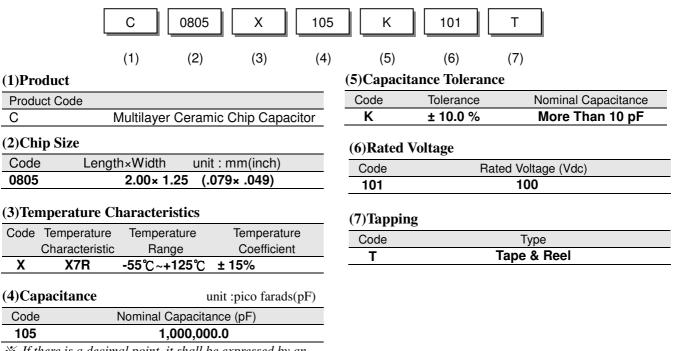


1. Scope

This specification is applied to Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor (MLCC) for use in electric equipment for the voltage is ranging from 100V to 2 KV (not Include).

The MLCC support for Lead-Free wave and reflow soldering, and electrical characteristic and reliability are same as before. (This product is compliant with the RoHS.)

2. Parts Number Code



%. If there is a decimal point, it shall be expressed by an English capital letter R

3. Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

3.1 Standard Combination of Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

| Class | Characteristic | Tolerance | Nominal Capacitance |
|-------|----------------|-----------|---------------------|
| Π | X7R | | E-3, E-6 series |

3.2 E series(standard Number)

| Standard No. | Application Capacitance | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| E- 3 | 1. | | 0 2.2 | | | 4.7 | | | | | | |
| E- 6 | 1 | .0 | 1 | .5 | 2 | .2 | 3. | .3 | 4 | .7 | 6 | .8 |
| E-12 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 8.2 |
| E-24 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 8.2 |
| | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 7.5 | 9.1 |

4. Operation Temperature Range

| Class | Characteristic | Temperature Range | Reference Temp. |
|-------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Π | X7R | -55℃ ~ +125℃ | 25°C |

5. Storage Condition

Storage Temperature : 5 to 40°C

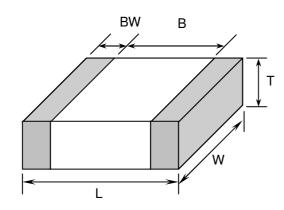
Relative Humidity : 20 to 70 %

Storage Time: 12 months max.



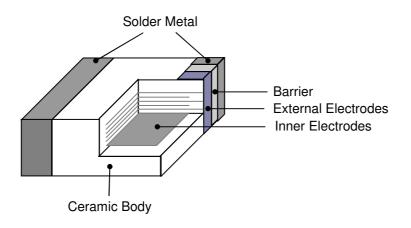
6. Dimensions

6.1 Configuration and Dimension :



| | | | | | Unit:mm |
|------|------------|------------|------------|---------|----------|
| TYPE | L | W | Т | B (min) | BW (min) |
| 0805 | 2.00± 0.25 | 1.25± 0.20 | 1.25± 0.20 | 0.70 | 0.20 |

6.2 Termination Type :





7. Performance

| No. | Item | | Specification | | Test Condition |
|-----|---|----------------------------|---|---------|---|
| 1 | Visua | ıl | No abnormal exterior appearance | | Visual inspection |
| 2 | Dimens | ion | See Page 2 | | Visual inspection |
| 3 | Insulation Resistance | | 500/C Ω min. | | V≦500V, Rated Voltage Charge Time ÷ 60sec. Is applied less than 50mA current. |
| 4 | Capacitance | Class II | Within The Specified Tolerance | | Class II : Frequency Voltage X7R 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms Perform a heat temperature at 150±5℃ for 30min. then place room temp. for 24±2hr. |
| 5 | Tan δ | Class ∏ | Char. | Maximum | |
| 6 | Withstan Voltag | ding | X7R: 5.0% max. No dielectric break mechanical break | | V<500V : 200% Rated Voltage Voltage ramp up rate≦ 500v/sec for 1~5 sec. charge/discharge Current is less than 50mA. |
| 7 | Temperature Capacitance Coefficient | Class ∏ | Char. Temp. Range X7R -55℃~+125℃ | | Class II : (C2-C1)/C1 × 100% C1:Capacitance at standard temperature(25℃) C2: Capacitance at test temperature (T2) |
| 8 | Adhesive S of Termin | | No indication of pee the terminal electro | | Pull force shall be applied for 10 ± 1 second. $\leq 06035N(\Rightarrow 0.5 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ $> 060310N(\Rightarrow 1.0 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ |
| 9 | Resistance to Flexure of Substrate | Appear- ance C-Meter | Capacitance Chang Char. Ca | - | Bending shall be applied to the 1.0 mm with 1.0 mm/sec. C Meter 45±1mm 45±1mm |



| No. | lte | em | Specifi | ication | Test Condition |
|-----|---|--|---|---|---|
| 10 | Solderability More than 90% of the terminal is to be soldered newly, so me does not come out or dissolve | | wly, so metal part | Solder Temperature : $245\pm5^{\circ}$ C Dip Time : 5 ± 0.5 sec. Immersing Speed : $25\pm10^{\circ}$ mm/s Solder : Lead Free Solder Flux :Rosin Preheat : At 80~120 °C for 10~30sec. | |
| 11 | Heat | Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan ∂ Class II Insulation Resistance Withstand Voltage | No mechanical dam Characteristic Class X7R II To satisfy the specif To satisfy the specif To satisfy the specif | Cap. Change Within ± 10% ied initial value ied initial value | Class II capacitor shall be set for 48±4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10°C before initial measure. Preheat : At 150± 10°C For 60~120sec. Dip : Solder Temperature of 260± 5°C Dip Time : 10 ± 1sec. Immersing Speed : 25±10% mm/s Flux :Rosin Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours |
| 12 | Tempera ture Cycle | Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class II Insulation Resistance | No mechanical dam Characteristic Class X7R II To satisfy the specif | Cap. Change Within ± 7.5% ied initial value | Class II capacitor shall be set for 48 ± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150 +0/-10 °C before initial measure. Capacitor shall be subjected to five cycles of the temperature cycle as following: Step Temp.(°C) Time(min) 1 Min Rated Temp. +0/-3 30 2 25 3 3 Max Rated Temp. +3/-0 30 4 25 3 Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II :48 ± 4 Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing. |
| 13 | Humidity | Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan ∂ Class II Insulation Resistance | No mechanical dam Characteristic Class X7R V II Char. X7R: 10.0% max. 50/C Ω min. | age shall occur Cap. Change Within ± 15% Maximum | Class II capacitor shall be set for 48± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150+0/-10 °C before initial measure. Temperature : 40± 2°C Relative Humidity : 90 ~ 95%RH Test Time : 500 Hrs Max. Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II : 48 ± 4Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing. |

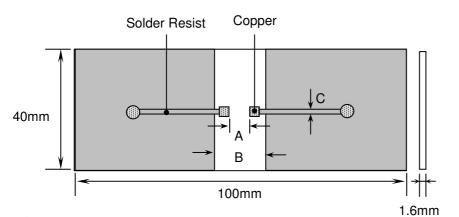


| No. | lte | m | Specifi | ication | Test Condition |
|-----|-----------|---|---|------------------------------|--|
| 14 | High | Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class Π Insulation Resistance | No mechanical da Characteristic Class X7R Π Char. X7R: 10.0% max. 50/CΩmin. | | Class II capacitors applied DC voltage (following table) is applied for one hour at maximum operation temperature $\pm 3^{\circ}$ then shall be set for 48±4 hours at room temperature and the initial measurement shall be conducted. Applied Voltage : 100%Rated Voltage Test Time : 1000 Hrs Max. Current Applied : 50 mA Max. Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class II : 48 ± 4 Hours |
| 15 | Vibration | Appear- ance Capacit- ance Tan δ Class II | No mechanical da Characteristic Class X7R II To satisfy the spec | Cap. Change Within ± 7.5% | Solder the capacitor on P.C. Board shown in Fig 2. before testing. Vibrate the capacitor with amplitude of 1.5mm P-P changing the frequencies from 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz in about 1 min. |
| | | Insulation Resistance | To satisfy the spec | ified initial value | Repeat this for 2 hours each in 3perpendicular directions. |



Fig.1

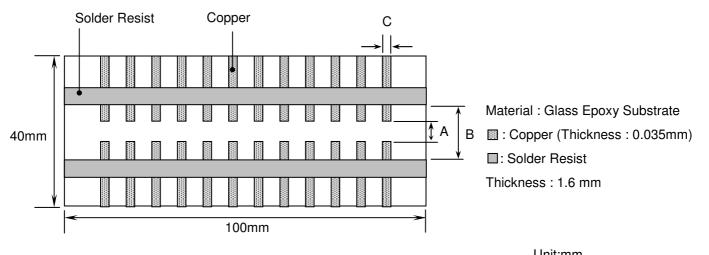
P.C. Board for Bending Strength Test



Material : Glass Epoxy Substrate : Copper (Thickness : 0.035mm) : Solder Resist

Fig.2

Test Substrate



| | | | Unit:mm |
|------|-----|-----|---------|
| Туре | A | В | С |
| 0201 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 0.4 |
| 0402 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.6 |
| 0603 | 1.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 |
| 0805 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 1.6 |
| 1206 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 2.0 |
| 1210 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 2.9 |
| 1808 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 2.5 |
| 1812 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 3.7 |
| 1825 | 3.5 | 7.0 | 6.9 |
| 2208 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 2.5 |
| 2211 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 3.0 |
| 2220 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 5.6 |
| 2225 | 4.5 | 8.0 | 7.0 |

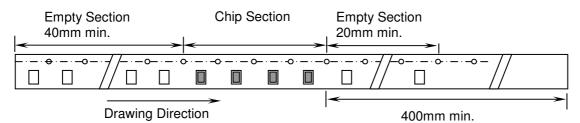


8. Packing

8.1 Bulk Packing

According to customer request.

8.2 Chip Capacitors Tape Packing



8.3 Material And Quantity

| Tape | 0201 | 0402 | 0603/0805 | |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Material | T≦0.33mm | T≦0.55mm | T≦0.90mm | T>0.90mm |
| Paper | 15,000 pcs/Reel | 10,000 pcs/Reel | 4,000 pcs/Reel | NA |
| Plastic | NA | NA | NA | 3,000 pcs/Reel |

| Tape | 1206 | | | | | |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Material | T≦0.90mm | 0.90 mm $<$ T \leq 1.25 mm | T>1.25mm | | | |
| Paper | 4,000 pcs/Reel | NA | NA | | | |
| Plastic | NA | 3,000 pcs/Reel | 2,000 pcs/Reel | | | |

| Tape | | 1808/1210 | |
|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Material | T≦1.25mm | 1.25 mm $<$ T \leq 2.40 mm | T>2.40mm |
| Paper | NA | NA | NA |
| Plastic | 3000 pcs/Reel | 2000 pcs/Reel | 500/1,000 pcs/Reel |

| Tape | 1812/2211/2220 | | 1825/ | 2208 | |
|----------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Material | T≦2.20mm | T>2.20mm | T≦2.20mm | T>2.20mm | T≦2.20mm |
| Paper | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Plastic | 1000 pcs/Reel | 700 pcs/Reel | 700 pcs/Reel | 400 pcs/Reel | 1000 pcs/Reel |

NA : Not Available

8.4 Cover Tape Reel Off Force

8.4.1 Peel-Off Force

5 g·f \leq Peel-Off Force \leq 70 g·f

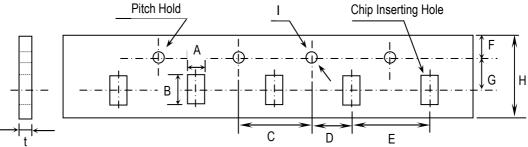
8.4.2 Measure Method





MULTILAYER CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITORS

8.5 Paper Tape

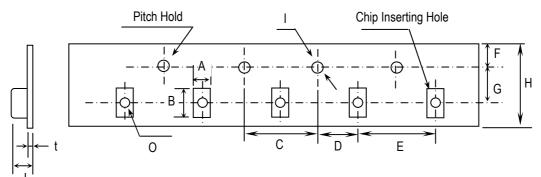


Unit:mm

| TYPE | A | В | С | D | E |
|------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| 0201 | 0.37± 0.1 | 0.67± 0.1 | 4.00± 0.1 | 2.00± 0.05 | 2.00± 0.1 |
| 0402 | 0.61± 0.1 | 1.20± 0.1 | | | |
| 0603 | 1.10± 0.2 | 1.90± 0.2 | | | 4.00± 0.1 |
| 0805 | 1.50± 0.2 | 2.30± 0.2 | | | |
| 1206 | 1.90± 0.2 | 3.50± 0.2 | | | |
| 1210 | 2.90± 0.2 | 3.60± 0.2 | | | |

| TYPE | F | G | Н | | t |
|------|------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|
| 0201 | 1.75± 0.10 | 3.50 ± 0.05 | 8.0± 0.30 | <i>φ</i> 1.50 +0.10/-0 | 1.10 max. |
| 0402 | | | | | |
| 0603 | | | | | |
| 0805 | | | | | |
| 1206 | | | | | |
| 1210 | | | | | |

8.6 Plastic Tape



Unit:mm

| Туре | А | В | С | D | E | F |
|------|---------|---------|----------|---------------|----------|-----------|
| 0805 | 1.5±0.2 | 2.3±0.2 | 4.0± 0.1 | 2.0 ± 0.05 | 4.0± 0.1 | 1.75± 0.1 |
| 1206 | 1.9±0.2 | 3.5±0.2 | | | | |
| 1210 | 2.9±0.2 | 3.6±0.2 | | | | |
| 1808 | 2.5±0.2 | 4.9±0.2 | | | | |
| 1812 | 3.6±0.2 | 4.9±0.2 | | | 8.0± 0.1 | |
| 1825 | 6.9±0.2 | 4.9±0.2 | | | | |
| 2208 | 2.5±0.2 | 6.1±0.2 | | | | |
| 2211 | 3.2±0.2 | 6.1±0.2 | | | | |
| 2220 | 5.4±0.2 | 6.1±0.2 | | | | |
| 2225 | 6.9±0.2 | 6.1±0.2 | | | | |

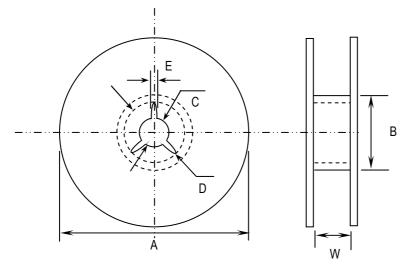


MULTILAYER CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITORS

| Туре | G | Н | | J | t | 0 |
|------|-----------|------------|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| 0805 | 3.5± 0.05 | 8.0± 0.3 | <i>φ</i> 1.5+0.1/-0 | 3.0 max. | 0.3 max. | 1.0± 0.1 |
| 1206 | | | | | | |
| 1210 | | | | | | |
| 1808 | 5.5± 0.05 | 12.0 ± 0.3 | | 4.0 max. | | 1.5± 0.1 |
| 1812 | | | | | | |
| 1825 | | | | | | |
| 2208 | | | | | | |
| 2211 | | | | | | |
| 2220 | | | | | | |
| 2225 | | | | | | |

8.7 Reel Dimensions

Reel Material : Polystyrene



Unit:mm

| Туре | А | В | С | D | E | W |
|------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|----------|
| 0201 | φ 382 max | arphi 50 min | φ 13± 0.5 | φ 21± 0.8 | 2.0±0.5 | 10± 0.15 |
| 0402 | | | | | | |
| 0603 | | | | | | |
| 0805 | | | | | | |
| 1206 | | | | | | |
| 1210 | | | | | | |
| 1808 | φ 178±0.2 | φ 60±0.2 | | | | 13±0.3 |
| 1812 | | | | | | |
| 1825 | | | | | | |
| 2208 | | | | | | |
| 2211 | | | | | | |
| 2220 | | | | | | |
| 2225 | | | | | | |



Precautionary Notes:

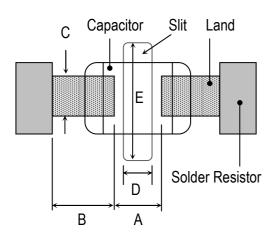
1. Storage

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity don't exceed 40 °C and 70%RH. We recommend that the capacitors be used within 12 months from the date of manufacturing. Store the products in the original package and do not open the outer wrapped, polyethylene bag, till just before usage. If it is open, seal it as soon as possible or keep it in a desiccant with a desiccation agent.

2. Construction of Board Pattern

Improper circuit layout and pad/land size may cause excessive or not enough solder amount on the PC board. Not enough solder may create weak joint, and excessive solder may increase the potential of mechanical or thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitor. Therefore we recommend the land size to be as shown in the following table:

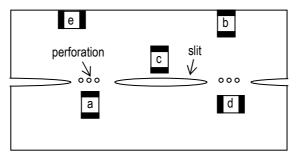
2.1 Size and recommend land dimensions for reflow soldering .



| | Chip | (mm) | | 1 | and (mm) | | |
|----------|------|------|---------|---------|----------|---------|---------|
| EIA Code | Omp | | | L | anu (mm) | 1 | |
| 2 | L | W | A | В | С | D | E |
| 0201 | 0.60 | 0.30 | 0.2~0.3 | 0.2~0.4 | 0.2~0.4 | | |
| 0402 | 1.00 | 0.50 | 0.3~0.5 | 0.3~0.5 | 0.4~0.6 | | |
| 0603 | 1.60 | 0.80 | 0.4~0.6 | 0.6~0.7 | 0.6~0.8 | | |
| 0805 | 2.00 | 1.25 | 0.7~0.9 | 0.6~0.8 | 0.8~1.1 | | |
| 1206 | 3.20 | 1.60 | 2.2~2.4 | 0.8~0.9 | 1.0~1.4 | 1.0~2.0 | 3.2~3.7 |
| 1210 | 3.20 | 2.50 | 2.2~2.4 | 1.0~1.2 | 1.8~2.3 | 1.0~2.0 | 4.1~4.6 |
| 1808 | 4.60 | 2.00 | 2.8~3.4 | 1.8~2.0 | 1.5~1.8 | 1.0~2.8 | 3.6~4.1 |
| 1812 | 4.60 | 3.20 | 2.8~3.4 | 1.8~2.0 | 2.3~3.0 | 1.0~2.8 | 4.8~5.3 |
| 1825 | 4.60 | 6.35 | 2.8~3.4 | 1.8~2.0 | 5.1~5.8 | 1.0~4.0 | 7.1~8.3 |
| 2208 | 5.70 | 2.00 | 4.0~4.6 | 2.0~2.2 | 1.5~1.8 | 1.0~4.0 | 3.6~4.1 |
| 2211 | 5.70 | 2.80 | 4.0~4.6 | 2.0~2.2 | 2.0~2.6 | 1.0~4.0 | 4.4~4.9 |
| 2220 | 5.70 | 5.00 | 4.0~4.6 | 2.0~2.2 | 3.5~4.8 | 1.0~4.0 | 6.6~7.1 |
| 2225 | 5.70 | 6.35 | 4.0~4.6 | 2.0~2.2 | 5.1~5.8 | 1.0~4.0 | 7.1~8.3 |

2.2 Mechanical strength varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C. board. Design layout of components on the PC board such a way to minimize the stress imposed on the components, upon flexure of the boards in depanelization or other processes.

Component layout close to the edge of the board or the "depanelization line" is not recommended. Susceptibility to stress is in the order of: a>b>c and d>e



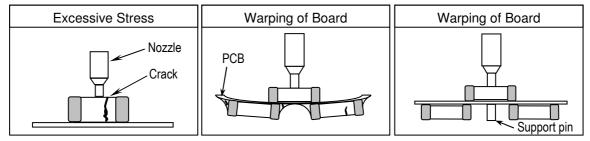


2.3 Layout Recommendation

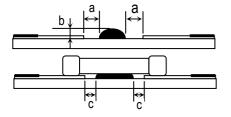
| Example | Use of Common Solder Land | Solder With Chassis | Use of Common Solder Land With Other SMD |
|----------------|---------------------------------|---|---|
| Need to Avoid | Lead Wire Chip Solder | Chassis Excessive Solder Chassis | Solder Land |
| Recommendation | Lead Wire Chip Solder Resist | Solder Resist | |

3. Mounting

3.1 Sometimes crack is caused by the impact load due to suction nozzle in pick and place operation. In pick and place operation, if the low dead point is too low, excessive stress is applied to component. This may cause cracks in the ceramic capacitor, therefore it is required to move low dead point of a suction nozzle to the higher level to minimize the board warp age and stress on the components. Nozzle pressure is typically adjusted to 1N to 3N (static load) during the pick and place operation.



3.2 Amount of Adhesive



Example : 0805 & 1206

| a | 0.2mm min. |
|---|------------------------------|
| b | 70 ~ 100 µm |
| С | Do not touch the solder land |

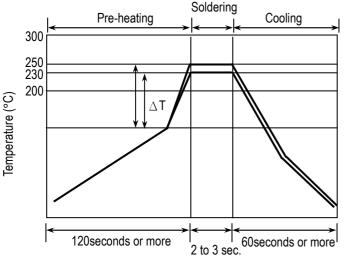


4. Soldering

4.1. Wave Soldering

Most of components are wave soldered with solder at 230 to 250 °C. Adequate care must be taken to prevent the potential of thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitors. Refer to the soldering methods below for optimum soldering benefits.

Recommend flow soldering temperature Profile



| Soldering Method | Change in Temp.(°C) |
|------------------|----------------------|
| 1206 and Under | ∆ T ≤ 100~130 max. |

To optimize the result of soldering, proper preheating is essential:

- 1) Preheat temperature is too low
 - a. Flux flows to easily
 - b. Possibility of thermal cracks
- 2) Preheat temperature is too high
 - a. Flux deteriorates even when oxide film is removed
 - b. Causes warping of circuit board
 - c. Loss of reliability in chip and other components

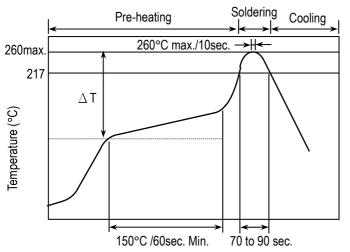
Cooling Condition:

Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (Δ T) between the solvent and the chips must be less than 100 °C.

4.2 Reflow Soldering

Preheat and gradual increase in temperature to the reflow temperature is recommended to decrease the potential of thermal crack on the components. The recommended heating rate depends on the size of component, however it should not exceed $3^{\circ}C/Sec$.

Recommend reflow profile for Lead-Free soldering temperature Profile (MIL-STD-202G #210F)



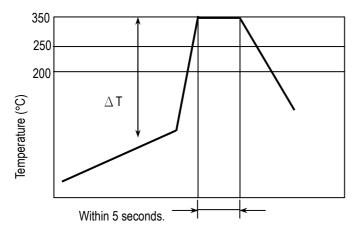
% The cycles of soldering : Twice (max.)

| Soldering Method | Change in Temp.($^{\circ}$ C) |
|------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1206 and Under | $\Delta T \leq 190 \degree C$ |
| 1210 and Over | ∆T ≦ 130 °C |



4.3 Hand Soldering

Sudden temperature change in components, results in a temperature gradient recommended in the following table, and therefore may cause internal thermal cracks in the components. In general a hand soldering method is not recommended unless proper preheating and handling practices have been taken. Care must also be taken not to touch the ceramic body of the capacitor with the tip of solder Iron.



| Soldering Method | Change in Temp.($^{\circ}$ C) |
|------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1206 and Under | $\Delta T \leq 150 \ ^{\circ}C$ |
| 1210 and Over | ∆T ≦ 130 °C |

How to Solder Repair by Solder Iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

The required temperature of solder iron for any type of repair depends on the type of the tip, the substrate material, and the solder land size.

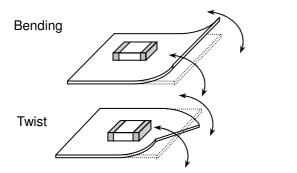
- 2) recommended solder iron condition
 - a.) Preheating Condition : Board and components should be preheated sufficiently at 150 ℃ or over, and soldering should be conducted with soldering iron as boards and components are maintained at sufficient temperatures.
 - b.) Soldering iron power shall not exceed 30 W.
 - c.) Soldering iron tip diameter shall not exceed 3mm.
 - d.) Temperature of iron tip shall not exceed 350 °C., and the process should be finished within 5 seconds. (refer to MIL-STD-202G)
 - f.) Do not touch the ceramic body with the tip of solder iron. Direct contact of the soldering iron tip to ceramic body may cause thermal cracks.
 - g.) After soldering operation, let the products cool down gradually in the room temperature.

5. Handling after chip mounted

5.1 Proper handling is recommended, since excessive bending and twist of the board, depends on the orientation of the chip on the board, may induce mechanical stress and cause internal crack in the capacitor.

Higher potential of crack

Lower potential of crack



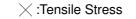
5.2 There is a potential of crack if board is warped due to excessive load by check pin



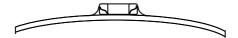


5.3 Mechanical stress due to warping and torsion.

- (a) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by manual separation.
- (b) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by tensile force , rather than compressive force.

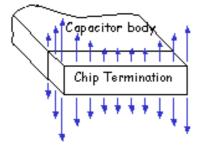


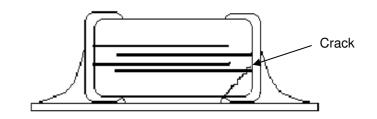
O :Compressive Stress





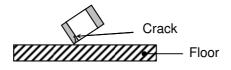
Capacitor Stress Analysis



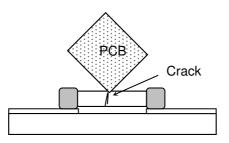


6. Handling of Loose Chip Capacitor

6.1 If dropped the chip capacitor may crack.



6.2 In piling and stacking of the P.C. boards after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitor mounted on another board to cause crack.



7. Safekeeping condition and period

For safekeeping of the products, we recommend to keep the storage temperature between +5 to +40 $^{\circ}$ C and under humidity of 20 to 70% RH. The shelf life of capacitors is 12 months.