

SK4554

High Input Voltage Charger with OVP Protection

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SK4554 is a cost-effective, fully integrated high input voltage single-cell Li-ion battery charger. The charger uses a CC/CV charge profile required by Li-ion battery. The charger accepts an input voltage up to 24V but is disabled when the input voltage exceeds the OVP threshold, typically 6.8V, to prevent excessive power dissipation. The 24V rating eliminates the over-voltage protection circuit required in a low input voltage charger.

The charge current and the Full-of-charge (FOC) current are programmable with external resistors. When the battery voltage is lower than 2.55V, the charger preconditions the battery with typically 20% of the programmed charge current. When the charge current reduces to the programmable FOC current level during the CV charge phase, an FOC indication is provided by the \overline{CHG} pin, which is an open-drain output. An internal thermal foldback function protects the charger from any thermal failure. Two indication pins (\overline{PR} and \overline{CHG}) allow simple interface to a microprocessor or LEDs. When no adapter attached, the charger draws less than $1\mu A$ leakage current from the battery.

The SK4554 is available in Green DFN-2×2-8L,ESOP8 packages and is rated between -40 $^{\circ}$ C to 85 $^{\circ}$ C temperature range.

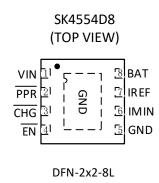
FEATURES

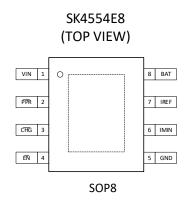
- Complete Charger for Single-Cell-Li-ion or Polymer Batteries
- Integrated Pass Element and Current Sensor
- No External Blocking Diode Required
- Low Component Count and Cost
- Programmable Charger Current
- Programmable Full-of-Charger Current
- Charger Current Thermal Foldback for Thermal Protection
- 2.55V Trickle Charge Threshold
- 6.8V Input Over-Voltage Protection
- 24V Maximum Voltage for the Power Input
- Power Presence and Charge Indications
- Less than 1μA Leakage Current from the Battery When No Input Power Attached
- Less than 200uA Supply Current when Charging is terminated
- Available in Green DFN-2x2-8L,ESOP8Packages

APPLICATIONS

- Mobile Phones
- Blue-Tooth Devices
- PDAs
- MP3 Players
- Stand-Alone Chargers
- Other Handheld Devices

PIN ASSIGNMENT







ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NO	PACAKGE	TEMPERATURE	TAPE & REEL
SK4554D8-42	DFN-2x2-8L	-40 ~ +85 ℃	4000/REEL
SK4554D8-43	DFN-2x2-8L	-40 ~ +85 ℃	4000/REEL
SK4554D8-435	DFN-2x2-8L	-40 ~ +85 ℃	4000/REEL
SK4554D8-44	DFN-2x2-8L	-40 ~ +85 ℃	4000/REEL
SK4554E8-42	ESOP8	-40 ~ +85 ℃	4000/REEL
SK4554E8-435	ESOP8	-40 ~ +85℃	4000/REEL

D5FH'BI A69F'FI @9G

SK45541 2

Code	Description
1	Package:
	D8: DFN-2x2-8L
2	Charge voltage:
	42/43/435/44: Battery charge
	voltage are 4.2V/4.3V/4.35V/4.4V

Code	Description
1	Package: E8: ESOP8
2	Charge voltage: 42/435: Battery charge voltage are 4.2V/4.35V

MARKING DESCRIPTION:

DFN-2x2-8L



"XXXX": Part number, here is "4554".

"JYWA": "J" stands for Internal Control Code, "Y" stands for Internal Control Code, "W" stands for the week of manufacturing, "A" stands for charge voltage.



"X", "BB": Internal control code.

"YM": Year and Month code.

"AA": Serial Number.
"V": Voltage Code.



TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

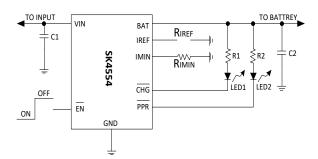


Figure 1.Typical application circuit interfacing to indication LEDs

Component Description for Figure 1

PART	DESCRIPTION
C1, C2	1μF X5R ceramic cap
RIREF	24KΩ,1% for 500mA charge current
RIMIN	270KΩ,1% for 40mA FOC current
R1, R2	1ΚΩ, 5%

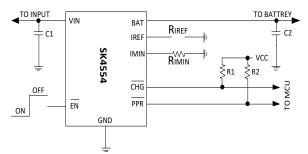


Figure 2.Typical application circuit with the indication signals interfacing to an MCU

Component Description for Figure 2

PART	DESCRIPTION
C1, C2	1μF X5R ceramic cap
RIREF	24KΩ,1% for 500mA charge current
R _{IMIN}	270KΩ,1% for 40mA FOC current
R1, R2	100ΚΩ, 5%

₩

PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NO	SYMBOL	FUNCTION
1	VIN	Power Input. A $1\mu F$ or larger value X5R ceramic capacitor is recommended to be placed as close as possible to the input pin for decoupling purpose. Additional capacitance may be required to provide a stable input voltage.
2	PPR	Open-drain Power Presence Indication. The open-drain MOSFET turns on when the input voltage is above the POR threshold but below the OVP threshold, and turns off otherwise. This pin is capable of sinking 15mA (MIN) current to drive an LED. The maximum voltage rating for this pin is 5.5V. This pin is independent on the \overline{EN} pin input.
3	СНG	Open-drain Charge Indication. This pin outputs a logic low when a charge cycle starts and turns to high impedance when the full-of-charge (FOC) condition is qualified. This pin is able to sink 15mA (MIN) current to drive an LED. When the charger is disabled, the \overline{CHG} pin outputs high impedance.
4	\overline{EN}	Enable Input. This is a logic input pin to disable or enable the charger. Drive high to disable the charger. When this pin is driven to low or left floating, the charger is enabled. This pin has an internal $200k\Omega$ pull-down resistor.
5	GND	System Ground.
6	IMIN	Full-of-Charge (FOC) Current Programming Pin. Connect a resistor between this pin and the GND pin to set the FOC current. The FOC current I_{MIN} can be programmed by the following equation: $I_{MIN} = \frac{9700}{R_{IMIN}} + 4 \; (mA)$ where R_{IMIN} is in k Ω . The programmable range covers from 5mA to 120mA. FOC current will be influenced by battery internal impedance and results in a small drift. When programmed to less than 5mA, the stability is not guaranteed.
7	IREF	Charge-Current Programming and Monitoring Pin. Connect a resistor between this pin and the GND pin to set the charge current limit determined by the following equation: $I_{REF} = \frac{12000}{R_{IREF}} (mA)$ where R_{IREF} is in $k\Omega$. The resistor should be placed very close to this pin. The IREF pin voltage also monitors the actual charge current during the entire charge cycle, including the trickle, constant-current, and constant-voltage phases. When disabled, $V_{IREF} = 0V$.
8	BAT	Charger Output Pin. Connect this pin to the battery. A $1\mu F$ or larger X5R ceramic capacitor is recommended for decoupling and stability purposes. When the \overline{EN} pin is pulled to logic high, the BAT output is disabled.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note)

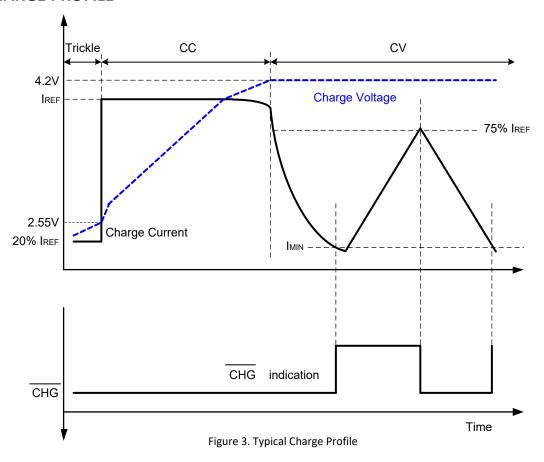
SYMBOL		ITEMS		UNIT
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		-0.3~27	V
	Voltage of other PINs		-0.3~6	٧
$R_{ heta JA}$	Thermal Resistance	DFN-2x2-8L	118	°C/W
Neja		ESOP8	67	°C/W
Tı	Junction Temperature		150	$^{\circ}\!$
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature		-65 ~ +150	$^{\circ}$
T _{SOLDER}	Package Lead Soldering Te	mperature (10s)	260	$^{\circ}$ C
ESD MM	Machine Mode		200	٧
ESD HBM	Human Body Mode		8	KV

Note: Exceed these limits to damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.

RECOMMANDED OPERATING RANGE

SYMBOL	ITEMS	VALUE	UNIT
V _{MAX}	Maximum Supply Voltage	€24	V
V _{IN}	Operating Supply Voltage	4.55 to 6.10	V
I _{REF}	Programmed Charge Current	20 to 700	mA
Торт	Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}$ C

TYPICAL CHARGE PROFILE





ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{IN} =5V, R_{IMIN} =243K Ω , T_A =25 $^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	ITEMS	CONDITIO	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT		
Power-ON Reset								
V_{POR}	Rising POR Threshold	V_{BAT} =3.0V, R_{IREF} =120K Ω ,	3.4	3.9	4.2	V		
V_{POR}	Falling POR Threshold	indicate the comparator ou	tput.	3.1	3.6	3.9	V	
V _{IN} -V _{BAT} Offse	V _{IN} -V _{BAT} Offset Voltage							
Vos	Rising Edge	V_{BAT} =4.5V, R_{IREF} =120K Ω ,	use \overline{PPR} to		100	150	mV	
Vos	Falling Edge	indicate the comparator ou	tput. ⁽¹⁾	10	80		mV	
Over-Voltage	Protection	1			l	l		
V_{OVP}	OVP Threshold	V _{BAT} =4.5V, R _{IREF} =120KΩ,	use \overline{PPR} to	6.5	6.80	7.1	V	
V _{OVPHYS}	OVP Threshold Hysteresis	indicate the comparator ou	tput.	170	250	300	mV	
Standby Curr	ent				<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	<u>I</u>	
I _{VINSTD}	standby Mode VIN Pin Current	V_{IN} =5V, V_{BAT} =4.5V, \overline{EN} = I	., R _{IREF} =120KΩ		135	200	μΑ	
I _{BATSTD}	Standby Mode BAT Pin Current	V_{IN} =5V, V_{BAT} =4.5V, \overline{EN} = I	., R _{IREF} =120KΩ		1.7	2	μΑ	
Shutdown Cu	ırrent				<u>I</u>	I.	<u> </u>	
I _{VINDIS}	Shutdown Mode VIN Pin Current	V _{IN} =5V, R _{IREF} =120KΩ, Charg	er disabled		130	200	μΑ	
I _{VINASD}	Shutdown Mode VIN Pin Current	V _{BAT} =4.5V, V _{IN} =4.3V			92		μΑ	
I _{BATASD}	Shutdown Mode BAT Pin Current	V _{BAT} =4.5V, V _{IN} =4.3V			1.8		μΑ	
I _{VINUVLO}	UVLO Mode Supply Current	V _{IN} =V _{BAT} =3.6V			88		μΑ	
I _{BATUVLO}	UVLO Mode BAT Pin Current	V _{IN} =V _{BAT} =3.6V			1		μΑ	
Sleep Curren	t	1			l	l	I.	
I _{BATSLEEP}	BAT Pin Current	Input is floating or OV				1	μΑ	
Voltage Regu	lation	1			l	l	I.	
				4.158	4.2	4.242		
				4.257	4.3	4.343		
V	Output Voltage	R_{IREF} =120K Ω ,	DFN-2x2-8L	4.306	4.35	4.394	V	
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	4.55V <v<sub>IN<6.10V, charge</v<sub>		4.356	4.4	4.444		
		current=20mA		4.158	4.2	4.242	.,	
			ESOP8	4.306	4.35	4.394	V	
		V _{BAT} =3.8V, charge current=	1 500mA,					
R _{DS(ON)}	PMOS On Resistance	R_{IREF} =10K Ω			1.2		Ω	
Charge Curre	nt ⁽²⁾	•			•	•	ı	
V_{IREF}	IREF Pin Output Voltage	V _{BAT} =3.8V, R _{IREF} =120KΩ		1.213		V		
I _{REF}	Constant Charge Current	R _{IREF} =120KΩ, V _{BAT} =2.8V to 3.8V		90	100	110	mA	
I _{TRK}	Trickle Charge Current	R_{IREF} =120K Ω , V_{BAT} =2.4V		13	22	31	mA	
I _{MIN}	Full-of-Charge Current	R _{IMIN} =243KΩ	,		44	66	mA	
I _{CHR}	FOC Rising Threshold	R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ		337	375	413	mA	
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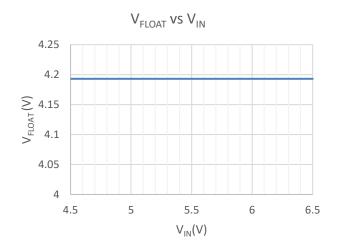
Precondition	ing Charge Threshold					
		R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.2V DFN-2x2-8L	2.45	2.55	2.65	V
		R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.3V DFN-2x2-8L	2.5	2.6	2.7	V
V _{MIN}	Preconditioning Charge Threshold	R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.35V DFN-2x2-8L	2.55	2.65	2.75	V
- IVIIIV	Voltage	R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.4V DFN-2x2-8L	2.6	2.7	2.8	V
		R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.2V ESOP8	2.45	2.55	2.65	V
		R _{IREF} =24.3KΩ, V _{OUT} =4.35V ESOP8	2.55	2.65	2.75	V
V _{MINHYS}	Preconditioning Voltage Hysteresis	R_{IREF} =24.3K Ω	70	100	130	mV
Internal Tem	perature Monitoring					
T _{FOLD}	Charge Current Foldback Threshold			115		$^{\circ}$
Logic input a	nd outputs					
V EN _H	\overline{EN} Pin Logic Input High		1.5			V
$V_{\overline{EN}_L}$	\overline{EN} Pin Logic Input Low				0.8	٧
R _{EN}	\overline{EN} Pin Internal Pull Down Resistance		150	200	250	ΚΩ
I _{CHG_sink}	CHG Sink Current when LOW	Pin Voltage = 1V	10	18		mA
lCHG_leakage	CHG Leakage Current when High	V _{CHG} = 5.5V			1	μΑ
PPR_sink	PPR Sink Current when LOW	Pin Voltage = 1V	10	18		mA
PPR_leakage	PPR Leakage Current when High Impedance	V _{PPR} = 5.5V			1	μΑ

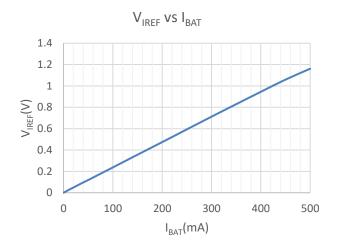
Note:

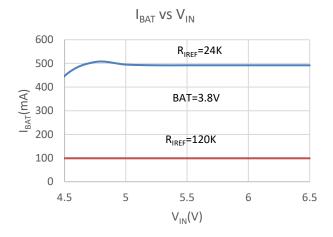
- 1. The 4.5V V_{BAT} is selected so that the \overline{PPR} output can be used as the indication for the offset comparator output indication. If the V_{BAT} is lower than the POR threshold, no output pin can be used for indication.
- 2. The charge current can be affected by the thermal foldback function if the IC under the test setup cannot dissipate the heat.

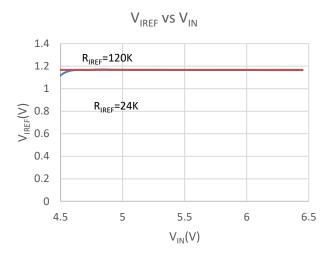


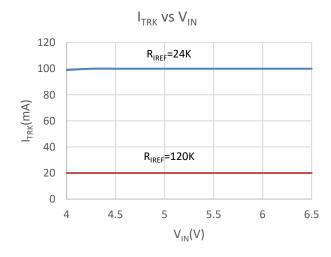
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

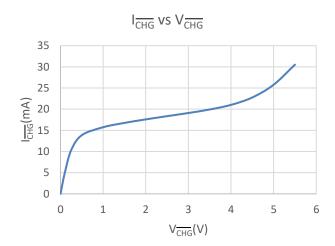




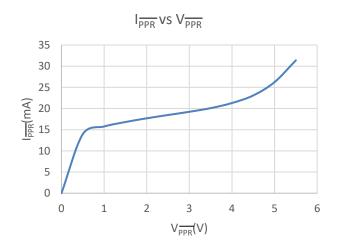


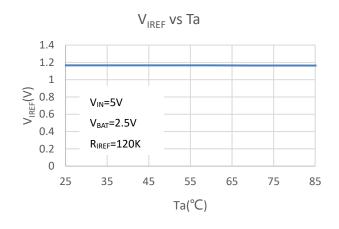


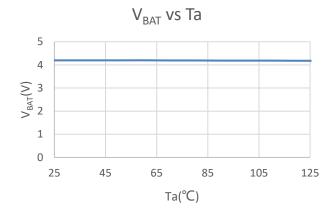


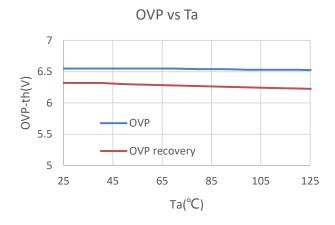


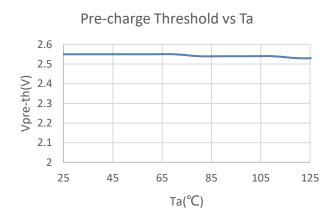


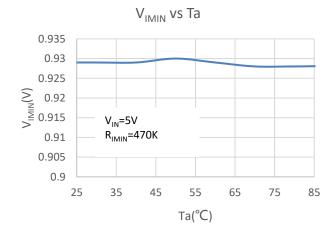




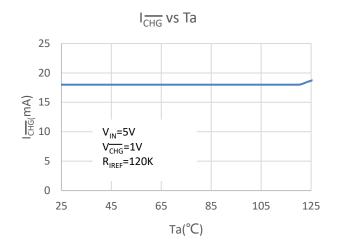


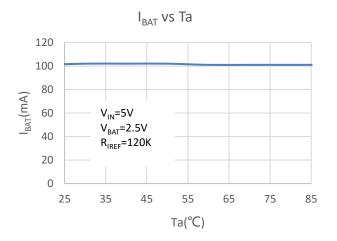


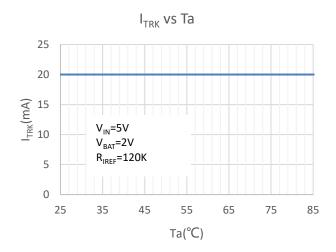


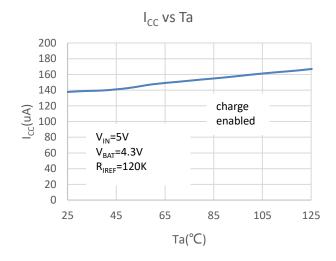


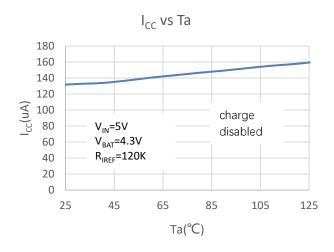


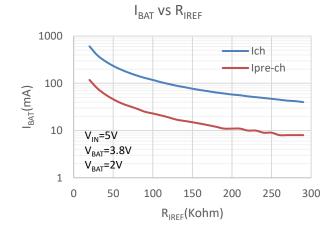




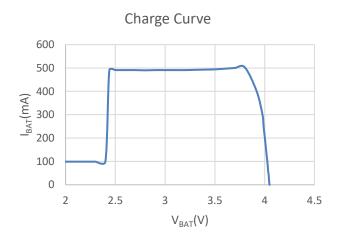


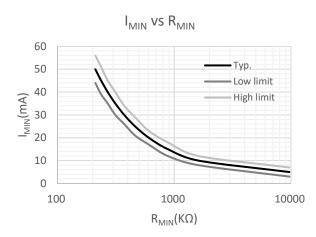




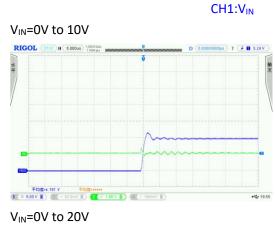




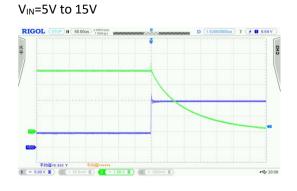


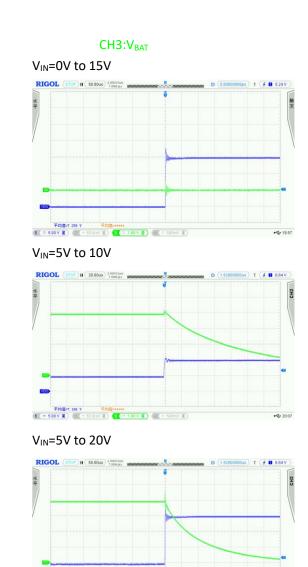


OVP Test









平均值=12.08 V 平均值 1 (= 5.00 V 業) (2 (~ 50.0mV 素) (4 (= 500mV 案)



OPERATION

The SK4554 charges a Li-ion battery using a CC/CV profile. The constant current IREF is set with the external resistor R_{IREF} (see Figure 1) and the constant voltage is fixed at 4.2V (or 4.3V, or 4.35V, or 4.4V). If the battery voltage is below a typical 2.55V trickle charge threshold, the SK4554 charges the battery with a trickle current of 20% of IREF until the battery voltage rises above the trickle charge threshold. Fast charge CC mode is maintained at the rate determined by programming IREF until the cell voltage rises to 4.2V (or 4.3V, or 4.35V, or 4.4V). When the battery voltage reaches 4.2V (or 4.3V, or 4.35V, or 4.4V), the charger enters a CV mode and regulates the battery voltage at 4.2V (or 4.3V, or 4.35V, or 4.4V) to fully charge the battery without the risk of over charge. Upon reaching an full-of-charge (FOC) current, the charger indicates the charge completion with the \overline{CHG} pin, but the charger continues to output the 4.2V (or 4.3V, or 4.35V, or 4.4V) voltage. Figure 3 shows the typical charge waveforms after the power is on.

The FOC current level I_{MIN} is programmable with the external resistor R_{IMIN} (see Figure 1). The \overline{CHG} pin turns to low when the trickle charge starts and rises to high impedance at the FOC. After the FOC is reached, the charge current has to rise to typically 75% I_{REF} for the \overline{CHG} pin to turn on again, as shown in Figure 3. The current surge after FOC can be caused by a load connected to the battery.

A thermal foldback function reduces the charge current anytime when the die temperature reaches typically $115~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$. This function guarantees safe operation when the printed circuit board (PCB) is not capable of dissipating the heat generated by the linear charger. The SK4554 accepts an input voltage up to 24V but disables charging when the input voltage exceeds the OVP threshold, typically 6.8V for SK4554, to protect against unqualified or faulty AC adapters.

PPR Indication

The \overline{PPR} pin is an open-drain output to indicate the presence of the AC adapter. Whenever the input voltage is higher than the POR threshold, the \overline{PPR} pin turns on the internal open-drain MOSFET to indicate a logic low signal, independent on the \overline{EN} pin input. When the internal open-drain FET is turned off, the \overline{PPR} pin leaks less than 20µA current. When turned on, the \overline{PPR} pin is able to sink at least 15mA current under all operating conditions. The \overline{PPR} pin can be used to drive an LED (see Figure 1) or to interface with a microprocessor.

Power Good Range

The power good range is defined by the following three conditions:

- 1. $V_{IN} > V_{POR}$
- 2. $V_{IN} V_{BAT} > V_{OS}$
- $3. V_{IN} < V_{OVP}$

where the V_{OS} is the offset voltage for the input and output voltage comparator, discussed shortly, and the V_{OVP} is the over-voltage protection threshold given in the Electrical Characteristics table. All V_{POR} , V_{OS} , and V_{OVP} have hysteresis, as given in the Electrical Characteristics table. The charger will not charge the battery if the input voltage is not in the power good range.

Input and Output Comparator

The charger will not be enabled unless the input voltage is higher than the battery voltage by an offset voltage V_{OS}. The purpose of this comparator is to ensure that the charger is turned off when the input power is removed from the charger. Without this comparator, it is possible that the charger will fail to power down when the input is removed and the current can leak through the PFET pass element to continue biasing the POR and the Pre-Regulator blocks.



Dropout Voltage

The constant current may not be maintained due to the $R_{DS\ (ON)}$ limit at a low input voltage. The worst case $R_{DS(ON)}$ is at the maximum allowable operating temperature.

CHG Indication

The \overline{CHG} is an open-drain output capable of sinking at least 15mA current when the charger starts to charge, and turns off when the FOC current is reached. The \overline{CHG} signal is interfaced either with a microprocessor GPIO or an LED for indication.

EN Input

 \overline{EN} is an active-low logic input to enable the charger. Drive the \overline{EN} pin to low or leave it floating to enable the charger. This pin has a $200 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ internal pull-down resistor so when left floating, the input is equivalent to logic low. Drive this pin to high to disable the charger. The threshold for high is given in the Electrical Characteristics table.

IREF Pin

The IREF pin has the two functions as described in the Pin Description section. When setting the fast charge current, the charge current is guaranteed to have 10% accuracy with the charge current set at 100mA. When monitoring the charge current, the accuracy of the IREF pin voltage vs. the actual charge current has the same accuracy as the gain from the IREF pin current to the actual charge current.

Operation without the Battery

The SK4554 relies on a battery for stability and works under LDO mode if the battery is not connected. With a battery, the charger will be stable with an output ceramic decoupling capacitor in the range of $1\mu F$ to $220\mu F$. In LDO mode, its stability depends on load current, C_{OUT} , etc. The maximum load current is limited by the dropout voltage 4.2V, the programmed IREF and the thermal foldback.

Thermal Foldback

The thermal foldback function starts to reduce the charge current when the internal temperature reaches a typical value of 115 $^{\circ}$ C.



APPLICATION INFORMATION

Input Capacitor Selection

The input capacitor is required to suppress the power supply transient response during transitions. Mainly this capacitor is selected to avoid oscillation during the start up when the input supply is passing the POR threshold and the VIN-BAT comparator offset voltage. When the battery voltage is above the POR threshold, the V_{IN} - V_{BAT} offset voltage dominates the hysteresis value. Typically, a 1µF X5R ceramic capacitor should be sufficient to suppress the power supply noise.

Output Capacitor Selection

The criterion for selecting the output capacitor is to maintain the stability of the charger as well as to bypass any transient load current. The minimum capacitance is a $1\mu F$ X5R ceramic capacitor. The actual capacitance connected to the output is dependent on the actual application requirement.

Layout Guidance

The SK4554 uses thermally-enhanced DFN packages that have an exposed thermal pad at the bottom side of the packages. The layout should connect as much as possible to copper on the exposed pad. Typically, the component layer is more effective in dissipating heat. The thermal impedance can be further reduced by using other layers of copper connecting to the exposed pad through a thermal via array. Each thermal via is recommended to have 0.3mm diameter and 1mm distance away from other thermal vias.

Input Power Sources

The input power source is typically a well-regulated wall cube with 1-meter length wire or a USB port. The SK4554 can withstand up to 24V on the input without damaging the IC. If the input voltage is higher than typically 6.8V, the charger stops charging.

IMIN Setting

The FOC current level I_{MIN} is programmable with the external resistor R_{IMIN} , the accuracy is +/-10% for I_{MIN} >50mA. Table1 is 5mA $^{\sim}$ 50mA I_{MIN} setting for design reference. This is promised by design, not test in mass production.

RMIN(K Ω)	IMIN Min	IMIN Typ	IMIN Max
10000	3	5	7
1617	8	10	12
882	12	15	18
606	17	20	23
462	21	25	29
373	26	30	34
313	30	35	40
269	35	40	45
237	39	45	51
211	44	50	56

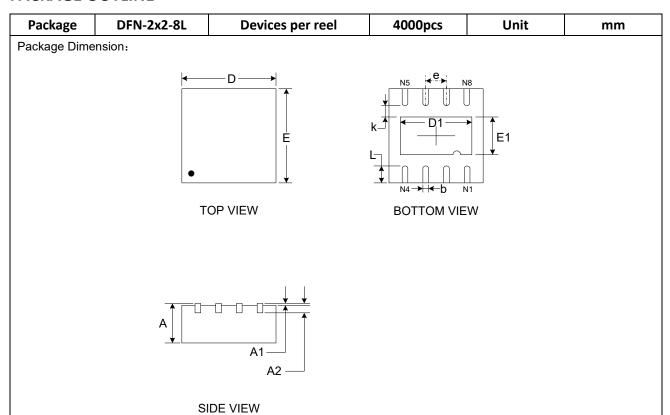
Table 1

In the equation:
$$I_{MIN} = \frac{9700}{R_{IMIN}} + 4 \ (mA)$$
 , 4mA is a

composition current for various different batteries applications, and this is a typical value for most batteries. If deviation is very big from the equation, you can adjust it according to the test result of I_{MIN}.



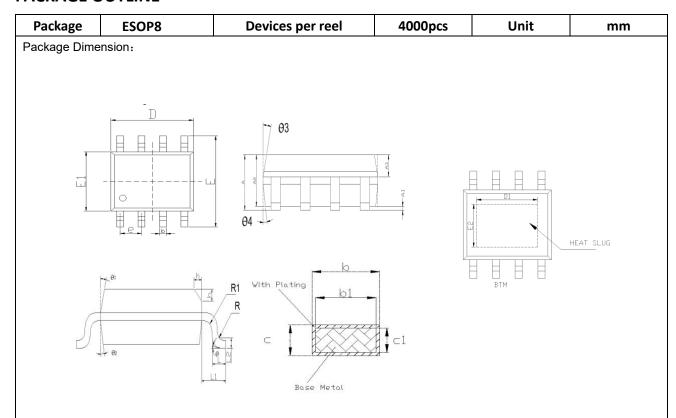
PACKAGE OUTLINE



Comple of	Dime	nsions in Millin	neters	Dimensions in Inches		
Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
Α	0.700	0.750	0.800	0.028	0.0295	0.031
A1	0.000	0.025	0.050	0.000	0.001	0.002
A2		0.203			0.008	
D	1.900	2.000	2.100	0.075	0.079	0.083
D1	1.100	1.200	1.300	0.043	0.047	0.051
E	1.900	2.000	2.100	0.075	0.079	0.083
E1	0.500	0.600	0.700	0.020	0.024	0.028
b	0.180	0.24	0.300	0.007	0.0095	0.012
е		0.500			0.020	
k	0.200			0.008		
L	0.250	0.350	0.450	0.010	0.014	0.018



PACKAGE OUTLINE



SYMBOL		MIN	NOM	MAX
A		1.35	1.50	1.65
A1		0.05	0.10	0.15
A2		1.35	1.40	1.50
A3		0.50	0.60	0.70
b		0.38	-	0.50
b1		0.37	0.40	0.43
с		0.17	-	0.25
c1		0.17	0.20	0.23
D		4.80	4.90	5.00
D1	Option 1	3.20	3.30	3.40
	Option 2	2.19	2.29	2.39
e		1.27(BSC)		
Е		5.80	6.00	6.20
E1		3.80	3.90	4.00

SYMBOL		MIN	NOM	MAX	
E2	Option 1	2.31	2.41	2.51	
	Option 2	2.19	2.29	2.39	
Ĺ		0.45	0.60	0.80	
L1		1.04REF			
L2		0.25BSC			
R		0.07	-	-	
R1		0.07		-	
h		0.30	0.40	0.50	
θ.		0°	-	8°	
.θ1		10°	12°	14°	
.02		8°	10°	12°	
.03		10°	12°	14°	
.04		8°	10°	12°	