

1. Scope

This specification is applied to Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor (MLCC) for use in electric equipment for the voltage is ranging from 100V to 1.5 KV (not Include).

The MLCC support for Lead-Free wave and reflow soldering, and electrical characteristic and reliability are same as before. (This product is compliant with the RoHS & HF.)

2. Parts Number Code

C 1206 N 222	J 102 T D F		
(1) (2) (3) (4)	(5) (6) (7) (8) (9)		
(1)Product	(5)Capacitance Tolerance		
Product Code	Code Tolerance Nominal Capacitance		
C Multilayer Ceramic Chip Capacitor	J ± 5.00 % More Than 10 pF		
(2)Chip Size	(6)Rated Voltage		
Code Length×Width unit : mm(inch)	Code Rated Voltage (Vdc)		
1206 3.20× 1.60 (.126× .063)	102 1,000		
(3)Temperature Characteristics	(7)Tapping		
Code Temperature Temperature Temperature	Code Type		
Characteristic Range Coefficient	T Tape & Reel		
<mark>N NPO -55℃~+125℃ 30 ppm/℃</mark>	(8)Thickness		
(4)Capacitance unit :pico farads(pF)	Code Thickness T (mm)		
Code Nominal Capacitance (pF)	D 1.25± 0.20		
222 2,200.0			
X. If there is a decimal point, it shall be expressed by an	(9)Special Code		
English capital letter R	Code Type		
3. Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance	F Special Code		

3.1 Standard Combination of Nominal Capacitance and Tolerance

Class	Characteristic	Tolerance		Nominal Capacitance	
Ι	NPO	More Than 10 pF J (± 5.00 %)		E-12, E-24 series	

3.2 E series(standard Number)

Standard No.		Application Capacitance										
E- 3	1.0			- 3 1.0 2.2			4	.7				
E- 6	1	.0	1	.5	2	.2	3	.3	4	.7	6	.8
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
E-24	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2
	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.0	2.4	3.0	3.6	4.3	5.1	6.2	7.5	9.1

4. Operation Temperature Range

Class	Characteristic	Temperature Range	Reference Temp.
I	NPO	-55℃ ~ +125℃	25°C

5. Storage Condition

Storage Temperature : 5 to 40° C

Relative Humidity : 20 to 70 %

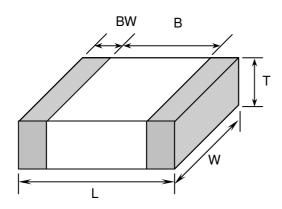
Storage Time: 12 months max.





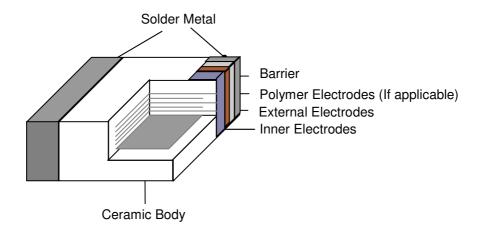
6. Dimensions

6.1 Configuration and Dimension :



					Unit:mm
TYPE	L	W	Т	B (min)	BW (min)
1206	3.20± 0.30	1.60± 0.20	1.25± 0.20	1.50	0.30

6.2 Termination Type :







7. Performance

No.	ltem		Spe	ecification	Test Condition		
1	Visua	ıl	No abnormal ex	terior appearance	Visual inspection		
2	Dimension		See Page 2		Visual inspection		
3	Insulati Resista		C		V>500V, Applied 500Vdc Charge Time:60sec. Is applied less than 50mA current.		
4	Capacitance	Class I NPO	Within The Spec		Class I : Capacitance Frequency Voltage NPO 1KHz±10% 1.0±0.2Vrms Perform a heat temperature at 150±5°C for 30min. then place room temp. for 24±2hr.		
5	Q	Class I NPO	More Than 30pF	: Q ≧ 1000			
6	5 Withstanding Voltage		No dielectric breakdown or mechanical breakdown		 1000≤V :120% Rated Voltage Voltage ramp up rate≤500v/sec for 1~5 sec. charge/discharge Current is less than 50mA. ※ Withstanding voltage testing requires immersion of the element in a isolation fluid prevent arcing on the chip surface, at voltage over 1000Vdc. 		
7	Temperature Capacitance Coefficient	Class I	Char. Temp. Rar NPO -55℃~+12				
8	Adhesive Strength of Termination				Pull force shall be applied for 10 ± 1 second. $\leq 06035N (= 0.5 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ $> 060310N (= 1.0 \text{ Kg} \cdot \text{f})$ N·f		
9	Resistance to	Appear- ance	No mechanical d	lamage shall be occur.	Bending shall be applied to the 1.0 mm with 1.0 mm/sec.		
			Capacitance Cha		The duration of the applied forces shall be		
	of Substrate		Char. NPO	Cap. Change ≦ ± 5.0%	5 ± 1sec		





No.	lte	em	Speci	fication	Test Condition		
10	Solde	rability	is to be soldered newly, so metal part does not come out or dissolve .		Solder Temperature : $245 \pm 5^{\circ}$ Dip Time : 5 ± 0.5 sec. Immersing Speed : $25 \pm 10\%$ mm/s Solder : Lead Free Solder Flux :Rosin Preheat : At 80~120 °C for 10~30sec.		
11	Resistance To Soldering Heat	Appear- ance Capacit- ance Q	No mechanical dan Characteristic Class I (NPO)	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ±0.25pFwhichever is larger of initial value	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48 ± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}$ before initial measure. Preheat : At $150\pm10^{\circ}$ For $60\sim120$ sec. Dip : Solder Temperature of $260\pm5^{\circ}$ Dip Time : 10 ± 1 sec. Immersing Speed : $25\pm10\%$ mm/s		
		Class I Flux :Rosin Insulation To satisfy the specified initial value Measure at room ter					
12	Tempera- ture Cycle	Appear- ance Capacit- ance	No mechanical dan Characteristic Class I (NPO)	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ±0.25pFwhichever is larger of initial value	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48± 4 hours a room temperature after one hour heat treatmen at 150 +0/-10 °C before initial measure. Capacitor shall be subjected to five cycles of the temperature cycle as following: Step Temp.(°C) Time(min)		
		Q Class I Insulation Resistance	To satisfy the speci	fied initial value	1Min Rated Temp. $+0/-3$ 3022533Max Rated Temp. $+3/-0$ 304253Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I :24 ± 2 Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing.		
13	(NPO) ±0		Cap. Change Within ± 5.0% or ±0.5pF whichever is larger of initial value	Class II capacitor shall be set for 48± 4 hours at room temperature after one hour heat treatment at 150+0/-10 °C before initial measure. Temperature : 40± 2°C Relative Humidity : 90 ~ 95%RH Test Time : 500 +12/-0Hr Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class I : 24 ± 2Hrs Solder the capacitor on P.C. board shown in Fig 2. before testing.			

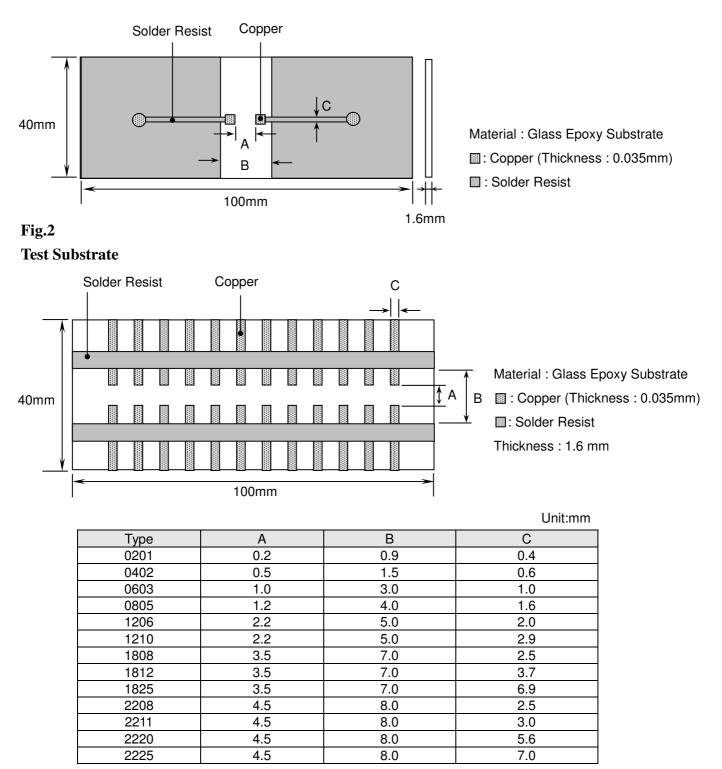
||HEC



No.	Ite	m	Specifi	cation	Test Condition
14	High Temperature Load (Life Test)	Appear- ance Capacit- ance	No mechanical dai Characteristic Class I	Cap. Change	Class II capacitors applied DC voltage (following table) is applied for one hour at maximum operation temperature $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C then shall be set for 48±4 hours at room temperature and the initial
		Q	(NPO) More Than 30pF :	0.3pFwhichever is larger	measurement shall be conducted. Applied Voltage : 100%Rated Voltage Test Time : 1000 +12/-0Hr
		Class I Insulation Resistance	1,000M Ω min.	Q ≧ 350	Current Applied : 50 mA Max. Measure at room temperature after cooling for Class $\rm I$: 24 \pm 2 Hours
15	Vibration	Appear- ance	No mechanical da	mage shall occur	Solder the capacitor on P.C. Board shown in Fig 2. before testing.
		Capacit- ance	Characteristic Class I (NPO)	Cap. Change Within ± 2.5% or ± 0.25pFwhichever is larger	Vibrate the capacitor with amplitude of 1.5mm P-P changing the frequencies from 10Hz to
		Q To satisfy the specified initial va			Repeat this for 2 hours each in 3perpendicular directions.
		Class I Insulation Resistance	To satisfy the spec		



Fig.1 P.C. Board for Bending Strength Test



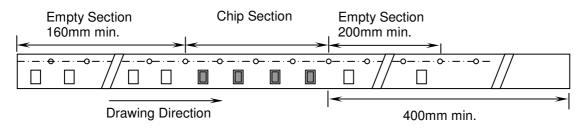


8. Packing

8.1 Bulk Packing

According to customer request.

8.2 Chip Capacitors Tape Packing



8.3 Material And Quantity

Tape	0201	0402	0603/	0805
Material	T≦0.39mm	T≦0.70mm	$T \leq 1.00 mm$	T>1.00mm
Paper	15,000 pcs/Reel	10,000 pcs/Reel	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA
Plastic NA		NA	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel

Tape	1206					
Material	$T \leq 1.00 mm$	1.00 mm $<$ T \leq 1.25 mm	T>1.25mm			
Paper	4,000 pcs/Reel	NA	NA			
Plastic	NA	3,000 pcs/Reel	2,000 pcs/Reel			

Tape	1808/1210					
Material	T≦1.25mm	1.25 mm $<$ T \leq 2.40mm	T>2.40mm			
Paper	NA	NA	NA			
Plastic	3,000 pcs/Reel	1,000/2,000 pcs/Reel	500/1,000 pcs/Reel			

Tape	1812/2211/2220		1825/2	2208	
Material	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm	T>2.20mm	T≦2.20mm
Paper	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Plastic	1,000 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	700 pcs/Reel	400 pcs/Reel	1,000 pcs/Reel

NA : Not Available

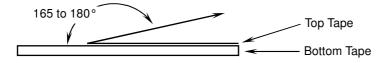
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8.4 Cover Tape Reel Off Force

8.4.1 Peel-Off Force

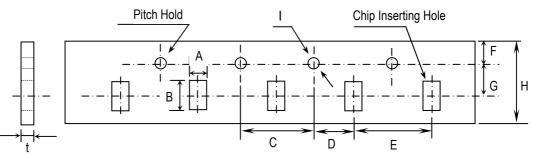
5 g·f \leq Peel-Off Force \leq 70 g·f

8.4.2 Measure Method





8.5 Paper Tape

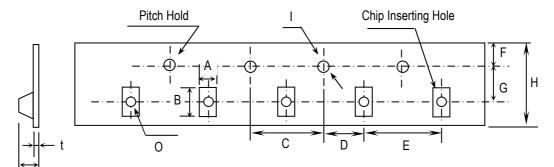


Unit:mm

TYPE	A	В	С	D	E
0201	0.37± 0.1	0.67± 0.1	4.00± 0.1	2.00± 0.05	2.00± 0.1
0402	0.61± 0.1	1.20± 0.1			
0603	1.10± 0.2	1.90± 0.2			4.00± 0.1
0805	1.50± 0.2	2.30± 0.2			
1206	1.90± 0.2	3.50± 0.2			
1210	2.90± 0.2	3.60± 0.2			

TYPE	F	G	Н		t
0201	1.75± 0.10	3.50± 0.05	8.0± 0.30	<i>φ</i> 1.50 +0.10/-0	1.10 max.
0402					
0603					
0805					
1206					
1210					

8.6 Plastic Tape



Unit:mm

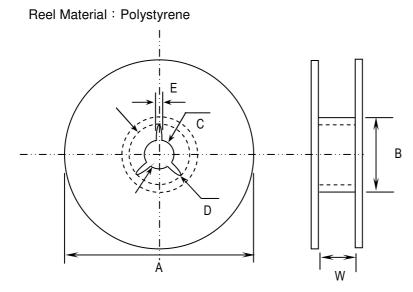
Туре	А	В	С	D	E	F
0805	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0± 0.1	2.0± 0.05	4.0± 0.1	1.75± 0.1
1206	1.9±0.2	3.5±0.2				
1210	2.9±0.2	3.6±0.2				
1808	2.5±0.2	4.9±0.2				
1812	3.6±0.2	4.9±0.2			8.0± 0.1	
1825	6.9±0.2	4.9±0.2				
2208	2.5±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2211	3.2±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2220	5.4±0.2	6.1±0.2				
2225	6.9±0.2	6.1±0.2				





Туре	G	Н	I	J	t	0
0805	3.5± 0.05	8.0± 0.3	<i>φ</i> 1.5+0.1/-0	3.0 max.	0.3 max.	1.0± 0.1
1206						
1210						
1808	5.5± 0.05	12.0 ± 0.3		4.0 max.		1.5± 0.1
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220]					
2225						

8.7 Reel Dimensions



Unit:mm

Туре	A	В	С	D	E	W
0201	φ 382 max	arphi 50 min	arphi 13± 0.5	φ 21± 0.8	2.0±0.5	10± 0.15
0402						
0603						
0805						
1206						
1210						
1808	φ 178±2.0	arphi 60±2.0				13±0.3
1812						
1825						
2208						
2211						
2220						
2225						





Precautionary Notes:

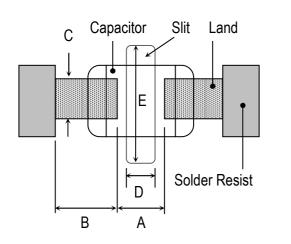
1. Storage

Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity don't exceed 40 °C and 70%RH. We recommend that the capacitors be used within 12 months from the date of manufacturing. Store the products in the original package and do not open the outer wrapped, polyethylene bag, till just before usage. If it is open, seal it as soon as possible or keep it in a desiccant with a desiccation agent.

2. Construction of Board Pattern

Improper circuit layout and pad/land size may cause excessive or not enough solder amount on the PC board. Not enough solder may create weak joint, and excessive solder may increase the potential of mechanical or thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitor. Therefore we recommend the land size to be as shown in the following table:

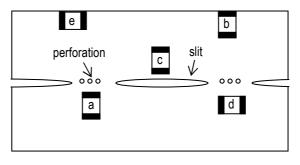
2.1 Size and recommend land dimensions for reflow soldering .



EIA Code	Chip	(mm)		L	and (mm)		
EIA Coue	L	W	А	В	С	D	E
0201	0.60	0.30	0.2~0.3	0.2~0.4	0.2~0.4		
0402	1.00	0.50	0.3~0.5	0.3~0.5	0.4~0.6		
0603	1.60	0.80	0.4~0.6	0.6~0.7	0.6~0.8		
0805	2.00	1.25	0.7~0.9	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.1		
1206	3.20	1.60	2.2~2.4	0.8~0.9	1.0~1.4	1.0~2.0	3.2~3.7
1210	3.20	2.50	2.2~2.4	1.0~1.2	1.8~2.3	1.0~2.0	4.1~4.6
1808	4.60	2.00	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	1.5~1.8	1.0~2.8	3.6~4.1
1812	4.60	3.20	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	2.3~3.0	1.0~2.8	4.8~5.3
1825	4.60	6.35	2.8~3.4	1.8~2.0	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3
2208	5.70	2.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	1.5~1.8	1.0~4.0	3.6~4.1
2211	5.70	2.80	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	2.0~2.6	1.0~4.0	4.4~4.9
2220	5.70	5.00	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	3.5~4.8	1.0~4.0	6.6~7.1
2225	5.70	6.35	4.0~4.6	2.0~2.2	5.1~5.8	1.0~4.0	7.1~8.3

2.2 Mechanical strength varies according to location of chip capacitors on the P.C. board. Design layout of components on the PC board such a way to minimize the stress imposed on the components, upon flexure of the boards in depanelization or other processes.

Component layout close to the edge of the board or the "depanelization line" is not recommended. Susceptibility to stress is in the order of: a>b>c and d>e





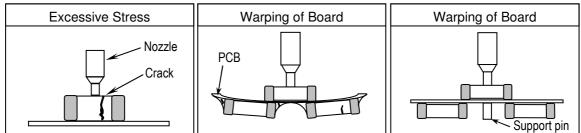


2.3 Layout Recommendation

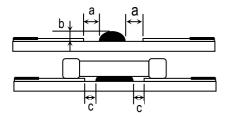
Example	Use of Common Solder Land	Solder With Chassis	Use of Common Solder Land With Other SMD
Need to Avoid	Lead Wire Chip Solder	Chassis Excessive Solder α	Solder Land
Recommendation	Lead Wire Chip Solder Resist	Solder Resist	

3. Mounting

3.1 Sometimes crack is caused by the impact load due to suction nozzle in pick and place operation. In pick and place operation, if the low dead point is too low, excessive stress is applied to component. This may cause cracks in the ceramic capacitor, therefore it is required to move low dead point of a suction nozzle to the higher level to minimize the board warp age and stress on the components. Nozzle pressure is typically adjusted to 1N to 3N (static load) during the pick and place operation.



3.2 Amount of Adhesive



Example : 0805 & 1206

a	0.2mm min.
b	70 ~ 100 μm
С	Do not touch the solder land



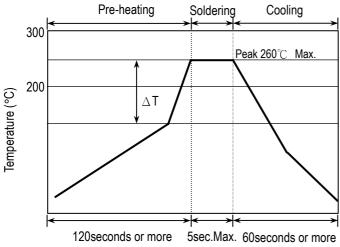


4. Soldering

4.1. Wave Soldering

Most of components are wave soldered with solder at Peak Temperature.. Adequate care must be taken to prevent the potential of thermal cracks on the ceramic capacitors. Refer to the soldering methods below for optimum soldering benefits.

Recommend flow soldering temperature Profile



Soldering Method	Peak Temp.($^{\circ}$ C) / Duration (sec)
1206/0805/0603	∆ T ≤ 100~150°C max.
Pb-Sn Solder	250°C (max.) / 3sec(max.)
Lead Free Solder	260°C (max.) / 5sec(max.)

Recommended solder compositions

Sn-37Pb (Pb - Sn Solder)

Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu (Lead Free Solder)

To optimize the result of soldering, proper preheating is essential:

- 1) Preheat temperature is too low
 - a. Flux flows to easily
 - b. Possibility of thermal cracks
- 2) Preheat temperature is too high
 - a. Flux deteriorates even when oxide film is removed
 - b. Causes warping of circuit board
 - c. Loss of reliability in chip and other components

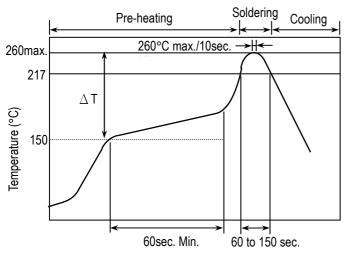
Cooling Condition:

Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (Δ T) between the solvent and the chips must be less than 100 °C.

4.2 Reflow Soldering

Preheat and gradual increase in temperature to the reflow temperature is recommended to decrease the potential of thermal crack on the components. The recommended heating rate depends on the size of component, however it should not exceed 3 °C/Sec.

Recommend reflow profile for Lead-Free soldering temperature Profile (J-STD-020D)



※ The cycles of soldering : Twice (max.)

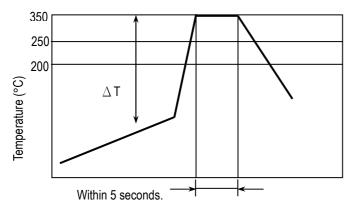
Soldering Method	Change in Temp.(°C)
1206 and Under	Δ T \leq 190 °C
1210 and Over	∆ T ≦ 130 °C





4.3 Hand Soldering

Sudden temperature change in components, results in a temperature gradient recommended in the following table, and therefore may cause internal thermal cracks in the components. In general a hand soldering method is not recommended unless proper preheating and handling practices have been taken. Care must also be taken not to touch the ceramic body of the capacitor with the tip of solder Iron.



Change in Temp.(℃)
$\Delta T \leq 150 \ ^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
∆ T ≦ 130 °C

How to Solder Repair by Solder Iron

1) Selection of the soldering iron tip

The required temperature of solder iron for any type of repair depends on the type of the tip, the substrate material, and the solder land size.

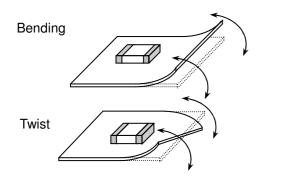
- 2) recommended solder iron condition
 - a.) Preheating Condition : Board and components should be preheated sufficiently at 150 ℃ or over, and soldering should be conducted with soldering iron as boards and components are maintained at sufficient temperatures.
 - b.) Soldering iron power shall not exceed 30 W.
 - c.) Soldering iron tip diameter shall not exceed 3mm.
 - d.) Temperature of iron tip shall not exceed 350 °C., and the process should be finished within 5 seconds. (refer to MIL-STD-202G)
 - f.) Do not touch the ceramic body with the tip of solder iron. Direct contact of the soldering iron tip to ceramic body may cause thermal cracks.
 - g.) After soldering operation, let the products cool down gradually in the room temperature.

5. Handling after chip mounted

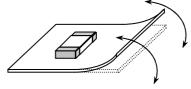
5.1 Proper handling is recommended, since excessive bending and twist of the board, depends on the orientation of the chip on the board, may induce mechanical stress and cause internal crack in the capacitor.

Higher potential of crack

Lower potential of crack



Lower potential of order



5.2 There is a potential of crack if board is warped due to excessive load by check pin

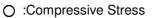






- 5.3 Mechanical stress due to warping and torsion.
 - (a) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by manual separation.
 - (b) Crack occurrence ratio will be increased by tensile force , rather than compressive force.

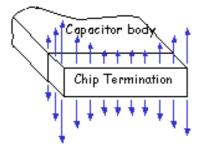


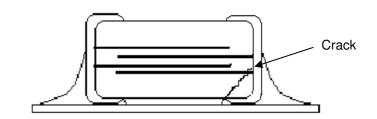


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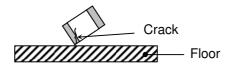




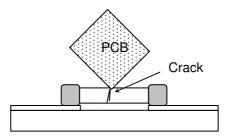


6. Handling of Loose Chip Capacitor

6.1 If dropped the chip capacitor may crack.



6.2 In piling and stacking of the P.C. boards after mounting for storage or handling, the corner of the P.C. board may hit the chip capacitor mounted on another board to cause crack.



7. Safekeeping condition and period

For safekeeping of the products, we recommend to keep the storage temperature between +5 to +40 $^{\circ}$ C and under humidity of 20 to 70% RH. The shelf life of capacitors is 12 months.

