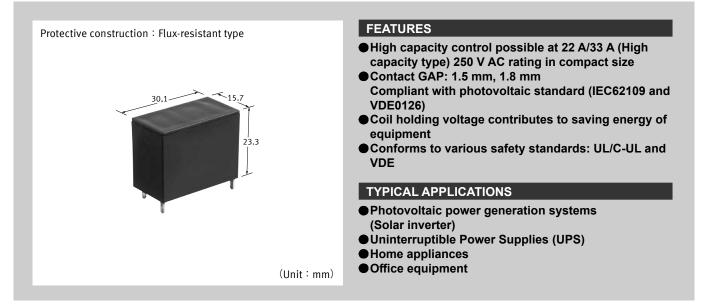
# Panasonic Industry

## Power relays (Over 2 A)



# LF-G RELAYS

## Load for solar inverter, Compact size, 1 Form A 22 A/33 A, Power relays



## DETAILS FEATURES

#### Contact GAP: 1.5 mm, 1.8 mm\*1

Compliant with European photovoltaic standard (IEC62109\*<sup>2</sup> and VDE0126\*<sup>3</sup>).

EN61810-1 certified: 2.5 kV surge withstand voltage (between contacts)

\*1. Safety standard of PV power inverter

\*2. German safety standard of PV power inverter

- \*3. Due to addition of altitude stipulation (Min. 2,000 m) to IEC62109.
- ■High capacity control possible at 22 A/33 A (High capacity type) 250 V AC rating in compact size (L: 15.7 × W: 30.1 × H: 23.3 mm)

Coil holding voltage\*1 contributes to saving energy of equipment

The coil holding voltage can be reduced up to 35% V of the rated coil voltage (Ambient temperature: 20°C\*<sup>2</sup>). Operating power at the lowest coil holding voltage: 170 mW equivalent

\*1. Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms from the applied rated coil voltage.

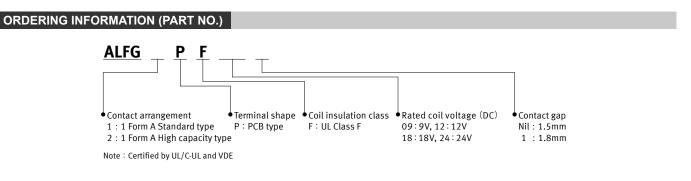
\*2. When the ambient temperature during use is 85°C, make the coil holding voltage between 45 to 80% V of the rated coil voltage.

## High insulation

Creepage distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 9.5 mm

Clearance distance between contact and coil terminal: Min. 6.5 mm

Surge withstand voltage: 6 kV



## TYPES

Contact Rated co arrangement voltage		Part No.			Standard packing		
		Contact G	AP 1.5 mm	Contact G	AP 1.8 mm	Inner certen	Outer carton
	renage	Standard type	High capacity type	Standard type	High capacity type	Inner carton	Outer canton
	9 V DC	ALFG1PF09	ALFG2PF09	ALFG1PF091	ALFG2PF091		
1 Form A	12 V DC	ALFG1PF12	ALFG2PF12	ALFG1PF121	ALFG2PF121	50 pcs.	200 pcs.
TFOITTA	18 V DC	ALFG1PF18	ALFG2PF18	ALFG1PF181	ALFG2PF181	50 pcs.	200 pcs.
	24 V DC	ALFG1PF24	ALFG2PF24	ALFG1PF241	ALFG2PF241		

## RATING

Coil data

• Operating characteristics such as 'Operate voltage' and 'Release voltage' are influenced by mounting conditions, ambient temperature, etc.

Therefore, please use the relay within ±5% of rated coil voltage.

• 'Initial' means the condition of products at the time of delivery.

Rated coil voltage	Operate voltage* (at 20°C)	Release voltage* (at 20°C)	Rated operating current (±10%, at 20°C)	Coil resistance (±10%, at 20°C)	Rated operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C)
9 V DC			155 mA	58 Ω		
12 V DC	Max. 70% V of		117 mA	103 Ω	1.400 mW	120% V of rated
18 V DC	rated coil voltage (Initial) (Initial)	78 mA	230 Ω	1,400 11100	coil voltage	
24 V DC			59 mA	410 Ω		

\*square, pulse drive

## Specifications

			Specifications					
	Item	Standard type	High ca	apacity type				
		Contact GAP 1.5 mm, 1.8 mm	Contact GAP 1.5 mm	Contact GAP 1.8 mm				
	Contact arrangement	1 Form A						
	Contact resistance (initial)	Max. 100 mΩ (by voltage drop 6 V DC 1 A)						
	Contact material	AgSnO₂ type						
	Contact rating (resistive)	22 A 250 V AC	31 A 250 V AC	33 A 250 V AC				
Contact data	Max. switching power (resistive)	5,500 VA	7,750 VA	8,250 VA				
	Max. switching voltage	250V AC						
	Max. switching current	22 A (AC)	31 A (AC)	33 A (AC)				
	Min. switching load (reference value)*1	100 mA 5 V DC						
nsulation resistan	ice (initial)	Min. 1,000 M $\Omega$ (at 500 V DC, Measured portion is the same as the case of dielectric strength.)						
Dielectric	Between open contacts	2,500 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)						
strength (initial)	Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min (detection current: 10 mA)						
Surge withstand voltage (initial)* <sup>2</sup>	Between contact and coil	6,000 V						
Coil holding voltage*3		35 to 120% V (at 20°C, contact carrying current 22 A) 45 to 80% V (at 85°C, contact carrying current 22 A)	35 to 120% V (at 20°C, contact carrying current 31 A) 45 to 80% V (at 85°C, contact carrying current 31 A)	35 to 120% V (at 20°C, contact carrying current 33 A) 45 to 80% V (at 85°C, contact carrying current 33 A)				
Time characteristics	Operate time	Max. 20 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce)						
(initial)	Release time	Max. 10 ms at rated coil voltage (at 20°C, without bounce, without diode)						
Shock resistance	Functional	100 m/s² (half-sine shock pulse: 11 ms, detection time: 10 μs)						
	Destructive	1,000 m/s <sup>2</sup> (half-sine shock pulse: 6	ms)					
/ibration	Functional	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of	1.5 mm, detection time: 10 µs)					
esistance	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz (at double amplitude of	1.5 mm)					
Expected life	Mechanical life	Contact GAP 1.5 mm: Min. 10 <sup>e</sup> (swir Contact GAP 1.8 mm: Min. 500 x 10	tching frequency:180 times /min) <sup>3</sup> (switching frequency: 180 times/min	n)				
Conditions	Conditions for usage, transport and storage*4	Ambient temperature: -40 to +60°C (When rated coil voltage applied) -40 to +85°C (Coil holding voltage is when 45 to 80% V of rated coil voltage is applied. Humidity:5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation)						
Unit weight		Approx. 23 g						

\*1. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.
\*2. Wave is standard shock voltage of ±1.2×50 µs according to JEC-212-1981
\*3. Coil holding voltage is the coil voltage after 100 ms from the applied rated coil voltage.
\*4. For ambient temperature, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE".

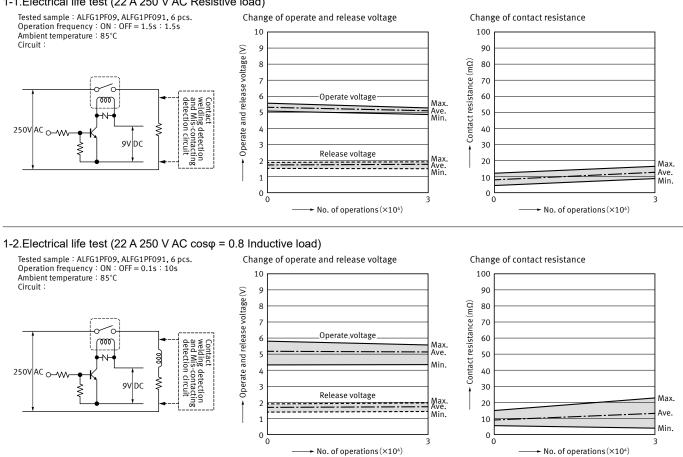
#### Expected electrical life

Туре	Contact GAP	Load	Switching capacity	Number of operations
		Resistive load	22 A 250 V AC	Min. 30 x 10 <sup>3</sup> (switching frequency 20 times/min)
Standard type	1.5 mm/1.8 mm	Destructive	22 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 30 x 10 <sup>3</sup> (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)
iype		Over load	35 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 50 (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)
	1.5 mm	Destructive	31 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 30 x 10 <sup>3</sup> (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)
High capacity		Over load	47 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 50 (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)
type 1.0 mm	Destructive	33 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 30 x 10 <sup>3</sup> (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)	
	1.8 mm	Over load	50 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	Min. 50 (switching frequency ON : OFF = 0.1 s : 10 s)

## **REFERENCE DATA**

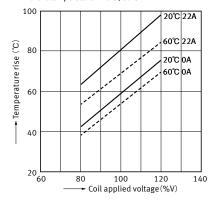
## Standard type (Contact GAP 1.5 mm, 1.8 mm)

1-1.Electrical life test (22 A 250 V AC Resistive load)

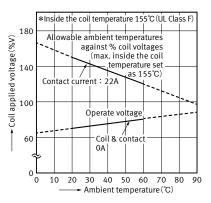


# 2.Coil temperature characteristics (Average)

Tested sample : ALFG1PF09, ALFG1PF091, 6 pcs. Measured portion : Coil inside Contact current : 22A Ambient temperature : 20°C, 60°C



#### 3.Ambient temperature characteristics

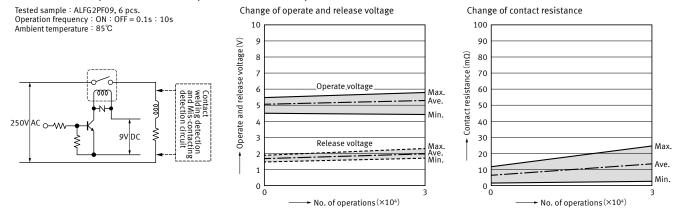


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## High capacity type

#### Contact GAP 1.5 mm

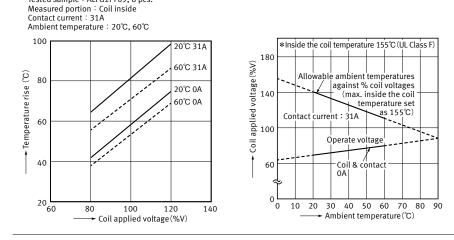
1.Electrical life test (31 A 250 V AC  $\cos \varphi = 0.8$  Inductive load)



# 2.Coil temperature characteristics (Average)

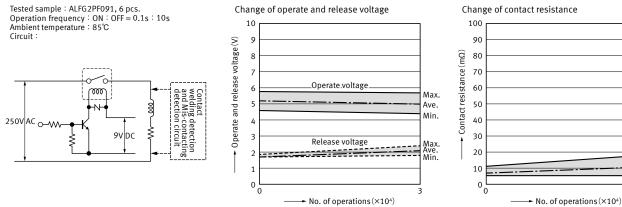
Tested sample : ALFG2PF09, 6 pcs.





Contact GAP 1.8 mm

## 1.Electrical life test (33 A 250 V AC $\cos\varphi = 0.8$ Inductive load)



Max. Ave. Min.

3

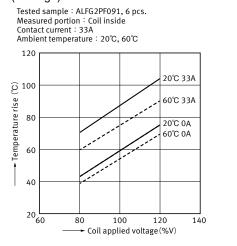
## Power relays (Over 2 A) LF-G RELAYS

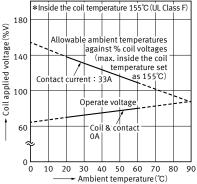
## 2.Coil temperature characteristics

## (Average)

DIMENSIONS

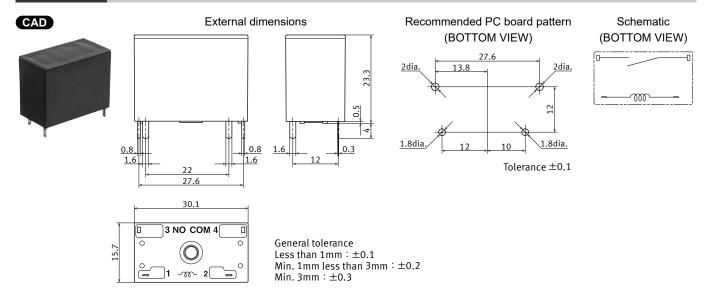
#### 3. Ambient temperature characteristics





#### CAD The CAD data of the products with a "CAD" mark can be downloaded from our Website.

#### Unit: mm



## SAFETY STANDARDS

Each standard may be updated at any time, so please check our Website for the latest information.

## UL/C-UL (Recognized)

## Standard type

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
E43028	22 A 277 V AC General use	30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	85°C
E43020	22 A 30 V DC Resistive	30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	40°C

## High capacity type

Contact GAP 1.5 mm

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
E43028	31 A 277 V AC General use	30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	85°C

Contact GAP1.8 mm

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
E43028	33 A 277 V AC General use	30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	85°C

## CSA (Certified)

CSA standard certified by C-UL

## ■VDE (Certified)

## Standard type

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
40023067 22 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)		30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	85°C

## High capacity type

Contact GAP 1.5 mm

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
40023067	31 A 250 V AC (cosφ = 0.8)	30 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	85°C

Contact GAP1.8 mm

File No.	Contact rating	Operations	Ambient temperature
40023067	40023067 33 A 250 V AC ( $\cos \varphi = 0.8$ )		85°C

## INSULATION CHARACTERISTICS (IEC61810-1)

Item	Characteristics	
Clearance/Creepage distance (IEC61810-1)	Min. 5.5/5.5 mm	
Category of protection (IEC61810-1)	RT II	
Tracking resistance (IEC60112)	PTI 175	
Insulation material group	III a	
Over voltage category	III	
Rated voltage	250 V	
Pollution degree	2	
Type of insulation (Between contact and coil)	Reinforced insulation	
Type of insulation (Between open contacts)	Full disconnection	

Note: Actual value

## **GUIDELINES FOR USAGE**

For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

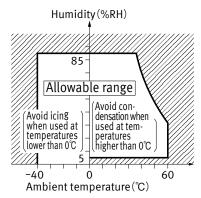
## Cautions for usage of LF-G relays

- Usage, transport and storage conditions
- 1) Temperature
  - -40 to +60°C (When rated coil voltage applied)
  - -40 to +85°C (When coil holding voltage is 45 to 80% V of rated coil voltage)
- 2) Humidity
  - 5 to 85% RH (Avoid icing and condensation) Note: The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph.
- 3) Atmospheric pressure

86 to 106 kPa

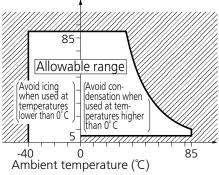
[Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage]

[When rated coil voltage applied]



[When coil holding voltage is 45 to 80% V of rated coil voltage]

## Humidity (% RH)



For cautions for use, please read "GUIDELINES FOR RELAY USAGE". https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/control/relay/cautions\_use/index.jsp

### Precautions for Coil Input

#### Long term current carrying

A circuit that will be carrying a current continuously for long periods without relay switching operation. (circuits for emergency lamps, alarm devices and error inspection that, for example, revert only during malfunction and output warnings with form B contacts) Continuous, long-term current to the coil will facilitate deterioration of coil insulation and characteristics due to heating of the coil itself. For circuits such as these, please use a magnetic-hold type latching relay. If you need to use a single stable relay, use a sealed type relay that is not easily affected by ambient conditions and make a failsafe circuit design that considers the possibility of contact failure or disconnection.

## DC Coil operating power

Steady state DC current should be applied to the coil. The wave form should be rectangular. If it includes ripple, the ripple factor should be less than 5%.

However, please check with the actual circuit since the electrical characteristics may vary. The rated coil voltage should be applied to the coil and the set/reset pulse time of latching type relay differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.

#### Coil connection

When connecting coils of polarized relays, please check coil polarity (+,-) at the internal connection diagram (Schematic). If any wrong connection is made, it may cause unexpected malfunction, like abnormal heat, fire and so on, and circuit do not work. Avoid impressing voltages to the set coil and reset coil at the same time.

#### Ambient Environment

#### Usage, Transport, and Storage Conditions

During usage, storage, or transportation, avoid locations subjected to direct sunlight and maintain normal temperature, humidity and pressure conditions.

#### Temperature/Humidity/Pressure

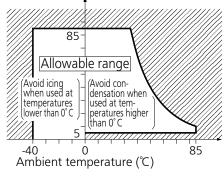
When transporting or storing relays while they are tube packaged, there are cases the temperature may differ from the allowable range. In this case be sure to check the individual specifications. Also allowable humidity level is influenced by temperature, please check charts shown below and use relays within mentioned conditions. (Allowable temperature values differ for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications.)

## 1) Temperature:

The tolerance temperature range differs for each relays, please refer to the relay's individual specifications

- 2) Humidity: 5 to 85 % RH
- 3) Pressure: 86 to 106 kPa





## Maximum allowable voltage and temperature rise

Proper usage requires that the rated coil voltage be impressed on the coil. Note, however, that if a voltage greater than or equal to the maximum continuous voltage is impressed on the coil, the coil may burn or its layers short due to the temperature rise. Furthermore, do not exceed the usable ambient temperature range listed in the catalog.

■ Operate voltage change due to coil temperature rise In DC relays, after continuous passage of current in the coil, if the current is turned OFF, then immediately turned ON again, due to the temperature rise in the coil, the operate voltage will become somewhat higher. Also, it will be the same as using it in a higher temperature atmosphere. The resistance/temperature relationship for copper wire is about 0.4% for 1°C, and with this ratio the coil resistance increases. That is, in order to operate of the relay, it is necessary that the voltage be higher than the operate voltage and the operate voltage rises in accordance with the increase in the resistance value. However, for some polarized relays, this rate of change is considerably smaller.

#### Dew condensation

Condensation occurs when the ambient temperature drops suddenly from a high temperature and humidity, or the relay is suddenly transferred from a low ambient temperature to a high temperature and humidity. Condensation causes the failures like insulation deterioration, wire disconnection and rust etc.

Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by condensation.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of device itself, and the condensation may occur.

Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage. (Special attention should be paid when high temperature heating parts are close to the device. Also please consider the condensation may occur inside of the device.)

#### lcing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on relays when the temperature become lower than 0°C. This icing causes the sticking of movable portion, the operation delay and the contact conduction failure etc. Panasonic Corporation does not guarantee the failures caused by the icing.

The heat conduction by the equipment may accelerate the cooling of relay itself and the icing may occur. Please conduct product evaluations in the worst condition of the actual usage.

• Low temperature and low humidity The plastic becomes brittle if the switch is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

• High temperature and high humidity

Storage for extended periods of time (including transportation periods) at high temperature or high humidity levels or in atmospheres with organic gases or sulfide gases may cause a sulfide film or oxide film to form on the surfaces of the contacts and/ or it may interfere with the functions. Check out the atmosphere in which the units are to be stored and transported.

### Package

In terms of the packing format used, make every effort to keep the effects of moisture, organic gases and sulfide gases to the absolute minimum.

## Silicon

When a source of silicone substances (silicone rubber, silicone oil, silicone coating materials and silicone filling materials etc.) is used around the relay, the silicone gas (low molecular siloxane etc.) may be produced.

This silicone gas may penetrate into the inside of the relay. When the relay is kept and used in this condition, silicone compound may adhere to the relay contacts which may cause the contact failure. Do not use any sources of silicone gas around the relay (Including plastic seal types).

## Others

## Cleaning

 Although the environmentally sealed type relay (plastic sealed type, etc.) can be cleaned, avoid immersing the relay into cold liquid (such as cleaning solvent) immediately after soldering. Doing so may deteriorate the sealing performance.

## NOx Generation

When relay is used in an atmosphere high in humidity to switch a load which easily produces an arc, the NOx created by the arc and the water absorbed from outside the relay combine to produce nitric acid.

This corrodes the internal metal parts and adversely affects operation.

Avoid use at an ambient humidity of 85%RH or higher (at 20°C). If use at high humidity is unavoidable, please contact our sales representative.

• Cleaning with the boiling method is recommended(The temperature of cleaning liquid should be 40°C or lower ).

Avoid ultrasonic cleaning on relays. Use of ultrasonic cleaning may cause breaks in the coil or slight sticking of the contacts due to ultrasonic energy.

Please refer to **"the latest product specifications"** when designing your product. •Requests to customers: https://industrial.panasonic.com/ac/e/salespolicies/

Please contact .....

# Panasonic Corporation

Electromechanical Control Business Division 1006, Oaza Kadoma, Kadoma-shi, Osaka 571-8506, Japan industral.panasonic.com/ac/e/



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