

Features

Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V

· Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

Gain-Bandwidth Product: 3MHz (Typ)Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ)

Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max)

Quiescent Current: 250µA per Amplifier (Typ)

Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

Small Package:

GS8621 Available in SOT23-5, SOP-8 and SC70-5 Packages

GS8622 Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages GS8624 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

General Description

The GS8621/22/24 have a high gain-bandwidth product of 3MHz, a slew rate of 1.66V/μs, and a quiescent current of 250μA per amplifier at 5V. The GS8621/22/24 are designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8621/22/24. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8621 single is available in Green SC70-5, SOT23-5 and SOP-8 packages. The GS8622 dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages. The GS8624 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

Applications

- Sensors
- Active Filters
- · Cellular and Cordless Phones
- · Laptops and PDAs

- Audio
- · Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation
- A/D Converters

Pin Configuration

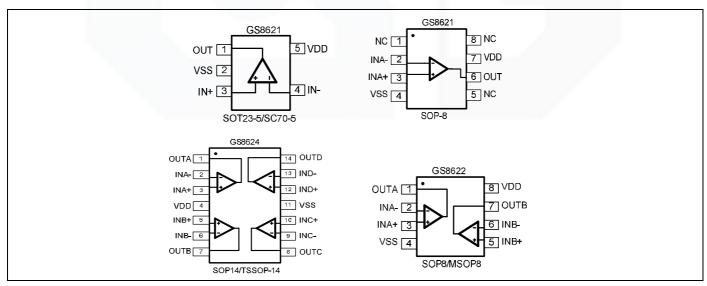


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram





March 2020-REV_V0 1/16



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Condition	Min	Max			
Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V			
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V _{DD} +0.5V			
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V			
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C			
Junction Temperature	+160	D°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260	+260°C			
Package Thermal Resistance (TA=+25℃)					
SOP-8, θ _{JA}	125°	C/W			
MSOP-8, θ _{JA}	216°	C/W			
SOT23-5, θ _{JA}	190°	C/W			
SC70-5, θ _{JA}	333°	C/W			
SOP-14, θ _{JA}	120°	C/W			
TSSOP-14, θ _{JA}	180°	180°C/W			
ESD Susceptibility					
НВМ	84	8KV			
MM	40	0V			

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
		GS8621-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8621
GS8621	Single	GS8621-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8621
		GS8621-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8621
GS8622	Dual	GS8622-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8622
G30022	Duai	G\$8622-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8622
GS8624	Quad	GS8624-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8624
G30024	Quad	GS8624-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8624







Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, V_{CM} = Vs/2, R_L = 600 $^{\Omega}$, unless otherwise noted.)

				G\$8621/22/4				
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP		MIN/N	MAX OVER T	EMPERATU	JRE	
FANAMETER	CONDITIONS	+25℃	+25℃	0℃ to 70℃	-40℃ to 85℃	-40 ℃ to	UNITS	MIN /
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	•	1	l .	.	II.	ı		
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)		0.8	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.6	mV	MAX
Input Bias Current (I _B)		1					pА	TYP
Input Offset Current (I _{OS})		1					pА	TYP
Input Common Mode Voltage Range (V _{CM})	V _S = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6					٧	TYP
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	82	65	64	64	63	dB	MIN
	$V_S = 5.5V$, $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 5.6V	71					dB	MIN
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (A _{OL})	$R_L = 600\Omega, V_O = 0.15V \text{ to } 4.85V$	90	80	76	75	68	dB	MIN
	$R_L = 10k\Omega, V_O = 0.05V \text{ to } 4.95V$	100					dB	MIN
Input Offset Voltage Drift ($\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$)		2.4					μV/°C	TYP
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						l		
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	$R_L = 600\Omega$	0.1					V	TYP
	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	0.015					V	TYP
Output Current (I _{OUT})		53	49	45	40	35	mA	MIN
Closed-Loop Output Impedance	f = 100kHz, G = 1	10					Ω	TYP
POWER-DOWN DISABLE								
Turn-On Time		4					μs	TYP
Turn-Off Time		1.2					μs	TYP
DISABLE Voltage-Off			0.8				V	MAX
DISABLE Voltage-On			2				V	MIN
POWER SUPPLY								
Operating Voltage Range			2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	V	MIN
	$V_S = +2.5V \text{ to } +5.5V$ $V_{CM} = (-V_S) + 0.5V$		5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	V	MAX
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	I _{OUT} = 0	91	74	72	72	68	dB	MIN
Quiescent Current/Amplifier (I _Q)		250	350	427	450	515	μA	MAX







Electrical Characteristics

(At Vs=5V, T_A = +25 $^{\circ}$ C, V_{CM} = V_S/2, R_L = 600 $^{\Omega}$, unless otherwise noted.)

					GS8621/22/	' 4		
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP		MIN	MAX OVER	TEMPERAT	URE	
PARAWIETER	CONDITIONS	.05%	.05%	0℃ to	-40℃ to	-40℃to	LINUTO	MIN/
		+25 ℃	+25℃	70℃	85℃	125℃	UNITS	MAX
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE								
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	3					MHz	TYP
Phase Margin (φ ₀)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$	50					Degrees	TYP
Full Power Bandwidth (BWP)	$<$ 1% distortion, $R_L = 600\Omega$	50					kHz	TYP
Slew Rate (SR)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 10k\Omega$	1.66					V/µs	TYP
Settling Time to 0.1% (t _S)	$G = +1$, 2V Step, $R_L = 600Ω$	0.5					μs	TYP
Overload Recovery Time	V_{IN} ·Gain = VS, $R_L = 600\Omega$	4.5					μs	TYP
NOISE PERFORMANCE	•							•
Voltage Noise Density (e _n)	f = 1kHz	18					nV/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP
Current Noise Density (in)	f = 1kHz	4.5					fA/\sqrt{Hz}	TYP

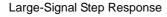


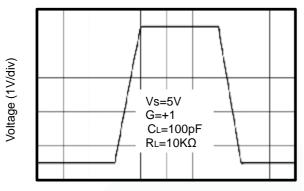




Typical Performance characteristics

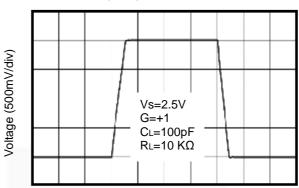
(At Vs=5V, TA = +25°C, VcM = Vs/2, RL = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)





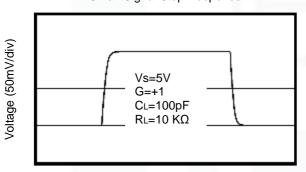
Time (2µs/div)

Large-Signal Step Response



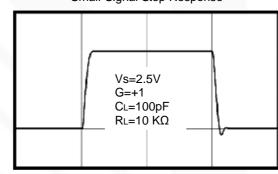
Time (2µs/div)

Small-Signal Step Response



Time (1µs/div)

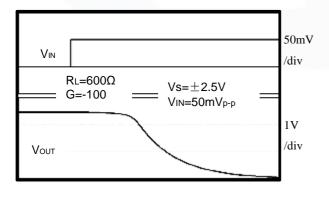
Small-Signal Step Response



Voltage (50mV/div)

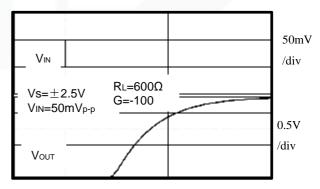
Time (1µs/div)

Positive Overload Recovery



Time (5µs/div)

Negative Overload Recovery



Time (5µs/div)

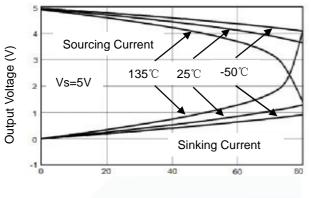




Typical Performance characteristics

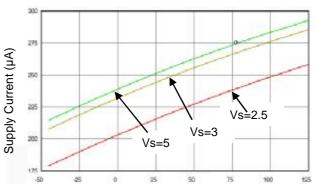
(At Vs=5V, TA = +25°C, VcM = Vs/2, RL = 600 Ω , unless otherwise noted.)





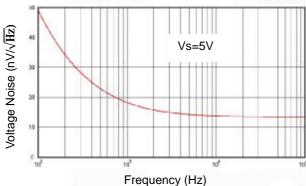
Output Current(mA)

Supply Current vs. Temperature

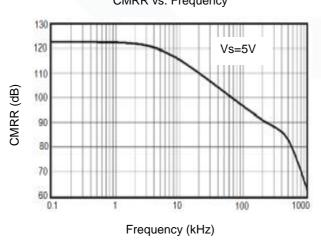


Temperature (°C)

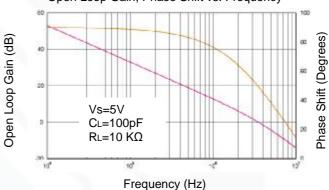
Input Voltage Noise Spectral Density vs. Frequency



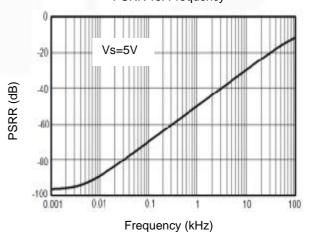
CMRR vs. Frequency



Open Loop Gain, Phase Shift vs. Frequency



PSRR vs. Frequency







Application Note

Size

GS8621/22/24 series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8621/22/24 series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8621/22/24 series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual ± 1.05 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the VDD pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both VDD and VSS supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical $250\mu A$ per channel) of GS8621/22/24 series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

GS8621/22/24 series operate under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8621/22/24 series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (VSS-0.1V to VDD+0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Rail-to-Rail Output

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8621/22/24 series can typically swing to less than 2mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (> $100k\Omega$), and 60mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads ($10k\Omega$).

Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS8621/22/24 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

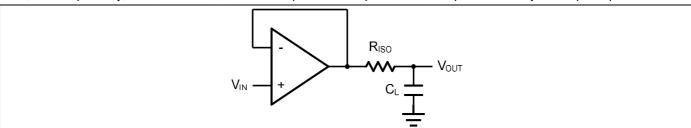


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor







The bigger the R_{ISO} resistor value, the more stable V_{OUT} will be. However, if there is a resistive load R_L in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to R_{ISO}/R_L) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R_F provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V_{IN} to R_L . C_F and R_{ISO} serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of C_F . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

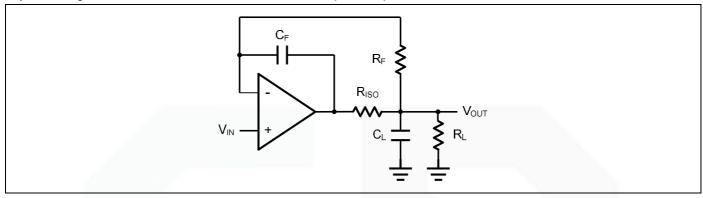


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy





Typical Application Circuits

Differential amplifier

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8621/22/24.

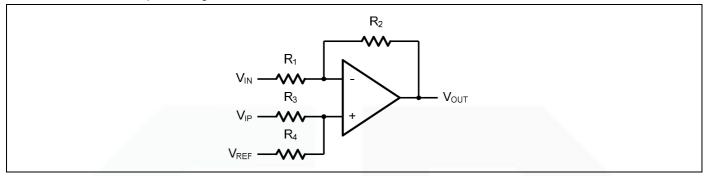


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R₁=R₃ and R₂=R₄), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by $-R_2/R_1$. The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$.

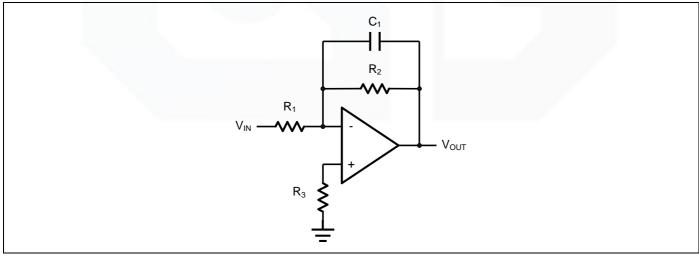


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter



Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS8621/22/24 can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R_2/R_1 . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

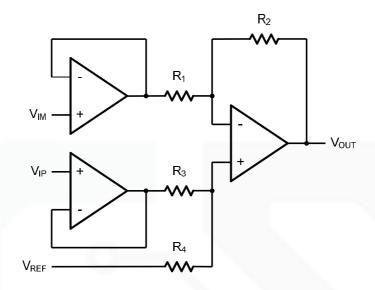
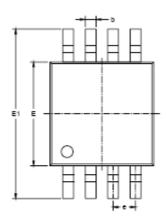


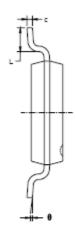
Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

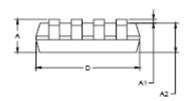


Package Information

MSOP8



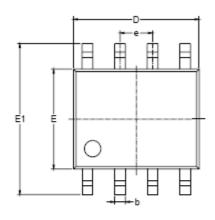


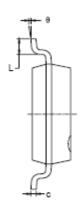


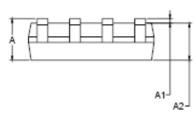
Symbol	Dimer In Milli	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
-	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650	0.650 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	



SOP8



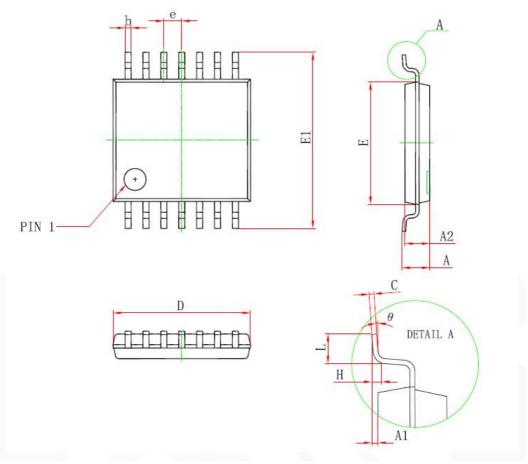




Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	1.27 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
е	0°	8°	0°	8°	



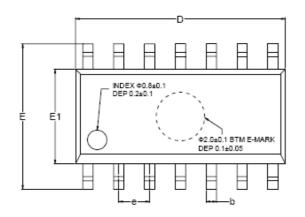
TSSOP-14

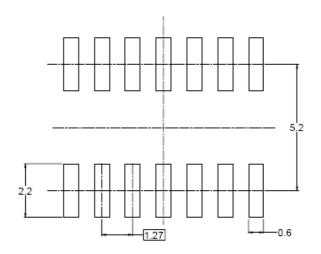


	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimension	s In Inches
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
D	4.900	5. 100	0.193	0. 201
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012
С	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258
A		1. 200		0.047
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
e	0.65	(BSC)	0.026	(BSC)
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028
Н	0.25(0.25(TYP)		TYP)
θ	1 °	7°	1°	7°

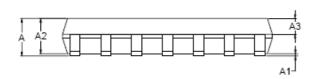


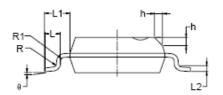
SOP-14





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

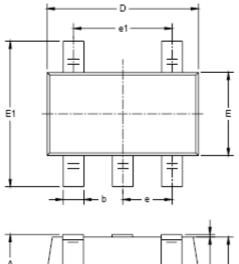


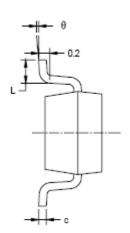


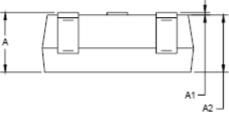
Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions I		ches
MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
1.27 BSC				0.050 BSC	
0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
	1.04 REF			0.040 REF	
	0.25 BSC			0.01 BSC	
0.07			0.003		
0.07			0.003		
0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
0°		8°	0°		8°
	MIN 1.35 0.10 1.25 0.55 0.36 8.53 5.80 3.80 0.45	MIN MOD 1.35 0.10 1.25 0.55 0.36 8.53 5.80 3.80 1.27 BSC 0.45 1.04 REF 0.25 BSC 0.07 0.07 0.30	MIN MOD MAX 1.35 1.75 0.10 0.25 1.25 1.65 0.55 0.75 0.36 0.49 8.53 8.73 5.80 6.20 3.80 4.00 1.27 BSC 0.80 1.04 REF 0.25 BSC 0.07 0.07 0.30 0.50	MIN MOD MAX MIN 1.35 1.75 0.053 0.10 0.25 0.004 1.25 1.65 0.049 0.55 0.75 0.022 0.36 0.49 0.014 8.53 8.73 0.336 5.80 6.20 0.228 3.80 4.00 0.150 1.27 BSC 0.80 0.018 1.04 REF 0.25 BSC 0.003 0.07 0.003 0.003 0.30 0.50 0.012	MIN MOD MAX MIN MOD 1.35 1.75 0.053 0.004 0.10 0.25 0.004 0.049 1.25 1.65 0.049 0.022 0.36 0.49 0.014 0.036 0.228 3.80 6.20 0.228 0.050 0.050 3.80 4.00 0.150 0.050 0.050 1.27 BSC 0.080 0.018 0.040 REF 0.040 REF 0.25 BSC 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.003 0.07 0.003 0.003 0.0012



SOT23-5



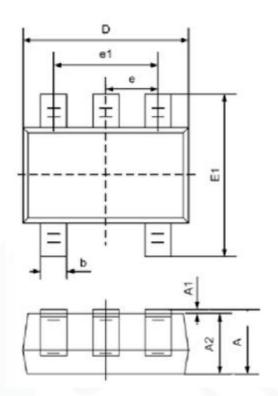


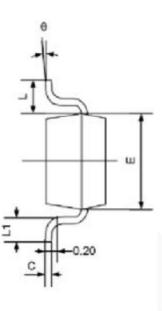


Symbol	Dimen In Milli	nsions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
7	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	0.950 BSC		BSC	
e1	1.900	1.900 BSC		BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
Φ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

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	Dimens	sions	Dimen	sions	
Symbol	In Milli	meters	In Inch	hes	
	Min	Min Max		Max	
Α	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
e	0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP	
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
L	0.525R	0.525REF 0.0		EF	
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	