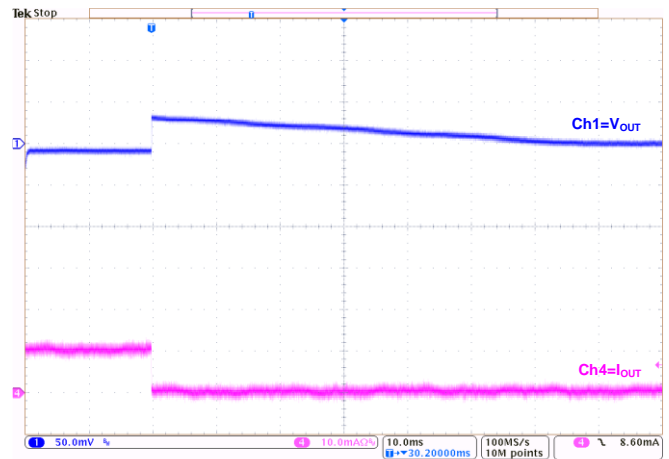
Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



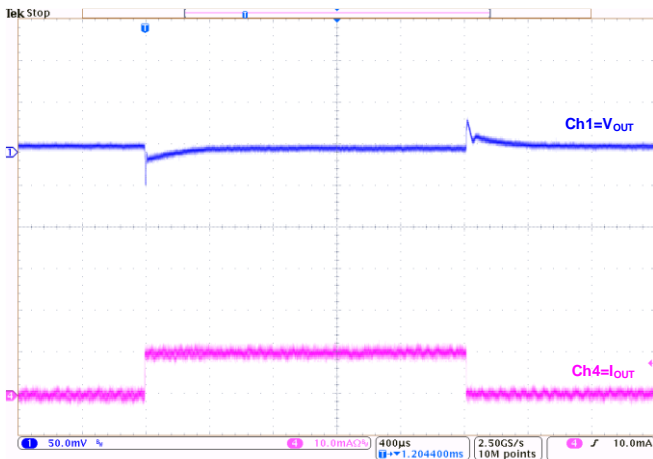
Output Current Fold-back at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



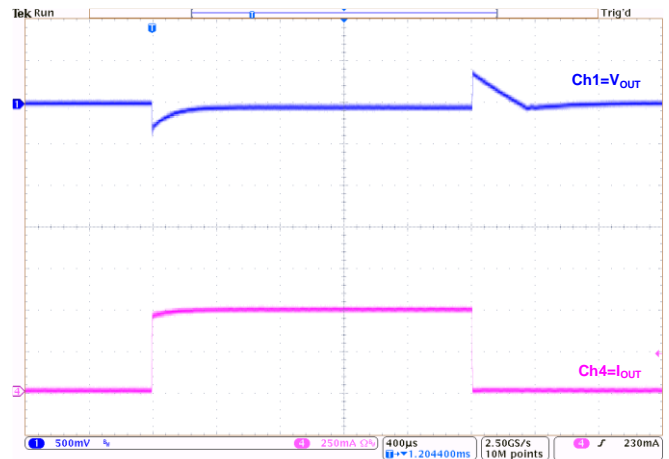
Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=0mA\sim 10mA$ )



Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=10mA\sim 0mA$ )



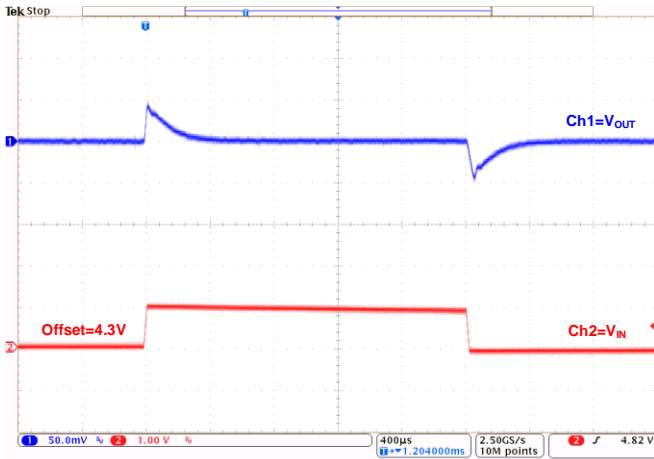
Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=1mA\sim 10mA\sim 1mA$ )



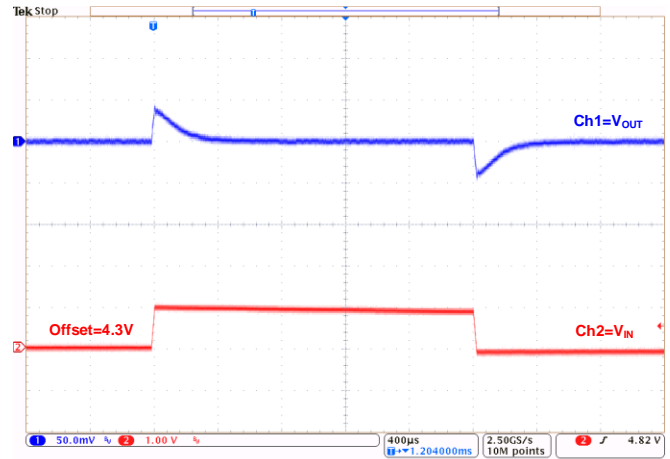
Load Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=1mA\sim 500mA\sim 1mA$ )

■ Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued):

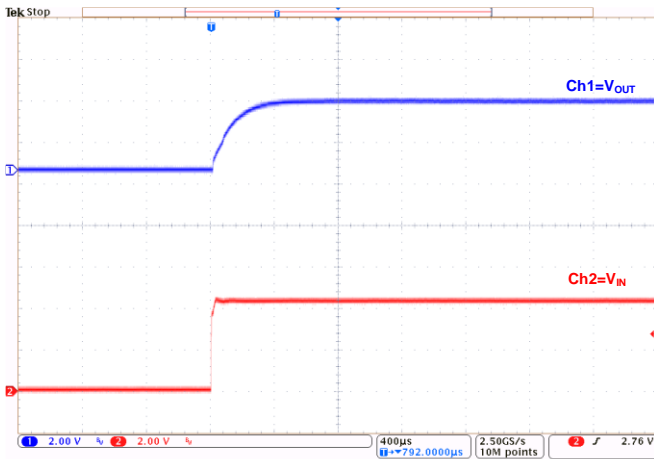
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



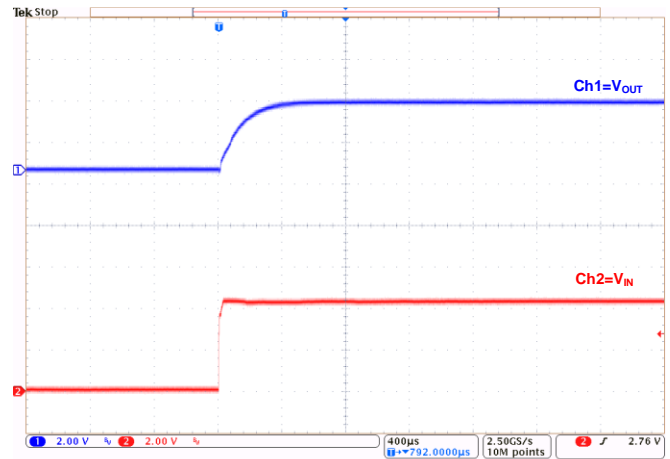
Line Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ )



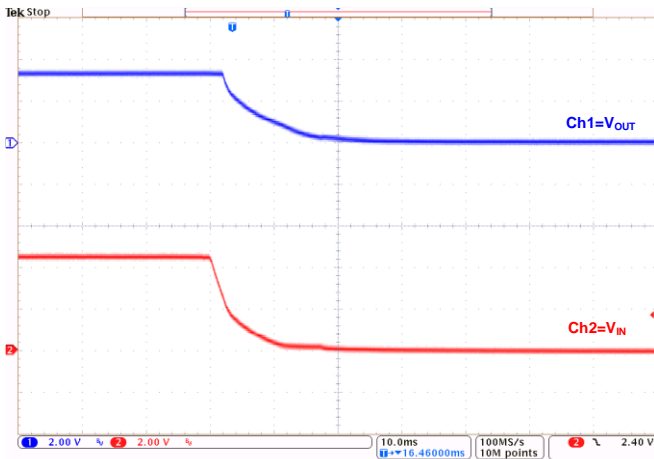
Line Transient at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=10mA$ )



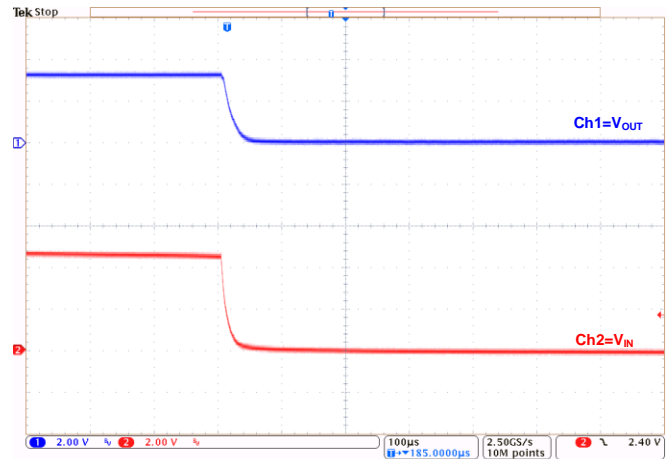
Power Up at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ )



Power Up at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=500mA$ )



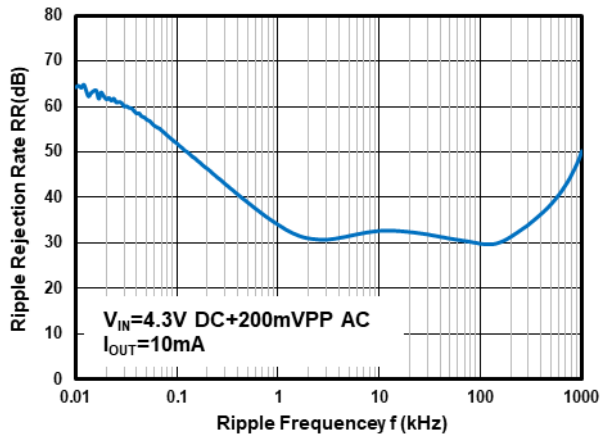
Power Down at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=1mA$ )



Power Down at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$ :  
( $I_{OUT}=500mA$ )

■ **Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued):**

Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $C_{OUT}=1.0\mu F$ ,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise indicated.



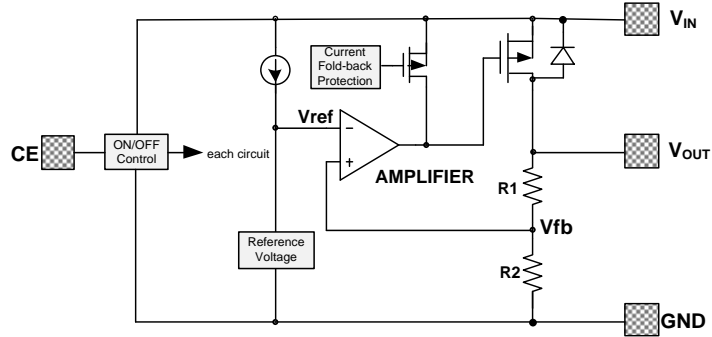
Power Supply Rejection Ratio at  $V_{OUT}=3.3V$



■ **Operational Explanation:**

1. Output voltage control

The voltage divided by resistors R1 and R2 is compared with the internal reference voltage by the error amplifier. The amplifier output then drives the P-channel MOSFET connected to the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin. The output voltage at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is regulated by this negative feedback system. The current limit circuit and short protect circuit operate in relation to output current level. Further, the IC's internal circuitry can be in operation or shutdown modes controlled by the EN pin's signal.



2. Pass transistor

The pass transistor with low turn-on resistance used in MD52XX is a P-channel MOSFET. If the potential on V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is higher than V<sub>IN</sub>, it is possible that IC will be destroyed due to reverse current which is caused by parasitic diodes between V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub>. Therefore, the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin potential exceeds V<sub>IN</sub>+0.3V is not allowed.

3. Current foldback and short circuit protection

The MD52XX series includes a combination of a fixed current limiter circuit and a foldback circuit, which aid the operations of the current limiter and circuit protection. When the load current reaches the current limit level, the fixed current limiter circuit operates and output voltage drops. As a result of this drop in output voltage, the foldback circuit operates, output voltage drops further and output current decreases. The short circuit current is about 65mA (typical value). This design can prevent the chip be damaged due to over temperature, moreover, the heat dissipation is limited by the package type.

Special attention should be paid to that the product of the dropout voltage on the chip and the output current must be smaller than the heat dissipation.

4. C<sub>OUT</sub> Auto-Discharge Function

The MD52XX series can quickly discharge the electric charge at the output capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>), when a low signal is set to the EN pin, which puts the whole IC into OFF state. The discharge function is achieved by an internal switch located between the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and the GND pin. In this state, the application is protected from a glitch operation caused by the electric charge at the output capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>).

Moreover, discharge time of the output capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>) is set by the C<sub>OUT</sub> auto-discharge resistance (R<sub>DCHG</sub>) and the output capacitor (C<sub>OUT</sub>). By setting time constant of a C<sub>OUT</sub> auto-discharge resistance value (R<sub>DCHG</sub>) and an output capacitor value (C<sub>OUT</sub>) as  $\tau(\tau = C_{OUT} \times R_{DCHG})$ , the output voltage after discharge via the internal switch is calculated by the following formulas.

$$V = V_{OUT(S)} \times e^{-t/\tau} \text{ or } t = \tau \ln(V_{OUT(S)} / V)$$

V: Output voltage after discharge

V<sub>OUT(S)</sub>: Output voltage

t: Discharge time

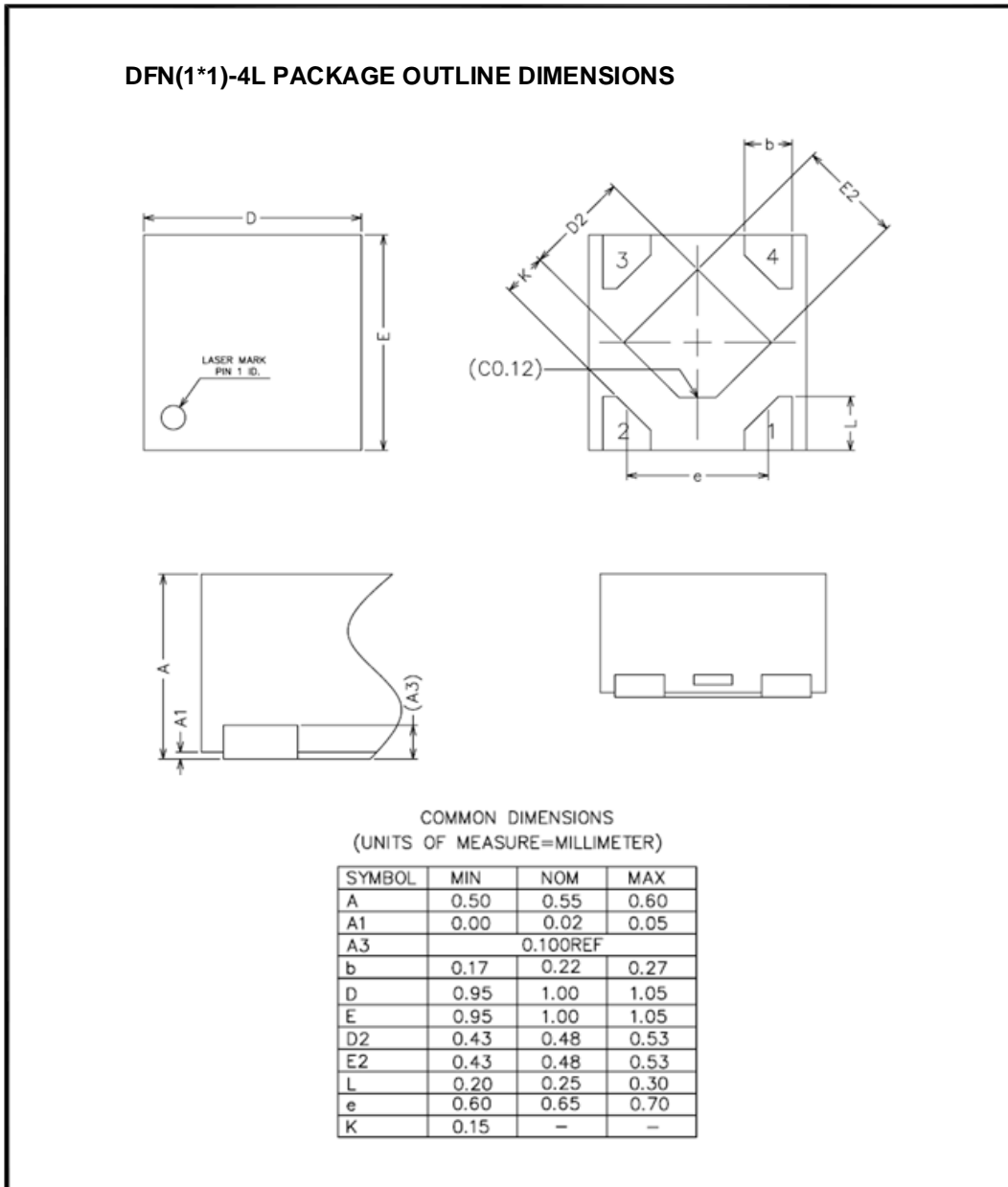
$$\tau: C_{OUT} \times R_{DCHG}$$

Please also note  $R_{DCHG}$  is depended on  $V_{IN}$  and When  $V_{IN}$  is high,  $R_{DCHG}$  is low.

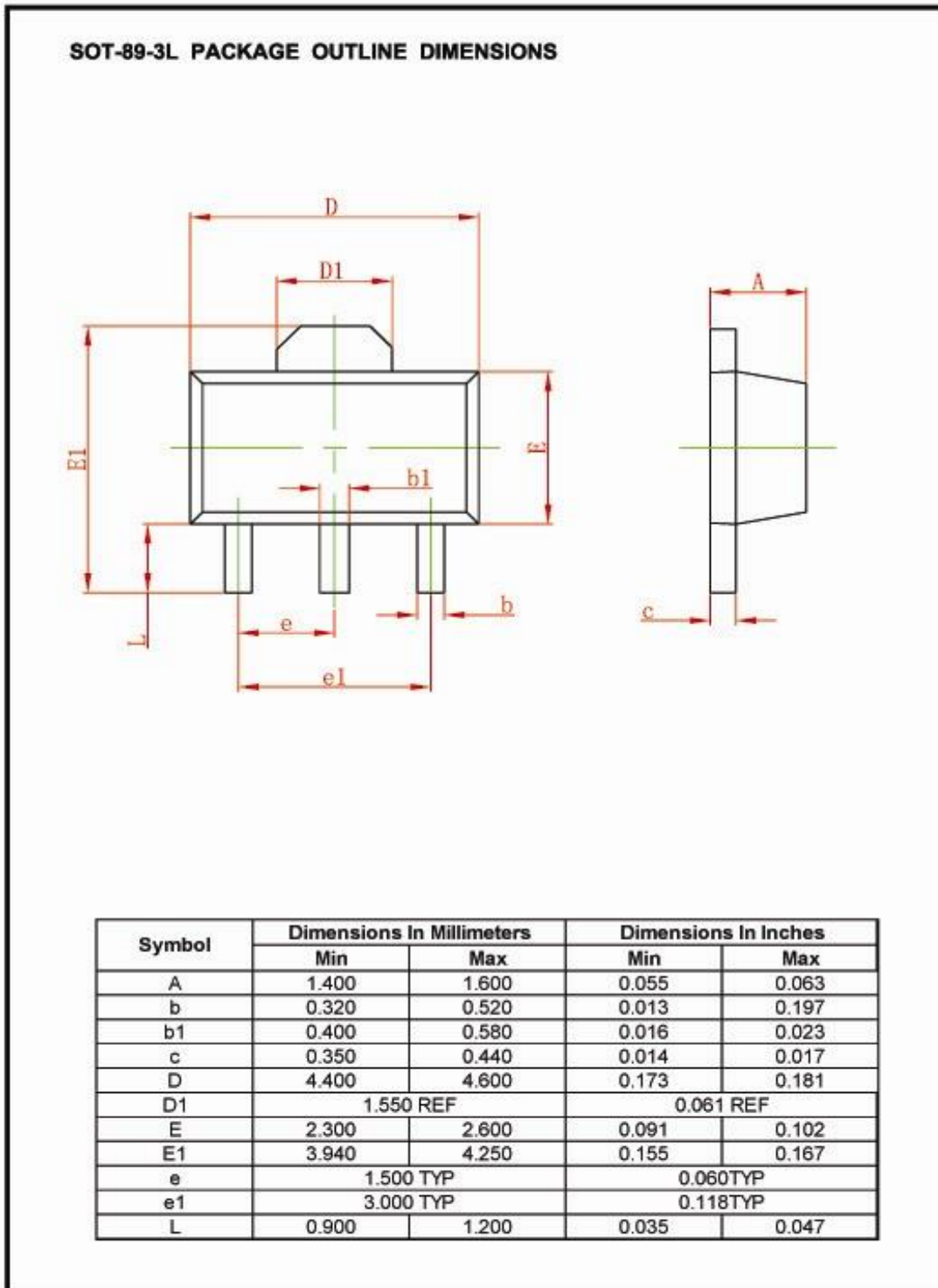
■ **Notes:**

1. The input and output capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the IC.
2. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.
3. Pay attention to the operation conditions of input and output voltage and load current, such that the power consumption in the IC should not exceed the allowable power consumption of the package even though the chip has short circuit protection.
4. IC has a built-in anti-static protection (ESD) circuit, but please do not add excessive stress to the IC.

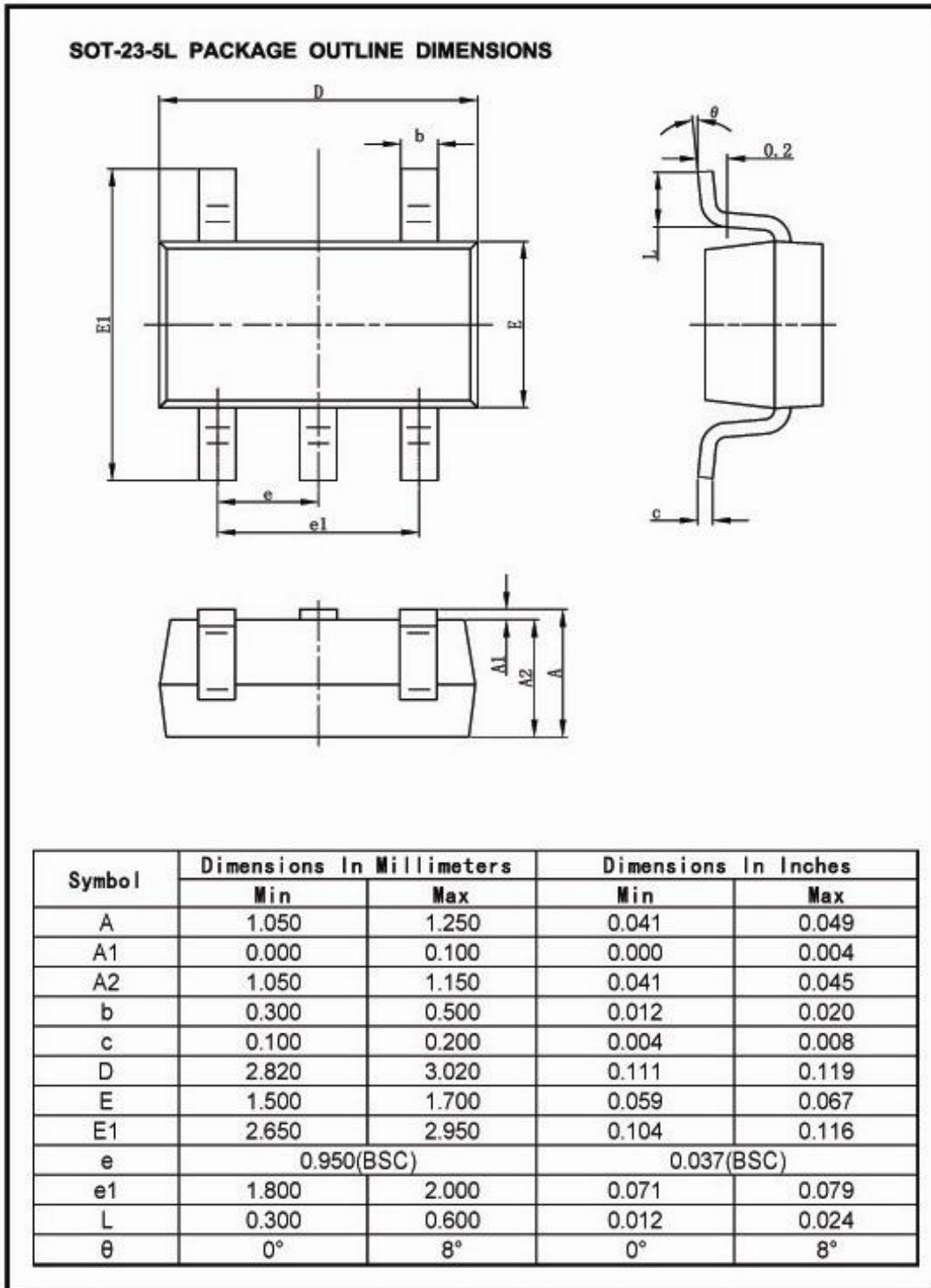
■ Packaging Information:



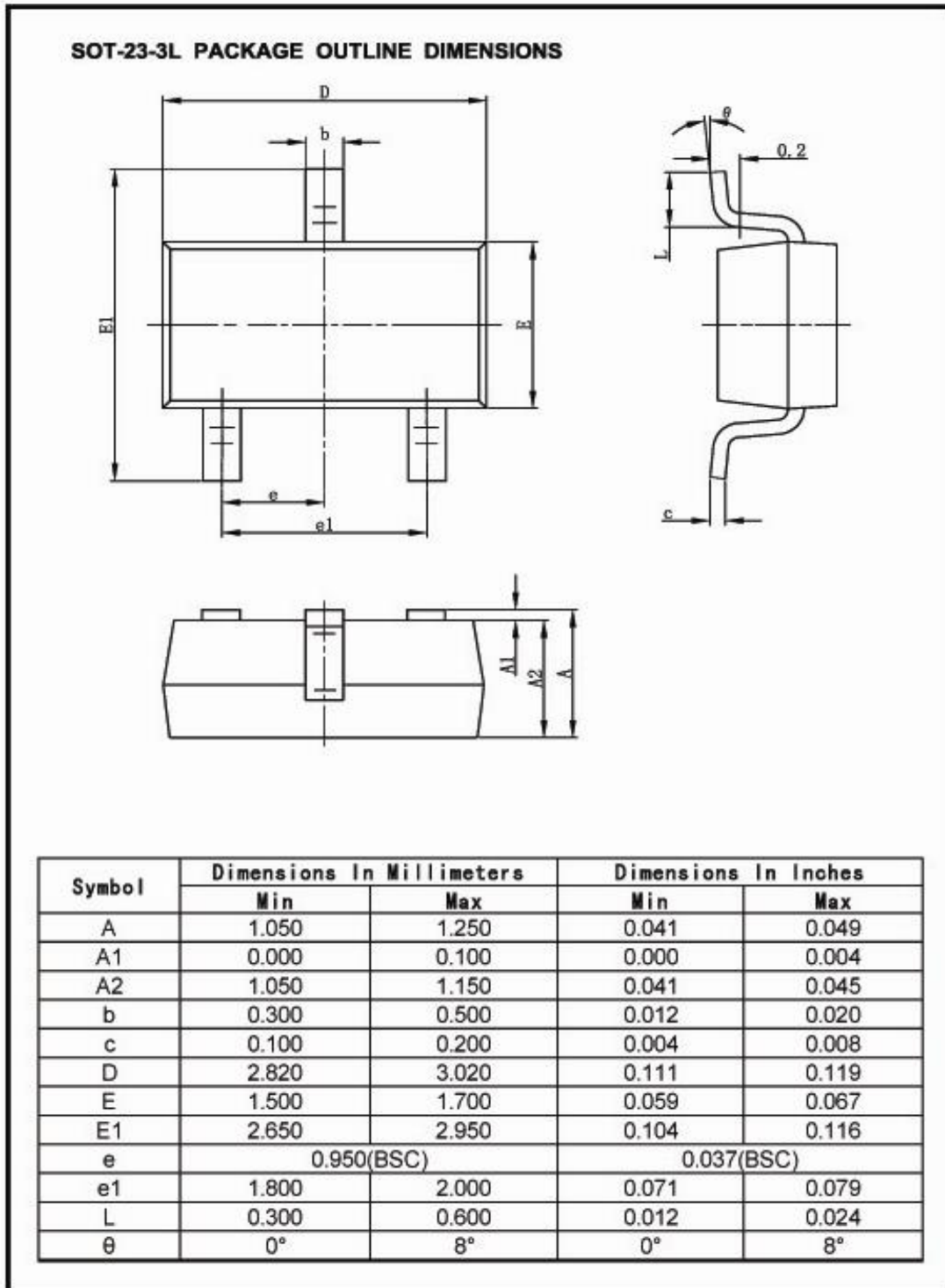
■ PACKAGING INFORMATION(Continued):



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■ PACKAGING INFORMATION(Continued):



For the newest datasheet, please see the website:

[www.md-ic.com.cn](http://www.md-ic.com.cn)

Version V1.1: 20201020