infrared

B5W-LB series

Light Convergent Reflective Sensor

Light Convergent Reflective Type for Reduced Color and Material Susceptibility Reliable Detection of Shiny, Black or **Transparent objects**



- <Robustness of color>
 - -Stable detection of shiny, black or transparent objects
 - -Unaffected by backgrounds, meaning only the intended object is sensed accurately.
- <Robustness of the distance>
- -A wide sensing range to allow object shifting
- Robust design resistant to ambient lights
- Analog voltage output and digital output models are available
- 55 mm and 10 mm sensing distances are available

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Be sure to read Safety Precautions on page 7.

Model Number Legend

B5W-LB- - - - $\overline{1}$, $\overline{2}$, $\overline{3}$, $\overline{4}$, $\overline{5}$,

1: Super miniature

- 1. Size
- 2. Maximum
- 2: Miniature
- sensing distance
- Super miniature
- 1: 10 mm
- Miniature
- 1: 55 mm
- 3. Output

Analog

voltage output

- 0: Analog voltage
- 1: NPN / Light-ON
- 2: NPN / Dark-ON
- 4. Degree of protection
 - 1: Not supported
 - 2: Supported
- 5. Minimum number of deliverable units

B5W-LB2101-1

1: 1 piece

Ordering Information

Sensors (Dimensions→P.6)

Minimum number of Connecting Sensing Operating deliverable Appearance Size Output type Sensing distance Model method method mode units (Unit: pieces) Light-ON B5W-LB1112-1 Super 2 to 10 mm * miniature Dark-ON B5W-LB1122-1 NPN open collector Light-ON B5W-LB2112-1 Light Convergent Connector Reflective Dark-ON B5W-LB2122-1 Miniature 10 to 55 mm *

^{*} White paper

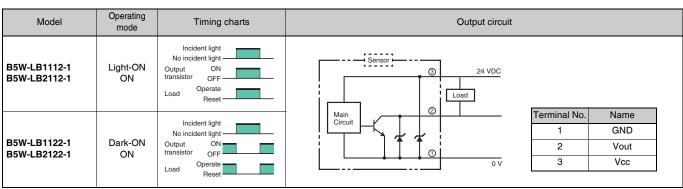
Ratings and Specifications

Digital output models

	Sensing method	Light Convergent Reflective				
Item Model	NPN output	B5W-LB1112-1	B5W-LB1122-1	B5W-LB2112-1	B5W-LB2122-1	
Sensing dis-	White paper	2 to 10 mm		10 to 55 mm		
tance	Black paper	3 to 8 mm		10 to 40 mm		
Non-sensing dist (White paper)	ance	20 mm min.		85mm min.		
Minimum detecta (refernce value)	ble object	0.05 mm dia.		0.15 mm dia.		
Differential travel		20% max.				
Light source (way	velength)	Infrared LED (850 nm)				
Power supply vol	tage	24 VDC ±10%, including 10% r	ripple (p-p)			
Current consumption		15 mA max. (at 26.4 VDC)		20mA max. (at 26.4 VDC)		
Operating mode		Light-ON	Dark-ON	Light-ON	Dark-ON	
Control output Residue		Load power supply voltage: 26.4 VDC, load current: 50 mA max. Residual voltage; 0.8 V max. at 50 mA load current and 0.32 V at 10 mA load current, Open collector output (NPN)				
Indicator		Not supported				
Response time		Operate/reset: 1 ms max.				
Ambient illuminat	tion	Incandescent lamp: 3,000 lx max., Sunlight: 10,000 lx max.				
Ambient tempera	ture range	Operating: -10 to +60°C, Storage: -25 to +80°C (with no icing or condensation)				
Vibration resistar	nce	10 to 55 Hz, 1.5-mm double amplitude for 2 h each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Shock resistance		500 m/s² for 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions				
Degree of protect	tion	IEC IP50 (not including terminals)				
Connecting meth	od	Connector models				
Weight (unit only) Approx 1.6 g		Approx 3.4 g				
	Case	Polycarbonate (PC)				
Material Lens Acrylic (PMMA)						
	Cover	Polycarbonate (PC)				

I/O Circuit Diagrams

NPN output



5W-LB

Analog voltage output model

● Absolute Maximum Ratings Exterior Specifications

Item	Symbol	Rated value	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage	Vcc	5.5	V	4. Vcc - 2. GND	
Input pulse voltage *1	Vp	5.5 *2	V	1. Pulse - 2. GND	
Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to 60	°C	With no icing or condensation	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-25 to 80	°C		

DC voltage is not covered by warranty.

Exterior Specifications

Connecting Weight (g)		Material		
method	vveignt (g)	Case	Lens	
Connector	Approx 3.2 g	Polycarbonate (PC)	Acrylic (PMMA)	

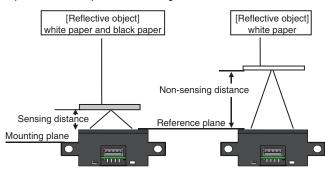
● Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta= 25°C, Vcc= 5.0 V)

Item	Symbol	Value			Unit	Condition
item		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Offic	Condition
Operating voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
Operating input pulse voltage	Vp	3.0		5.5	V	
Maximum output voltage Forward voltage	Vomax		3.3		V	
Sensing distance (Black paper)	Lrange	10		40	mm	Black paper, Vo≥70 mV
Sensing distance (White paper)	Lrange	10		55	mm	White paper, Vo≥70 mV
Non-sensing distance (White paper)	L	85			mm	White paper, Vo<30 mV

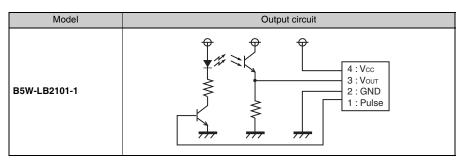
^{*} Frequency = 500 Hz (duty = 40%), input voltage = 5.0 V

Output voltage without reflector = 0 mV

Specified reference plane and mounting surface are as shown Below



Analog voltage output



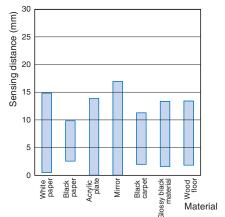
Terminal No.	Name
1.	Pulse
2.	GND
3.	Vout
3. 4.	Vcc

^{*2.} Pulse width: 800 μs, frequency: 500 Hz

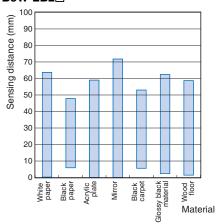
Engineering Data (Reference Value)

Distance Characteristics for Various Reflective Objects



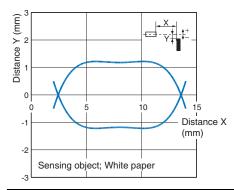


B5W-LB2□

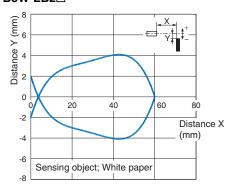


Operating Range (Left and Right)

B5W-LB1□

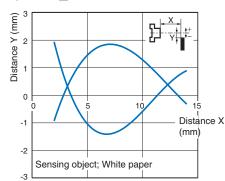


B5W-LB2□

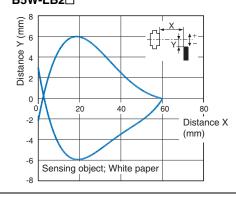


Operating Range (Up and Down)

B5W-LB1□

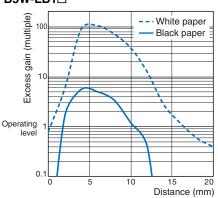


B5W-LB2□

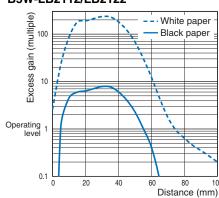


Receiver Output-Sensing Distance Characteristics

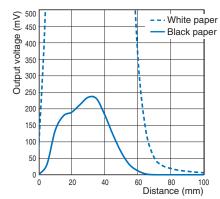
B5W-LB1□



B5W-LB2112/LB2122



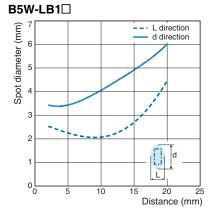
B5W-LB2101

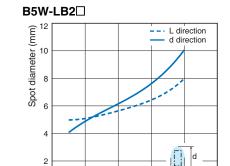


Distance (mm)

B 5 W. L

Spot diameter - distance characteristics

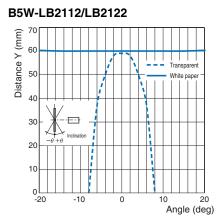


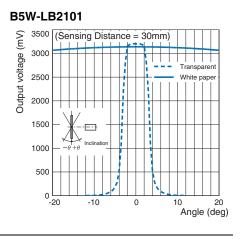


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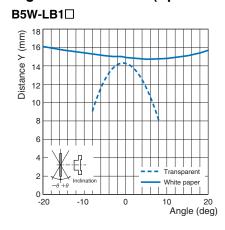
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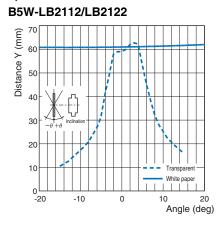
Angle characteristics (Left and right)

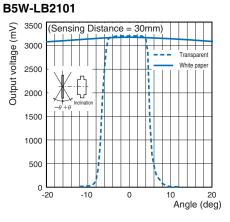




Angle characteristics (Up and down)

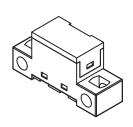


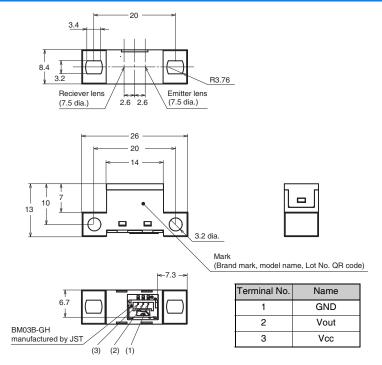


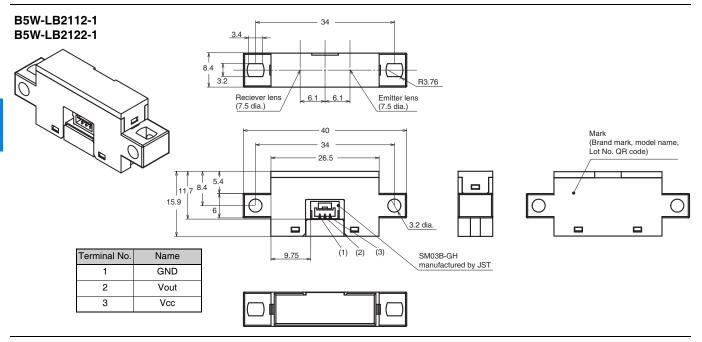


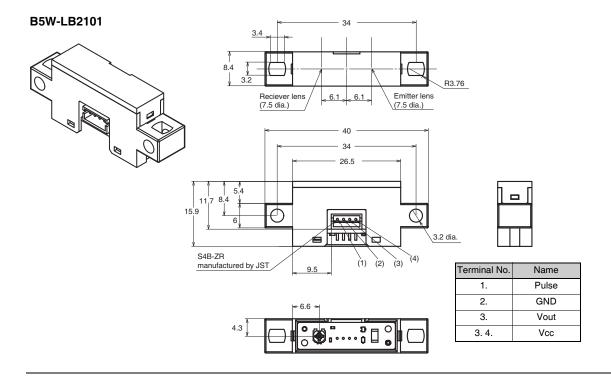
Dimensions

B5W-LB1112-1 B5W-LB1122-1









Safety Precautions

To ensure safe operation, be sure to read and follow the Terms and Conditions Agreement.

WARNING

These products cannot be used in safety devices es for presses or other safety devices used to protect human life. This product is designed for use in applications for sensing workpieces and workers that will not affect levels of safety.





This product is not designed or rated for ensuring safety of persons either directly or indirectly.



Do not use it for such purposes.

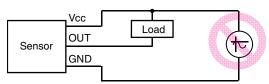
Precautions for Safe Use

To ensure safety, observe the following precautions.

Wiring

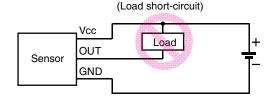
Power supply voltage

Do not use the product with a voltage or current that exceeds the rated range. Applying a voltage exceeding the specifications or using an AC power supply may result in rupture or burning.



Load Short-circuit (Digital only)

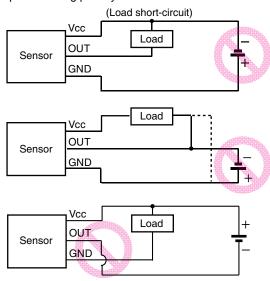
Do not short-circuit the load. Otherwise the product may be damaged or it may burn.



Faulty Wiring

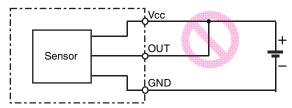
Do not miswire such as the polarity of the power supply voltage. Otherwise the product may be damaged or it may burn.

Example 1. Wrong polarity



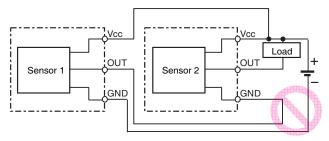
Connection without Load (Digital only)

Do not connect the power supply to the Sensor with no load connected, otherwise the internal elements may explode or burn. Always connect a load when wiring.



AND connection

With an AND connection as shown in the figure below, a voltage is applied to Vcc while GND of sensor 2 is not securely grounded. A failure may occur. Do not make this kind of connection. Also an inrush current may occur in sensor 2 when sensor 1 is turned on, causing failure or malfunction.



Storage and Operating Environment

- Places where the product is not exposed to corrosive gases, such as hydrogen sulfide gas, or salty wind.
- (2) Places where it is not exposed to direct sunlight.
- Make sure that flux, oil, or other chemicals do not adhere to the surface of the emitter and receiver.
- (4) Do not apply a load that may deform or deteriorate the product in any circumstances.
- (5) Store the product in a normal temperature, humidity, and pressure environment.
- (6) The product should be used without freezing or condensation.
- (7) Do not use the product in atmospheres or environments that exceed product ratings.
- (8) This product does not have a water-proof structure. Therefore, do not use it in an application or environment where it will be subjected to plashes from water, oil, or any other liquid.

Precautions for Correct Use

Mounting

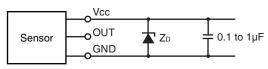
light.

- Ambient light may cause the sensor to malfunction.
 In such case, mount the sensor at an angle that ambient light does not enter the receiver lens.
 Make sure that the sensor does not affected by ambient
- (2) Mount the sensor securely on a flat surface.
- (3) Use M3 screws to secure the sensor (use together with spring washers and 6-mm-diameter flat washers to prevent screws from loosening). Use a tightening torque of 0.54 N·m max.
- (4) Take care that nothing comes into contact with the detected part of the sensor. Damage to the sensing element will result in poor performance.
- (5) Before using the sensor, check to make sure that it has not become loose due to vibration or shock.
- (6) Analog output models have a potentiometer mounted on the PCB. This potentiometer is used for in-house processes by OMRON and should not be touched.

Wiring

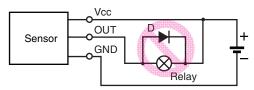
Surge Prevention

(1) If there is a surge in the power supply, try connecting a Zener diode or a capacitor (with a capacitance of 0.1 to 1 μ F), depending on the operating environment. Use the sensor only after confirming that the surge has been removed. We recommend use of 30 to 35 V Zener diodes for a 24 VDC power supply and 10 to 15 V Zener diodes for a 5 VDC power supply.



Z_D: Zener diode

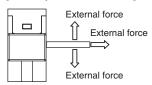
(2) Do not use a small inductive load, such as a relay.



- (3) Separate the wiring for Light convergent reflective sensors from high-voltage lines or power lines. If the wiring is routed in the same conduit or duct as such lines, the Light convergent reflective sensors may malfunction or may be damaged by inductive interference.
- (4) For the digital type, make sure that the connectors are securely locked.

Handling during Wiring

- (1) If a force is applied to the connection area between the terminal and connector by bending or pulling the cable after the wiring is completed, the connector contact part or connection area with the cable may be damaged, resulting in contact failure. Make sure that a stress (external force) as shown in the figure below is not applied to the connection area between the terminal and connector when routing and connecting cables or harnesses.
- (2) Do not perform cord wiring when power supply voltage is applied. Doing so may result in breakage.



Design

Light Convergent Reflective Sensor

A modulated-light type of light convergent reflective sensor is used. When designing, give proper consideration to the power supply and cable lengths used.

Light convergent reflective sensors are more easily affected than the sensors with Nonmodulated Light.

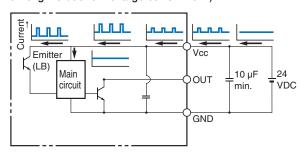
Reasons for Interference from Power and Cable Length on the sensors with Modulated Light

An LED emitter is pulse-lighted to produce modulated light. A large current momentarily flows to the sensors in sync with this pulse timing. This causes a pulsating consumption current. A photoelectric sensor incorporates a capacitor with sufficient capacity, and is virtually unaffected by the pulse of the consumption current. With a small sensor, however, it is difficult to have a capacitor with a sufficient capacity. Accordingly, when the cable length is long or depending on the type of power source, it may become impossible to keep up with the pulse of the consumption current and operation may become unstable.

Countermeasures

Adding a Capacitor

• Attach a capacitor of 10 μ F min. to the wires as close as possible to the Sensor. (Use a capacitor with a dielectric strength that is at least twice the Sensor's power supply voltage. Do not use tantalum capacitors. A short-circuit may cause the capacitor to ignite due to the large current flow.)



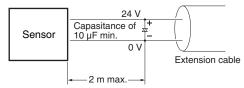
<Cable Length>

- Design the configuration so that the maximum total cable length for the Photomicrosensor with Modulated Light is 2 m.
- When using a cable longer than 2 m, attach a capacitor (e.g., an aluminum electrolytic capacitor) with a capacity of 10 μ F min. to the wires. The distance between the terminal and the capacitor must be within 2 m.

Make sure that the total cable length is no longer than 5 m. To use a cable length longer than 5 m, use a PLC or other means to read the sensor output and then transmit the signals using a PLC's communications.

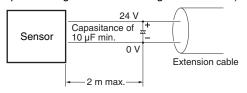
 Although cables are capable of being extended longer than 5 m, performance is likely to be affected by noise interference from adjacent cables and other devices.

Voltage drops due to the resistance of the cable material itself will also influence performance. Therefore, factors, such as the difference in voltage between the end of the cable and the sensor and noise levels, must be given full consideration.

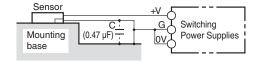


Countermeasures for Switching Power Supplies

- Take either of the following countermeasures as required if connecting a sensor to a switching power supply.
 - Attach a capacitor of 10 μF min. to the wires as close as possible to the sensor. (Use a capacitor with a dielectric strength that is at least twice the sensor's power supply voltage. Do not use tantalum capacitors. A short-circuit may cause the capacitor to ignite due to the large current flow. Do not use tantalum capacitors. A short-circuit may cause the capacitor to ignite due to the large current flow.)



2. Connect to the 0-V line of the power source or connect to the power source via a capacitor of approximately 0.47 μ F to reduce the impedance of the mounting base to prevent inductive noise from entering the mounting base. Or, connect by way of a capacitor (approx. 0.47 μ F).

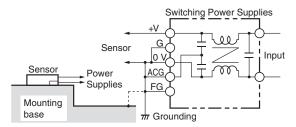


Connect the noise filter terminal (neutral terminal to ACG) of the switching power supply to the case (FG) and 0-V terminal of the power supply.

The line connected as mentioned above should be grounded or connected to the mounting base to ensure stable operation.

(Recommended by power supply manufacturers.)

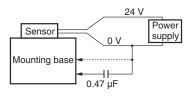
Countermeasures to Handle Inductive Noise



4. Insert a plastic insulator of approximately 10 mm between the Sensor and the mounting base.

Effects of Inductive Noise

• When there is inductive noise in the Sensor mounting frame (metal), the output of the sensor may be affected. In this case, ensure that there is no electrical potential difference between the sensor 0-V terminal and the sensor mounting frame, or put a 0.47-µF capacitor between the 0-V terminal and the frame.



<Effects when the power supply is turned ON> (Digital only)

An output pulse may occur when the power supply is turned ON depending on the power supply and other conditions. Use the sensor in the stable ready-for-detection state reached in 100 ms after turning on the power supply.

Terms and Conditions Agreement

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