# 6MHZ CMOS Rail-to-Rail IO Opamps

#### **Features**

• Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V

• Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

• Gain-Bandwidth Product: 6MHz (Typ)

• Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ)

Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max)

• Quiescent Current: 470µA per Amplifier (Typ)

• Chip Select with GS8631NH( active High ) and

GS8631NL(active Low)

• Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

Small Package:

GS8631 Available in SOT23-5, SOP-8 and SC70-5 Packages

GS8631NH Available in SOT23-6, SC70-6 Packages GS8631NL Available in SOT23-6, SC70-6 Packages

GS8632 Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages

GS8634 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

# **General Description**

The GS863X have a high gain-bandwidth product of 6MHz, a slew rate of 4.2V/μs, and a quiescent current of 470μA per amplifier at 5V. The GS863X are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS863X. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40° to +125°). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8631 single is available in Green SC70-5, SOT23-5 and SOP-8 packages. The GS8631NH single is available in Green SC70-6 and SOT23-6 packages. The GS8631NL single is available in Green SC70-6 and SOT23-6 packages. The GS8634 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

# **Applications**

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- Cellular and Cordless Phones
- Laptops and PDAs

- Audio
- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

# **Pin Configuration**

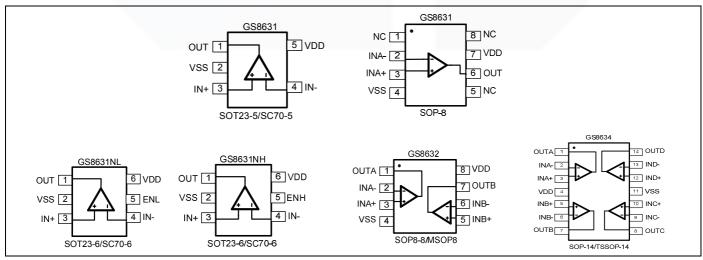


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram





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# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Max
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C
Junction Temperature	+160	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260	°C
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25℃)		
SOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	125°C	C/W
MSOP-8, $\theta_{JA}$	216°C	C/W
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190°C	C/W
SOT23-6, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190°C	C/W
SC70-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	333°C	C/W
SC70-6, θ <sub>JA</sub>	333°C	C/W
ESD Susceptibility		
НВМ	8K	V
MM	400	V

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.



# **Package/Ordering Information**

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE	PACKAGE	MARKING
			DESCRIPTION	OPTION	INFORMATION
		GS8631-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8631
GS8631	Single	GS8631-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8631
		GS8631-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8631
CCCCANIII	Cimalo	GS8631NH-CR	SC70-6	Tape and Reel,3000	31NH
GS8631NH	Single	GS8631NH-TR	SOT23-6	Tape and Reel,3000	8631NH
CCCCANI	Cimalo	GS8631NL-CR	SC70-6	Tape and Reel,3000	31NL
GS8631NL	Single	GS8631NL-TR	SOT23-6	Tape and Reel,3000	8631NL
00000	Deval	GS8632-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8632
GS8632	Dual	GS8632-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8632
00001	Ound	GS8634-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8634
GS8634	Quad	GS8634-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8634







# **Electrical Characteristics**

(At Vs=5V,  $T_A$  = +25 °C,  $V_{CM}$  =  $V_S/2$ ,  $R_L$  = 600  $\Omega$  , unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8631/2/4/8631NL/8631NH						
		TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to	-40℃	-40 ℃ to	UNITS	MIN /
				70℃	to 85℃	125℃		MAX
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				•	_			
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)		8.0	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I <sub>B</sub> )		1					pA	TYP
Input Offset Current (Ios)		1					pА	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range ( $V_{CM}$ )	V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5V	-0.1 to					V	TYP
		+5.6						
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_S = 5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	90	73	70	70	65	dB	MIN
	$V_S = 5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 5.6V	83					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A <sub>OL</sub> )	$R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 0.15V \text{ to } 4.85V$	97	90	87	86	79	dB	MIN
	$R_L = 10k\Omega, V_O = 0.05V \text{ to } 4.95V$	108					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ( $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$ )		2.4					μV/°C	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	R <sub>L</sub> = 600Ω	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I <sub>OUT</sub> )		53	49	45	40	35	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 200kHz, G = 1	3					Ω	TYP
POWER-DOWN DISABLE								
Turn-On Time		4					μs	TYP
Turn-Off Time		1.2					μs	TYP
POWER SUPPLY				•				
Operating Voltage Range			2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	V	MIN
			5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V <sub>S</sub> = +2.5V to +5.5V							
	$V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5V$	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (I <sub>O</sub> )	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0	470	650	727	750	815	μA	MAX





# **Electrical Characteristics**

(At Vs=5V,  $T_A$  = +25 °C,  $V_{CM}$  =  $V_S/2$ ,  $R_L$  = 600  $\Omega$  , unless otherwise noted.)

		GS8631/2/4/8631NL/8631NH							
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP		MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to	-40℃ to	-40°C to	UNITS	MIN /	
				70℃	85℃	<b>125</b> ℃		MAX	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE									
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF$	6					MHz	TYP	
Phase Margin (φ <sub>O</sub> )	$R_L = 10k\Omega, C_L = 100pF$	53					Degrees	TYP	
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	$<$ 1% distortion, R <sub>L</sub> = 600 $\Omega$	250					kHz	TYP	
Slew Rate (SR)	$G = +1$ , 2V Step, $R_L = 10$ kΩ	4.2					V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1% (t <sub>S</sub> )	G = +1, 2V Step, $R_L$ = $600\Omega$	0.4					μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time	V <sub>IN</sub> ·Gain = VS, R <sub>L</sub> = 600Ω	2.5					μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE									
Voltage Noise Density (e <sub>n</sub> )	f = 1kHz	13					$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	
	f = 10kHz	9.5					$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	



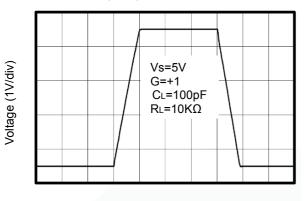


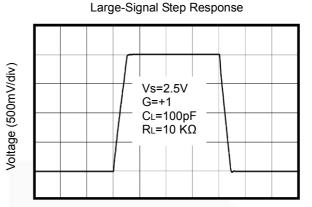


# **Typical Performance characteristics**

(At Vs=5V, TA = +25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  , VcM = Vs/2, RL = 600  $\!\Omega$  , unless otherwise noted.)



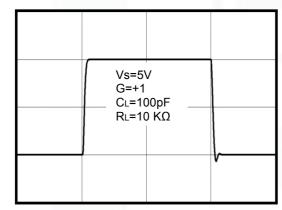




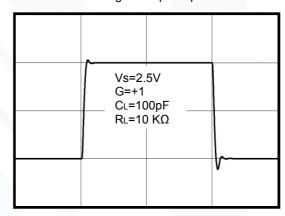
Time (1µs/div)

Time (1µs/div)





Small-Signal Step Response

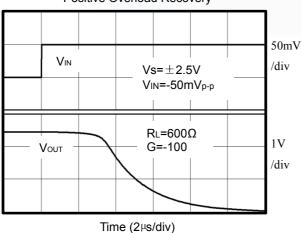


Voltage (50mV/div)

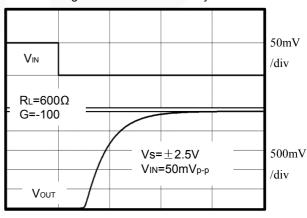
Time (1µs/div)

Time (1µs/div)

# Positive Overload Recovery



**Negative Overload Recovery** 



Time (2µs/div)

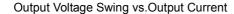


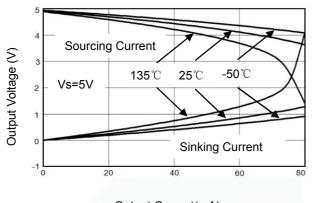
Voltage (50mV/div)



# **Typical Performance characteristics**

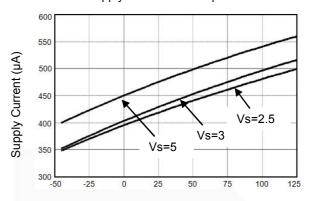
(At Vs=5V,  $T_A$  = +25°C,  $V_{CM}$  = Vs/2,  $R_L$  = 600 $\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.)





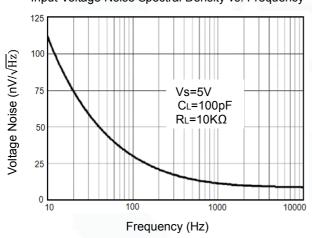
Output Current(mA)

Supply Current vs. Temperature

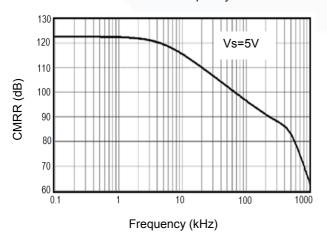


Temperature (°C)

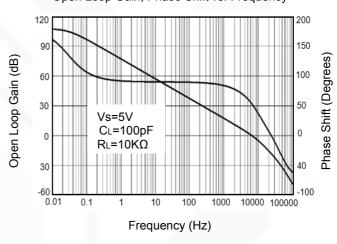
Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs. Frequency



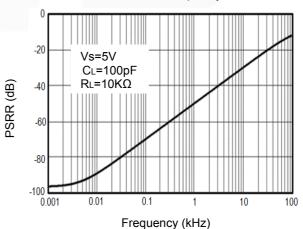
CMRR vs. Frequency



Open Loop Gain, Phase Shift vs. Frequency



PSRR vs. Frequency







# **Application Note**

#### Size

GS863X series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS863X series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

## **Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout**

GS863X series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual  $\pm 1.05$ V to  $\pm 2.75$ V supplies. For best performance, a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the  $V_{DD}$  pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitors.

## **Low Supply Current**

The low supply current (typical 470µA per channel) of GS863X series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

## **Operating Voltage**

GS863X series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

## Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS863X series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Output**

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS863X series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k $\Omega$ ), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k $\Omega$ ).

### **Capacitive Load Tolerance**

The GS863x family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

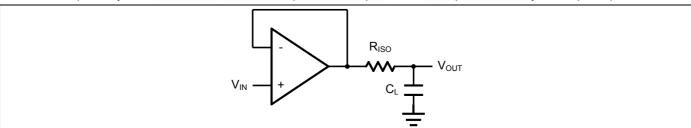


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor







The bigger the  $R_{ISO}$  resistor value, the more stable  $V_{OUT}$  will be. However, if there is a resistive load  $R_L$  in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to  $R_{ISO}/R_L$ ) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2.  $R_F$  provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the  $V_{IN}$  to  $R_L$ .  $C_F$  and  $R_{ISO}$  serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of  $C_F$ . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

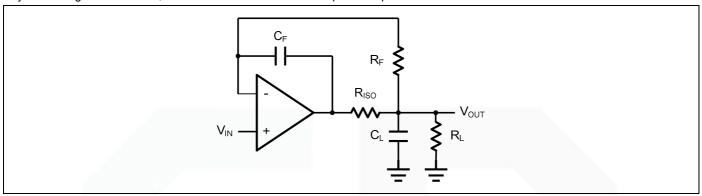


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy







# **Typical Application Circuits**

## **Differential amplifier**

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS863X.

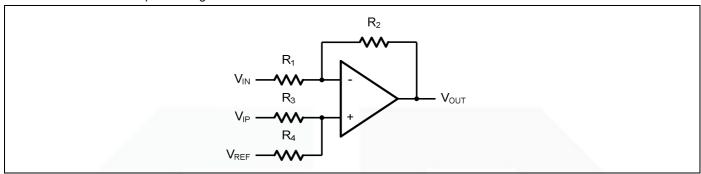


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R<sub>1</sub>=R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

### **Low Pass Active Filter**

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by  $-R_2/R_1$ . The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency  $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$ .

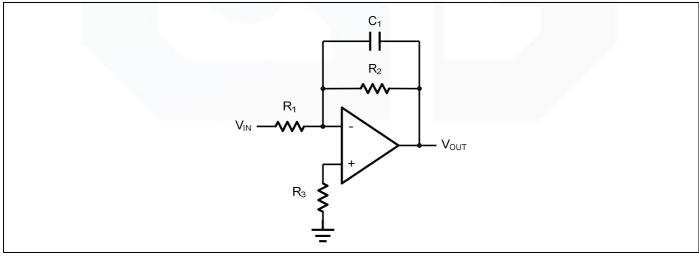


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter





# **Instrumentation Amplifier**

The triple GS863X can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of  $R_2/R_1$ . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

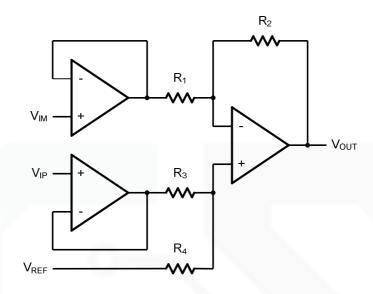
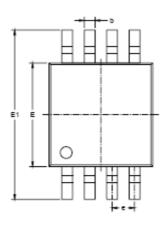


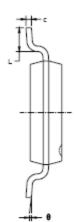
Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

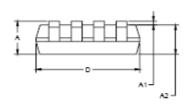


# **Package Information**

# MSOP-8



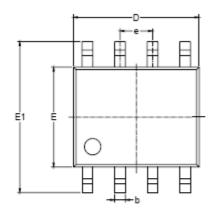


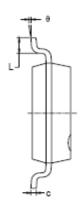


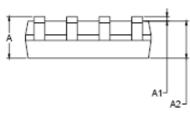
Symbol	Dimen In Milli		Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650	0.650 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	



## SOP-8



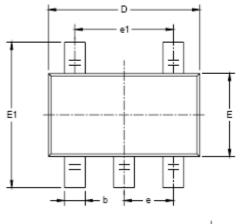


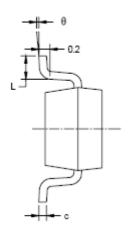


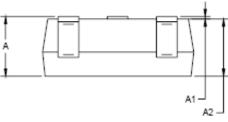
Symbol		nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	1.27 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
е	0°	8°	0°	8°	



# SOT23-5



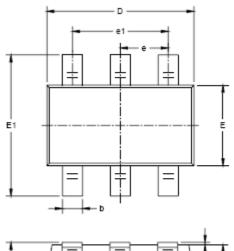


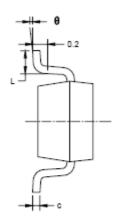


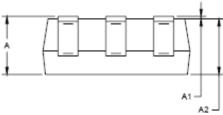
Symbol	Dimer In Milli	isions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	BSC	0.037	BSC	
e1	1.900	1.900 BSC		BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



# SOT23-6



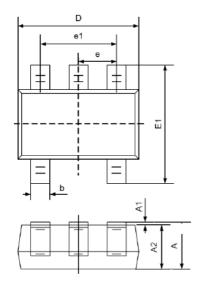


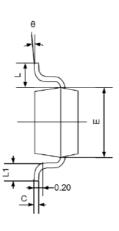


Symbol		nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	BSC	0.037	BSC	
e1	1.900	1.900 BSC		BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



#### SC70-5



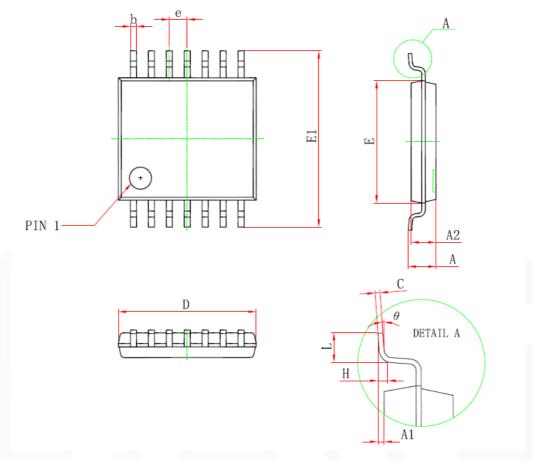


	Dimens	sions	Dimens	sions
Symbol	In Milli	meters	In Inch	es
	Min	Max	Min	Max
Α	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096
е	0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055
L	0.525REF		0.021REF	
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°





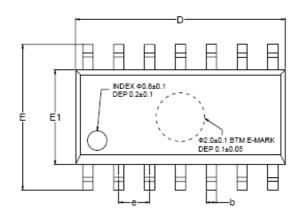
## TSSOP-14

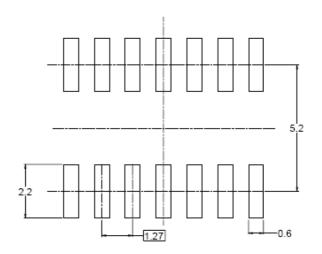


Share had	Dimensions In	Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbo1	Min	Max	Min	Max	
D	4.900	5. 100	0.193	0.201	
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177	
ь	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012	
с	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008	
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258	
A		1.200		0.047	
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039	
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006	
e	0.65	BSC)	0.026	(BSC)	
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028	
Н	0.25(TYP)		0.01(	TYP)	
θ	1°	7°	1 °	7°	

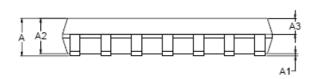


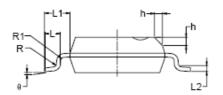
## **SOP-14**





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

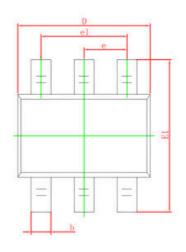


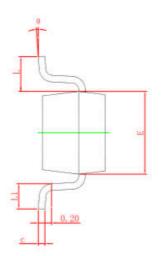


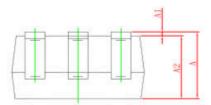
Comple ed	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е		1.27 BSC			0.050 BSC	
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1		1.04 REF			0.040 REF	
L2		0.25 BSC			0.01 BSC	
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°



# SC70-6







Symbol	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimension	s In Inches	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Α	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.110	0.175	0.004	0.007	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
е	0.650	TYP.	0.026 TYP.		
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
L	0.525	REF.	0.021	REF.	
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	