PINGWEI ENTERPRISE

1N4001 THRU 1N4007

1.0AMP . SILICON RECTIFIERS

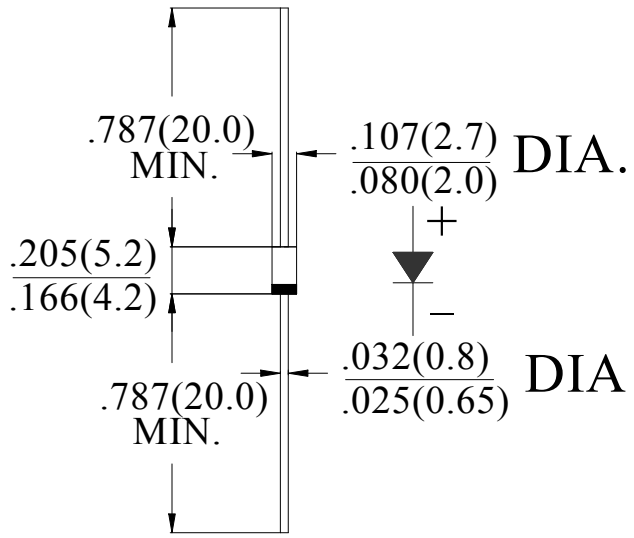
FEATURE

. High current capability
. Low forward voltage drop
. Low power loss, high efficiency
. High surge capability
. High temperature soldering guaranteed
260°C /10sec/ 0.375" lead length at 5 lbs tension

MECHANICAL DATA

. Terminal: Plated axial leads solderable per MIL-STD 202E, method 208C
. Case: Molded with UL-94 Class V-0 recognized Flame Retardant Epoxy
. Polarity: color band denotes cathode
. Mounting position: any

DO-41



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ratings at 25℃ ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.
Single phase, half wave, 60Hz,resistive or inductive load.
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%

Type Number	SYMBOL	1N4001	1N4002	1N4003	1N4004	1N4005	1N4006	1N4007	units
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	V_{RMS}	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC blocking Voltage	V_{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current .375"(9.5mm) lead length at T_A =55°C	$I_{F(AV)}$	1.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC method)	I_{FSM}	30.0							A
Maximum Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	V_F	1.0							V
Maximum Forward Voltage at 3.0A DC	V_F	1.3							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current @T_A=25°C at rated DC blocking voltage @T_A =100°C	I_R	5.0 100.0							μA
Typical Junction Capacitance (Note 1)	C_J	15							pF
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	$R_{(JA)}$	75							°C/W
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-55 to +150							°C
Operation JunctionTemperature	T_J	-55 to +150							°C

Note:

1. Measured at 1.0 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0Vdc
2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient at 0.375"（9.5mm）lead length, vertical P.C.Board Mounted.

RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (1N4001 THRU 1N4007)

FIG.1-TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

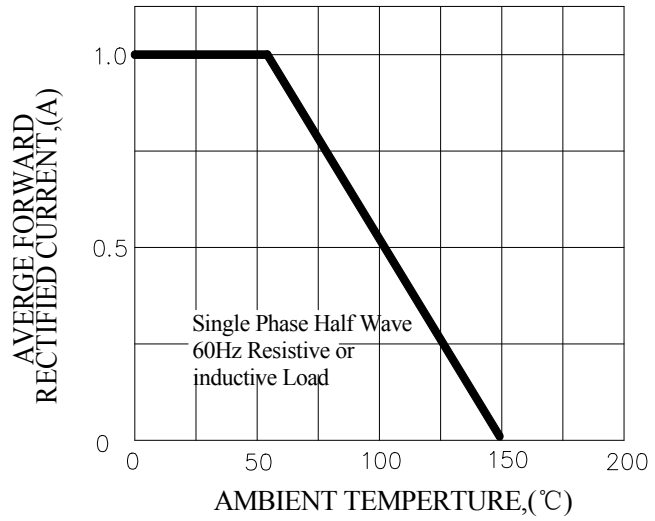


FIG.2-TYPICAL INSTANTANEOUS FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

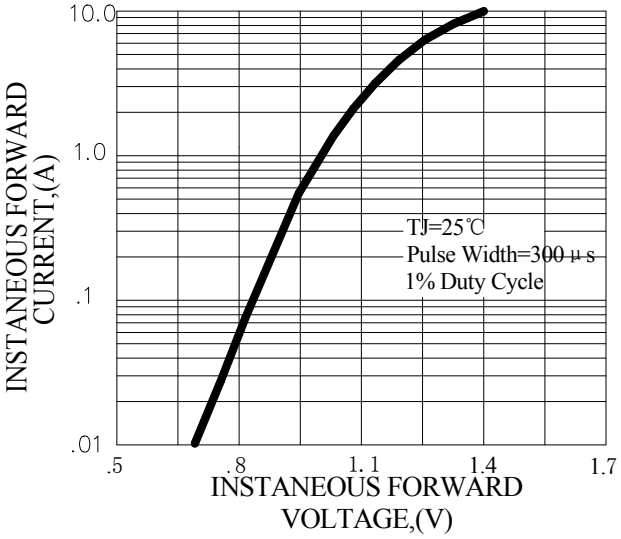


FIG.3-MAXIMUN NON-REPETITIVE FORWARD SURGE CURRENT

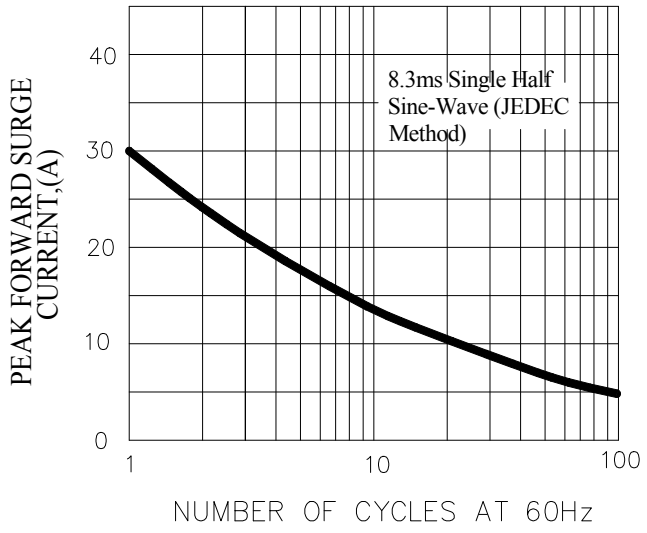


FIG.4-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS