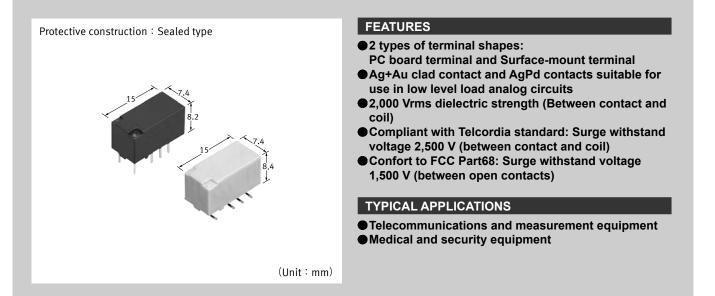
# **ANASONIC** INDUSTRY

#### Signal Relays (2A or less)

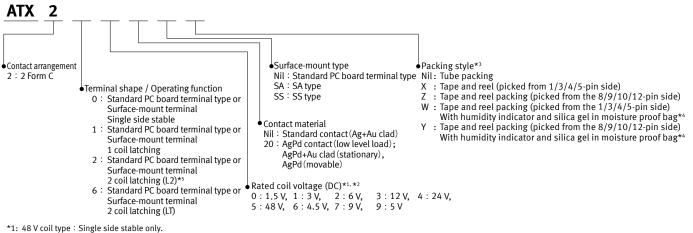
BSI. ROHS

# **X** RELAYS

# 2,000 Vrms dielectric strength, 2 Form C and 2A relays



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION (PART NO. : Ordering part number for Japanese market)**



\*2: In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay.
\*3: The "W" and "Y" at the end of the part number only appears on the inner and outer packing.

It does not appear on the relay itself. \*4: Each reel is packed with humidity indicators and silica gel in the moisuture proof pack.

\*5: Please contact our sales representative for detailed specifications when using L2 of the operation function.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION (TYPE NO. : Ordering part number for non Japanese market)** TX 2 Surface-mount type Packing style\*<sup>3</sup> Nil: Tube packing Contact material Nil : Standard PC board terminal type SA : SA type Nil : Standard contact (Ag+Au clad) 1 : AgPd contact(low level load); X : Tape and reel (picked from 1/3/4/5-pin side) Y : Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side) W : Tape and reel packing (picked from the 1/3/4/5-pin side) With humidity indicator and silica gel in moisture proof bag\*<sup>4</sup> SS : SS type AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (movable) Contact arrangement • Rated coil voltage (DC)\*1,\*2 Y : Tape and reel packing (picked from the 8/9/10/12-pin side) 2:2 Form C 1.5, 3, 4.5, 5, 6, 9, 12, 24, 48V With humidity indicator and silica gel in moisture proof bag\*4 Operating function Nil : Single side stable : 1 coil latching 1 L2 : 2 coil latching (SET = 1,6 Pin)\*5 LT : 2 coil latching (SET = 1,12 Pin) \*1: 48 V coil type : Single side stable only. \*2: In case of 5 V transistor drive circuit, it is recommended to use 4.5 V type relay. \*3: The "W" and "Y" at the end of the part number only appears on the inner and outer packing.

It does not appear on the relay itself. \*4: Each reel is packed with humidity indicators and silica gel in the moisuture proof pack.

\*5: Please contact our sales representative for detailed specifications when using L2 of the operation function.

#### TYPES

" Type No. " is ordering part number for non Japanese market. " Part No. " is ordering part number for Japanese market.

#### PC board terminal

#### Tube packing

| Contact     | Datad sail | Rated coil Single side stable |          | 2 coil lato | 2 coil latching (LT) |                            |                 |
|-------------|------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| arrangement | voltage    | Type No.                      | Part No. | Type No.    | Part No.             | Carton<br>(1 Tube packing) | Outer<br>carton |
|             | 1.5 V DC   | TX2-1.5V                      | ATX200   | TX2-LT-1.5V | ATX260               |                            |                 |
|             | 3 V DC     | TX2-3V                        | ATX201   | TX2-LT-3V   | ATX261               |                            |                 |
|             | 4.5 V DC   | TX2-4.5V                      | ATX206   | TX2-LT-4.5V | ATX266               |                            |                 |
|             | 5 V DC     | TX2-5V                        | ATX209   | TX2-LT-5V   | ATX269               |                            |                 |
| 2 Form C    | 6 V DC     | TX2-6V                        | ATX202   | TX2-LT-6V   | ATX262               | 40 pcs.                    | 1,000 pcs.      |
|             | 9 V DC     | TX2-9V                        | ATX207   | TX2-LT-9V   | ATX267               |                            |                 |
|             | 12 V DC    | TX2-12V                       | ATX203   | TX2-LT-12V  | ATX263               |                            |                 |
|             | 24 V DC    | TX2-24V                       | ATX204   | TX2-LT-24V  | ATX264               | 1                          |                 |
|             | 48 V DC    | TX2-48V                       | ATX205   | -           | -                    |                            |                 |

Note: Please add "-1" to the end of the type number or "20" to the end of the part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

#### Surface-mount terminal

SA Type: Tube packing

| Contact     | Rated coil | Single si  | de stable | 2 coil lato   | Standard packing |                            |                 |
|-------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| arrangement | voltage    | Туре No.   | Part No.  | Туре No.      | Part No.         | Carton<br>(1 Tube packing) | Outer<br>carton |
|             | 1.5 V DC   | TX2SA-1.5V | ATX200SA  | TX2SA-LT-1.5V | ATX260SA         | 40 pcs.                    |                 |
|             | 3 V DC     | TX2SA-3V   | ATX201SA  | TX2SA-LT-3V   | ATX261SA         |                            |                 |
|             | 4.5 V DC   | TX2SA-4.5V | ATX206SA  | TX2SA-LT-4.5V | ATX266SA         |                            |                 |
|             | 5 V DC     | TX2SA-5V   | ATX209SA  | TX2SA-LT-5V   | ATX269SA         |                            |                 |
| 2 Form C    | 6 V DC     | TX2SA-6V   | ATX202SA  | TX2SA-LT-6V   | ATX262SA         |                            | 1,000 pcs.      |
|             | 9 V DC     | TX2SA-9V   | ATX207SA  | TX2SA-LT-9V   | ATX267SA         |                            |                 |
|             | 12 V DC    | TX2SA-12V  | ATX203SA  | TX2SA-LT-12V  | ATX263SA         |                            |                 |
|             | 24 V DC    | TX2SA-24V  | ATX204SA  | TX2SA-LT-24V  | ATX264SA         |                            |                 |
|             | 48 V DC    | TX2SA-48V  | ATX205SA  | _             | -                |                            |                 |

Note : Please add "-1" to the end of the type number or "20" to be added in front of "surface-mount type" in part number for AgPd contacts (low level load).

— 2 —

#### SA Type: Tape and reel packing: Z

| Contact     | Rated coil | Single si    | de stable | 2 coil lato     | hing (LT) | Standard           | l packing       |
|-------------|------------|--------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| arrangement |            | Туре No.     | Part No.  | Туре No.        | Part No.  | Carton<br>(1-Reel) | Outer<br>carton |
|             | 1.5 V DC   | TX2SA-1.5V-Z | ATX200SAZ | TX2SA-LT-1.5V-Z | ATX260SAZ | 500 pcs.           |                 |
|             | 3 V DC     | TX2SA-3V-Z   | ATX201SAZ | TX2SA-LT-3V-Z   | ATX261SAZ |                    |                 |
|             | 4.5 V DC   | TX2SA-4.5V-Z | ATX206SAZ | TX2SA-LT-4.5V-Z | ATX266SAZ |                    |                 |
|             | 5 V DC     | TX2SA-5V-Z   | ATX209SAZ | TX2SA-LT-5V-Z   | ATX269SAZ |                    |                 |
| 2 Form C    | 6 V DC     | TX2SA-6V-Z   | ATX202SAZ | TX2SA-LT-6V-Z   | ATX262SAZ |                    | 1,000 pcs.      |
|             | 9 V DC     | TX2SA-9V-Z   | ATX207SAZ | TX2SA-LT-9V-Z   | ATX267SAZ |                    |                 |
|             | 12 V DC    | TX2SA-12V-Z  | ATX203SAZ | TX2SA-LT-12V-Z  | ATX263SAZ |                    |                 |
|             | 24 V DC    | TX2SA-24V-Z  | ATX204SAZ | TX2SA-LT-24V-Z  | ATX264SAZ |                    |                 |
|             | 48 V DC    | TX2SA-48V-Z  | ATX205SAZ | -               | _         |                    |                 |

Notes: 1. Please add "-1" to the end of the type number or "20" to be added in front of "surface-mount type" in part number for AgPd contacts (low level load). 2. For X, W and Y tape and reel packing, please replace the "Z" at the end of the part number with "X", "W" or "Y". 3. If you need the PC board terminal, 1 coil latching and 2 coil latching (L2) of surface-mount terminal, please inquire our sales office for details.

#### RATING

#### Coil data

• Operating characteristics such as "Operate voltage" and "Release voltage" are influenced by mounting conditions or ambient temperature, etc.

Therefore, please use the relay within ±5% of rated coil voltage.

• "Initial" means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

#### Single side stable

| Rated coil voltage | Operate voltage*<br>(at 20°C)    | Release voltage*<br>(at 20°C)       | Rated operating<br>current<br>(±10%, at 20°C) | Coil resistance<br>(±10%, at 20°C) | Rated operating power | Max. allowable<br>voltage<br>(at 20°C) |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 1.5 V DC           |                                  |                                     | 93.8 mA                                       | 16 Ω                               |                       |  |
| 3 V DC             |                                  |                                     | 46.7 mA                                       | 64.3 Ω                             |                       | 150% V of<br>rated coil voltage        |
| 4.5 V DC           | ]                                |                                     | 31 mA   | 145 Ω                              |                       |  |
| 5 V DC             | 1                                |                                     | 28.1 mA                                       | 178 Ω                              | - 140 mW              |  |
| 6 V DC             | Max. 75% V of rated coil voltage | Min. 10% V of<br>rated coil voltage | 23.3 mA                                       | 257 Ω                              |                       |  |
| 9 V DC             | (Initial)                        | (Initial)                           | 15.5 mA                                       | 579 Ω                              |                       |  |
| 12 V DC            | ]                                |                                     | 11.7 mA                                       | 1,028 Ω                            |                       |  |
| 24 V DC            | ]                                |                                     | 5.8 mA  | 4,114 Ω                            |                       |  |
| 48 V DC            |                                  |                                     | 5.6 mA  | 8,533 Ω                            | 270 mW                | 120% V of<br>rated coil voltage        |

\*square, pulse drive

2 coil latching

| Rated coil<br>voltage | Set voltage*<br>(at 20°C)       | Reset voltage*<br>(at 20°C)     | Rated operating<br>current<br>(±10%, at 20°C) |            | Coil resistance<br>(±10%, at 20°C) |            | Rated oper | ating power | Max. allowable<br>voltage |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------|------------------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------------------|
|                       |                                 |                                 | Set coil                                      | Reset coil | Set coil                           | Reset coil | Set coil   | Reset coil  | (at 20°C)                 |
| 1.5 V DC              |                                 |                                 | 133.9 mA                                      | 133.9 mA   | 11.2 Ω                             | 11.2 Ω     |            |             |                           |
| 3 V DC                |                                 |                                 | 66.7 mA                                       | 66.7 mA    | 45 Ω                               | 45 Ω       |            | 200 mW      |                           |
| 4.5 V DC              |                                 |                                 | 44.5 mA                                       | 44.5 mA    | 101.2 Ω                            | 101.2 Ω    |            |             |                           |
| 5 V DC                | Max. 75% V of                   | Min. 10% V of                   | 40 mA   | 40 mA      | 125 Ω                              | 125 Ω      | 200 mW     |             | 150% V of                 |
| 6 V DC                | rated coil voltage<br>(Initial) | rated coil voltage<br>(Initial) | 33.3 mA                                       | 33.3 mA    | 180 Ω                              | 180 Ω      | 200 11100  | 200 11100   | rated coil voltage        |
| 9 V DC                |                                 |                                 | 22.2 mA                                       | 22.2 mA    | 405 Ω                              | 405 Ω      |            |             |                           |
| 12 V DC               |                                 |                                 | 16.7 mA                                       | 16.7 mA    | 720 Ω                              | 720 Ω      |            |             |                           |
| 24 V DC               |                                 |                                 | 8.3 mA  | 8.3 mA     | 2,880 Ω                            | 2,880 Ω    |            |             |                           |

\*square, pulse drive

#### Specifications

| Item  |   |   | Specifications                |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|   |   | Standard contact  | AgPd contact (low level load) |  |  |  |  |
|   | Contact arrangement                     | 2 Form C  |                               |  |  |  |  |
|   | Contact resistance<br>(initial)         | Max. 100 mΩ (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)  |                               |  |  |  |  |
|   | Contact material                        | Ag+Au clad AgPd+Au clad (stationary), AgPd (moval   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Contact data  | Contact rating (resistive)              | 2 A 30 V DC   | 1 A 30 V DC                   |  |  |  |  |
| Contact data  | Max. switching power<br>(resistive)     | 60 W (DC)   | 30 W (DC)                     |  |  |  |  |
|   | Max. switching voltage                  | 220 V DC  |                               |  |  |  |  |
|   | Max. switching current                  | 2 A (DC)  | 1 A (DC)                      |  |  |  |  |
|   | Min. switching load (reference value)*1 | 10 µA 10 mV DC  |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Insulation resista  | ance (initial)                          | Min. 1,000 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
|   | Between open contacts                   | 1,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Dielectric<br>strength (initial)                            | Between contact and coil                | 2,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
|   | Between contact sets                    | 1,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Surge   | Between open contacts                   | 1,500 V 10 × 160 μs   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| withstand<br>voltage (initial)                              | Between contact and coil                | 2,500 V 2 × 10 μs   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Time  | Operate (Set) time                      | Max. 4 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce)<br>[Max. 4ms (at 20°C, without bounce)]   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| characteristics<br>(initial)                                | Release (Reset) time                    | Max. 4 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce, without diode)<br>[Max. 4ms (at 20°C, without bounce)]  |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Shock   | Functional                              | 750 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 6 ms, detection time: 10 μs)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| resistance  | Destructive                             | 1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> (half-sine shock pulse: 6 ms)  |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration   | Functional                              | 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of: 3.3 mm, de   | tection time: 10 µs)          |  |  |  |  |
| resistance  | Destructive                             | 10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of: 5 mm)  |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Expected life   | Mechanical life                         | Min. 100 x 10 <sup>e</sup> ope. (Switching frequency: at 180 times/min)   |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Conditions Conditions for usage,<br>transport and storage*2 |   | Ambient temperature: -40 to +85°C (1.5 to 24 V DC), -40 to +70°C (48 V DC), (Allowable temperature is from -40 to +70°C at our standard packing condition.)<br>Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) |                               |  |  |  |  |
| Unit weight   |   | Approx. 2 g   |                               |  |  |  |  |

Note: For AC load, please inquire our sales office for details.

\*1: This value is a rough indication of the lower limit at which switching is possible at micro load level.

This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load. AgPd contact is recommended for low level load (Max. 10 V DC, 10 mA level).

\*2: For ambient temperature, please refer to the "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

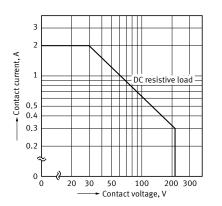
#### Electrical life

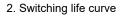
Conditions: resistance load, switching frequency at 20 times / minute.

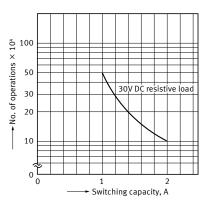
| Туре     | Switching capacity | Number of operations            |
|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 2 Form C | 1 A 30 V DC        | Min. 500 x 10 <sup>3</sup> ope. |
| 2 Form C | 2 A 30 V DC        | Min. 100 x 10 <sup>3</sup> ope. |

#### **REFERENCE DATA**

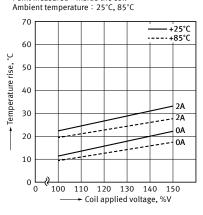
1. Max. switching capacity







3. Coil temperature rise value (Average) Tested sample : TX2-5V, 6 pcs. Point measured : Inside the coil



#### 4. Ambient temperature characteristics (Average)

50

-40 %

-30

-20

-10

20 40

-10

-20

30

40

-50

60 80

Ambient

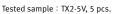
Ave

-Rate of -change,

1

Operate

voltage

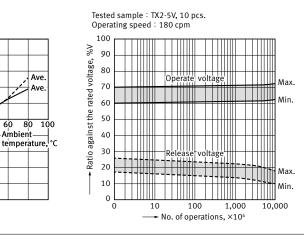


-40 20 ò

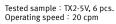
Release

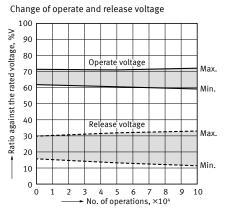
voltage

#### 5. Mechanical life

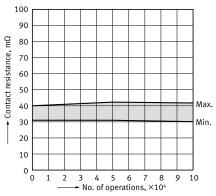


6. Electrical life test (2 A 30 V DC resistive load)

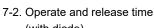


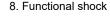


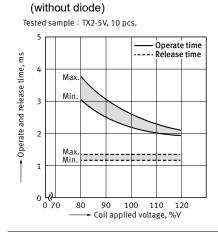
#### Change of contact resistance



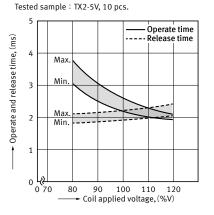
### 7-1. Operate and release time



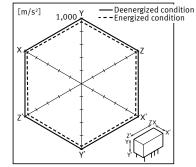




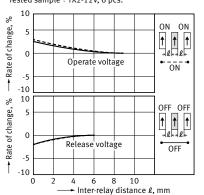
# (with diode)



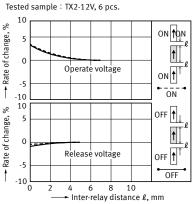
Tested sample : TX2-5V, 6 pcs.



9-1. Influence of proximity mounting Tested sample : TX2-12V, 6 pcs.



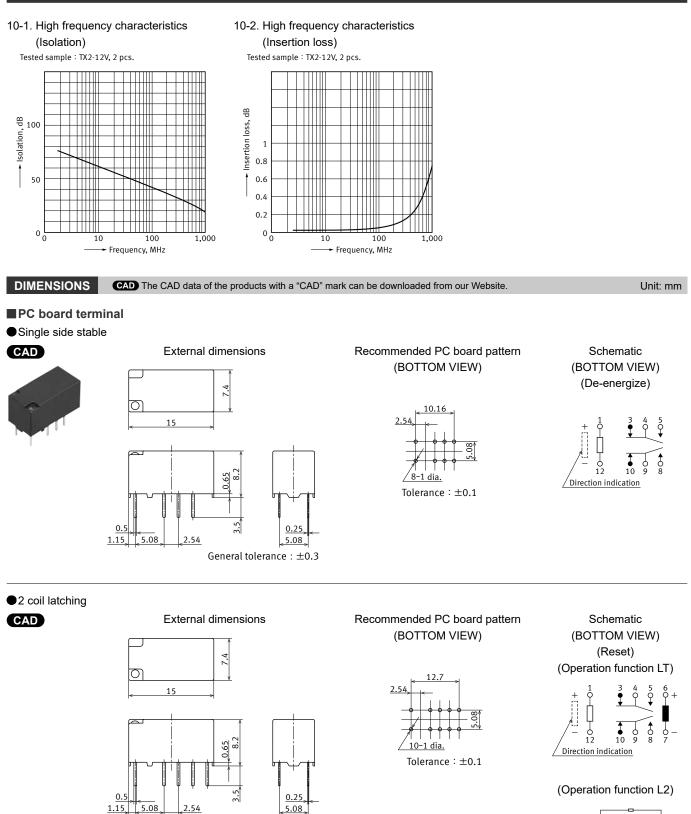
## 9-2. Influence of proximity mounting

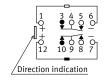


Panasonic Corporation Electromechanical Control Business Division industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/

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### Signal Relays (2A or less) TX RELAYS





Note: If you need the recommended PC board pattern and schematic, please inquire our sales office for details.

General tolerance :  $\pm 0.3$ 

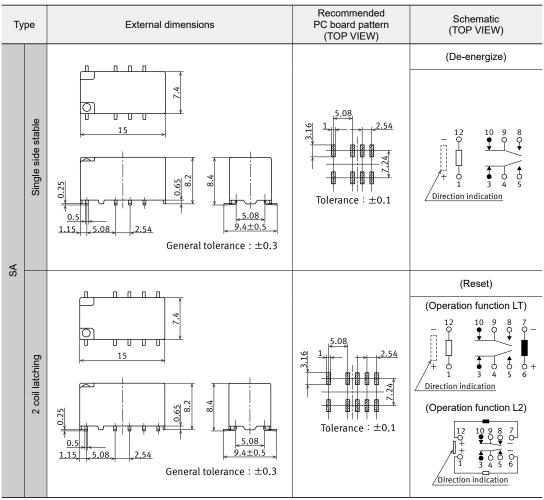
54

- 6 —

#### Surface-mount terminal

#### CAD





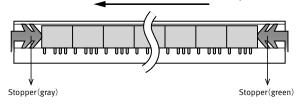
Note: If you need the recommended PC board pattern and schematic, please inquire our sales office for details.

#### PACKING STYLE

#### Tube packing

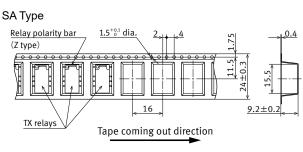
- The relay is packing in a tube with the relay orientation mark on the left side, as shown in the figure below.
  Be sure to maintain relays in the correct orientation when mounting on PC boards.
- 2. Conditions for operation, transport and storage : -40 to 70°C.

#### Orientation (indicates PIN No.1) stripe

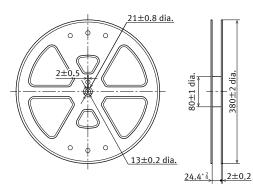


#### Taping packaging

#### 1. Tape dimensions



2. Dimensions of plastic reel



3. Conditions for operation, transport and storage : –40 to  $70^{\circ}$ C.

Unit: mm

#### EXAMPLE OF RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

#### For cautions for use, please read "Relay Soldering and Cleaning Guidelines" and "SMT Soldering Guidelines".

#### PC board terminal

#### In case of hand soldering, the following conditions should be observed.

The effect on the relay depends on the PC board used. Please verify the actual PC board to be used.

| Automatic soldering (F | low) |
|------------------------|------|
|------------------------|------|

|                        | 5 ( )       |                       |                            |
|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Recommended conditions | Temperature | Time                  | Measurement<br>location    |
| Preheating             | Max. 120°C  | Within 120<br>seconds | Solder surface<br>terminal |
| Soldering              | 260°C ± 5°C | Within 6<br>seconds   | Solder<br>temperature      |

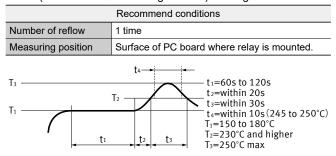
|   |   |   |     |    | -  | _  |    | - |  |
|---|---|---|-----|----|----|----|----|---|--|
| ( | 0 | н | and | so | ld | er | in | g |  |

| Time             | Measurement<br>location |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| Within 3 seconds | Tip temperature         |
|                  | Within 3                |

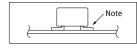
#### Surface-mount terminal

In case of automatic soldering (reflow), the following conditions should be observed.

#### IRS (infrared reflow soldering method) heating conditions



#### Measuring position of temperature profile



Note : The soldering temperature profile indicates the pad temperature. In some cases, the ambient temperature may be greatly increased. Check for the specific mounting condition.

#### Other things to observe

- Exceeding the stipulated conditions when soldering may affect coaxial switch performance. Be sure to consult us beforehand.
- Since thermal stress on a relay will depend on the PC board and process conditions, please be sure to test using the actual PC board.

Mounting cautions

Cautions to observe when mounting temperature increases in the relay are greatly dependent on the way different parts are located a PC board and the heating method of the reflow device. Therefore, please conduct testing on the actual device beforehand after making sure the parts soldered on the relay terminals and the top of the relay case are within the temperature conditions.

- Creep-up, wettability and solder strength will differ depending on changes in the mounting conditions and type of solder.
  Please evaluate based on actual production conditions.
- Only apply coating after the relay has returned to room temperature.

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information.

# SAFETY STANDARDS

| File No. | Contact rating           | Operations            | Ambient<br>temperature |
|----------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
|          | 2 A 30 V DC Resistive    | 100 × 10 <sup>3</sup> | 40°C                   |
| E43149   | 0.5 A 125 V AC Resistive | 100 × 10 <sup>3</sup> | 40°C                   |
|          | 0.3 A 110 V DC Resistive | 100 × 10 <sup>3</sup> | 40°C                   |

#### BSI (Approved)

BSI standard approved by File No. VC659956 (basic insulation).

#### CSA (Approved)

CSA standard approved by C-UL.

#### **GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR SIGNAL RELAYS USAGE" and "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

#### Cautions for usage of TX relay

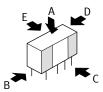
#### Latching

- Use latching when conditions involve continuous carrying current.
- Regarding the set and reset pulse time, for the purpose of reliable operation under ambient temperature fluctuations and different operating conditions, we recommend setting the coil applied set and reset pulse time to 10 ms or more at the rated coil voltage.
- The relay is shipped in the reset position. But jolts during transport or impacts during installation can change the reset position. It is, therefore, advisable to build a circuit in which the relay can be initialized (set and reset) just after turning on the power.

#### External magnetic field

Since TX relays are highly sensitive polarized relays, their characteristics will be affected by a strong external magnetic field. Avoid using the relay under that condition.

Precautions for usage of automatic insertion machine Set the chucking pressure of the pick-up mechanism by the automatic mounting machine with the pressure shown in table 1 to maintain the internal function of the relay.



Please chuck the portion. Avoid chucking the center of the relay. In addition, excessive chucking pressure to the pinpoint of the relay should be also avoided.

Table 1: Chucking pressure

| A, B and D direction | Max. 9.8 N (1 kgf)  |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| C and E direction    | Max. 4.9 N (500 gf) |

#### For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR COIL INPUT

#### Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts)

Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

#### DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil.

The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%. However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary.

The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

#### Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity(+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic).

If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work.

Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

#### Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil.

Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise.

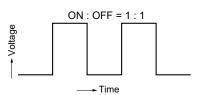
Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

Temperature rise due to pulse voltage

When a pulse voltage with ON time of less than 2 minutes is used, the coil temperature rise bares no relationship to the ON time.

This varies with the ratio of ON time to OFF time, and compared with continuous current passage, it is rather small. The various relays are essentially the same in this respect.

| Current passage time   | %                              |  |  |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| For continuous passage | Temperature rise value is 100% |  |  |
| ON : OFF = 3 : 1       | About 80%                      |  |  |
| ON : OFF = 1 : 1       | About 50%                      |  |  |
| ON : OFF = 1 : 3       | About 35%                      |  |  |



Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise (hot start) In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere.

The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases.

That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value.

However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

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#### NOTES

#### Usage, Storage, and Transport Conditions

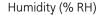
During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subject to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity, and pressure conditions.

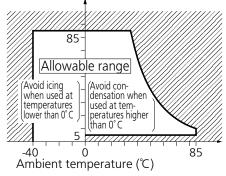
The allowable specifications for environments suitable for usage, storage, and transportation are given below.

 Temperature: The allowable temperature range differs for each relay, so refer to the relay's individual specifications. In addition, when transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases when the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this situation, be sure to consult the individual specifications.

#### 2) Humidity: 5 to 85% RH

The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph. (The allowable temperature depends on the relays.)





3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa

#### Condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay and microwave device is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity.

Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

#### lcing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C.

This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

#### Low temperature and low humidity

The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/or it may interfere with the functions.

Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

#### Storage requirements

Since the surface-mount terminal type is sensitive to humidity it is packaged with tightly sealed anti-humidity packaging. However, when storing, please be careful of the following.

- Please use promptly once the anti-humidity pack is opened. (within 72 hours, Max. 30°C / 70% RH).
  If left with the pack open, the relay will absorb moisture which will cause thermal stress when reflow mounting and thus cause the case to expand. As a result, the seal may break.
- If relays will not be used within 72 hours, please store relays in a humidity controlled desiccator or in an anti-humidity bag to which silica gel has been added.

\* If the relay is to be soldered after it has been exposed to excessive humidity atmosphere, cracks and leaks can occur. Be sure to mount the relay under the required mounting conditions.

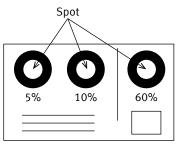
- 3) When relays (which is packaged with humidity indicator and silica gel) meeting one of below criteria, please bake (dry) before use.
  - When the storage conditions specified in 1) are exceeded.
  - When humidity indicator is in **I** or **I** status according to judgement standard.

#### <How to judge>

Please check humidity indicator color and decide if baking is necessary or not.

#### • : indicate brown, $\circ$ : Other than brown (blueish color)

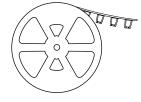
| $\square$ | 5% | 10% | 60% | Bake treatment<br>necessity judgment |
|-----------|----|-----|-----|--------------------------------------|
| Ι         | •  | •   | •   | No need to bake                      |
| Π         | 0  | •   | •   | No need to bake                      |
| Ш         | 0  | 0   | •   | Need to bake                         |
| IV        | 0  | 0   | 0   | Need to bake                         |



Humidity indicator card

#### <Baking (Drying) conditions>

• With reel : 45°C, 96 hours or more.



• Without reel (including relay only) : 60°C, 35 hours or more.



 The following cautionary label is affixed to the anti-humidity pack.

### Caution

This vacuum-sealed bag contains

#### **Moisture Sensitive Products**

After this bag is opened, the product must be used

#### within 72 hours

If product is not used within 72 hours, baking is necessary. For baking conditions please contact us.

#### Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure.

Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

#### NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85% RH or higher (at 20°C).

If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

#### OTHERS

#### Cleaning

- Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type,etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.
- 2) Surface-mount terminal type relay is sealed type and it can be cleaned by immersion.

Use pure water or alcohol-based cleaning solvent.

 Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended (The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower). Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays.
Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or

slight sticking of the contacts due to the ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product. •Requests to customers: https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Please contact .....

# Panasonic Corporation

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