



SINGLE CHANNEL POWER DISTRIBUTION LOAD SWITCH

Description

The DIODES[™] AP22811 is a single channel current-limited integrated high-side power switch optimized for Universal Serial Bus (USB) and other hot-swap applications. The family of devices complies with USB standards and is available with both polarities of Enable input.

The device has fast short-circuit response time for improved overall system robustness, and has an integrated output discharge function to ensure completely controlled discharging of the output voltage capacitor. They provide a complete protection solution for applications subject to heavy capacitive loads and the prospect of short circuit, and offer reverse current blocking, over-current, over-temperature and short-circuit protection, as well as controlled rise time and under-voltage lockout functionality. A 6ms deglitch capability on the open-drain Flag output prevents false over-current reporting and does not require any external components.

The AP22811 is available in standard Green SOT25 and MSOP-8 packages with RoHS compliance.

Features

- Input Voltage Range: 2.7V to 5.5V
- 50mΩ On-Resistance
- Built-in Soft-Start with 0.6ms Typical Rise Time
- Fault Report (FLG) with Blanking Time (6ms Typ.)
- ESD Protection: 2kV HBM, 200V MM
- Active Low (B) or Active High (A) Enable
- Protection
 - Over Current with Auto Recovery
 - Short Circuit with Auto Recovery
- Over Temperature with Auto Recovery
- Output Reverse Current/Voltage Protection
- Thermally Efficient Low Profile Package
- UL Recognized, File Number E322375
- IEC60950-1 CB Scheme Certified
- Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- For automotive applications requiring specific change control (i.e. parts qualified to AEC-Q100/101/104/200, PPAP capable, and manufactured in IATF 16949 certified facilities), please <u>contact us</u> or your local Diodes representative. <u>https://www.diodes.com/guality/product-definitions/</u>

Applications

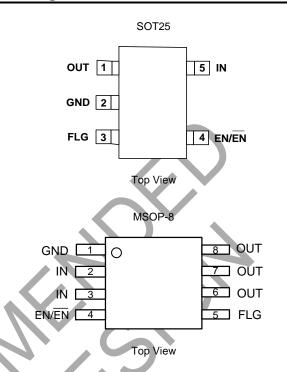
- Integrated load switches in Ultrabook PC's
- Power up/down sequencing in Ultrabook PC's
- Notebooks
- Netbooks
- Set-top boxes
- SSD (solid state drives)
- Consumer electronics
- Tablet PC
- Telecom systems

Notes: 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.

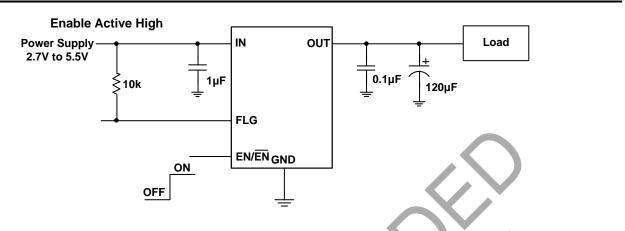
3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

Pin Assignments





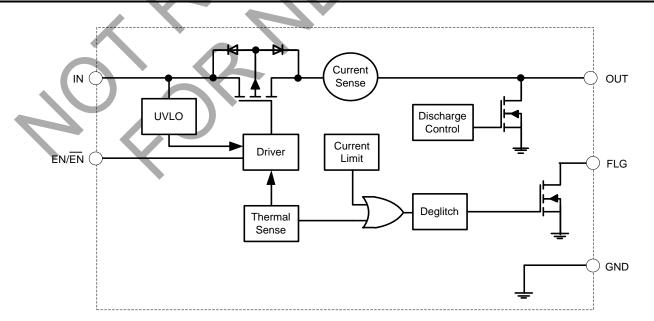
Typical Applications Circuit



Pin Descriptions

Pin Number		Pin Name	Fundad		
SOT25	MSOP-8	Pin Name	Function		
1	6, 7, 8	OUT	Voltage Output Pin, connect a $0.1\mu F$ bypass capacitor and a high-value capacitor to GND, close to IC. (At least $10\mu F$ in USB application.)		
2	1	GND	Ground Pin of the Circuitry		
3	5	FLG	Over Current and Over Temperature fault report; Open-Drain flag is active low when triggered.		
4	4	EN/EN	Enable Input AP22811A: Active High AP22811B: Active Low		
5	2, 3	IN	Voltage Input Pin, connect a $1\mu F$ low ESR capacitor to GND, close to IC.		

Functional Block Diagram





Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit	
ESD HBM	Human Body ESD Protection	2000	V	
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	200	V	
Vin	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6.0	V	
Vout	Output Voltage	-0.3 to (V _{IN} +0.3)	V	
Ven/EN	Enable Voltage	-0.3 to (V _{IN} +0.3)	V	
١L	Load Current	Internal Limited	А	
T _{J(max)}	Maximum Junction Temperature	+150	°C	
Tst	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C	
Devi	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	SOT25 (Note 6)	123	
Reja		MSOP-8 (Note 5)	165	°C/W
Dava	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	SOT25 (Note 6)	33	0.700
Rejc	mermai Resistance, Junction to Case	MSOP-8 (Note 5)	33	

Absolute Maximum Ratings (@ T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.) (Note 4)

4. Stresses greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings for extended periods can affect device reliability.
5. Test condition for MSOP-8: Device mounted on 1" x 1"/2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper with minimum recommended pad layout. Notes:

6. R_{0JA} and R_{0JC} are measured at T_A = +25°C on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 7)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VIN	Input Voltage	2.7	5.5	V
Іоит	Output Current	0	2	A
VIL	EN/EN Input Logic Low Voltage	 0	0.5	V
VIH	EN/EN Input Logic High Voltage	1.5	V _{IN}	V
TA	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	+85	°C

Note: 7. Refer to the typical application circuit.



Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Vuvlo	Input UVLO	V _{IN} Rising	1.6	2.0	2.4	V
ΔV_{UVLO}	Input UVLO Hysteresis	V _{IN} Decreasing	_	180	_	mV
ISHDN	Input Shutdown Current	Disabled, OUT = Open	_	0.1	1	μA
lq	Input Quiescent Current	Enabled, OUT = Open	_	80	_	μA
ILEAK	Input Leakage Current	Disabled, OUT Grounded	_	0.1	1	μA
IREV	Reverse Leakage Current	Disabled, VIN = 0V, VOUT = 5V, IREV at VIN	_	0.01	1	μA
D	Switch On-Resistance	$V_{IN} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 1A$ $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	_	50	65	mΩ
RDS(ON)		VIN = 3.3V, IOUT = 1A T _A = +25°C		60	90	
Ilimit	Over Load Current Limit	VIN = 5V, VOUT = 4.5V	2.2	2.7	3.2	Α
ISHORT	Short-Circuit Current Limit	Enabled, Output short to ground	—	0.3	_	Α
VIL	EN/EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V	X	_	0.5	V
Vih	EN/EN Input Logic High Voltage	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V	1.5	_		V
LEAK-EN/EN	EN/EN Input Leakage	$V_{IN} = 5V, V_{EN/EN} = 0V$ and 5.5V		0.01	1	μA
ILEAK-O	Output Leakage Current	Disabled, Vout = 0V	V -	0.5	1	μA
t _{D(ON)}	Output Turn-On Delay Time	$C_L = 4.7 \mu F$, $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega @ V_{IN} = 3.3 V$ Figure 1	—	1.7		ms
t _R	Output Turn-On Rise Time	$C_L = 4.7 \mu F$, $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega @ V_{IN} = 3.3 V$ Figure 1	1.0	2.1	3.5	ms
t _{D(OFF)}	Output Turn-Off Delay Time	$C_L = 4.7 \mu F$, $R_{LOAD} = 10 \Omega @ V_{IN} = 3.3 V$ Figure 1	~ -	20	_	μs
tF	Output Turn-Off Fall Time	$C_L = 4.7 \mu F$, $R_{LOAD} = 100 \Omega \otimes V_{IN} = 3.3 V$ Figure 1		0.65	_	ms
R _{FLG}	FLG Output FET On-Resistance	I _{FLG} = 10mA		40	60	Ω
Ігон	FLG Off Current	VFLG = 5V		0.01	1	μA
t BLANK	FLG Blanking Time	Assertion or deassertion due to overcurrent and over-temperature condition	2	6	13	ms
t _{DIS}	Discharge Time	$C_L = 1\mu F$, $V_{IN} = 5V$, disabled to $V_{OUT} < 0.5V$	—	0.4	—	ms
RDIS	Discharge Resistance	VIN = 5V, Disabled, IOUT = 1mA	—	90	130	Ω
T _{SHDN}	Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Enabled	_	+140	_	°C
T _{HYS}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	_	_	+35	_	°C
Vrvp	Reverse-Voltage Comparator Trip Point	Vout - Vin	25	50	75	mV
IROCP	Reverse Current Limit	Vout - Vin <i>=</i> 100mV	—	400	—	mA
t _{TRIG}	Time from Reverse-Voltage Condition to MOSFET Turn off	Vin	2	6	13	ms

Electrical Characteristics (VIN = 5V @ TA = +25°C, CIN = 1µF, CL = 100nF, unless otherwise specified.)





AP22811

Performance Characteristics

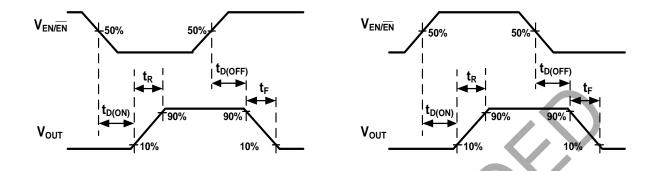
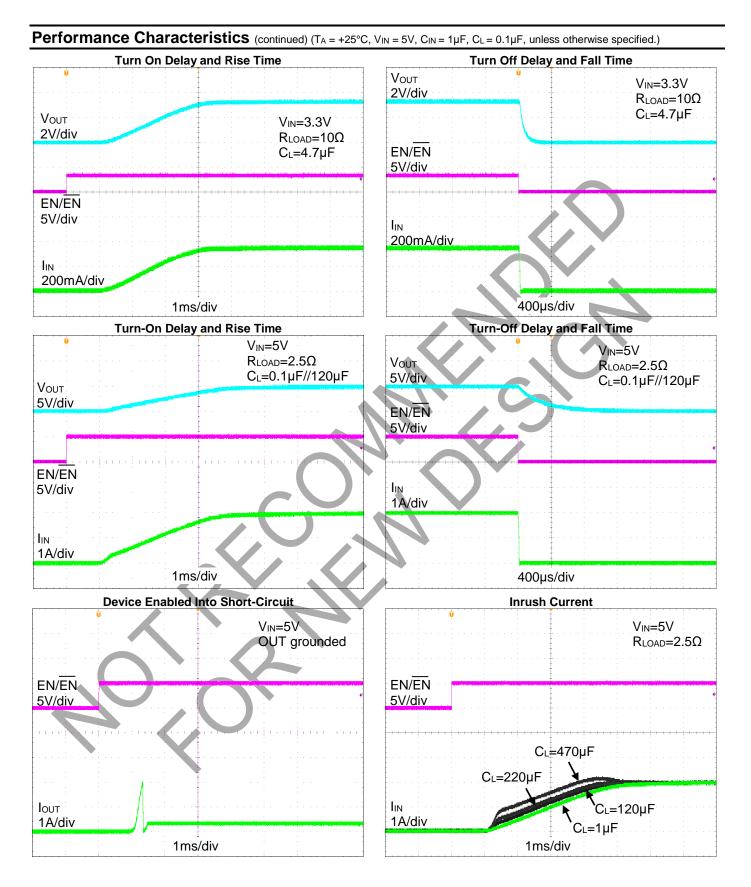


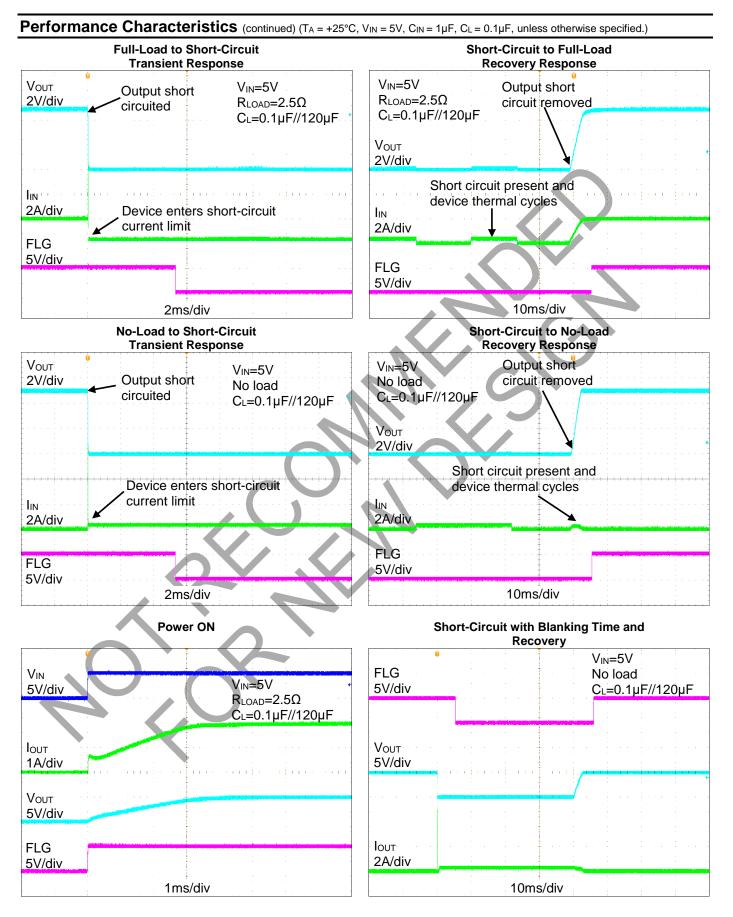
Figure 1. Voltage Waveforms: AP22811B (Active Low, Left), AP22811A (Active High, Right)



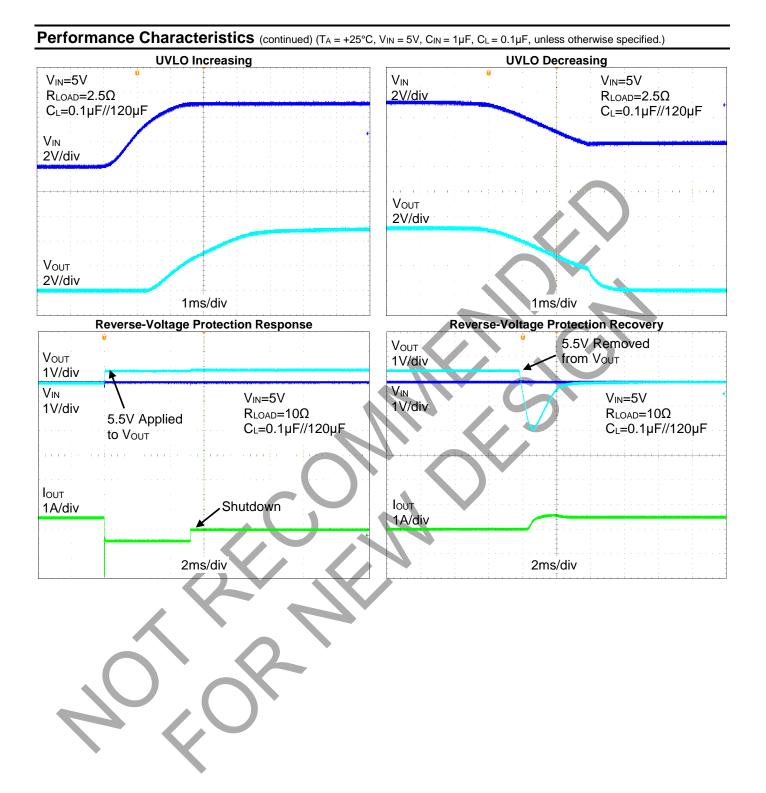




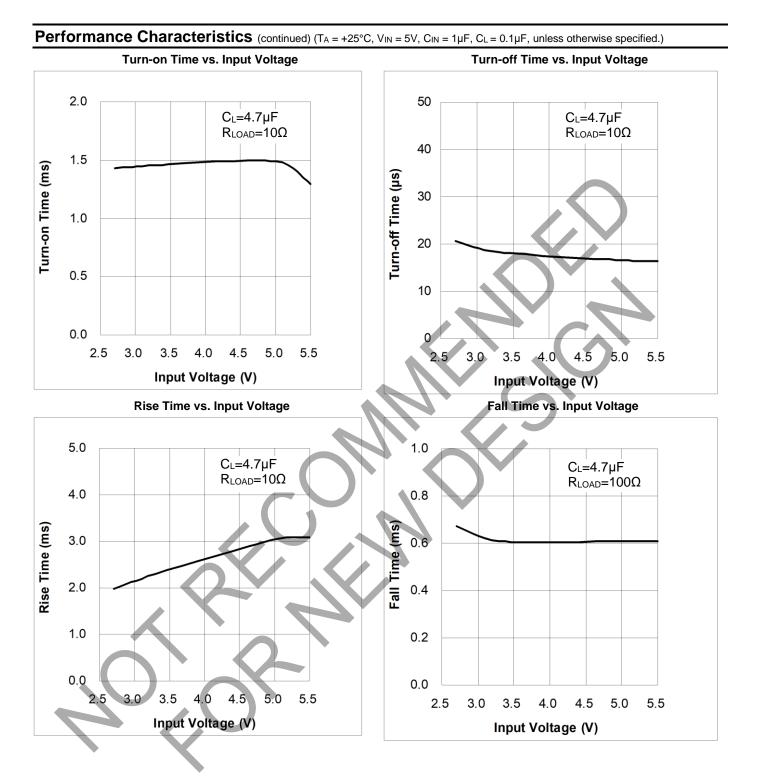




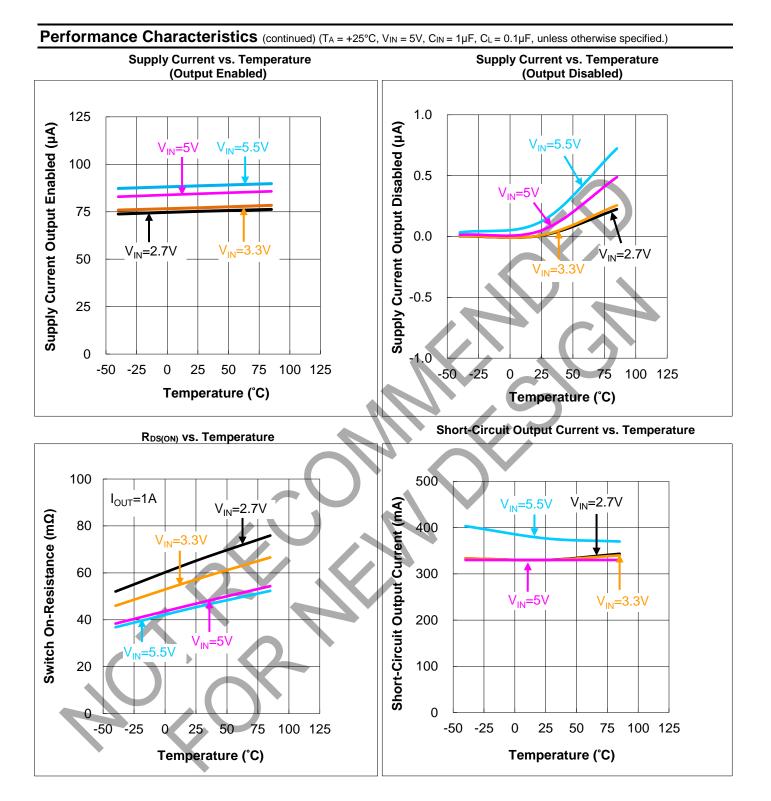




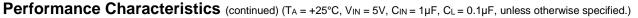


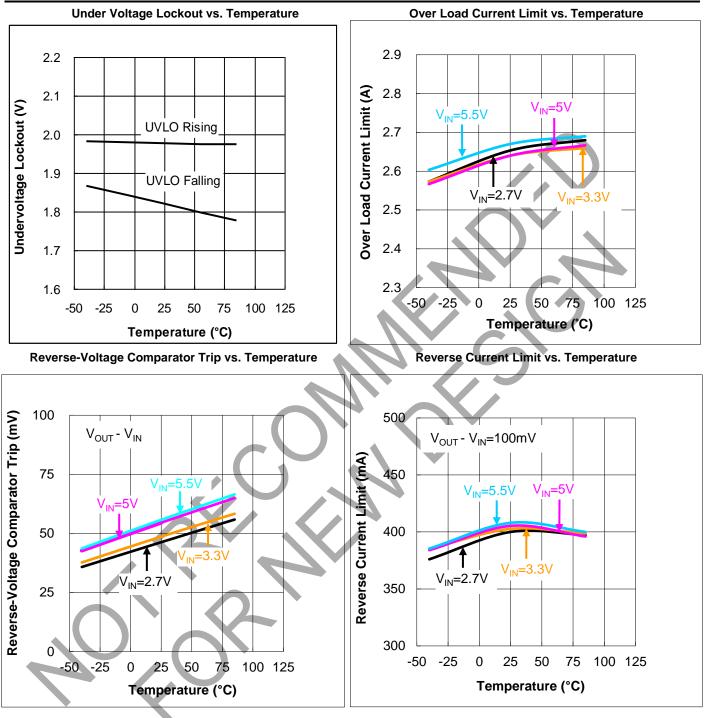














Application Information

Input and Output Capacitors

It is needed to place a 1µF X7R or X5R ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND, close to the device. Placing a high-value capacitor (10µF or 47µF) close to input pin is also recommended when the output transient load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input.

Connect a minimum 100µF low ESR electrolytic or tantalum capacitor (or 10µF MLCC) between OUT and GND is also needed for hot-plug applications. It's a must to bypass the output with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor which improves the immunity of the device to short-circuit transients. The Bulky 100µF or larger capacitors help to reduce output droop voltage when a device is plugged in. When abnormal short-circuit condition happens, these capacitors can also reduce output negative voltage due to parasitic inductive effect and avoid device damage.

Please note without the bypass capacitors, an output short may cause ringing on the input; if the voltage is over the maximum voltage rating, it will destroy the internal control circuitry even the duration is short.

FLG Response

When an over-current or over-temperature shutdown condition is encountered, the FLG open-drain output goes active low after a nominal 6ms deglitch timeout. The FLG output remains low until both over-current and over-temperature conditions are removed. Connecting a heavy capacitive load to the output of the device can cause a momentary over-current condition, which does not trigger the FLG due to the 6ms deglitch timeout. The AP22811 is designed to eliminate false over-current reporting without the need of external components to remove unwanted pulses.

However, it is to be noted that, when the FLG pin is not supplied via the same V_{IN} voltage source of the AP22811 but other external power source, it is strongly required that the AP22811 must be sure to reach a stable operating voltage condition before the other power source applied to FLG pin.

Over-Current and Short Circuit Protection

An internal sensing FET is employed to check for over-current conditions. Unlike current-sense resistors, sense FETs do not increase the series resistance of the current path. When an overcurrent condition is detected, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. Complete shutdown occurs only if the fault stays long enough to activate thermal limiting.

Three possible overload conditions can occur. In the first condition, the output has been shorted to GND before the device is enabled or before V_{IN} has been applied. The AP22811 senses the short circuit and immediately clamps output current to a certain safe level.

In the second condition, an output short or an overload occurs while the device is enabled. At the instance the overload occurs, higher current may flow for a very short period of time before the current limit function can react. After the current limit function has tripped, the device switches into current limiting mode and the current is clamped at ILIMIT, or ISHORT.

In the third condition, the load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current-limit threshold (ITRIG) is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The AP22811 is capable of delivering current up to the current-limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its current limiting mode and is set at ILIMIT.

Thermal Protection

Thermal protection prevents the IC from damage when heavy-overload or short-circuit faults are present for extended periods of time. The AP22811 implements a thermal sensing to monitor the operating junction temperature of the power distribution switch. Once the die temperature rises to approximately +140°C due to excessive power dissipation in an over-current or short-circuit condition, the internal thermal sense circuitry turns the power switch off, thus preventing the power switch from damage. Hysteresis is built into the thermal sense circuit, allowing the device to cool down approximately +35°C before the switch turns back on. The switch continues to cycle in this manner until the load fault or input power is removed. The FLG open-drain output is asserted when an over-temperature shutdown or over-current occurs with 6ms deglitch.

ON/OFF Input Operator

The EN/ \overline{EN} input allows the output current to be switched on and off using a GPIO compatible input. The high signal (switch on) should be at least 1.5V, and the low signal (switch off) no higher than 0.65V. This pin should NOT be left floating. It is advisable to hold the $\overline{EN/EN}$ signal low when applying or removing power.



Application Information (continued)

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

Under-voltage lockout function (UVLO) keeps the internal power switch from being turned on until the power supply has reached at least 2V, even if the switch is enabled. Whenever the input voltage falls below approximately 2V, the power switch is quickly turned off. This facilitates the design of hot-insertion systems where it is not possible to turn off the power switch before input power is removed.

Discharge Function

The discharge function of the device is active when enable is disabled or de-asserted. The discharge function with the N-MOS power switch implementation is activated and offers a resistive discharge path for the external storage capacitor. This is designed for discharging any residue of the output voltage when either no external output resistance or load resistance is present at the output.

Output Reverse-Voltage/Current Protection

The output reverse-voltage protection turns off the MOSFET switch whenever the output voltage is higher than the input voltage by 50mV for 6ms, and the MOSFET switch will turn on when output reverse-voltage/current conditions are removed.

Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

The low on-resistance of the internal MOSFET allows the small surface-mount packages to pass large current. Using the maximum operating ambient temperature (T_A) and R_{DS(ON)}, the power dissipation can be calculated by:

 $P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I^2$

Finally, calculate the junction temperature:

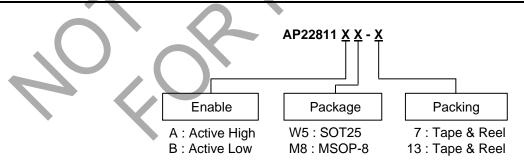
 $T_J = P_D \times R_{\theta JA} + T_A$

Where: T_A = Ambient temperature °C $R_{\theta JA}$ = Thermal resistance P_D = Total power dissipation

Board Layout Instruction

Placing input and output capacitors, 1μ F and 0.1μ F+100 μ F respectively, close and next to the device pins must be implemented to minimize the effects of parasitic inductance. For best performance, all trace lengths should be kept as short as possible. The input and output PCB traces should be as wide as possible. Use a ground plane to enhance the power dissipation capability of the device.

Ordering Information



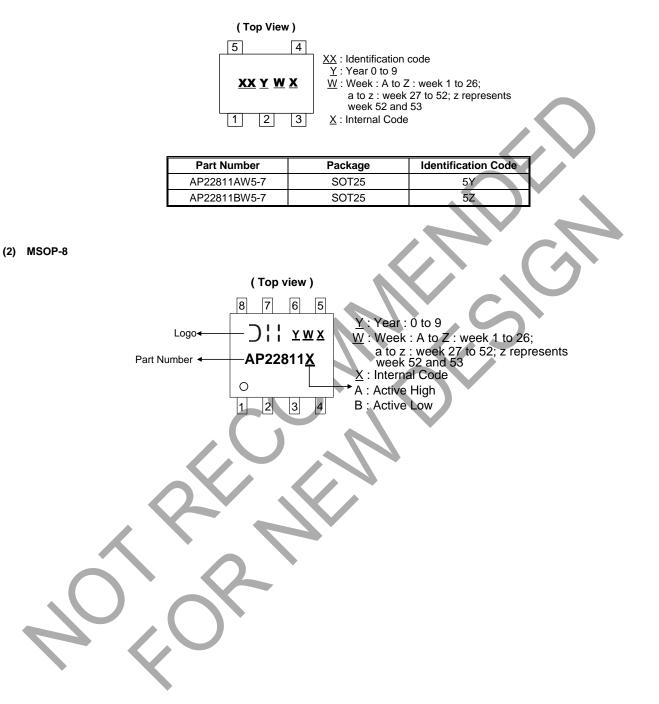
Part Number	Part Number Suffix	Package Code	Package	Packing		
Part Number				Qty.	Carrier	
AP22811AW5-7	-7	W5	SOT25	3000	7" Tape & Reel	
AP22811BW5-7	-7	W5	SOT25	3000	7" Tape & Reel	
AP22811AM8-13	-13	M8	MSOP-8	2500	13" Tape & Reel	
AP22811BM8-13	-13	M8	MSOP-8	2500	13" Tape & Reel	



AP22811

Marking Information

(1) SOT25

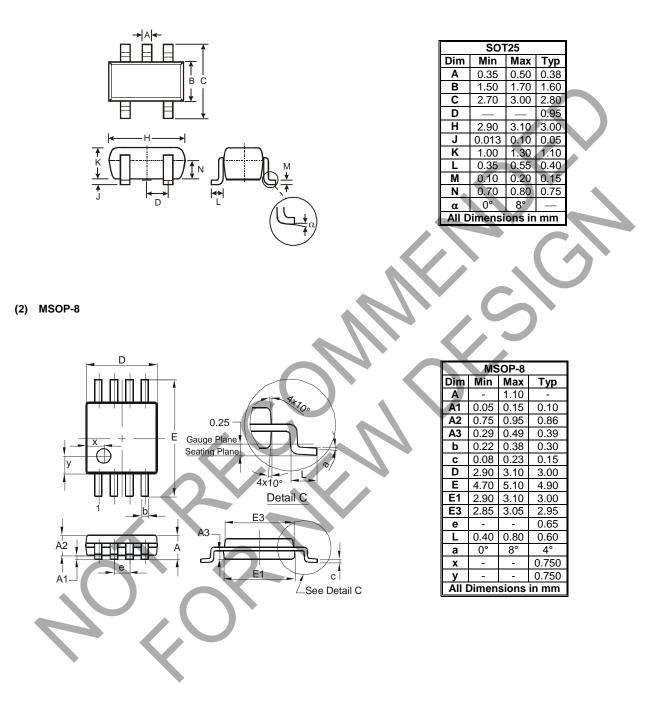




Package Outline Dimensions

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

(1) SOT25

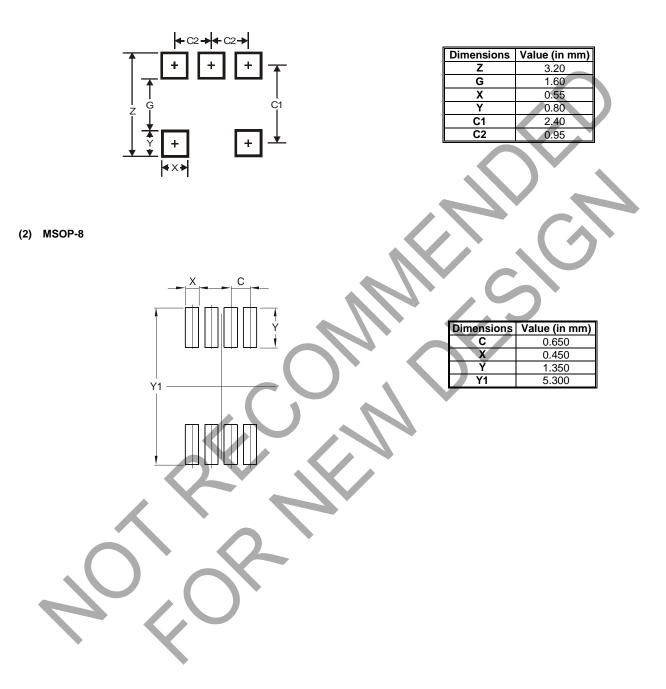




Suggested Pad Layout

Please see http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html for the latest version.

(1) SOT25





IMPORTANT NOTICE

1. DIODES INCORPORATED (Diodes) AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES MAKE NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARDS TO ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION).

2. The Information contained herein is for informational purpose only and is provided only to illustrate the operation of Diodes' products described herein and application examples. Diodes does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of this document or any product described herein. This document is intended for skilled and technically trained engineering customers and users who design with Diodes' products. Diodes' products may be used to facilitate safety-related applications; however, in all instances customers and users are responsible for (a) selecting the appropriate Diodes products for their applications, (b) evaluating the suitability of Diodes' products for their intended applications, (c) ensuring their applications, which incorporate Diodes' products, comply the applicable legal and regulatory requirements as well as safety and functional-safety related standards, and (d) ensuring they design with appropriate safeguards (including testing, validation, quality control techniques, redundancy, malfunction prevention, and appropriate treatment for aging degradation) to minimize the risks associated with their applications.

3. Diodes assumes no liability for any application-related information, support, assistance or feedback that may be provided by Diodes from time to time. Any customer or user of this document or products described herein will assume all risks and liabilities associated with such use, and will hold Diodes and all companies whose products are represented herein or on Diodes' websites, harmless against all damages and liabilities.

4. Products described herein may be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign patents and pending patent applications. Product names and markings noted herein may also be covered by one or more United States, international or foreign trademarks and trademark applications. Diodes does not convey any license under any of its intellectual property rights or the rights of any third parties (including third parties whose products and services may be described in this document or on Diodes' website) under this document.

5. Diodes' products are provided subject to Diodes' Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale (<u>https://www.diodes.com/about/company/terms-and-conditions/terms-and-conditions-of-sales/</u>) or other applicable terms. This document does not alter or expand the applicable warranties provided by Diodes. Diodes does not warrant or accept any liability whatsoever in respect of any products purchased through unauthorized sales channel.

6. Diodes' products and technology may not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use or sale is prohibited under any applicable laws and regulations. Should customers or users use Diodes' products in contravention of any applicable laws or regulations, or for any unintended or unauthorized application, customers and users will (a) be solely responsible for any damages, losses or penalties arising in connection therewith or as a result thereof, and (b) indemnify and hold Diodes and its representatives and agents harmless against any and all claims, damages, expenses, and attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim relating to any noncompliance with the applicable laws and regulations, as well as any unintended or unauthorized application.

7. While efforts have been made to ensure the information contained in this document is accurate, complete and current, it may contain technical inaccuracies, omissions and typographical errors. Diodes does not warrant that information contained in this document is error-free and Diodes is under no obligation to update or otherwise correct this information. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Diodes reserves the right to make modifications, enhancements, improvements, corrections or other changes without further notice to this document and any product described herein. This document is written in English but may be translated into multiple languages for reference. Only the English version of this document is the final and determinative format released by Diodes.

8. Any unauthorized copying, modification, distribution, transmission, display or other use of this document (or any portion hereof) is prohibited. Diodes assumes no responsibility for any losses incurred by the customers or users or any third parties arising from any such unauthorized use.

9. This Notice may be periodically updated with the most recent version available at https://www.diodes.com/about/company/terms-and-conditions/important-notice

DIODES is a trademark of Diodes Incorporated in the United States and other countries. The Diodes logo is a registered trademark of Diodes Incorporated in the United States and other countries. © 2022 Diodes Incorporated, All Rights Reserved.

www.diodes.com