

Specific LightingSideview Product Data Sheet

LTW-010SCIB-SR

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Revision: preliminary



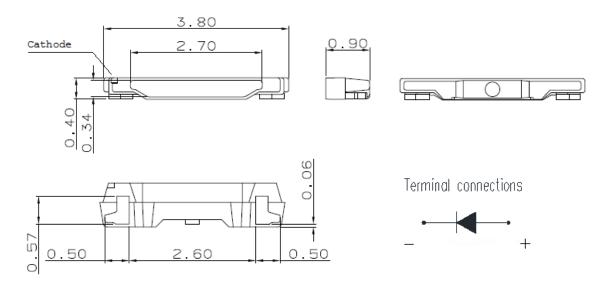
1. Description

The LTW (LiteOn LED) is a revolutionary, energy efficient and ultra compact new light source, combining the lifetime and reliability advantages of Light Emitting Diodes with the brightness of conventional lighting. It gives you total design freedom and unmatched brightness, creating a new opportunities for solid state lighting to displace conventional lighting technologies..

Features

- Package in 12mm tape on 7" diameter reels
- Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- EIA STD package.
- I.C. compatible.
- Meet green product and Pb-free(According to RoHS)

2. Outline Dimensions



Part No.	Lens Color	Source Color	Emission Light	
LTW-010SCIB-SR	Green Diffuser	InGaN Blue	Ice Blue	

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.1 mm (.004") unless otherwise noted.



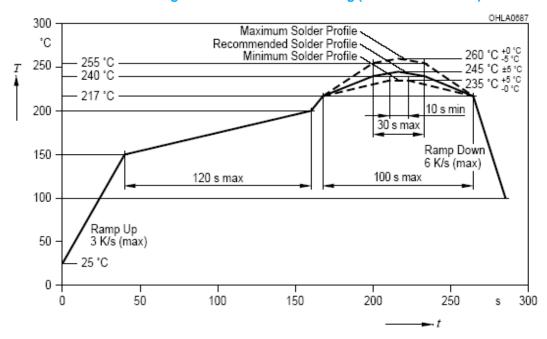
3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C

Parameter	LTW-010SCIB-SR	Unit	
Power Dissipation	120	mW	
Peak Forward Current (1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	100	mA	
DC Forward Current	30	mA	
Reverse Voltage	5	V	
Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to +85°C	C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C		
Reflow Soldering Condition	260°C For 10 Seconds		

Note: Operating the LED (in an application) under reverse bias condition might result in damage or failure of the component.

4. Suggest IR Reflow Condition:

IR-Reflow Soldering Profile for lead free soldering (Acc. to J-STD-020D)





5. Electro-Optical Characteristics at Ta=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	IV	2400		3200	mcd	IF = 20mA Note 1
Viewing Angle	201/2		115		deg	Fig.6 Note 2
Observation (constitution)	х		0.207			IF = 20mA
Chromaticity Coordinates	у		0.267			Note 3, 4, 5 Fig.1
Forward Voltage	VF	2.7		3.4	V	IF = 20mA
ESD-Withstand Voltage	ESD		1000		V	НВМ

Notes:

- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2. θ 1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) is derived from the 1931 CIE chromaticity diagram.
- 4. CAS140B is the test standard for the chromaticity coordinates (x, y) & mcd.
- 5. The chromaticity coordinates (x, y) guarantee should be added +/-0.01 tolerance.
- 6. Caution in ESD:

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommend to use a wrist band or anti-Slectrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.



6. Bin Code List

V₅ Spec. Table					
V _F Bin	Forward Voltage (volts) at IF = 20mA				
VF DIII	Min.	Max.			
VX	2.7	2.8			
VY	2.8	2.9			
V0	2.9	3.0			
V1	3.0	3.1			
V2	3.1	3.2			
V3	3.2	3.3			
V4	3.3	3.4			

Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is +/- 0.1 V

Luminous Intensity Spec. Table					
IV Bin	Luminous Intensity (mcd) at IF = 20mA				
IV BIII	Min.	Max.			
S15	2400	2500			
S16	2500	2600			
S17	2600	2700			
S18	2700	2800			
S19	2800	2900			
S20	2900	3000			
S21	3000	3100			
S22	3100	3200			

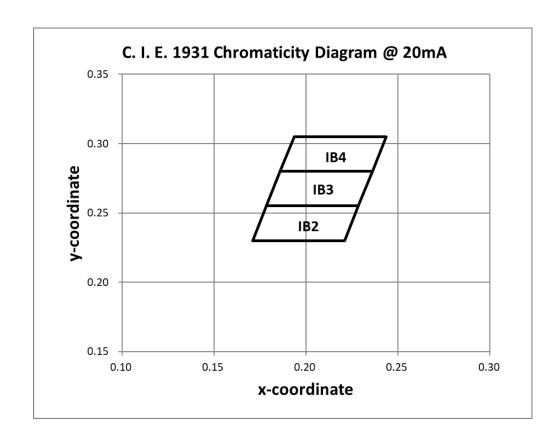
Tolerance on each Luminous Intensity bin is +/- 10%





Color Ranks Table											
Donles	Color bin limits at IF = 20mA				Domles		Color bin	limits at I	F = 20mA		
Ranks	CI	E 1931Ch	romaticity	coordina	tes	Ranks CIE 1931Chron		romaticity	aticity coordinates		
ID2	X	0.1785	0.1710	0.2210	0.2285	ID2	X	0.1860	0.1785	0.2285	0.2360
IB2	y	0.2550	0.2300	0.2300	0.2550	IB3	у	0.2800	0.2550	0.2550	0.2800
IB4	X	0.1935	0.1860	0.2360	0.2435						
104	y	0.3050	0.2800	0.2800	0.3050						

Tolerance on each Hue (x, y) bin is +/- 0.01





7. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

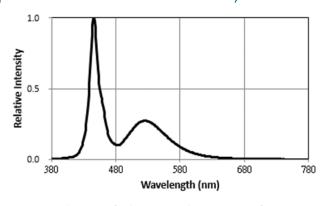
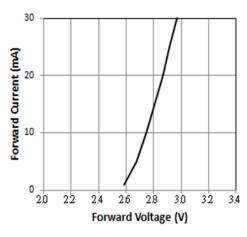


Fig. 1 Relative Intensity vs. Wavelengt

1.6



Relative Luminous Intensity

Normalized at 20m A

Normalized 20 0.0

1.0

0.2

0.0

0.0

10

20

30

Forward Current (mA)

Fig. 2 Forward Current vs. Forward Vlotag

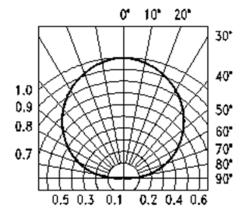


Fig. 4 Spatial Distribution

Fig. 3 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

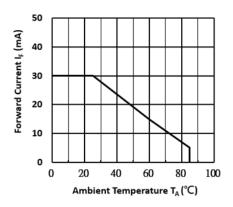


Fig. 5 Forward Current
Derating Curve



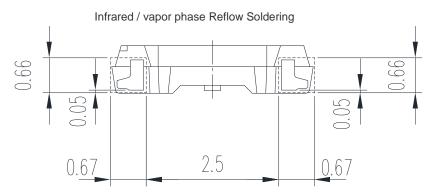
8. User Guide

Cleaning

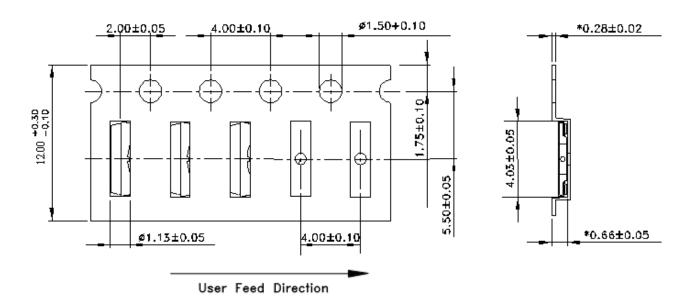
Do not use unspecified chemical liquid to clean LED they could harm the package.

If cleaning is necessary, immerse the LED in ethyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol at normal temperature for less than one minute.

Recommend Printed Circuit Board Attachment Pad



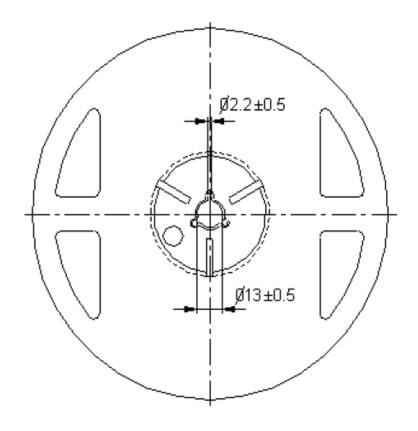
Package Dimensions of Tape



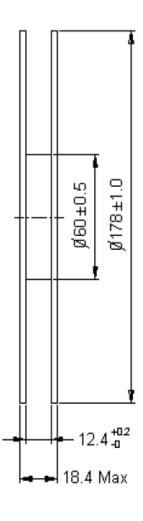
Note: All dimensions are in mm.



Package Dimensions of Reel



Note: 01. The tolerance unless mentioned is ±0.1mm 02. The measured unit is "mm"



Notes:

- 1. Empty component pockets sealed with top cover tape.
- 2. 7 inch reel- maximum 2000 pieces per reel.
- 3. Minimum packing quantity is 500 pieces for remainders.
- 4. The maximum number of consecutive missing lamps is two.
- 5. In accordance with EIA-481-1-B specifications.



9. CAUTIONS

1. Application

The LEDs described here are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communication equipment and household applications). Consult Liteon's Sales in advance for information on applications in which exceptional reliability is required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as in aviation, transportation, traffic control equipment, medical and life support systems and safety devices).

2. Storage

This product is qualified as Moisture sensitive Level 3 per JEDEC J-STD-020 Precaution when handing this moisture sensitive product is important to ensure the reliability of the product.

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 90%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 60%RH or less. Moreover, the LEDs are limited to solder process within 168hrs. If the Humidity Indicator shows the pink color in 10% even higher or exceed the storage limiting time since opened, that we recommended to baking LEDs at 60°C at least 48hrs. To seal the remainder LEDs return to package, it's recommended to be with workable desiccants in original package.

3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED if necessary.

4. Soldering

Recommended soldering conditions:

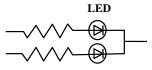
Reflow soldering		Soldering iron		
Pre-heat	150~200°C	Temperature	300°C Max.	
Pre-heat time	120 sec. Max.	Soldering time	3 sec. Max.	
Soldering Temp. Soldering time	260°C Max.		(one time only)	
	10~30 sec.			



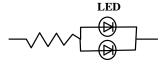
5. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model A



Circuit model B



- (A) Recommended circuit.
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

6. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use of a conductive wrist band or anti-Slectrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded.
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LED's plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handling.

ESD-damaged LEDs will exhibit abnormal characteristics such as high reverse leakage current, low forward voltage, or "no lightup" at low currents.

To verify for ESD damage, check for "lightup" and Vf of the suspect LEDs at low currents.



7.1 Reliability Test

Test Item	Test Condition	Note	Number of Damaged
High Temperature Storage	Ta=85°C	1000 hrs.	0/20
Temperature Humidity Storage	Ta=60°ℂ , RH=90%	1000 hrs.	0/20
Steady State Operating Life	Ta=25°ℂ , IF=20mA	1000 hrs.	0/20
Steady State Operating Life of High Temperature	Ta=85°ℂ , IF=5mA	500 hrs.	0/20
Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat	60℃, RH=90% , IF=15mA	500 hrs.	0/20
Thermal Shock	-30°C ~ 85°C 30min. 30min.	100 cycles	0/20

7.2 Criteria for Judging the Damage

Itom	Crymb ol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment		
Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA	-	U.S.L. $ imes$ 1.1	
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	L.S.L. $ imes$ 0.7	-	



8. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without prior notice.

9. Suggested Checking List

Training and Certification

- 1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 1. Static-safe workstation or work-Sreas have ESD signs?
- 2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 2. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 3. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 4. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 5. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 3. Are audit records complete and on file?