

DATASHEET

Infrared Receiver Module IRM-V5XXM3/TR1 Series



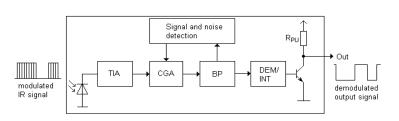
Pin Configuration

1. OUT 2. VCC

3. GND

1 2 3

Block Diagram



Features

- · High protection ability against EMI
- Available for various carrier frequencies
- min burst length: 12 cycles
- · min gap length: 16 cycles
- Low operating voltage and low power consumption
- · High immunity against ambient light
- · High immunity against TFT backlight
- · Long reception range
- High sensitivity
- Pb free and RoHS compliant
- Compliance with EU REACH
- Compliance Halogen Free (Br < 900 ppm, Cl < 900 ppm, Br+Cl < 1500 ppm)

Descriptions

The device is miniature SMD type infrared receiver that has been developed and designed by utilizing the latest IC technology.

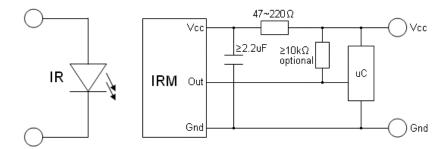
The PIN diode and preamplifier are assembled onto a lead frame and molded into an epoxy package which operated an IR filter. The demodulated output signal can directly be decoded by a microprocessor.



Applications

- · Light detecting portion of remote control
- AV instruments such as Audio, TV, VCR, CD, MD, etc
- · Home appliances such as Air-conditioner, Fan, etc
- · Other devices using IR remote control
- · CATV set top boxes
- Multi-media Equipment

Application Circuit



The RC filter must be placed as close as possible to the Vcc and Gnd pins of the IRM.

Parts Table

Model No.	Carrier Frequency
IRM-V536M3/TR1	36 kHz
IRM-V538M3/TR1	38 kHz



Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_a=25°C)^{*1}

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	6	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-20 ~ +80	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40 ~ +85	°C
Soldering Temperature *2	Tsol	260	°C

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C and Vcc=3.0V)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Condition
Current Consumption	Icc		0.4	0.6	mA	No signal input
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.7		5.5	V	
Peak Wavelength	λ_{p}		940		nm	
Reception Distance	L_0	8			_ m	
	L ₄₅	5				 See chapter 'Test method'
Half Angle(Horizontal)	Θ_{h}		±45		deg	
Half Angle(Vertical)	θv		±45		deg	
High Level Pulse Width	T_WH	400		800	μs	Test signal - according to figure 1 ⁻⁴
Low Level Pulse Width	T_WL	400		800	μs	
High Level Output Voltage	V_{H}	Vcc-0.4			V	
Low Level Output Voltage	V_L		0.2	0.5	V	I _{SINK} ≦2mA

The ray receiving surface at a vertex and relation to the ray axis in the range of $\theta=0^{\circ}$ and $\theta=45^{\circ}$.

 $^{^{*2}}$ Soldering time \leq 5 seconds

^{*4} A range from 30cm to the arrival distance. Average value of 50 pulses.



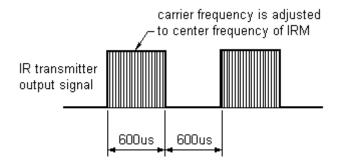
Test Method

The specified electro-optical characteristic is satisfied under the following Conditions:

- 1. Measurement environment
 - A place without extreme light reflected
- 2. External light
 - Ordinary white fluorescent lamps (Light source temperature 2856°K, Ee ≤ 10Lux) without high frequency modulation
- 3. Standard transmitter
 - A transmitter whose output is so adjusted as to **Vo=400mVp-p** and the output Wave form shown in Fig.-1.According to the measurement method shown in Fig.-2 the standard transmitter is specified. However, the infrared photodiode to be used for the transmitter should be $\lambda p=940$ nm, $\Delta \lambda=50$ nm. Also, photodiode is used of PD438B (Vr=5V)..
- 4. Measuring system According to the measuring system shown in Fig.-3

Fig.-1 Transmitter Wave Form

D.U.T output Pulse



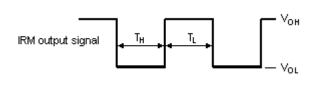


Fig.-2 Measuring Method

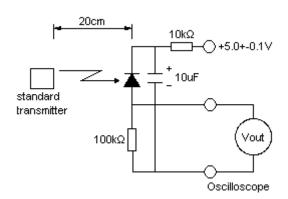
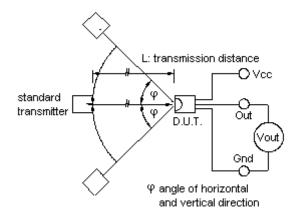
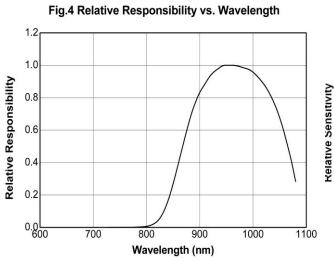


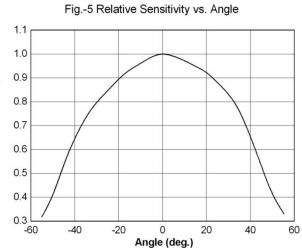
Fig.-3 Measuring System

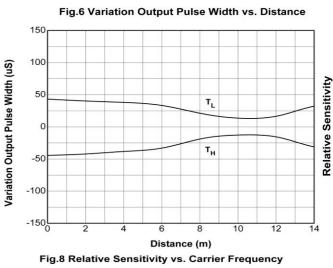


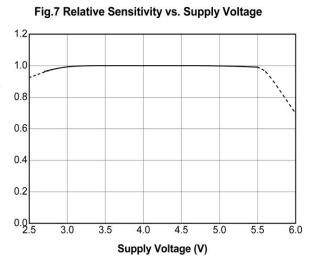


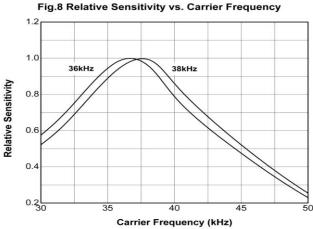
Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves





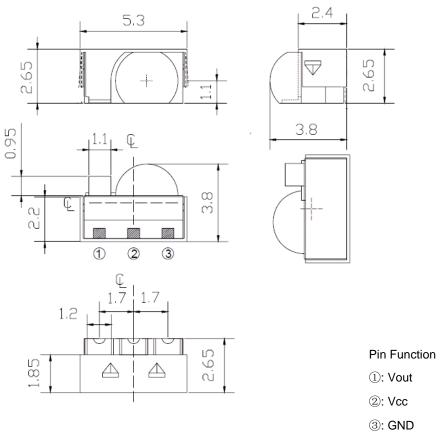






Package Dimenstions

(Dimensions in mm)

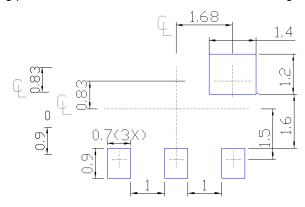


Notes:1. All dimensions are in millimeters.

2. Tolerances unless dimensions ±0.5mm.

Soldering patterns

The following soldering patterns are recommended for reflow-soldering



Notice: Suggested pad dimension is just for reference only.

Please modify the pad dimension based on individual need.

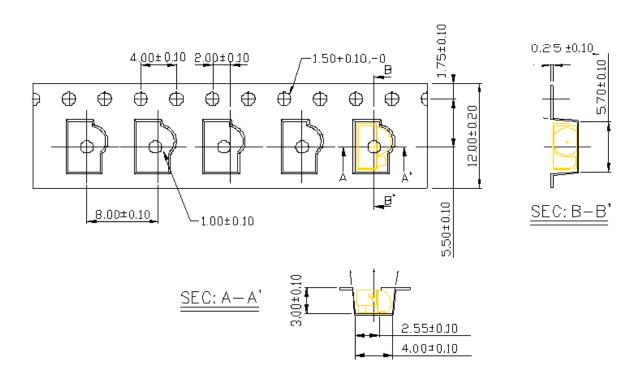


Code information

Protocol	Suitable	Protocol	Suitable
JVC	Yes	Sharp	Yes
Matsushita	Yes	Sony 12 bit ²⁾	Yes
Mitsubishi	No	Sony 15 bit	No
NEC	Yes	Sony 20 bit	No
RC5	Yes	Toshiba	Yes
RC6 ¹⁾	Yes	Continuous Code	No
RCA	No		

¹⁾ Best choice depends on RC6 mode. If data low time is below 22ms, M2 is the best choice, otherwise M3.

Tape & Reel Packing Specifications



²⁾ If only Sony 12 bit version is used, M3 is recommended otherwise M2 is the best choice.



Packing Quantity

2000 pcs / Reel

5 Reels / Carton

Recommended method of storage

The following are general recommendations for moisture sensitive level (MSL) 4 storage and use:

- 1. Shelf life in sealed bag from the bag seal date: 12 months at 10° C \sim 30 $^{\circ}$ C and < 90% relative humidity (RH)
- 2. After bag is opened, devices that will be subjected to reflow solder or other high temperature process must mounted within 72 hours of factory conditions at 10°C~30°C and 60%RH.
- 3. If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the IRM has exceeded the storage time. Baking treatment is required, refer to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033 for bake procedure or recommend the conditions: 96 hours at 60°C ± 5°C and < 5 % RH.

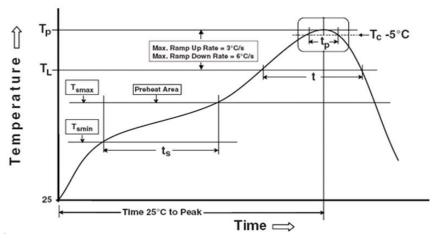


ESD Precaution

Proper storage and handing procedures should be followed to prevent ESD damage to the devices especially when they are removed from the Anti-static bag. Electro-Static Sensitive Devices warning labels are on the packing.

Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

Average ramp-up rate (T_{smax} to T_p)



Note: Reference: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D

3 °C/second max

Preheat

Temperature min (T _{smin})	150 °C
Temperature max (T _{smax})	200°C
Time $(T_{smin} \text{ to } T_{smax}) (t_s)$	60-120 seconds

Other

Liquidus Temperature (T _L)	217 °C
Time above Liquidus Temperature (t L)	60-150 sec
Peak Temperature (T _P)	260°C
Time within 5 °C of Actual Peak Temperature: T _P - 5°C	30 s
Ramp- Down Rate from Peak Temperature	6°C /second max.
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.
Reflow times	2 times

Note:

- 1. Suggest that reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 2. When soldering, do not put stress on the IRM device during heating.
- 3. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.



DISCLAIMER

- 1. EVERLIGHT reserves the right(s) on the adjustment of product material mix for the specification.
- 2. The product meets EVERLIGHT published specification for a period of twelve (12) months from date of shipment.
- 3. The graphs shown in this datasheet are representing typical data only and do not show guaranteed values.
- 4. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
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