

# SGM4027 35ppm/°C, 245µA, CMOS Voltage Reference

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The SGM4027 is a precision, low power, low noise and low dropout voltage reference, which is designed to offer low temperature drift and high initial accuracy while consuming only  $245\mu A$  (TYP) quiescent current.

The SGM4027 features high precision and low power consumption. The combination of these characteristics makes the device ideal for use in industrial applications, such as transmitters of temperature and pressure. To keep the stability and decrease the output noise of the output voltage, a capacitor with the capacitance of  $2\mu$ F to  $22\mu$ F should be added at the output pin of SGM4027.

For the typical operation, the power supply voltage should be 0.2V beyond the  $V_{REF}$ . Due to the advantage of low dropout and low power dissipation, it is recommended to use SGM4027 in portable and battery-powered equipment.

The SGM4027 is available in a Green SOT-23 package. It is specified over the extended industrial temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C.

## FEATURES

- Low Dropout Voltage: 0.2V (MAX)
- High Output Current: 10mA (MAX)
- Limited Output Current: 25mA
- Stable Output C<sub>LOAD</sub> Range: 2µF to 22µF
- High Initial Accuracy: 0.1% (MAX)
- Low Temperature Drift: 35ppm/°C (MAX) from -40°C to +125°C
- Low Quiescent Current: 245µA (TYP)
- -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range
- Available in a Green SOT-23 Package

## **APPLICATIONS**

Temperature and Pressure Transmitters Handheld Test Equipment Precision Data-Acquisition Systems Portable Devices Battery-Powered Equipment Medical Instrumentation

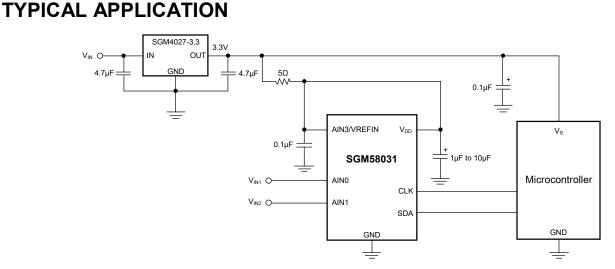


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

# **PACKAGE/ORDERING INFORMATION**

MODEL	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDERING NUMBER	PACKAGE MARKING	PACKING OPTION
SGM4027-2.048	SOT-23	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4027-2.048XN3LG/TR	G5TXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM4027-2.5	SOT-23	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4027-2.5XN3LG/TR	SWZXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM4027-3.0	SOT-23	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4027-3.0XN3LG/TR	G5UXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM4027-3.3	SOT-23	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4027-3.3XN3LG/TR	G5VXX	Tape and Reel, 3000
SGM4027-4.096	SOT-23	-40°C to +125°C	SGM4027-4.096XN3LG/TR	G5WXX	Tape and Reel, 3000

### MARKING INFORMATION

NOTE: XX = Date Code.



Date Code - Week

— Date Code - Year

— Serial Number

Green (RoHS & HSF): SG Micro Corp defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) and free of halogen substances. If you have additional comments or questions, please contact your SGMICRO representative directly.

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Supply Voltage, VIN to GND	6.0V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Continuous
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOT-23, θ <sub>JA</sub>	254°C/W
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	+260°C
ESD Susceptibility	
НВМ	8000V
CDM	1000V

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

MAX (V <sub>REF</sub> + 0.2V, 3.0V) to 5.	.5V
Load Current, I <sub>LOAD</sub> 10mA (MA	۹X)
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +12	5°C

### **OVERSTRESS CAUTION**

Stresses beyond those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability. Functional operation of the device at any conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions section is not implied.

### **ESD SENSITIVITY CAUTION**

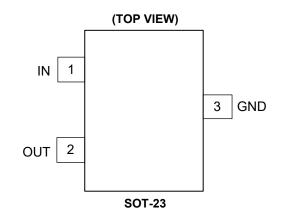
This integrated circuit can be damaged if ESD protections are not considered carefully. SGMICRO recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because even small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet the published specifications.

### DISCLAIMER

SG Micro Corp reserves the right to make any change in circuit design, or specifications without prior notice.



# **PIN CONFIGURATION**



## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN	NAME	I/O	FUNCTION
1	IN	Ι	Power Supply.
2	OUT	0	Reference Voltage Output.
3	GND	_	Ground.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{IN}$  = 5V,  $I_{LOAD}$  = 0mA, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SGM4027-2.048	•					
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>			2.048		V
Initial Accuracy			-0.1		+0.1	%
Solder Heat Resistance Shift				±0.03		%
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		8.9		μV <sub>PP</sub> /V
Output Voltage Noise		f = 10Hz to 10kHz		24.3		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Output Voltage Noise Density		f = 1kHz		223		nV/√Hz
Line Regulation		$3.0V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$		4.5		ppm/V
SGM4027-2.5		•		•		•
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>			2.5		V
Initial Accuracy			-0.1		+0.1	%
Solder Heat Resistance Shift				±0.03		%
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		8.9		μV <sub>PP</sub> /V
Output Voltage Noise		f = 10Hz to 10kHz		29.8		$\mu V_{RMS}$
Output Voltage Noise Density		f = 1kHz		273		nV/√Hz
Line Regulation		$V_{\text{REF}} + 0.5 \text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		4.0		ppm/V
SGM4027-3.0	•		•	1		
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>			3.0		V
Initial Accuracy			-0.1		+0.1	%
Solder Heat Resistance Shift				±0.03		%
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		8.9		μV <sub>PP</sub> /V
Output Voltage Noise		f = 10Hz to 10kHz		35.5		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Voltage Noise Density		f = 1kHz		327		nV/√Hz
Line Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>		$V_{\text{REF}} + 0.5V \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 5.5V$		7.0		ppm/V
SGM4027-3.3	1			1		
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>			3.3		V
Initial Accuracy			-0.1		+0.1	%
Solder Heat Resistance Shift				±0.03		%
		f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		8.9		μV <sub>PP</sub> /V
Output Voltage Noise		f = 10Hz to 10kHz		39.1		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Voltage Noise Density		f = 1kHz		360		nV/√Hz
Line Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>		$V_{\text{REF}} + 0.5 \text{V} \le \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		7.0		ppm/V
SGM4027-4.096	•		•	1		
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>			4.096		V
Initial Accuracy	1		-0.1		+0.1	%
Solder Heat Resistance Shift	1			±0.03		%
	1	f = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		8.9		μV <sub>PP</sub> /V
Output Voltage Noise		f = 10Hz to 10kHz		48.5		μV <sub>RMS</sub>
Output Voltage Noise Density		f = 1kHz		447		nV/√Hz
Line Regulation <sup>(1)</sup>	1	$V_{REF} + 0.5V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$		15.0		ppm/V

#### NOTE:

1. For  $V_{REF} > 2.5V$  version, SGM4027 can work at  $V_{REF} + 0.3V$  supply voltage. On this supply condition, line regulation and PSRR may drop to about 20 ~ 30dB.

For  $V_{REF} > 2.5V$  version, SGM4027 can also work at  $V_{REF} + 0.2V$  supply voltage. On this supply condition, line regulation and PSRR may drop to about 30 ~ 40dB.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

(At  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{IN} = 5V$ ,  $I_{LOAD} = 0mA$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
SGM4027							
Output Voltage Temperature Drift <sup>(2)</sup>	dV <sub>OUT</sub> /dT	$-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{A} \leq +125^{\circ}C$		10	35	ppm/°C	
Long-Term Stability		0h to 1000h, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA		120		ppm	
		1000h to 2000h, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA		20			
Load Regulation <sup>(3)</sup>	$\Delta V_{O(\Delta IL)}$	-10mA < I <sub>LOAD</sub> < 10mA <sup>(4)</sup>		5	15	ppm/mA	
Thermal Hysteresis	dT			150		ppm	
Dropout Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>OUT</sub>			5	200	mV	
Short-Circuit Current	I <sub>SC</sub>			25		mA	
Turn-On Settling Time		To 0.1% with $C_{LOAD} = 2.2 \mu F$		800		μs	
Power Supply							
Quiescent Current	Ι <sub>Q</sub>			245	320		
		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}C$			340	μA	
Power Supply Range	V <sub>cc</sub>		3		5.5	V	

#### NOTES:

2. The way to determine temperature drift is using Box Method.

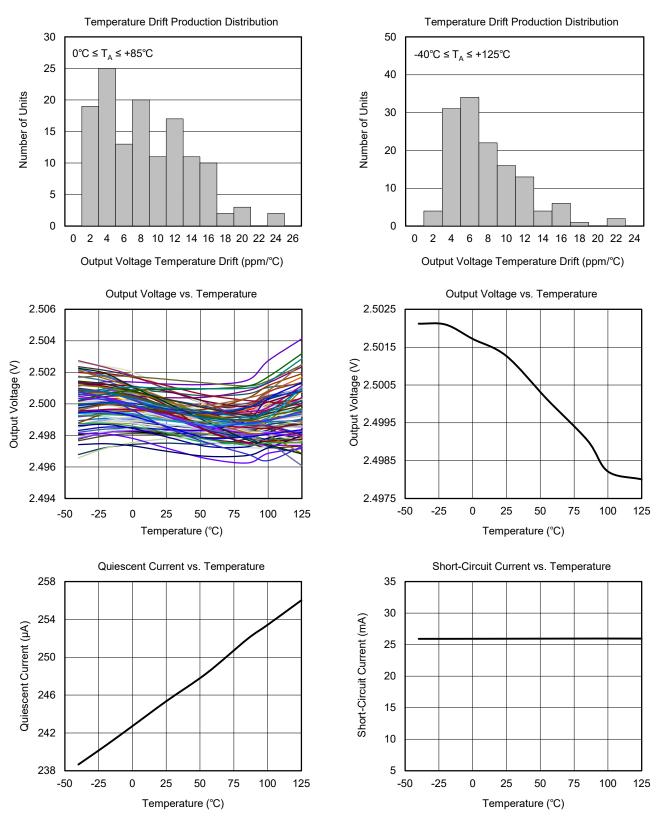
3. Load regulation is Kelvin sensed at the package.

4. The minimum supply voltage for SGM4027-2.048 and SGM4027-2.5 is 3.0V.



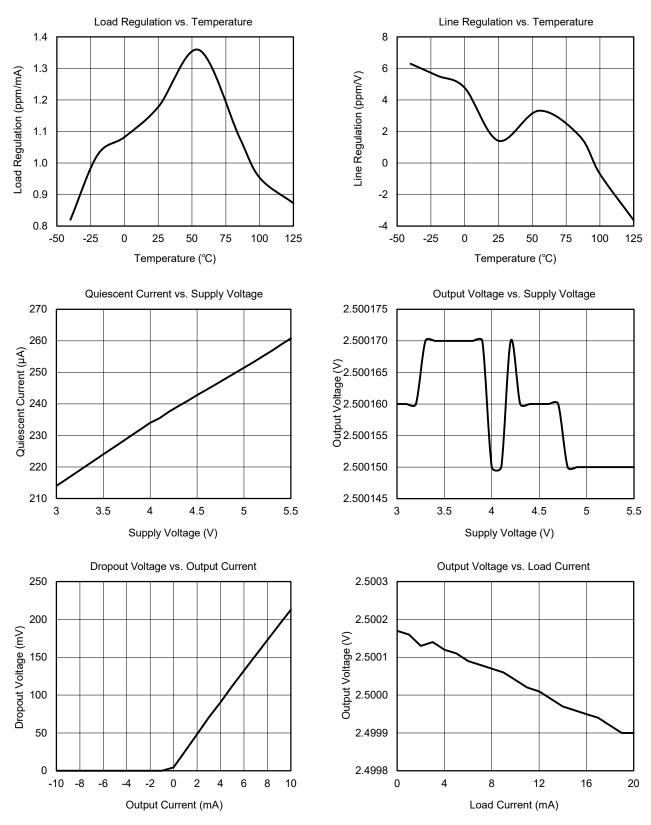
# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.5V, unless otherwise noted.



# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

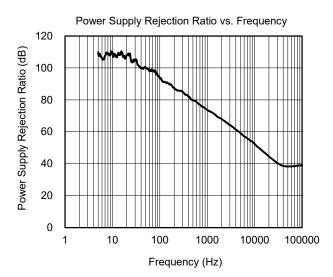
At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.5V, unless otherwise noted.

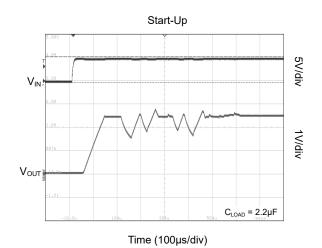


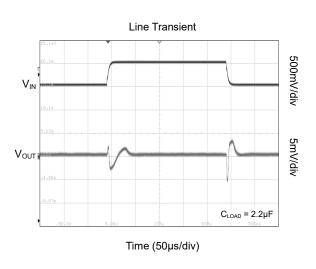
SG Micro Corp

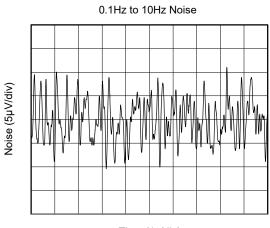
# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.5V, unless otherwise noted.

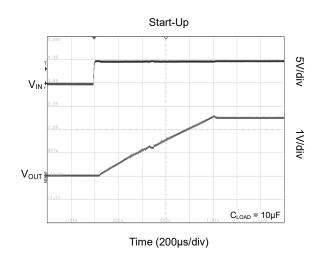


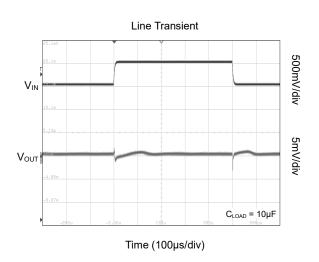






Time (1s/div)

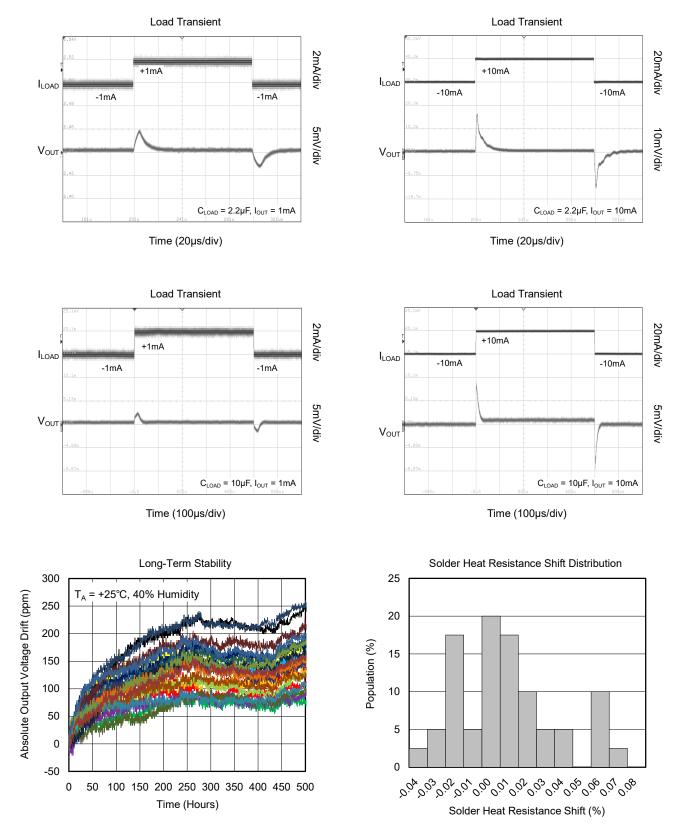




SG Micro Corp

# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

At  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{OUT}$  = 2.5V, unless otherwise noted.



# FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

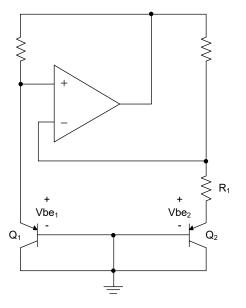


Figure 2. Block Diagram



## **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

#### Overview

The SGM4027 is a precision voltage reference with CMOS and bandgap technology and the above block diagram indicates its internal structure. The current density of  $Q_1$  is greater than  $Q_2$  and both two transistors are biased. The voltage across  $R_1$  is the voltage difference of Vbe<sub>1</sub> and Vbe<sub>2</sub>. Also, the amplifier will amplify this voltage difference (Vbe<sub>1</sub> - Vbe<sub>2</sub>) and feed it back to the emitter of  $Q_2$ , which has a negative temperature coefficient. With doing so, the output voltage cannot be affected by the external temperature. However, there is curvature for the bandgap voltage of the voltage reference, the reason for that is the temperature coefficient of Vbe<sub>2</sub> of  $Q_2$  is non-linear.

#### **Feature Description**

#### **Supply Voltage**

The maximum dropout voltage for SGM4027 series is 0.2V and it can be operated with a power supply between (V\_{REF} + 0.2V) to 5.5V.

Due to the advantage of ultra-low quiescent current of SGM4027, the stability of the output voltage is significant enhanced. As illustrated in the Electrical Characteristics, the quiescent current which is measured at +25°C is 245 $\mu$ A, and the maximum one over the temperature range is 340 $\mu$ A. Moreover, over the whole operation range of power supply voltage, the change of quiescent current is less than 50 $\mu$ A.

#### Thermal Hysteresis

To measure the thermal hysteresis, the  $V_{OUT}$  of the device should be measured at the temperature of +25°C. After finishing this, the SGM4027 will be cycled to the other temperatures, and then remove it back to +25°C and measure the  $V_{OUT}$  again. In conclusion, this voltage difference is the hysteresis of temperature.

$$V_{\text{HYST}} = \left(\frac{\text{abs}|V_{\text{PRE}} - V_{\text{POST}}|}{V_{\text{NOM}}}\right) \times 10^{6} (\text{ppm})$$
(1)

where:

 $V_{HYST}$  is the thermal hysteresis.

 $V_{\text{PRE}}$  is the output voltage measured at +25°C before the device is removed to the temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

 $V_{\text{POST}}$  is the output voltage measured at +25°C after the device is removed to the temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

#### **Temperature Drift**

Usually, the temperature change slightly affects the output of SGM4027. To evaluate this temperature drift, the Box Method is being used. After calculation, it is discovered that the temperature drift over the temperature range of -40°C to +125°C is 10ppm/°C (TYP).

#### **Noise Performance**

For the frequency within 0.1Hz to 10Hz, it is guaranteed that the noise level is below  $8.9\mu V_{PP}/V$ . The external temperature and  $V_{OUT}$  can increase the noise level. The technology of filtering can be taken into account to decrease the level of noise; however, this may increase the output impedance of SGM4027 and degrade the performance of AC output signal.

#### Long-Term Stability

Usually, SGM4027 measures the output voltage drift for several months or years to check if the  $V_{OUT}$  will change for long-term period. The curve of the long-term stability illustrates how the output voltage changes. Typically, from 0 to 1000 hours, the drift value is 120ppm; from 1000 hours to 2000 hours, the drift value is 20ppm. To evaluate this parameter, 23 units of SGM4027 are evaluated to guarantee the long-term stability.

#### Load Regulation

Different load current can result in load regulation. To measure the load regulation, the technology of sense and force contacts should be used, which is shown in Figure 3. To enhance the accuracy and reduce the effect of the trace and contact resistance, the lines should be tied to the output pin of SGM4027 directly. In conclusion, the force and sense line can decrease the impact of load regulation.

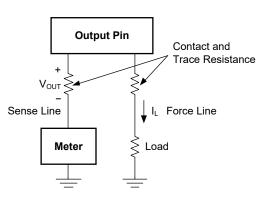


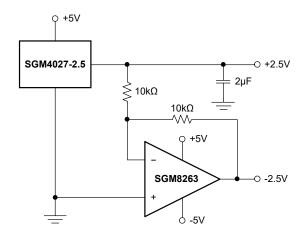
Figure 3. Accurate Load Regulation of SGM4027

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION (continued)**

## **Device Functional Modes**

### Negative Reference Voltage

If users desire to use SGM4027 to guarantee positive and negative voltage, SGM4027 and SGM8263 should be taken into account. In Figure 4, the output of SGM8263 is equal to the negative value of SGM4027. The following circuit can also guarantee the accuracy as the offset voltage and drift of SGM8263 is also extreme low. In addition, the temperature coefficient of two resistors should be taken into account.





# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

The advantage of accuracy and stability is beneficial for SGM4027 to be used as a voltage reference for analog-to-digital converters (ADC). Figure 5 shows a data acquisition system with SGM4027.

24-Bit, 32KSPS Data Acquisition System

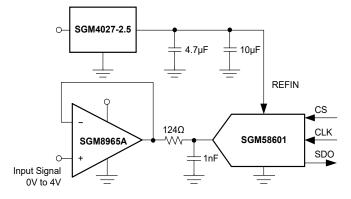


Figure 5. Data Acquisition System with SGM4027

#### **Design Requirements**

The output capacitor should guarantee a desired filtering performance for SGM4027. For enhance the stability, a bypass capacitor must be added at the input pin of SGM4027. In addition, a buffer and an RC filter should also be added at the input pin of the analog-to-digital converter to provide high driven performance and filter the noise from the input signal.

#### **Detailed Design Procedure**

The bandwidth of RC filter which is at the output of the buffer should be at least 4 times less than the bandwidth of SGM8965A and it can filter out the switch noise, which is provided by ADC when sampling, so the output voltage at 1nF capacitor will be settled to 24-bit accuracy within the corresponding acquisition time. In addition, to provide a voltage reference for SGM58601, SGM4027-2.5 should be taken into account so that the full-scale input voltage for SGM58601 is 5V (V<sub>FS</sub> =  $2V_{REF}$ ).

#### **Basic Connection**

For typical connection which is shown in Figure 6, it is recommended that a capacitor from  $2\mu$ F to  $22\mu$ F should be connected at the OUT pin. For the condition of capacitive load, please take care when using low ESR capacitor or high capacitance. A  $0.47\mu$ F capacitor should be connected to the IN pin for stability.

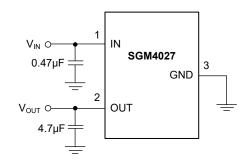


Figure 6. Typical Connections for Operating SGM4027

### Layout Guidelines

Some key considerations of printed-circuit board (PCB) layout using the SGM4027 are:

• A low ESR bypass capacitor with 0.47µF should be added at the input of SGM4027.

• A decouple capacitor should be also added for the device which is associated with SGM4027.

• A solid ground plane should be taken into account to decrease EMI and distribute heat.

• The external passive devices should be added as close as possible to SGM4027 in order to reduce the error which is from the parasitic parameter.

• The length of trace in PCB for the connections of ADC and INA should be as short as possible to decrease any possible noise.

• The analog trace should not be parallel with the digital trace to prevent the crosstalk. If the PCB is complicated and the crossing of these two traces cannot be avoid, then please make them in the different layer and keep perpendicular.



## **REVISION HISTORY**

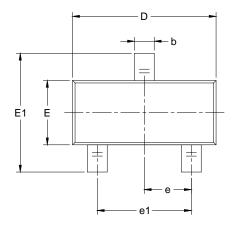
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

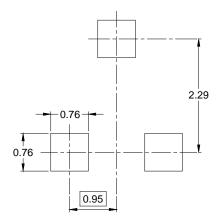
MAY 2022 – REV.A to REV.A.1	Page			
Updated Electrical Characteristics section	5			
Updated 24-Bit, 32KSPS Data Acquisition System section				
Changes from Original (MARCH 2022) to REV.A	Page			
Changed from product preview to production data	All			



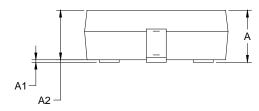
# PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

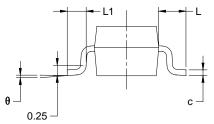
## **SOT-23**





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	-	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.89	1.12	0.035	0.044	
A1	0.01	0.10	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.88	1.02	0.035	0.040	
b	0.30 0.50		0.012	0.020	
С	0.08	0.20	0.003	0.008	
D	2.80	3.04	0.110	0.120	
E	1.20	1.40	0.047	0.055	
E1	2.10	2.64	0.083	0.104	
е	0.95	BSC	0.037	' BSC	
e1	1.90	BSC	0.075 BSC		
L	0.54	REF	0.021	REF	
L1	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

NOTES:

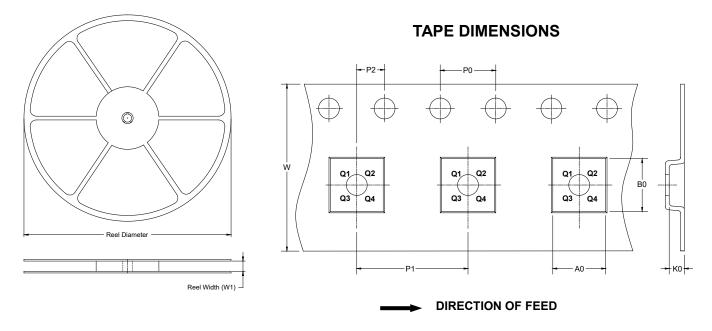
1. Body dimensions do not include mode flash or protrusion.

2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

### **REEL DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

### KEY PARAMETER LIST OF TAPE AND REEL

Package Type	Reel Diameter	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	P2 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SOT-23	7″	9.5	3.15	2.77	1.22	4.0	4.0	2.0	8.0	Q3

## **CARTON BOX DIMENSIONS**



NOTE: The picture is only for reference. Please make the object as the standard.

## **KEY PARAMETER LIST OF CARTON BOX**

Reel Type	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Pizza/Carton	
7" (Option)	368	227	224	8	
7"	442	410	224	18	00002

