KNSCHA 东莞市科尼盛电子有限公司

规格承认书

Specification for approval

客户名称:

(Customer Name)

产品名称: 双金属有机电容器

(Product Name) Bimetallic organic capacitor

客户料号:

(Customer part number)

科尼盛料号: PB6.3V1500UF01EC5659

(KNSCHA number) PB6.3V1500UF01EC5659

型号规格: KNSCHA PB 1500UF/6.3V 8*12mm

(Specifications) KNSCHA PB 1500UF/6.3V 8*12mm

制 造 (Manufacture)				
	Approval			
拟制	审 核	核准		
(Fiction)	(Chief)	(Approval)		
刘淑芬	文 军军	徐贵南		

客 户 (Customer) Approval				
检验 (Inspect)	审 核 (Chief)	核 准 (Approval)		

东莞市科尼盛电子有限公司

DONG GUAN KNSCHA ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.

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规格表Table	规格表Table							
客户料号 Part Number	额定电压 Rated voltage (V)	标称容量 Capacitan ce (µF)	尺寸 Case Size ΦD x L(mm)	损耗正 切值tan δ	漏电流 Leakage Current (μΑ)	ESR +20℃ 100K Hz (mΩ)	纹波电流 Rated Ripple (mArms)	科尼盛料号 KNSCHA Part Number
	6.3	1000	6.3*11	0.08	1260	12	6150	PB6.3V1500UF01EC5659

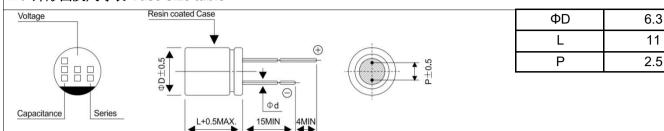
一、概述 SCOPE

本产品规格书适用于东莞市科尼盛电子有限公司双金属电容产品。

 $U_R(V)$

The product specification is compatible to Polymer Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors of DONG GUAN KNSCHA ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

二、外形图及尺寸表 Case size table



_		O ! (! 4!
 .	拉不作的	Specifications
<u> </u>	スパーエル	Opcomodiono

1	系列号(SERIES)	PB			
2	额定电压 (rated voltage)		6.3V		
3	工作温度范围 Operating temperature range		巴压下能持续工作所允许外部环境的温度范围 ne range of ambient temperature at which the capacitor can I voltage		
4	电容容量	测量等效电路图	O—VV—I —O		
	capacitance	测量温度20℃	measuring temperature		
		测量频率120HZ	measuring frequency		
		测量电压 0.5Vrms	measuring voltage		
		标称电容量允许偏差:±20% MAX	Nominal Capacitance Tolerance:±20% MAX		
	损耗角正切值的测量应要和测量电容容量一样的条件下进行				

The Measurement of $tan\delta$ should be made under the same conditions as those given for the measurement of capacitance

6.3

5 SPEC:

6

损耗正切值

漏电流

leakage current

ripple current

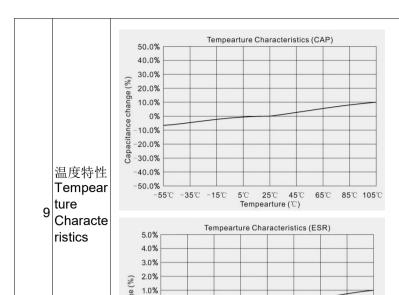
(tan δ)	tanδ	0.08	
			Ω的保护电阻上。在充电2分钟后,按下列等式计算漏电流。
		- 11	across the capacitor and its protective resistor which shall be shall be then measured after charfing with2min. The leakage

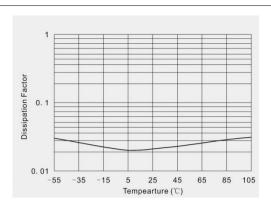
1000±100Ω. The leakage current shall be then measured after charfing with2min. The leakage current shall be calculated by the following equation.
在加上额定电压一定时间后,应满足下列要求: eitler 1 ≤0.2CV or 200μA(取较大者)(20℃

、2分钟) The reguive the biffer figure (20℃,2 min) following specifications shall be satisfied when the

measurement electrical endurance Where(DC voltage +peak ripple voltage)≤rated voltage

		rated voltage is applied for the required time.		
	Equivalent	测量等效电路图 measuring circuit equivalent series circuit	0	
7	Series Resistance	测量温度20℃	measuring temperature	
	(ESR)	测量频率100KHZ	measuring frequency	
		测量电压0.5Vrms	measuring voltage	
	允许最大纹波电 流	要求仍要满足。在此,DC电压加上最大纹波电压	小于等于额定电压。	
8	Maximum	The maximum sinusoidal alternating current of a		
	permissible	capacitor can be operated continuously. This requirement shall be satisfied even after the		





四、测试方法及要求 Tests

0.0% -1.0% -2.0% -3.0% -4.0% -5.0%

-55℃ -35℃ -15℃

在规定温度下循环测试1000次,每次充电30±5秒,在放电大约5分30秒。在标准温度条件下存放使其稳定,然后再测试。

he capacitor shall be subjected to 1000 cycles at a temperature specified below, each consisting of a charge period of 30±5sec, followed by a discharge period of approx. 5min30sec. And the capacitor shall be stored under standard conditions thermal to obtain stability,after which measurements shall be made. measurement circuit(测试电路图)

VZ: 浪涌电压 V1: 直流电压 DC voltage Surge voltage R1 R1: 保护电阻 R2: 放电电阻 $(1K\Omega)$ Discharge resistor Protective resistor R2 CX CX:测试电容 S:开关 Switch Test capacitor

浪涌测试 Surpe tegcing

2

SPEC: 1) 电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±10%初时值以内Within±10% of the initial value

2)损耗正切值tangent of the loss angle: 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value

3) ESR(equivalent series resistance): 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value or less 4) 漏电流leakage current: 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value or less

电压设定: RATED VOLTAGE (V_{DC}) 6.3 SURGE VOLTAGE (V_{DC}) 8.0

5°C 25°C 45°C Tempearture (°C)

2)抗弯强度(Bending)

端子强度端子应该在每一个方向上折弯一次,总共两次

The terminal shall be subjected to 1 bend in each direction with a total 2 bends only.

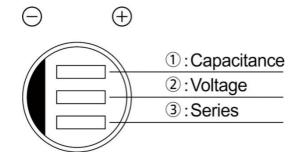
d(mm)	[N]
0.6	5.0 (0.51KG)

端子没有破损或松动 SPEC: No breaking and loosening of terminal

		日本以(Caldas) 1160A 1160C as/+P/1160A
		焊料(Solder): H60A. H60S or(或)H63A
		焊接温度(Solder temperature): 245±2℃
		浸入时间(Immersion time): 3±0.5sec(秒)
3	可焊性	浸入深度(Immersion depth): 离本体 1.5~2mm
	solderability	熔化: 松香在酒精的浓度是25% Flux: 25% byin densitg of rosin in ethanol
		从含浸处到顶部,至少有3/4部分覆盖有新焊料
		SPEC:1)3/4 of the circumference of the surface up to the immersed shall be covered with
		new solder.
		焊料: (Solder): H60A.H60S or (或) H63A
		焊接温度(Solder temperature):350±10℃(or350±10℃)
		浸入时间(Immersion time): 10±1sec(秒) (or 或 3.5±0.5sec)
		绝热遮罩板的厚度(Thickness of heat shunt:1.6mm): 1.6mm
	耐焊接热	SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±10%初时值以内Within±10%of the initial
4	Resistance to soldering	value
	hea	2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初始规定值≪The initial specified
		value
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance):小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value
		or less
		4)漏电流leakage current:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value
	丰 二工1 次 刘	标示应清晰可见
5	表示耐溶剂 性	试剂: 乙丙醇, 浸入时间30±0.5sec
	177	电容器在温度60±2℃,相对湿度90%到95%条件下存放240±8个小时,然后在标准条件下放1
		到2小时后进行测量。the capacitor shall be stored at a temperature of 60±2℃ and relative huidity
	高温高湿 Dampheat, steady state	of 90 to 95% for 240±8hours。 And then the capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric
		conditions for 1 to 2hours, after which measurements shall be made.
		SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±20%初时值以内Within±20%of the initial value
6		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the
		initial value
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance): 150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the
		initial value
		4)漏电流leakage current: 小于等于初时值The initial specified value or less
		,
		在+105温度下不外加电压储存,电容器存放1000小时。然后在标准条件下放1到2小时进行测量,并且
		在测漏电流前,必须满足以上条件。The capacitor shall be stored at +105℃ temperature
		specified below for 1000 hours. During which time no voltage shall be applied. And then the
		capacitor shall be subject to standard atmospheic conditions for 1 to2hours, after which
		measurements shall be made, Prior to the measurement of leakage current, following conditioning
7	高温储存	may be made.
		SPEC: 1):电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±20%初时值以内Within±20%of the initial value
		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the
		initial value
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance): 150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the
		initial value
		4)漏电流leakage current:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value or less

		≠.406 % = 上 应明处与#公共上次处签户上层 5 000 Lpl。 + 上处 5 // 1 - 2 - 2 - - - - - - - - - -		
		在+105℃下,电容器施加带纹波电流的额定电压5000小时。在标准条件下放1到2小时后进行		
		测量。The rated voltage with specified ripple current shall be applied continuously to the		
		capacitor at maximum operating temperature +105℃ for 2000 hours. And then the		
		capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions for 1to		
	耐久性	2hours, after which measurement shall be made.		
8	load life	SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±20%初时值以内Within±20%of the initial value		
		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the		
		initial value		
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance):150%初始值规定以内within ±150%of the		
		initial value		
		4)漏电流leakage current: 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value .		
		电容器要在图1的温度循环要求下保持5个循环,然后在标准条件下放1-2个小时后进行测量。		
		The characteristics of a capacitor kept under the temperature cycle indicated in Figure1		
		for 5 cycles . And then the capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions		
		for 1to 2hours, after which measurement shall be made		
		105℃		
	温度循环测	0.5		
0	试 Danid	-55°C -		
9	Rapid temperature			
	change			
		\longleftrightarrow 30±3min \longleftrightarrow Figure.1		
		≤3min ≤3min		
		SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±10%初时值以内Within±10%of the initial value		
2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初时值≤		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance):小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		
	4)漏电流leakage current: 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value .			
		电容器要在温度-55℃条件下存放72±2个小时。然后在标准条件下放1到2个小时进行测试。		
		the shall be stored at a temperature of -55°C for 72±2hours。And then the		
	低温测试	capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions for 1 to 2hours, after which		
10	Low temperature	measurements shall be made		
10	test	SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±10%初时值以内Within±10%of the initial value		
		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		
		3)ESR(equivalent series resistance):小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		
		4)漏电流leakage current: 小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value.		
		在40±2℃的环境下,电压5V叠加纹波电流3A,通电10S,停1S,开关机,循环1000次。		
		Ther capacitor shall be subjected to 10000 cycles with voltage 5V & ripple 3A current at		
		maximum operating temperature +40±2℃. each consisting of a charge period of 10sec,		
		followed by a discharge period of approx.1sec		
11	ON-OFF实验	SPEC: 1)电容量变化Change in capacitance: ±10%初时值以内Within±10%of the initial value		
1.1	OIN-OFF 失 			
		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		
		2)损耗正切角tangent of the loss angle:小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value 3)ESR(equivalent series resistance):小于等于初时值≤The initial specified value		

五:标志 Marking



1,	代表容量 Rate Capacitance
2,	代表电压 Rate Voltage
3,	代表系列号Series

六:包装 Packing

包装标签标示 Packing Label Marked

(下面项目应该体现在标签上 The following items shall be marked on the label)

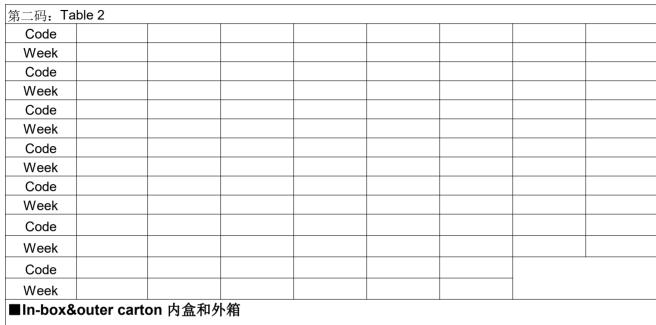
(盘/内盒/外箱 Reel/inside box/outer carton)

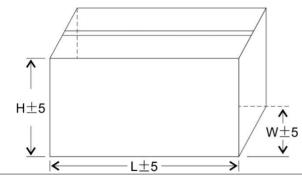
系列	Series
物料编码	P/N
额定容值	Rate Capacitance
额定电压	Rate Voltage
数量	Quantity
尺寸	Size
批号	LOT Number

LOT Number:

第一码: Table 1

	Code	D
Year 2016 2017 2018 20	Year	2019





♦Please order by minimum package quantity.

◆请以最小包装数量订购。

KNSCHA	Bag	In-box	Carton
	(pcs)	(pcs)	(pcs)
PB0J102M	1000	10000	20000

七、铝电解电容使用注意事项。Guidel<u>ines For Using Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor</u>. 为了使你获得电解电容的最佳性能和延长电解电容的使用寿命,在使用电解电容前,请务必阅读本注意事项。 Upon using Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors, please proper handing and observing to following important points will insure optimum capacitor performance and long life. 直流电解电容是有极性的。 DC electrolytic capacitors are polarized. 确定极性,极性标志在电容器的基体上。以免因极性反可能引起电路短路或电容器损坏,当极性不固定或不确定 的,使用无极性电容器。注意直流电容器不能使用于交流。Make sure of the polarity. The polarity is marked to on the body of the capacitor .Application of the reversed voltage cause a short circuit or damage the capacitor. Use bipolar capacitors when the polarity is not determined or unknown. Note that DC electrolytic capacitors can not be used for AC application. 使用电压不要大于额定电压。Do not apply voltage Higher than rated voltage. 使用电压大于额定电压,漏电流会增大,可能损坏电容器。建议工作电压为额定电压的70%-80%,电容器在建议 工作电压下使用可以延长电容器的寿命。If a voltage exceeding the rated voltage is applied, the leakage current will increase, which damage the capacitor. Recommended working voltage is 70 to 80 percent of rated voltage. Using capacitors at recommended working voltage prolongs capacitor life. 不要使用过量纹波电流通过电容器。Do not allow excessive ripple current through the capacitor. 流过电容器的纹波电流超过许可值,将会引起电容器发热,电容量减少,损耗电容器。通过电容器的纹波电流不 要大于允许值。The flow of ripple current over permissible ripple current will cause heat of the capacitor, which may decrease the capacitance and damage the capacitor. Ripple current on the capacitor must be at or below allowable level. 快速充放点电路中,使用专门设计的电容器。Use specially designed capacitors for the circuits where charge and discharge are frequency repeated. 在经受快速的周期性充放电电路中,电容器可能收到损害,它的寿命因容量下降、温升等原因而缩短,在这种电 路中,一定要使用专门设计的电容器。In the circuit subjected to rapid charge cycles, capacitors may be damaged, its life may be shortened by capacitance decrease, heat rise, ect. Be sure and use special capacitors in these applications. 工作温度范围。Operating temperature range. 电容器的特性随工作温度变化而变化,在温度较高的情况下,容量,漏电流增大,损耗减少;在低温情况下,容量 和漏电流下降,损耗增大。电容器在较低温度下使用会确保延长寿命。The characteristics of capacitors change with the operating temperature. The capacitance and leakage current increase and tang δ decrease at higher temperatures. The capacitance and leakage current decrease and tanδ at increase lower temperature. Usage at lower temperature will ensure longer life. 核对工作频率。Check operating frequency. 电解电容器的容量通常是在100HZ或者120HZ下测得的。然而要记住容量随频率的升高而下降, $tan\delta$ 随频率的升高 而增大,并使周围温度升高。The capacitance of electrolytic capacitors is usually measured at 100Hz or 120Hz. However, remember that capacitance decrease and tanδ increase as the applied frequency becomes higher whereas the ambient temperature becomes higher. 长时间存放的电容器,在使用前加额定直流电压处理。 Apply rated DC voltage treatment to the capacitors which have been stored for a long time. 长时间的存放,实际对电容器的容量和tan δ 没有多大的影响,然而往往会使漏电流增大,耐压降低。长时间存放 后的电容器处理,首先逐渐施加直流电压至额定电压,然后再使用。Long periods of storage have virtually no effect on a capacitor's capacitance and tanδ. Such periods tend however, to increase leakage current and decrease withstand voltage. After removing capacitors from long-duration storage, first apply a gradually increasing DC voltage to rated voltage and then use them. 电容器外壳与极性不是绝缘的。The capacitor case is not insulated from the cathode terminal. 电容器的外壳与极性是通过电解液连接的,则电容器的外壳必须与线路绝缘,电容器的安装位置处一定要采取绝 缘措施。 The capacitor's case and cathode terminal connect through the electrolyte. If the case is to be completely insulated, that insulation must be at the capacitor's mounting point. 电容器的端子或者引线上不要施加过大的力。 Do not apply excessive force to the terminals and leads. 过大的力施加到端子和引线上,可能引起引线的断裂或端子分裂,转而会引起内部链接的破坏 The excessive strong force applied to the terminals and lead wires may cause leads to break or

terminals to separate and, in turn, cause the internal contact to fail.

有害物质目录表

Hazardous substances management table of contents

区分 Type	物质名称(中文名) Name(chinese)	物质名称(英文名) Name(English)	有害物质包含与否 (Test result)	
	Name (Chrinese)		有 Yes	无 No
Level A- I	铅以及它的化合物	Lead and its compounds		NO
	镉以及它的化合物	Cadmium and its compounds		NO
	水银以及它的化合物	Mercury and its compounds		NO
	六价铬以及它的化合物	Hexavalent chromium ang its compounds		NO
	多溴化的联苯	Polybrominated biphenyls		NO
	聚溴二苯醚	Polybrominated diphenylethers		NO
	多氯化联苯 (PCB)	Polybrominated biphenyls (PCB)		NO
Level A- II	多氯化萘 (PCN)	Polybrominated naphthalenes(PCN)		NO
	三磷酸盐	Polybrominated terphenyls(PCT)		NO
	氯化涂石蜡(SCCP)	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)		NO
	石棉以及它的化合物	Asbestos ang its compounds		NO
	臭氧层破坏物质	Ozone Depleting Substances		NO
	偶氮化合物	Azo compounds		NO
	镍以及它的化合物	Specific organic tin conpounds		NO
	有机锡类化合物	Nickel and its compounds		NO
	砷以及它的化合物	Specific organic tin conpounds		NO
	甲醛	Formaldehydes		NO
Level B	氯化乙烯树脂	Polyvinyl chloride,(PET)		NO
	磷苯二甲酸盐	Phthalates		NO
	铍以及他的化合物	Berylium and its compounds		NO
	锑及其它的化合物	Antimony and its compounds		NO
	硒及其它的化合物	Selenium and its compounds		NO
	钯及其它的化合物	Palladium and its compounds		NO
	铋及其化合物	Bismuth and its compounds		NO
	其他氯类难燃试剂	Other chlorinated flame retardants		NO
	其他溴类难燃试剂	Other brominnated flame retardants		NO

Note:

- 1,原则上按照公司的管理规定,但由管理总部提出根据Buyer等交易商的要求制定的另行有害物质管理目录来执行的要求时,应优先按照管理总部的管理目录来记载。
- 2,确认合作企业现在是否在使用这类物质,应记录使用与否。