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•	State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS
	Technology (ABT) <i>Widebus</i> ™ Design for
	2.5-V and 3.3-V Operation and Low Static
	Power Dissipation

- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 2.3-V to  $3.6 - V V_{CC}$ )
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce) < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> =  $25^{\circ}$ C
- High Drive (-24/24 mA at 2.5-V and -32/64 mA at 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Power Off Disables Outputs, Permitting Live Insertion
- High-Impedance State During Power Up and Power Down Prevents Driver Conflict
- Uses Bus Hold on Data Inputs in Place of **External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors to** Prevent the Bus From Floating
- Auto3-State Eliminates Bus Current Loading When Output Exceeds V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per **JESD 17**
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model; and Exceeds 1000 V Using Charged-Device Model, Robotic Method
- **Flow-Through Architecture Facilitates Printed Circuit Board Layout**
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL), Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG), Thin Very Small-Outline (DGV) Packages, and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package

#### description

The 'ALVTH16827 devices are 20-bit buffers/line drivers designed for 2.5-V or 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$  operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

The devices are composed of two 10-bit sections with separate output-enable signals. For either 10-bit buffer section, the two output-enable ( $1\overline{OE1}$  and  $1\overline{OE2}$ , or  $2\overline{OE1}$  and  $2\overline{OE2}$ ) inputs must be low for the corresponding Y outputs to be active. If either output-enable input is high, the outputs of that 10-bit buffer section are in the high-impedance state.



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SN54ALVTH16827 WD PACKAGE
SN74ALVTH16827 DGG, DGV, OR DL PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

ONE ( A 1 )/TH ( A A A A

1Y1 2

1Y2 3

GND [	4	53	GND
1Y3[	5	52	1A3
1Y4[	6	51	1A4
Vcc	7	50	] V <sub>CC</sub>
1Y5[	8	49	1A5
1Y6[	9	48	1A6
1Y7[	10	47	] 1A7
GND [	11	46	GND
1Y8[	12	45	1A8
1Y9[	13	44	1A9
1Y10[	14	43	1A10
2Y1[	15	42	2A1
2Y2[	16	41	2A2
2Y3[	17	40	2A3
GND [	18	39	] GND
2Y4[	19	38	2A4
2Y5[	20	37	2A5
2Y6[	21	36	2A6
V <sub>CC</sub> [	22	35	] V <sub>CC</sub>
2Y7[	23	34	2A7
2Y8[	24	33	2A8
GND [	25	32	] GND
2Y9[	26	31	2A9
2Y10	27	30	2 <u>A10</u>
20E1	28	29	20E2
, I	L		

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#### description (continued)

When V<sub>CC</sub> is between 0 and 1.2 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.2 V,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to V<sub>CC</sub> through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

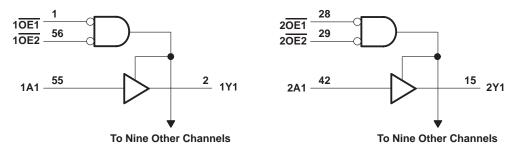
Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN54ALVTH16827 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C. The SN74ALVTH16827 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

(	(each 10-bit section)										
	INPUTS										
OE1	OE2	Y									
L	L	L	L								
L	L	н	н								
н	Х	Х	Z								
Х	Н	Х	Z								

**FUNCTION TABLE** 

#### logic diagram (positive logic)



#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V <sub>O</sub> (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Output current in the low state, IO: SN54ALVTH16827	96 mA
SN74ALVTH16827	
Output current in the high state, I <sub>O</sub> : SN54ALVTH16827	
SN74ALVTH16827	–64 mA
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 2): DGG package	
DGV package	
DL package	
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



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#### recommended operating conditions, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V (see Note 3)

			SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74ALVTH16827			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage	voltage				2.3		2.7	V
VIH	High-level input voltage	1.7			1.7			V	
VIL	Low-level input voltage		1	0.7			0.7	V	
VI	Input voltage	0	Vcc	5.5	0	VCC	5.5	V	
ЮН	High-level output current			2	-6			-8	mA
le.	Low-level output current			(C)	6			8	~ ^
IOL	Low-level output current; current duty cycle $\leq$	50%; f ≥ 1 kHz	2	5	18			24	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	2		10			10	ns/V
$\Delta t / \Delta V_{CC}$	Power-up ramp rate		200			200			μs/V
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

## recommended operating conditions, V\_CC = 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V (see Note 3)

			SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage	tage				3		3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage		2			2			V
VIL	Low-level input voltage		4	0.8			0.8	V	
VI	Input voltage	0	Vcc	5.5	0	VCC	5.5	V	
ЮН	High-level output current			9	-24			-32	mA
	Low-level output current			(C)	24			32	mA
IOL	Low-level output current; current duty cycle $\leq$	50%; f ≥ 1 kHz	40	20	48			64	ША
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	5		10			10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV <sub>CC</sub>	Power-up ramp rate	200			200			μs/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTE 3: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V (unless otherwise noted)

		TERTO	SN54	ALVTH1	6827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT				
P	ARAMETER	TEST CO	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT				
VIK		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,	lj = -18 mA			-1.2			-1.2	V			
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0	.2		V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	2					
Vон		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	1.8						V			
		VCC = 2.3 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA				1.8						
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA			0.2			0.2				
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA			0.4			0.47				
VOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA						0.4	V			
		VCC = 2.3 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA			0.5							
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA						0.5				
	Control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$			±1			±1				
ц	Control Inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 2.7 \text{ V},$	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			10			10				
			V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V			\$ 10			10	μΑ			
	Data inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	$V_I = V_{CC}$			1			1				
			V <sub>I</sub> = 0		2	-5			-5				
loff		$V_{CC} = 0,$	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 to 4.5 V		6				±100	μA			
I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V		2115			115		μA			
IBHH;		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V	4	-10			-10		μA			
BHLC	D <sup>¶</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	300			300			μA			
IBHH	0#	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	-300			-300			μA			
IEX∥		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V			125			125	μA			
IOZ(P	PU/PD)☆	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, V_O = \frac{0.5}{OE} \text{ V}_{I} = \text{GND or } V_{CC}, \overline{OE} =$	/ to V <sub>CC</sub> , don't care			±100			±100	μΑ			
IOZH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V or 1.7 V			5			5	μA			
I <sub>OZL</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V or 1.7 V			-5			-5	μA			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V,	Outputs high		0.04	0.1		0.04	0.1				
ICC		$I_{O} = 0,$	Outputs low		2.3	5		2.3	5	mA			
		$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled		0.04	0.1		0.04	0.1				
Ci		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.5 V or 0		3			3		pF			
Co		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V or 0		6			6		pF			

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

<sup>‡</sup>The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V<sub>IL</sub> max. I<sub>BHL</sub> should be measured after lowering V<sub>IN</sub> to GND and then raising it to VIL max.

§ The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at VIH min. IBHH should be measured after raising VIN to VCC and then lowering it to VIH min.

 $\P$  An external driver must source at least IBHLO to switch this node from low to high.

<sup>#</sup> An external driver must sink at least IBHHO to switch this node from high to low.

I Current into an output in the high state when  $V_O > V_{CC}$ 

\*High-impedance state during power up or power down



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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V (unless otherwise noted)

D/	ARAMETER	TEAT	CONDITIONS	SN54ALVT	H16827	SN74	ALVTH1	6827	UNIT	
F/	ARAMETER	IESI C	JUNDITIONS	MIN TYP	† MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNI	
Vik		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	lı = -18 mA		-1.2			-1.2	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2	V <sub>CC</sub> -0	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2				
Vон			I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	2					V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -32 mA			2				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		0.2			0.2		
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA					0.4		
\/			I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA		0.5				V	
VOL		$V_{CC} = 3 V$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 32 mA					0.5	V	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 48 mA		0.55					
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 64 mA					0.55		
Control in puto		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$		±1			±1		
	Control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 or 3.6 V,	VI = 5.5 V		10			10		
lı Data			VI = 5.5 V		3 10			10	μA	
	Data inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_{I} = V_{CC}$		<u> </u>			1		
			$V_{I} = 0$	ć	-5			-5		
l <sub>off</sub>	-	$V_{CC} = 0,$	$V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 0 \text{ to } 4.5 \text{ V}$	6				±100	μA	
I <sub>BHL</sub> ‡		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	VI = 0.8 V	75 👌		75			μA	
I <sub>BHH</sub> §		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	-75		-75			μA	
IBHLO	ſ	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_I = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	500		500			μA	
I <sub>ВННС</sub>	» <sup>#</sup>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	$V_{I} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	-500		-500			μA	
I <sub>EX</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V		125			125	μA	
IOZ(Pl	J/PD)☆	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{O} = \frac{0.5}{\text{OE}}$ V <sub>I</sub> = GND or V <sub>CC</sub> , OE	V to V <sub>CC</sub> , = don't care		±100			±100	μA	
IOZH		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_{O} = 3 V,$ $V_{I} = 0.8 V \text{ or } 2 V$		5			5	μA	
I <sub>OZL</sub>		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	$V_{O} = 0.5 V,$ $V_{I} = 0.8 V \text{ or } 2 V$		-5			-5	μA	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	Outputs high	0.0	0.1		0.07	0.1		
ICC		$I_{O} = 0,$	Outputs low	3	2 6		3.2	6	mA	
		$V_{I} = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled	0.0	0.1		0.07	0.1		
∆ICC□	1	$V_{CC} = 3 V$ to 3.6 V, On Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or	ie input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V, GND		0.4			0.4	mA	
Ci		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 3.3 V or 0		3		3		pF	
Co		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 3.3 V or 0		6		6		pF	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25°C.

<sup>‡</sup> The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at VIL max. IBHL should be measured after lowering VIN to GND and then raising it to VIL max.

§ The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at VIH min. IBHH should be measured after raising VIN to VCC and then lowering it to VIH min.

 $\P$  An external driver must source at least  $I_{BHLO}$  to switch this node from low to high.

<sup>#</sup> An external driver must sink at least IBHHO to switch this node from high to low.

I Current into an output in the high state when  $V_O > V_{CC}$ 

\*High-impedance state during power up or power down

This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.



#### SN54ALVTH16827, SN74ALVTH16827 2.5-V/3.3-V 20-BIT BUFFERS/DRIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCES076E – JULY 1996 – REVISED DECEMBER 1998

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V  $\pm$  0.2 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

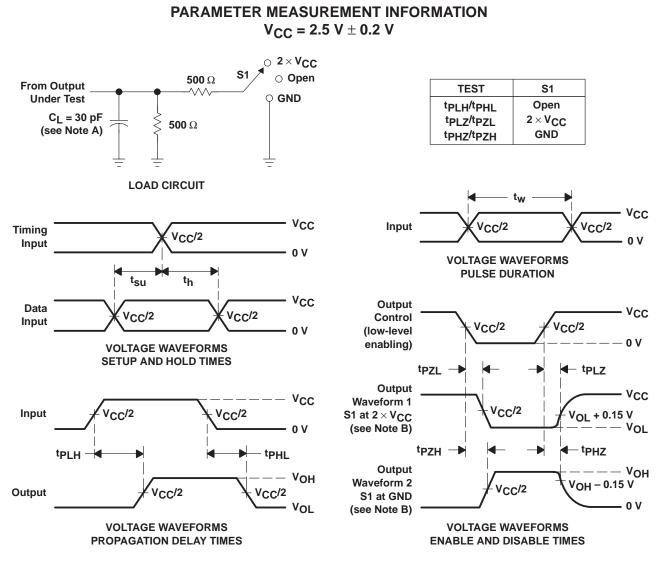
PARAMETER	FROM	то	SN54ALVTH	16827	SN74ALVT	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A	V	1.5	3.2	1.5	3.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			1.7	3.7	1.7	3.7	115
<sup>t</sup> PZH	OE	V	1.9	4.3	1.9	4.3	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZL		Ť	1.8	4	1.8	4	115
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	OE	V	2.5	5.6	2.5	5.6	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ	UE	I	<b>2</b> 1.7	4.6	1.7	4.6	115

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	SN54ALVTH	116827	SN74ALVT	UNIT	
PARAWETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A	V	1.8	3	1.8	3	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			1.6	2.8	1.6	2.8	115
<sup>t</sup> PZH	ŌĒ	v	1.6	3.9	1.6	3.9	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZL		Ť	1.5	3.4	1.5	3.4	115
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	ŌĒ	v	3.3	5.8	3.3	5.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLZ	UE	Γ	2.6	4.6	2.6	4.6	115



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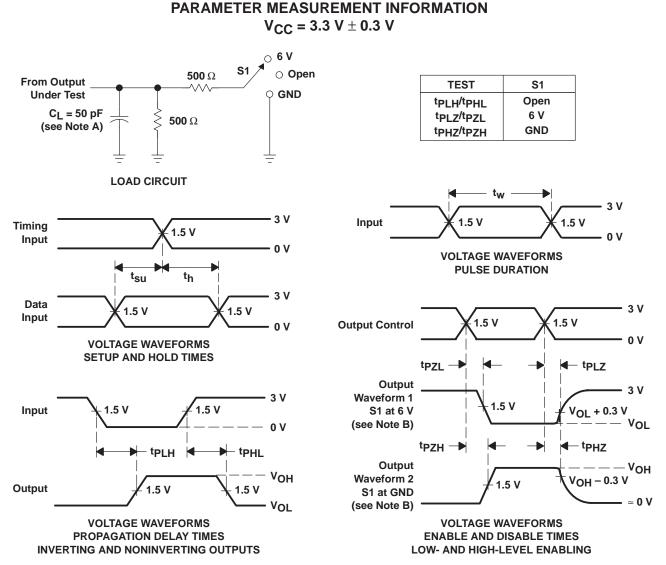


- NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

#### Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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NOTES: A. C<sub>1</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform22 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.

C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns.

D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms





### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device		Package Type	•	Pins	•		Lead finish/	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	Ball material	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74ALVTH16827DL	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	20	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ALVTH16827	Samples
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DL	56	1000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ALVTH16827	Samples
SN74ALVTH16827GR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	ALVTH16827	Samples
SN74ALVTH16827VR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	VT827	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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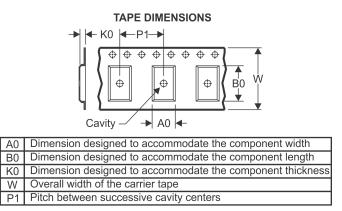
## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

Texas Instruments

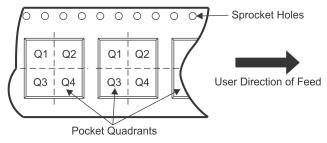
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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



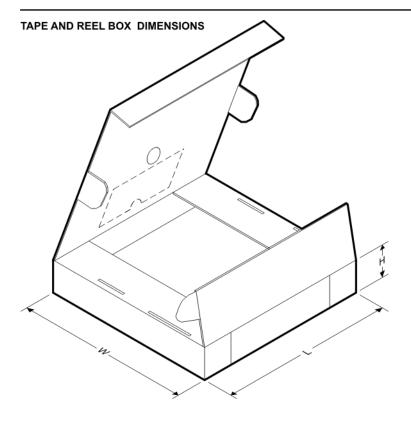
*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	SSOP	DL	56	1000	330.0	32.4	11.35	18.67	3.1	16.0	32.0	Q1
SN74ALVTH16827GR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	330.0	24.4	8.6	15.6	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1
SN74ALVTH16827VR	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	330.0	24.4	6.8	11.7	1.6	12.0	24.0	Q1



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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74ALVTH16827DLR	SSOP	DL	56	1000	367.0	367.0	55.0
SN74ALVTH16827GR	TSSOP	DGG	56	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0
SN74ALVTH16827VR	TVSOP	DGV	56	2000	367.0	367.0	45.0



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### TUBE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	Τ (μm)	B (mm)
SN74ALVTH16827DL	DL	SSOP	56	20	473.7	14.24	5110	7.87

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

MPDS006C - FEBRUARY 1996 - REVISED AUGUST 2000

#### DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

24 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.
- D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins MO-153

14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194



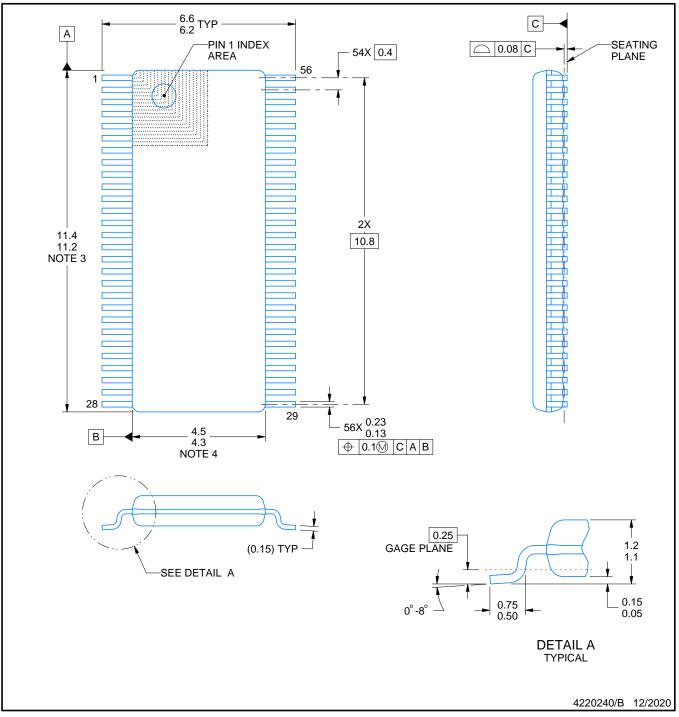
# **DGV0056A**



## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## **TVSOP - 1.2 mm max height**

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-194.

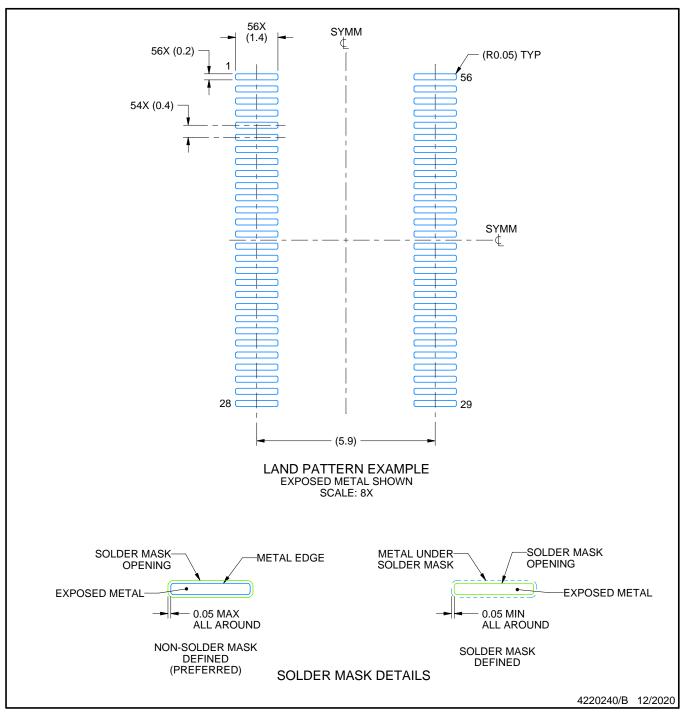


# DGV0056A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## TVSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

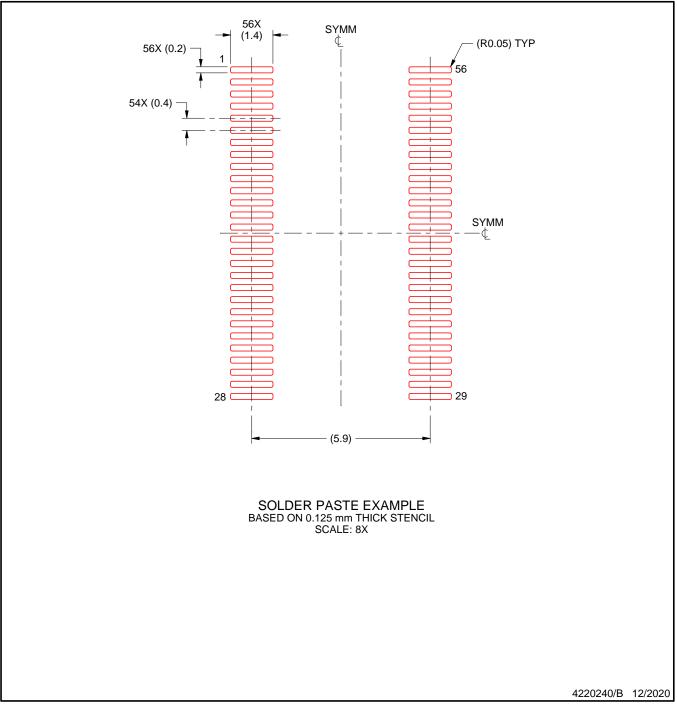


# DGV0056A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## TVSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



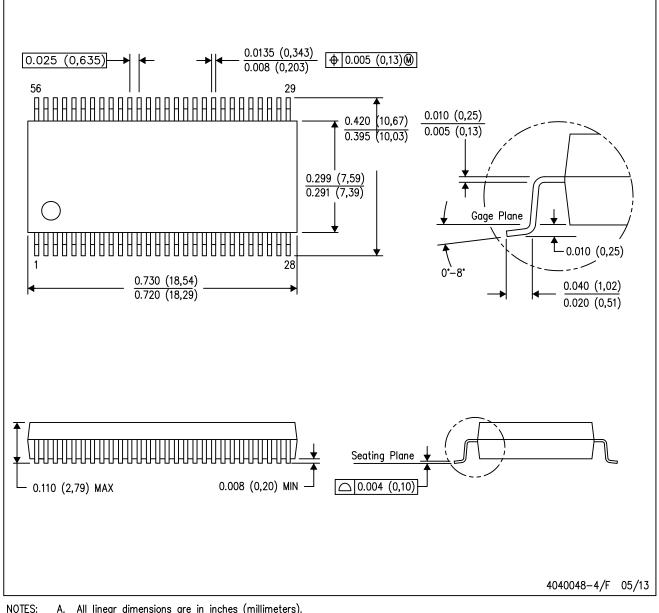
NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



DL (R-PDSO-G56)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - This drawing is subject to change without notice. В.
  - Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0.006 (0,15). C.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-118

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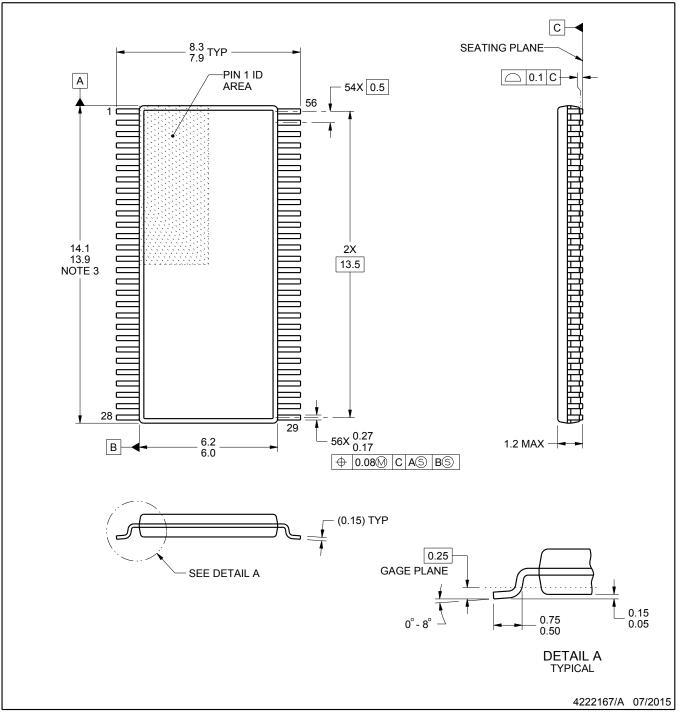


## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# **DGG0056A**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not

- exceed 0.15 mm per side. 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.

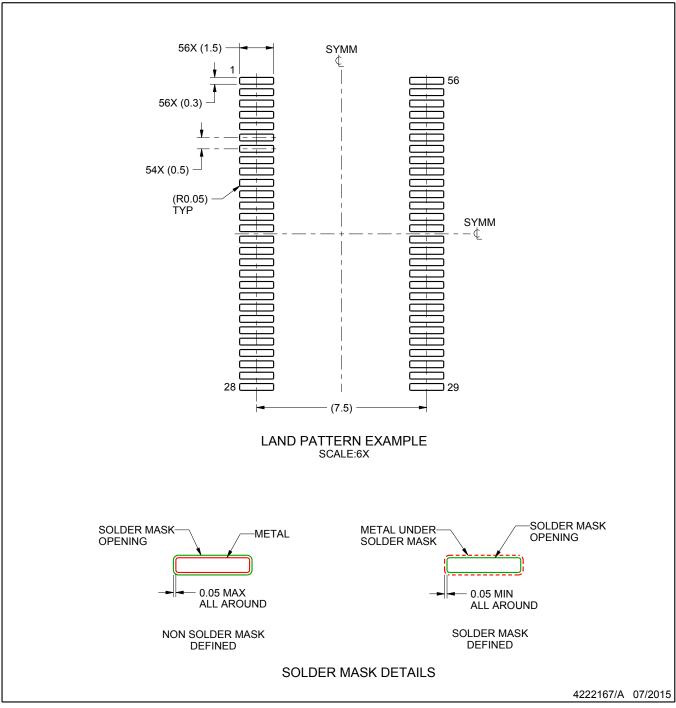


# DGG0056A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.

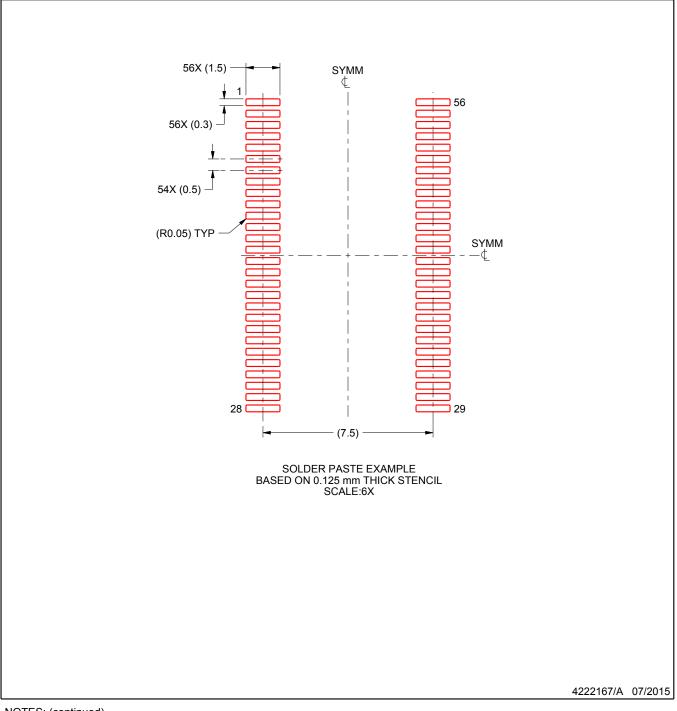


# DGG0056A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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