DELIVERY SPECIFICATION SPEC. No. A-General-g

D A T E: Jun, 2019

To

Non-Controlled Copy

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME TDK'S PRODUCT NAME Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitors Bulk and Tape packaging [RoHS compliant] CGA1,CGA2,CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9Type C0G,NP0,X7R,X7S,X7T,X8R,X8L Characteristics

Please return this specification to TDK representatives with your signature. If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

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Test conditions in this specification based on AEC-Q200 for automotive application.

TDK Corporation

Sales Engineering

Electronic Components Electronic Components Business Company Ceramic Capacitors Business Group Sales & Marketing Group

APPROVED	Person in charge	APPROVED

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

■ CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	P	1	X7R	1N	106	M	250	Α	С	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	_

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
1	CC0201	0.60	0.30	0.10
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

(-,	
Code	Thickness
A	0.30 mm
В	0.50 mm
C	0.60 mm
E	0.80 mm
F	0.85 mm
Н	1.15 mm
J	1.25 mm
L M	1.60 mm
М	2.00 mm
N	2.30 mm
P	2.50 mm
Q	2.80 mm
R	3.20 mm

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition	
1	1 × R.V.	
2	2 × R.V.	
3	1.5 × R.V.	

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
COG	0±30 ppm/°C	-55 to +125°C
X5R	±15%	-55 to +85°C
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125°C
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)
0J	6.3V
1A	10V
1C	16V
1E	25V
1V	35V
1H	50V
1N	75V

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
C	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
M	±20%	

(9) Thickness

(a) Thickness	
Code	Thickness
030	0.30 mm
050	0.50 mm
060	0.60 mm
080	0.80 mm
085	0.85 mm
115	1.15 mm
125	1.25 mm
160	1.60 mm
200	2.00 mm
230	2.30 mm
250	2.50 mm
280	2.80 mm
320	3.20 mm

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style
Α	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description	
A,B,C	TDK internal code	

■ CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	9	P	3	X7S	2A	156	M	250	K	В	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	_

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions Lx W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

Code	Thickness	
В	0.50 mm	
C	0.60 mm	
E	0.80 mm	
F	0.85 mm	
H J K	1.15 mm	
J	1.25 mm	
K	1.30 mm	
L	1.60 mm	
М	2.00 mm	
N	2.30 mm	
P	2.50 mm	
Q	2.80 mm	
R	3.20 mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition
1	1 × R.V.
2	2 × R.V.
3	1.5 × R.V.
4	1.2 × R.V.

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
COG	0±30 ppm/°C	-55 to +125°C
X7R	±15%	-55 to +125°C
X7S	±22%	-55 to +125°C
X7T	+22,-33%	-55 to +125°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Ccde	Voltage (DC)	
2A	100V	_
2E	250V	
2W	450V	_
2J	630V	

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF

$$101 = 100$$
pF
 $225 = 2,200,000$ pF = 2.2 µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
C	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
M	±20%	

(9) Thickness

(o) Thickness	
Ccde	Thickness
050	0.50 mm
060	0.60 mm
080	0.80 mm
085	0.85 mm
115	1.15 mm
125	1.25 mm
130	1.30 mm
160	1.60 mm
200	2.00 mm
230	2.30 mm
250	2.50 mm
280	2.80 mm
320	3.20 mm

(10) Packaging style

Ccde	Style
A	178mm reel, 4mm pitch
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch

(11) Special reserved code

Ccde	Description	
A.B.C.N	TDK internal code	

■CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION

CGA	6	P	1	X8L	1C	226	M	250	Α	C
				(5)						

(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

Code	EIA	Length	Width	Terminal width
2	CC0402	1.00	0.50	0.10
3	CC0603	1.60	0.80	0.20
4	CC0805	2.00	1.25	0.20
5	CC 1206	3.20	1.60	0.20
6	CC1210	3.20	2.50	0.20
8	CC1812	4.50	3.20	0.20
9	CC2220	5.70	5.00	0.20

(3) Thickness code

• •		
Code	Thickness	
В	0.50 mm	
C	0.60 mm	
E F	0.80 mm	
	0.85 mm	
Н	1.15 mm	
J	1.25 mm	
L	1.60 mm	
М	2.00 mm	
N	2.30 mm	
Р	2.50 mm	
Q	2.80 mm	
R	3.20 mm	

(4) Voltage condition for life test

Symbol	Condition	
1	1 × R.V.	
2	2 × R.V.	
3	1.5 × R.V.	
4	1.2 x R.V.	

(5) Temperature characteristics

Temperature characteristics	Temperature coefficient or capacitance change	Temperature range
NPO	0±30ppm/°C	-55 to +150°C
X8R	±15%	-55 to +150°C
XBL	+15,-40%	-55 to +150°C

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

Code	Voltage (DC)	
0G	4V	
a	6.3V	
1A	10V	
1C	16V	
1E	25V	
1H	50V	
2A	100 V	
2E	250V	
2W	450V	
2.J	630V	

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

(Example)0R5 = 0.5pF 101 = 100pF 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

Code	Tolerance	
C	±0.25pF	
D	±0.50pF	
J	±5%	
K	±10%	
М	±20%	

(9) Thickness

Code	Thickness	
050	0.50mm	
060	0.60mm	
080	0.80mm	
085	0.85mm	
115	1.15mm	
125	1.25mm	
160	1.60mm	
200	2.00mm	
230	2.30mm	
250	2.50mm	
280	2.80mm	
320	3.20mm	

(10) Packaging style

Code	Style	
A	178mm reel, 4mm pitch	
В	178mm reel, 2mm pitch	
K	178mm reel, 8mm pitch	

(11) Special reserved code

Code	Description
A.B.C.N	TDK internal code

SCOPE

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be $CGA \diamondsuit \diamondsuit OOO \triangle \triangle \Box \Box \Box \times$.

REFERENCE STANDARD

JIS C 5101-1:2010	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification
C 5101-21:2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1
C 5101-22: 2014	Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part22 : Sectional specification
	: Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class 2
C 0806-3:2014	Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of
	surface mount components on continuous tapes
JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014	Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment

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<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

Division	Date	SPEC. No.
Ceramic Capacitors Business Group	Jun. 2019	A-General-g

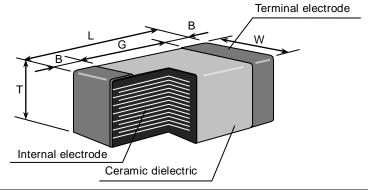
1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

CGA 2 В 3 X7R 1 E 104 T 0000 (Example) K CGA <u>6</u> (2) <u>P</u> (3) <u>X7S</u> <u>1 H</u> 106 <u>K</u> (8) <u>T</u> (9) 0000 (1) (5) (6) (7)

(1) Series

Symbol	Series
CGA	For automotive application

(2) Case size



Symbol (EIA style) L W CGA1 0.60±0.03 0.30±0.0 1 (200001) 0.00±0.01 0.00±0.01 0.00±0.01	T B G 3 0.30±0.03
	0.30+0.03
1 100/1 +0.10 +0.1	
1 (CC0201) 0.60+0.10 0.30+0.1	0.30 +0.10 0.10 min. 0.20 min.
CGA2 1.00±0.05 0.50±0.0	0.50±0.05 0.10 min. 0.30 min.
(CC0402) 1.00±0.10 0.50±0.1	0.50±0.10
1.60±0.10 0.80±0.1	0.80±0.10
CGA3 1.60±0.15 0.80±0.1	
3 (CC0603) 1.60±0.20 0.80±0.2	
1.60 +0.30	0.80 +0.30 -0.10
	0.60±0.15
CGA4 2.00±0.20 1.25±0.2	
4 (CC0805)	1.25±0.20 0.20 min. 0.50 min.
2.00 ^{+0.25} _{-0.15} 1.25 ^{+0.2} _{-0.15}	1.25 +0.25 -0.15
	0.60±0.15
	0.85±0.15
CGA5 3.20±0.20 1.60±0.2	
5 (CC1206)	1.30±0.20 0.20 min. 1.00 min.
	1.60±0.20
3.20 ^{+0.30} 1.60 ^{+0.3} -0.10	1.60 +0.30 -0.10
	1.25±0.20
0040	1.60±0.20
6 CGA6 (CC1210) 3.20±0.40 2.50±0.3	2.00±0.20 0.20 min. ——
(001210)	2.30±0.20
	2.50±0.30
	1.60±0.20
CGA8 4.50.0.40 2.00.0.4	2.00±0.20
8 (CC1812) 4.50±0.40 3.20±0.4	
(001012)	2.50±0.30
	3.20±0.30
	1.60±0.20
CGA9 5 70 0 40 5 00 0 4	2.00±0.20
9 (CC2220) 5.70±0.40 5.00±0.4	
	2.50±0.30
	2.80±0.30

^{*}As for each item, please refer to detail page on TDK Web.

(3) Thickness

Symbol	Dimension(mm)	Symbol	Dimension(mm)
Α	0.30	K	1.30
В	0.50	L	1.60
С	0.60	М	2.00
Е	0.80	N	2.30
F	0.85	Р	2.50
Н	1.15	Q	2.80
J	1.25	R	3.20

(4) Voltage condition in the life test

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.16 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

Symbol	Condition
1	Rated Voltage
2	Rated Voltage x 2
3	Rated Voltage x 1.5
4	Rated Voltage x 1.2

(5) Temperature Characteristics

(6) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage
2 J	DC 630 V
2 W	DC 450 V
2 E	DC 250 V
2 A	DC 100 V
1 N	DC 75 V
1 H	DC 50 V

Symbol	Rated Voltage
1 V	DC 35 V
1 E	DC 25 V
1 C	DC 16 V
1 A	DC 10 V
0 J	DC 6.3 V
0 G	DC 4 V

(7) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF). The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

(Example)	Symbol	Rated Capacitance
	2R2	2.2 pF
	104	100,000 pF

(8) Capacitance tolerance

^{*} M tolerance shall be standard for over 10uF.

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance
С	± 0.25 pF	10pE and under
D	± 0.5 pF	10pF and under
J	± 5%	
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF
*M	± 20 %	

(9) Packaging

^{*} CGA1 and CGA2 types are applicable to tape packaging only.

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
Т	Taping

(10) TDK internal code

^{*} Details are shown in table 1 No.6 and No.7 at 7.PERFORMANCE.

2. COMBINATION OF RATED CAPACITANCE AND TOLERANCE

Class	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitar	nce tolerance	Rated capacitance	
		10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	1, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5	
	C0G	under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10	
1	1 NP0	12pF to 10,000pF	I.(. E.0/.)	E – 12 series	
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5 %)	E – 6 series	
-	X7R X7S	0.1uF and under	K (± 10 %)	E. Coorios	
2	X71 X8R X8L	Over U.TuF I		K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series

Capacitance Step in E series

E series		Capacitance Step										
E- 6	1.	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7 6.8										
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

3. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating Temperature	Max. operating Temperature	Reference Temperature
C0G	-55°C	125°C	25°C
NP0	-55°C	150°C	25°C
X7R/X7S/X7T	-55°C	125°C	25°C
X8R/X8L	-55°C	150°C	25°C

4. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

Storing temperature	Storing humidity	Storing term
5~40°C	20~70%RH	Within 6 months upon receipt.

5. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case size such as CGA6 [CC1210] and larger are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate.

Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

6. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

7. PERFORMANCE

Table 1

			_			_				
No.	Item		Pe	rformance	Test or inspection method Inspect with magnifying glass (3x)					
1	External App	earance	No defects wh performance.	ich may affect		of CGA	\1[CC0201			
2	Insulation Re	esistance	10,000MΩ or 5 (As for the cap voltage 16V D 10,000 MΩ or whichever small	(As for to	the cap		ate	d voltage 630V		
3	Voltage Proc	/oltage Proof Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other			Class	Rated voltage(RV)		А	Apply voltage	
			damage.			RV	≦100V	3:	× rated voltage	
					1	100V<	(RV≦500V	1.5	× rated voltage	
						500)V <rv< td=""><td>1.3</td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>	1.3	× rated voltage	
						RV	≦100V	2.5	× rated voltage	
					2	100V <rv≦500v< td=""><td>1.5</td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv≦500v<>		1.5	× rated voltage	
						500)V <rv< td=""><td>1.3</td><td>× rated voltage</td></rv<>	1.3	× rated voltage	
					_		ation time : arge curre		50mA or lower	
4	Capacitance	Capacitance Within the specified tolerance.		« Class	1》					
						citance	Measurin frequenc	-	Measuring voltage	
						oF and ider	1MHz±10		0.5 ~ 5 Vrms.	
				Over 1000pF 1kHz±10%						
					« Class	2》				
					l	citance	Measurin frequenc		Measuring voltage	
					un	and der	1kHz±10		1.0±0.2Vrms	
					Over	10uF	120Hz±20)%	0.5±0.2Vrms.	
					DC, 0.5 As an e	Vrms is xceptio	applied. n, 1.0Vrm	s is	d voltage 6.3V applied for racteristics.	
5	Q	Class1	Please refer to Web.	o detail page on TDK	See No. conditio		s table for	me	easuring	
	Dissipation Factor	Class2								
6	Characteristi	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)		based of tempera	n value ature. ing tem	es at 25°C perature b	and	l be calculated d 85°C w 25°C shall		

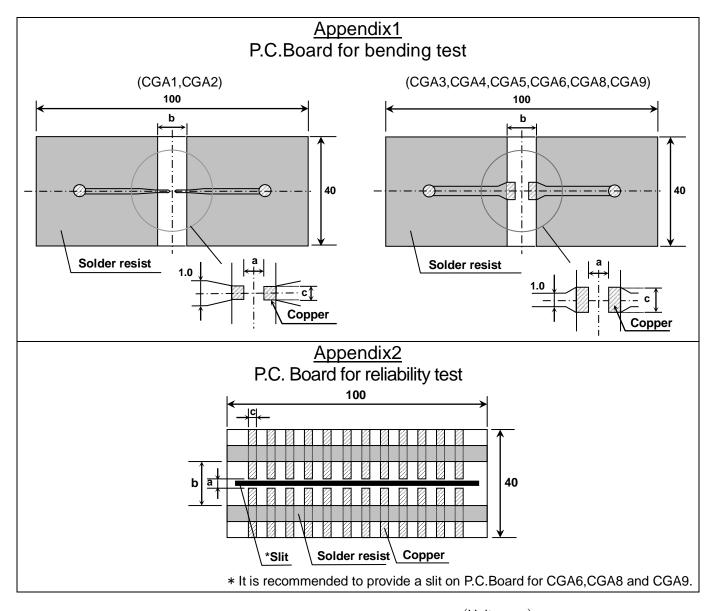
(C	ontinued)		
No.	Item	Performance	Test or inspection method
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class2)	Capacitance Change (%) No voltage applied	Capacitance shall be measured by the steps shown in the following table after thermal equilibrium is obtained for each step.
		X7R : ± 15	ΔC be calculated ref. STEP3 reading
		X7S: ± 22	Step Temperature(°C)
		X7T : +22 -33	1 Reference temp. ± 2
		X8R:±15	2 Min. operating temp. ± 2
		X8L: +15 -40	3 Reference temp. ± 2
			4 Max. operating temp. ± 2
			As for Min./ Max. operating temp. and Reference temp., please refer to "4.OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE". As for measuring voltage, please contact with our sales representative.
8	Robustness of Terminations	No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force: 17.7N (2N is applied for CGA1 and CGA2 type.) Holding time: 10±1s. Pushing force Pushing force P.C.Board
9	Bending	No mechanical damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.) F Resolution Reflows solding the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1. (1mm is applied for 0.85mm thickness of Class2 items.)
10	Solderability	New solder to cover over 75% of termination. 25% may have pin holes or rough spots but not concentrated in one spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material.	Solder: Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution. Solder temp.: 245±5°C (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 235±5°C (Sn-37Pb) Dwell time: 3±0.3s.(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu) 2±0.2s.(Sn-37Pb) Solder Until both terminations are
		A section	position: completely soaked.

No.	Ite	tem Performance External No cracks are allowed and		ormance	Test or	inspection method							
11	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	terminati	ons sh	illowed and all be covered at new solder.	Solder :	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu or Sn-37Pb						
		Capacitance				Flux :	Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K						
			Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test		8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.						
									Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.	Solder temp. :	: 260±5°C
				X7R X7S		Dwell time :	10±1s.						
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %	Solder position :	Until both terminations are completely soaked.						
		Q (Class4)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Pre-heating :	Temp. — $110\sim140$ °C Time — $30\sim60$ s.						
		(Class1)				Leaving time:	Class1 6 24b						
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.	Leaving time: Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h							
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spec.								
		Voltage proof	No insula other dar		eakdown or								
12	Vibration	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.		Applied force : 5G max. Frequency : 10~2,000Hz						
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Cycle: 12 cyc	sweep time : 20 min. les in each 3 mutually						
			Class1	C0G NP0	± 2.5% or ± 0.25pF, whichever larger.		ndicular directions.						
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	± 7.5 %		ow solder the capacitors on a Board shown in Appendix 2 before ng.						
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.								
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spec.								

No.	Item		Performance				Test or inspection method		
13	Temperature cycle	External appearance	No mech		damage.	step1 t	e the capacitors in the hrough step 4 listed in ng table.	e condition	
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Temp.	cycle: 1,000 cycles		
				000		Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)	
			Class1	COG NP0	Please contact	1	Min. operating temp. ±3	30 ± 3	
				X7R X7S	with our sales representative.	_ 2	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
			Class2	X7T X8R X8L	representative.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2	
				X8L		4	Ambient Temp.	2 ~ 5	
		Q (Class1)	Meet the	initial	spec.	As for refer to RANG	Min./ Max. operating o "3.OPERATING TEI	temp., please MPERATURE	
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the				g time : Class1 — 6~ Class2 — 24		
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	Meet the initial spec.			Reflow solder the capacitors on a		
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.			P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing.			
14	Moisture Resistance				damage.	Test temp.: 40±2°C Test humidity: 90~95%RH			
	(Steady State)	Capacitance Char		Characteristics Change from the value before test			Test time: 500 +24,0h		
			Class1	C0G NP0		Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h			
			Class2	X7R X7S X7T X8R X8L	Please contact with our sales representative.		solder the capacitors ard shown in Append		
		Q	Conso	itance	Q				
		(Class1)	30pF a		 				
			10pF a	nd over 30pF					
				· 10pF	200+10×C min. citance (pF)				
		D.F. (Class2)			spec. max.				
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1	e capa 6V DC Ω or 10	MΩ·µF min. acitors of rated C and lower, DMΩ·µF min.), ller.				

No.	It	em		Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method	
15	Moisture Resistance	External appearance	No mech	anical	damage.	Test temp.: 85±2°C Test humidity: 85%RH	
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Rated voltage Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
			Class1	C0G NP0		Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower	
				X7R X7S Class2 X7T Please contact with our sales representative.	with our sales	Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h	
				X8R X8L		Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before	
		Q (Class1)	Capac	itance	Q	testing.	
		(Class1)	30pF ar	nd over	200 min.	Initial value setting (only for class 2)	
			Under		100+10/3×C min.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature	
		D.F.			citance (pF)	and voltage for 1 hour, leave the	
		D.F. (Class2)	200% of	initial s	pec. max.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement.	
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1	ie capa 6V DC or 5MΩ	2·μF min. citors of rated and lower, d·μF min.), ler.	Use this measurement for initial value.	
16	Life	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			Test temp.: Maximum operating temperature±2°C	
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test	Applied voltage: Please contact with our sales representative.	
			Class1	C0G NP0	value belore test	Test time: 1,000 +48,0h	
				X7R	Please contact	Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower	
			Class2 X7K with our sales representative.			Leaving time : Class1 — 6~24h Class2 — 24±2h	
		Q		-:		Reflow solder the capacitors on a	
		(Class1)	_ <u> </u>	citance	Q	P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing.	
			10pF ar	nd over to		Initial value setting (only for class 2)	
			under 30 Unde)p⊦ er 10pF	200+10×C min.	Voltage conditioning 《After voltage treat	
			C : Rated capacitance (pF)			the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour, leave the	
		D.F. (Class2)	1	•	pec. max.	capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement.	
		Insulation Resistance	(As for the voltage 1	e capa 6V DC Ω or 10	MΩ·μF min. citors of rated and lower, MΩ·μF min.), ler.	Use this measurement for initial value.	

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 7,11,12,13 and 14 leave capacitors at 150 0,–10°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



 $(\mathsf{Unit}:\mathsf{mm})$

Symbol		Dimensions	
Case size	а	b	С
CGA1 (CC0201)	0.3	0.8	0.3
CGA2 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5
CGA3 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2
CGA4 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65
CGA5 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0
CGA6 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9
CGA8 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7
CGA9 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6

1. Material : Glass Epoxy(As per JIS C6484 GE4)

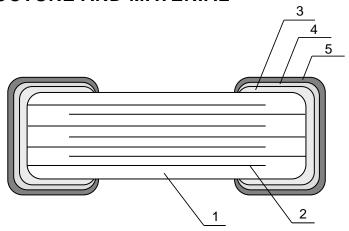
2. Thickness : Appendix 1 — 0.8mm (CGA1,CGA2)

— 1.6mm (CGA3,CGA4,CGA5,CGA6,CGA8,CGA9)

: Appendix 2 — 1.6mm

Copper(Thickness:0.035mm)
Solder resist

8. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATE	RIAL			
INO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO₃	BaTiO₃			
2	Electrode	Nicke	l (Ni)			
3		Copper (Cu)				
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)				
5		Tin ((Sn)			

9. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 9.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 9.2 Tape packaging is as per 13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - * CGA1 [CC0201] and CGA2 [CC0402] types are applicable to tape packaging only.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity

*Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{8}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day

*Composition of new Inspection No.

(Will be implemented on and after May 1, 2019)

Example	Ι	F	9	Е	2	3	Α	0	0	1
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(6	e)	(1	f)	((g)

- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 ~ ZZ)
- (g) Suffix($00 \sim ZZ$)

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

^{*} It is planned to shift to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm width) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for CGA1 [CC0201], CGA2 [CC0402], CGA6 [CC1210] and larger, reflow soldering only.

12. CAUTION

No.	Process	Condition				
1	Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation)	 1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt. The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur. Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew. Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability. Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition.				
2	Circuit design Caution	2-1. Operating temperature Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially be careful with maximum temperature. 1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature. 2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C) 3) The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration. 2-2. Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V _{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5) When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage. Voltage Voltage (1) DC voltage Voltage (2) DC+AC voltage VP-P Voltage Voltage VP-P Voltage (3) AC voltage				

No.	Process			Condition					
2	Circuit design Caution		e rated voltage, if capacitors may l		equency AC or p	oulse is applied, the			
			 The effective capacitance will vary depending on applied DC and AC voltages. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration. 						
		-	, ,	are used in AC a lves and generate	•	ges, the			
3	Designing P.C.board	shape and size terminations.	e amount of solde kely that it will bro of the solder lan	er, the higher the seak. When designed to have prope	stress on the chip ning a P.C.board, r amount of solde	capacitors, determine the er on the			
		Avoid using cor solder land for	mmon solder land each termination:		ninations and pro	vide individual			
		3) Size and recon	nmended land dir	nensions.					
			Chi	ip capacitors Sc	older land				
			c		Sol	der resist			
			В	A					
		Flow solderin	g	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mm)	<u>-</u>			
		Case size Symbol	CGA3 (CC0603)	CGA4 (CC0805)	CGA5 (CC1206)				
		A	0.7 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.3	2.1 ~ 2.5	-			
		В	0.8 ~ 1.0	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.1 ~ 1.3	-			
		С	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.8 ~ 1.1	1.0 ~ 1.3	-			
		Reflow solder	rina			(mm)			
		Case size		CGA2	CGA3	CGA4			
		Symbol	(CC0201)	(CC0402)	(CC0603)	(CC0805)			
		A	0.25 ~ 0.35	0.3 ~ 0.5	0.6 ~ 0.8	0.9 ~ 1.2			
		B C	0.20 ~ 0.30 0.25 ~ 0.35	0.35 ~ 0.45 0.4 ~ 0.6	0.6 ~ 0.8 0.6 ~ 0.8	0.7 ~ 0.9 0.9 ~ 1.2			
			0.20 ~ 0.00	0.4 ~ 0.0	0.0 ~ 0.0	0.9 ~ 1.2			
		Case size Symbol	CGA5 (CC1206)	CGA6 (CC1210)	CGA8 (CC1812)	CGA9 (CC2220)			
		A	2.0 ~ 2.4	2.0 ~ 2.4	3.1 ~ 3.7	4.1 ~ 4.8			
		В	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.0 ~ 1.2	1.2 ~ 1.4	1.2 ~ 1.4			
		C	1.1 ~ 1.6	1.9 ~ 2.5	2.4 ~ 3.2	4.0 ~ 5.0			

No.	Process			Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	4)	Recommended	wing.	
				Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress
			Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit
				Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.
			Chip arrangement (Direction)	Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit Perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit Perforation or slit
			Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress (l 1 < l 2)	Away from slit is less stress $\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $

No.	Process			Condition	
3	Designing P.C.board	5) Mechanic	al stress varies according	to location of chip capacito	ors on the P.C.board.
		Per	foration E	© 0000 B	ors is in the following order.
		6) Layout re	commendation	A > B = C > D > E	
		Example	Use of common solder land	Soldering with chassis	Use of common solder land with other SMD
		Need to avoid	Chip Solder PCB Adhesive Solder land	Chassis Excessive solder	Solder land Excessive solder Missing solder land
		Recommen- dation	Solder resist	Solder resist ℓ_2	Solder resist

No.	Process			Condition		
4	Mounting	 4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. 1) Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board 				
		surface and not 2) Adjust the mou		ressure to be 1 to 3N	of static weight.	
			e bottom side	rgy from mounting here of the P.C.board.	ad, it is important to provide	
			Not r	ecommended	Recommended	
		Single-sided mounting		Crack	Support pin	
		Double-sides mounting	Solder	Crack	Support pin	
		to cause crack. P	lease contro		echanical impact on the capacitors sion of the centering jaw and acement of it.	
		4-2. Amount of adh	esive			
				**************************************	*	
				c c		
			Example :	CGA4 (CC0805), CG	A5 (CC1206)	
			a	0.2mm m	<u>·</u> .	
			b	70 ~ 100µ	ım	
			С	Do not touch the s	solder land	

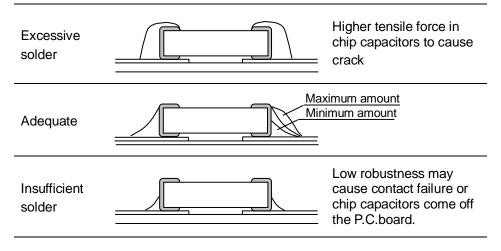
No.	Process		Co	ondition		
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously aff select the appropriate to	•	ance of capac	citors. Confirm	the following to
		It is recommended to Strong flux is not reco	o use a mildly acommended.	ctivated rosin f	lux (less than 0	.1wt% chlorine).
		2) Excessive flux must b			•	ux.
		3) When water-soluble f	lux is used, eno	ugh washing is	necessary.	
		5-2. Recommended sold		arious method		
		Wave sold	ring			Idering
		Preheating	Natural cooling	→ ←	Preheating >	Natural cooling
		Peak Temp Over 60 sec. Peak Temp Manual s (Solde Peak Temp O) Over 60 sec. Peak Temp AT Preheating	soldering er iron)	APPLI As for CGA5 and re As for solder	r 60 sec. Peak	_
			3sec. (As short a	as possible)		
		※ As for peak temperature	of manual solderi	ng, please refer	"5-6. Solder repa	ir by solder iron".
		5-3. Recommended sold	ering peak temp	and peak tem	p duration	
		Temp./Duration	Wave so	oldering	Reflow so	oldering
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.
		Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.
		Recommended solder: Sead Free Solder: Sead Free Solder: Sn-3	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu			

lo.	Process		Condition	
5	Soldering	5-4. Avoiding thermal shock	(
		1) Preheating condition		
		Soldering	Case size	Temp. (°C)
		Wave soldering	CGA3(CC0603), CGA4(CC0805), CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
		Reflow soldering	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
		rtonom osidonnig	CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130
		Manual soldering	CGA1(CC0201),CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603),CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	ΔT ≦ 150
			CGA6(CC1210), CGA8(CC1812), CGA9(CC2220)	ΔT ≦ 130

cleaning, the temperature difference (ΔT) must be less than 100°C.

5-5. Amount of solder

Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board.



5-6. Solder repair by solder iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors.

Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition.

Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead Free Solder)

Case size	Temp. (°C)	Duration (sec.)	Wattage (W)	Shape (mm)
CGA1(CC0201) CGA2(CC0402) CGA3(CC0603) CGA4(CC0805) CGA5(CC1206)	350 max.	3 max.	20 max.	Ø 3.0 max.
CGA6(CC1210) CGA8(CC1812) CGA9(CC2220)	280 max.			

^{*} Please preheat the chip capacitors with the condition in 5-4 to avoid the thermal shock.

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	 Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron.
		 5-7.Soldering rework using spot heater Heat stress during rework may possibly be reduced by using a spot heater (also called a "blower") rather than a soldering iron. It is applied only to adding solder in the case of insufficient solder amount. 1) Reworking using a spot heater may suppress the occurrence of cracks in the capacitor compared to using a soldering iron. A spot heater can heat up a capacitor uniformly with a small heat gradient which leads to lower thermal stress caused by quick heating and cooling or localized heating. Moreover, where ultra-small capacitors are mounted close together on a printed circuit board, reworking with a spot heater can eliminate the risk of direct contact between the tip of a soldering iron and a capacitor.
		2) Rework condition If the blower nozzle of a spot heater is too close to a capacitor, a crack in the capacitor may occur due to heat stress. Below are recommendations for avoiding such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm between a capacitor and a spot heater nozzle. The blower temperature of the spot heater shall be lower than 400°C. The airflow shall be set as weak as possible. The diameter of the nozzle is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is standard and common. Duration of blowing hot air is recommended to be 10s or less for CGA3 (CC0603), CGA4 (CC0805) and CGA5 (CC1206), and 30s or less for CGA6 (CC1210), CGA8(CC1812) and CGA9 (CC2220), considering surface area of the capacitor and melting temperature of solder. The angle between the nozzle and the capacitor is recommended to be 45degrees in order to work easily and to avoid partial area heating. As is the case when using a soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on capacitors and improves operating efficiency.
		• Recommended rework condition (Consult the component manufactures for details.)
		Distance from nozzle 5mm and over
		Nozzle angle 45degrees
		Nozzle temp. 400°C and less
		Set as weak as possible Airflow (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.)
		Nozzle diameter ϕ 2mm (one-outlet type)
		Blowing duration 10s and less (CGA3 [CC0603], CGA4 [CC0805], CGA5 [CC1206]) 30s and less (CGA6 [CC1210], CGA8 [CC1812], CGA9 [CC2220])
		Example of recommended spot heater use
		One-outlet type nozzle Angle : 45degrees

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	3) Amount of solder should be suitable to from a proper fillet shape. Excess solder causes mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and results in cracks. Insufficient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to the substrate and may result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate reliability of the printed wiring board. See the example of appropriate solder fillet shape for 5-5.Amount of solder.
		5-8. Sn-Zn solder
		Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.
		5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering.
		(Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.)
6	Cleaning	1) If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may
		stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power : 20 W/lmax.
		Frequency: 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.

No.	Process	Condition
7	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	 When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product. Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors. Please verify the curing temperature.
8	Handling after chip mounted Caution	1) Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. Bend Twist 2) Printed circuit board cropping should not be carried out by hand, but by using the proper tooling. Printed circuit board cropping should be carried out using a board cropping jig as shown in the following figure or a board cropping apparatus to prevent inducing mechanical stress on the board. (1)Example of a board cropping jig Recommended example: The board should be pushed from the back side, close to the cropping jig so that the board is not bent and the stress applied to the capacitor is compressive. Unrecommended example: If the pushing point is far from the cropping jig and the pushing direction is from the front side of the board, large tensile stress is applied to the capacitor, which may cause cracks.
		Outline of jig Recommended Unrecommended Printed circuit board Printed circuit board Board cropping jig Slot Slot Unrecommended Unrecommended Unrecommended

No.	Process			Condition			
8	Handling after chip mounted	An ou top a V-gro Unred	ple of a board croutline of a printed and bottom blades oves on printed commended examen, right and left, citor.	l circuit board cross are aligned wit circuit board who mple: Misalignm	opping machir h one another en cropping th lent of blade p	along the lines be board. position betweer	with the
			Outline of mac	hine	Principl	e of operation	
				Top blade Prir	v-groove E	Top blade O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	
				_		ss-section Top blade	Э
				Pı	rinted circuit board		
					V-groove	Bottom b	lade
			Recommended		Unrecommended		
			Recommended	Top-bottom misalignment	Left-right misalignment	Front-rear misalignment	
			Top blade			<u> </u>	
			Board Bottom blade	Top blade	Top blade	Top blade Bottom blade	
		to be adju	ctional check of t sted higher for fe the P.C.board, it e adjust the chec	ear of loose cont may crack the c	act. But if the chip capacitors	pressure is exce or peel the tern	essive
		Item	Not recon	nmended	Re	commended	
				Termination peeling		Support pii	n
		Board bending		Check pin		Chec	k pin
					l		

No.	Process	Condition
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	If dropped the chip capacitors may crack. Once dropped do not use it. Especially, the large case sized chip capacitors are tendency to have cracks easily, so please handle with care. Crack Floor
		Piling the P.C.board after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitors of another board to cause crack. Crack P.C.board
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335C Annex F (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.

No.	Process	Condition
12	Caution during operation of equipment	A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor.
		2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit
		 Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits.
		(6) Atmosphere change with causes condensation
13	Others Caution	The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions.
		The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.
		 (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment
		(13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the product is used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions.

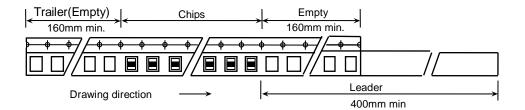
13. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4, 5. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 6, 7.

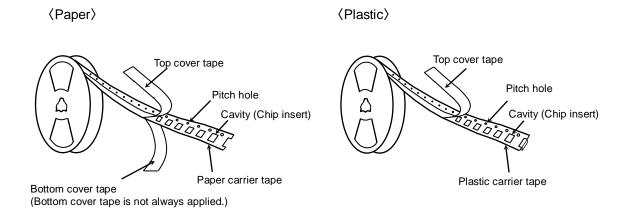
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 8, 9. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 10, 11.

1-4. Structure of taping



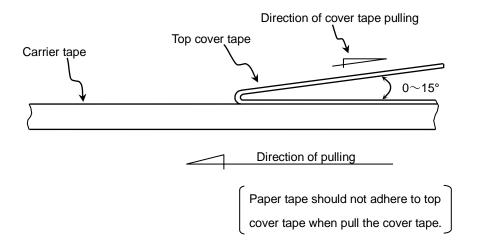
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK Web.

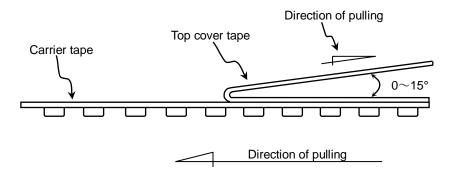
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N

⟨Paper⟩

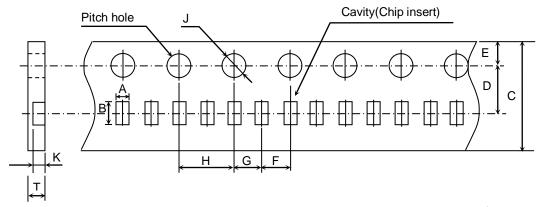


⟨Plastic⟩



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Paper Tape



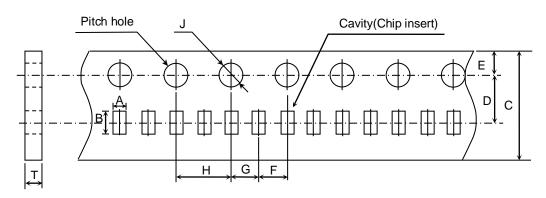
(Unit:mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA1	(0.38)	(0.68)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
(CC0201)	*(0.45)	*(0.75)	0.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.03
						-
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	-
Case size	G				T 0.40 min.	-
	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.40 min. * 0.47 min.	-

^() Reference value.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape



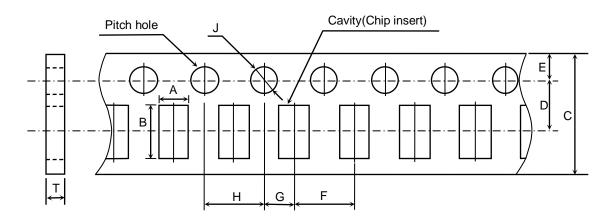
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA2 (CC0402)	(0.65)	(1.15)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	2.00 ± 0.05
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т	•	
CGA2 (CC0402)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	0.60±0.15	-	

() Reference value.

^{*} Applied to 100nF.

Paper Tape



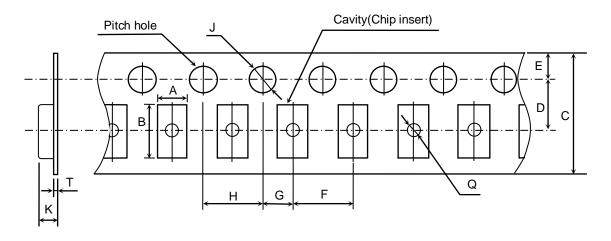
(Unit : mm)

Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	Т		
CGA3 (CC0603)						
CGA4 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10} ₀	1.20 max.		

CGA5 (CC1206)

⁾ Reference value.

Plastic Tape



(Unit:mm)

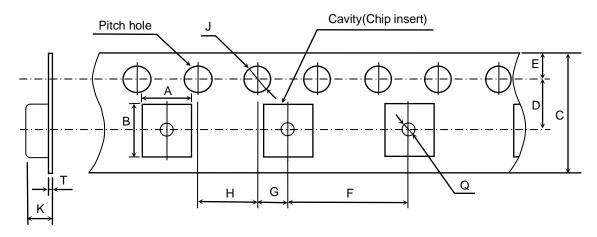
						,
Symbol Case size	А	В	С	D	E	F
CGA3 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
CGA4 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA5 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	* 12.00 ± 0.30	*5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
CGA6 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)				
						L
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	К	Т	Q
	G	Н	J	K 1.60 max.	Т	Q
Case size CGA3				1.60 max.		
Case size CGA3 (CC0603) CGA4	G 2.00 ± 0.05	H 4.00 ± 0.10	J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}	1.60 max.	T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 0.50 min.

^() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

^{*} Applied to thickness, 2.5mm products.

Plastic Tape



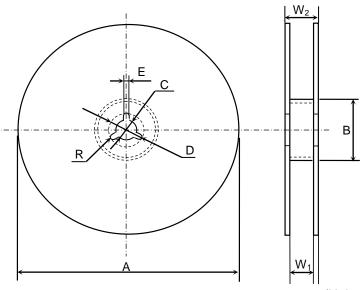
(Unit: mm)

Symbol Case size	Α	В	С	D	E	F
CGA8 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.00 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
CGA9 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.00 ± 0.30	3.30 ± 0.03	1.73 ± 0.10	0.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Case size	G	Н	J	K	Т	Q
•	G 2.00 ± 0.05		J Ø 1.50 ^{+0.10}		T 0.60 max.	Q Ø 1.50 min.

() Reference value.

Exceptionally no hole in the cavity is applied. Please inquire if hole in cavity is mandatory.

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



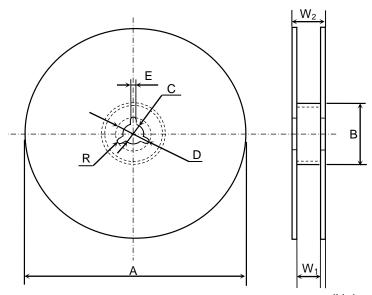
(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 9

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9

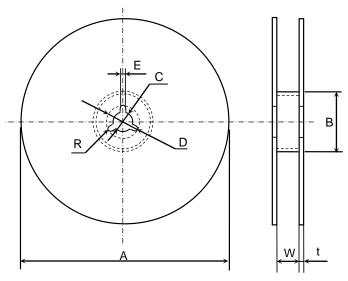


(Unit: mm)

Symbol	А	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W_2	R
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA1, CGA2, CGA3, CGA4, CGA5, CGA6



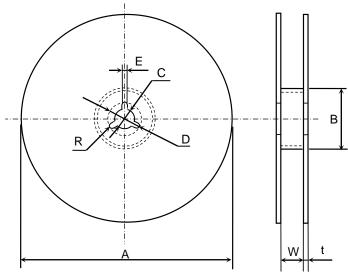
(Unit:mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 11

<u>Dimensions of reel</u> (Material : Polystyrene) CGA6(2.5mm thickness products), CGA8, CGA9



(Unit: mm)

Symbol	Α	В	С	D	Е	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	R
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0