# 5V-Adjustable High-PSRR Low-Noise LDO

## **MD7673 Series**

# **CMOS Voltage Regulator With ON/OFF Switch**

### **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

MD7673 highly noise, hig rejection low-drop

MD7673 series are highly accurate, lownoise, high power supply rejection ratio (PSRR), low-dropout voltage

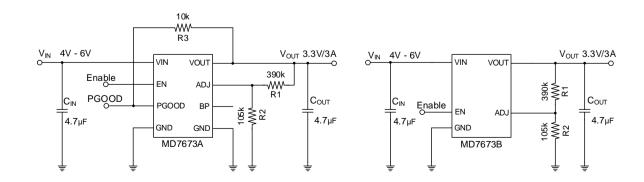
regulator (LDO) with high output current capability manufactured in CMOS processes. It can deliver up to 3A of current while consuming  $40\mu A$  of quiescent current. Internal circuitry includes a reference voltage generator, an error amplifier, driver transistor, over-current protection circuit, short-circuit protection circuit, thermal shutdown circuit and a phase compensation circuit. The MD7673 operates by default as a fixed output voltage regulator (default output voltage: 5V) while usage of an external resistor divider allows adjustable out voltages as low as 0.7V. Additional features include enable function, power good flag and output noise reduction pin.

## APPLICATIONS

- Smart wearer
- Long-life battery-powered devices
- Portable mobile devices, such as mobile phones, cameras, and so on
- Wireless communication equipment

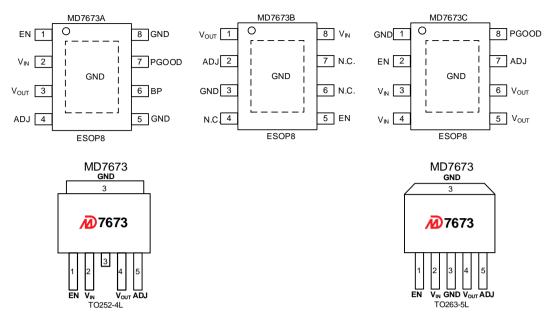
### FEATURES

- Highly Accurate: ±2%
- Low Quiescent Current: 40µA
- Dropout Voltage: 480mV@3.3V/3A (TO263-5L)
- Maximum Output Current: 3A
- Input Voltage Range: 2~6V
- Output Voltage Noise: 115µVrms@Vout=3.3V
- High PSRR:70dB@1kHz
- Temperature Stability: ±50ppm/°C
- ON/OFF Logic = Enable High
- Power Good and Enable Functions
- Standby Current: 10nA
- C<sub>OUT</sub> Discharge Circuit when EN Disable is Active
- Protections Circuits: Current Limit, Short Circuit, and Thermal Protections
- Output Capacitor: Low ESR Ceramic Capacitor Compatible
- RoHS compliant "Green"/Halogen Free 8-pin
  Exposed pad SOIC (ESOP8), 5-pin TO263 and
  4-pin TO252 packages



#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT:**

# **PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)**



# **PRODUCT SELECTIONS**

Туре	Fixed Output Voltage(note 1*)	ADJ	Accuracy (note 2*)	Package (note 3*)	MARKING (note 4*)
MD7673A50SF4	5V	Yes	±2%	ESOP8	🕖 7673A
MD7673B50SF4	5V	Yes	±2%	ESOP8	🔊 7673B
MD7673C50SF4	5V	Yes	±2%	ESOP8	7673C 🔊
MD7673E50UB2	5V	Yes	±2%	TO252-4L	AD 7673
MD7673E50VC1	5V	Yes	±2%	TO263-5L	A 7673

Notes:

1\* Customer can request to customize the output voltage ranged from 1.2V to 5V if desired voltage is not found in the selections.

2\* Customer can request customization of accuracy requirement.

3\* Customer can request customization of package choice.

4\* Please pay attention to the MARKING of the product package type.

## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Name	ESOP8 (MD7673A)	ESOP8 (MD7673B)	ESOP8 (MD7673C)	TO252-4L (MD7673)	TO263-5L (MD7673)	Description
VOUT	3	1	5,6	4	4	Regulator Output pin.
ADJ	4	2	7	5	5	Adjustable Pin. Output Voltage can be set by external feedback resistors when using a resistive divider. Or, connect ADJ to GND for $V_{OUT} = 5V$ , set by internal feedback resistors.
GND	5,8	3	1	3	3	Ground Signal
EN	1	5	2	1	1	Enable Pin. Minimum 1.6V to enable the device. Maximum 0.4V to shutdown the device.
VIN	2	8	3,4	2	2	Power Input Pin. Must be closely decoupled to GND pin with a $4.7\mu$ F or greater ceramic capacitor.
BP	6	-	-	-	-	Bypass pin. Connect a 1µF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. Bypass pin can be left floating if unnecessary.
PGOOD	7	-	-	-	-	Power Good open Drain Output
N.C.	-	4,6,7	8	-	-	None Connection (Used to connect GND or OPEN state.)
GND	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad	-	-	Connect to GND.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Unless otherwise indicated: Ta=25°C)

		(0			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS		UNITS	
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 ~ 7		V	
Output Voltage	Vout	-0.3 ~ Vi	<sub>N</sub> +0.3		
Power Dissipation	PD	Internally Limited			
		ESOP8	80		
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JB}^{(1)}$	TO252-5L	60	°C/W	
		TO263-5L	50		
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 ~ +85		°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +125			
ESD Protection	ESD HBM	4000		V	

Note: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

(1) Mounted on JEDEC standard 4layer (2s2p) PCB test board

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $C_{IN} = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT} = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{BYP}=1\mu$ F,  $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Input Voltage	Vin		2		6	V	
Output Voltage Tolerance	V <sub>OUT(S)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA	-2		+2	%	
Continuous Output Current	Іоит	V <sub>IN</sub> >2.3V	3			Α	
Ground Current		V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , no load		40		μA	
	IGND	V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =100mA		390		μA	
Shutdown Current	Ishut	V <sub>EN</sub> =0		0.01		μA	
Output Current Limit	ILIM			4		A	
Current Fold Back				1			
-		VEN=VIN, IOUT=3A, VOUT=1.8V		660	850	mV	
Dropout Voltage*2	VDROP	V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub> , I <sub>OUT</sub> =3A, V <sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V		480	600		
		$V_{EN}=V_{IN}$ , $I_{OUT}=3A$ , $V_{OUT}=5V$		460	580		
Line Regulation		V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> +1V≤V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>EN</sub> ≤6V I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA		3	15	mV	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT2}$	$V_{IN}=V_{EN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1.0V$ 1mA $\leq$ I <sub>OUT</sub> $\leq$ 3A		10	20	mV	
Temperature Stability	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta T_a \bullet V_{OUT}}$	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>EN</sub> =V <sub>OUT(S)</sub> +1.0V I <sub>OUT</sub> =1mA -40°C≤T <sub>A</sub> ≤125°C		±50		<b>ppm/</b> ℃	
Reference Voltage Tolerance			0.686	0.7	0.714	V	
ADJ Pin Current		$V_{ADJ} = V_{REF}$		10		nA	
ADJ Pin Threshold			0.05	0.1	0.2	V	
Enable Turn-On Threshold		Output ON	1.6			V	
Enable Turn-Off Threshold		Output OFF			0.4	V	
Shutdown Pin Current				0.1	0.5	μA	
Shutdown Exit Delay Time				0		μs	
Max Output Discharge Resistance to GND during Shutdown				30		Ω	
PGOOD Rise Threshold	РСнтн			90		%	
PGOOD Hysteresis	PG <sub>HYS</sub>			10		%	
PGOOD Delay	PGDLY			1		ms	
PGOOD Sink Capability		I <sub>PGOOD</sub> = 10mA		0.05		V	
		f=1kHz, lout=10mA		70			
Power Supply Ripple Rejection	PSRR	f=10kHz, Iout=10mA		68			
		f=100kHz, Iout=10mA		47		dB	
		f=1MHz, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA		55		1	
Output Noise Voltage	Voutn	С <sub>вР</sub> = 1µF, V <sub>ОUT</sub> =3.3V f=10Hz ~100KHz		115		μV <sub>RMS</sub>	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>			175		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>SD HYS</sub>			35		°C	

Notes:

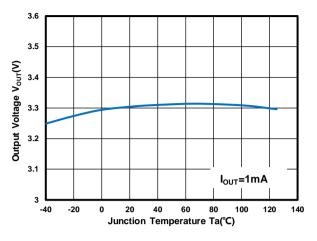
1.  $V_{OUT(S)}$ : Output voltage when  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ ,  $I_{OUT}=1$  mA.

2.  $V_{DROP}=V_{IN1}$  -  $(V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.98)$  where  $V_{IN1}$  is the input voltage when  $V_{OUT} = V_{OUT(S)} \times 0.98$ .(The  $V_{DROP}$  test with TO263-5L)

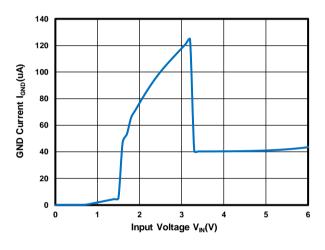
3. I<sub>LIM</sub>: Output current when  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT(S)}+1V$  and  $V_{OUT}=0.95^*V_{OUT(S).}$ 

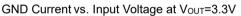
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

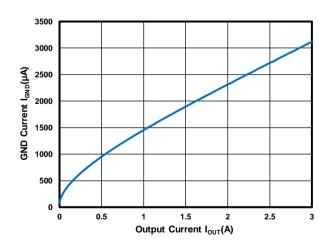
Test Conditions: VIN=VOUT+1.0V, CIN =  $4.7\mu$ F, COUT =  $4.7\mu$ F, TA=25°C, unless otherwise indicated.



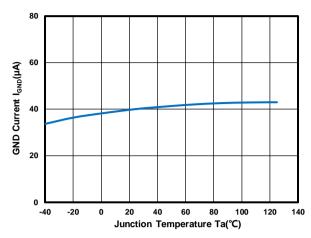
Output Voltage vs. Temperature at V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V

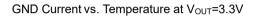


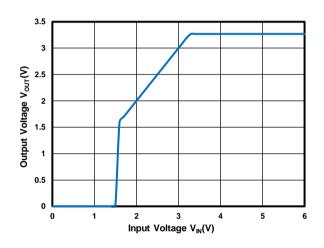


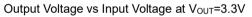


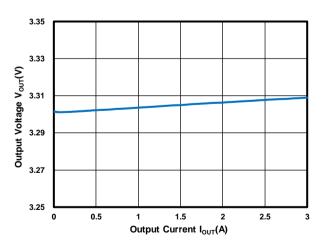


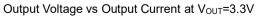






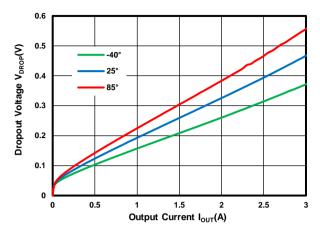




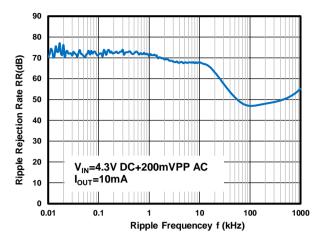


## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(CONTINUTED)**

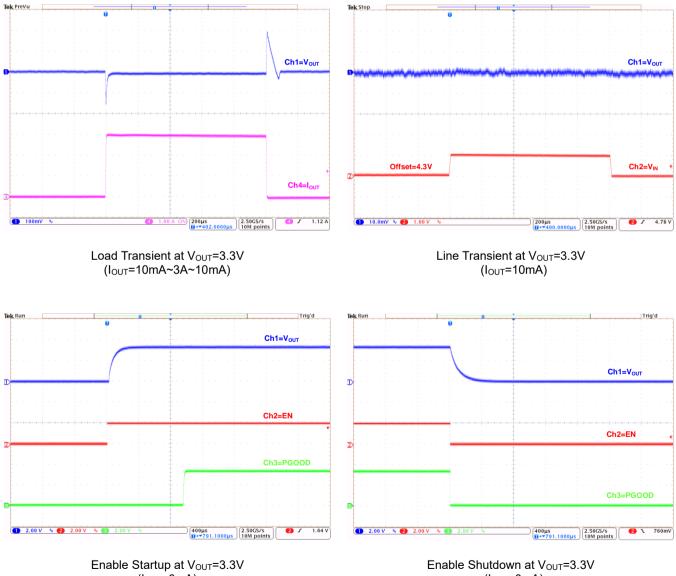
Test Conditions:  $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN}=4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{OUT}=4.7\mu$ F,  $T_A=25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise indicated.



Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current at Vout=3.3V



Power Supply Rejection Ratio at VOUT=3.3V

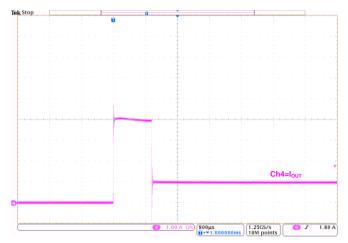


(I<sub>OUT</sub>=0mA)

(I<sub>OUT</sub>=0mA)

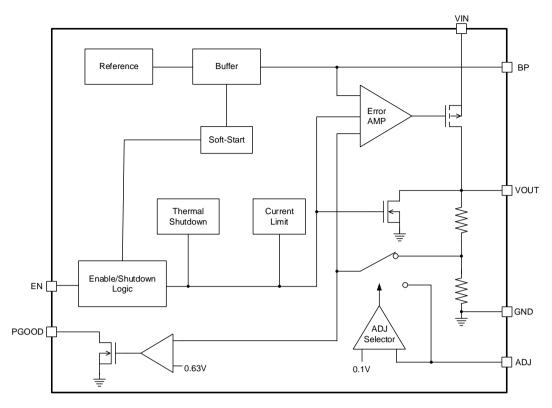
# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(CONTINUTED)

Test Conditions: V\_IN=V\_OUT+1.0V, C\_IN=4.7 \mu F, C\_OUT=4.7 \mu F, T\_A=25  $^\circ C$  , unless otherwise indicated.



Output Current Fold-back at V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



## THEORY OF OPERATION

The MD7673 is a low-dropout voltage regulator with low quiescent current, low noise and high PSRR. It can support load current up to 3A. It incorporates current-limit and thermal protection features.

#### SHUTDOWN

By connecting EN pin to GND, the MD7673 can be shutdown to reduce the supply current to  $0.01\mu$ A (typ.). In this mode, the output voltage of MD7673 is equal to 0V.

#### CURRENT LIMIT and SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The MD7673 includes current limit protection feature, which monitors and controls the maximum output current. If the output is overloaded or shorted to ground, this can protect the device from being damaged. When output is shorted to ground, current limit will be adjusted to about 25% of the rated current limit to protect the device.

#### THERMAL PROTECTION

The MD7673 includes a thermal protection feature that protects the IC by turning off the pass transistor when the maximum junction temperature  $T_J$  exceed 175°C.

#### POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation across the device can be calculated as:

$$P_{\rm D} = I_{\rm OUT} * (V_{\rm IN} - V_{\rm OUT})$$

The total junction temperature is calculated as:

$$T_{J} = T_{A} + (P_{D} * \theta_{JA})$$

where,  $T_J$  is the junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance between junction to ambient. There is a temperature rise associated with this power dissipated while operating in a given ambient temperature. If the calculated junction temperature exceeds maximum junction temperature specification, then the built-in thermal protection feature is triggered as described previously. To insure reliable performance, the maximum allowable power dissipation for a given ambient temperature must be considered and it can be calculated as follows:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$$

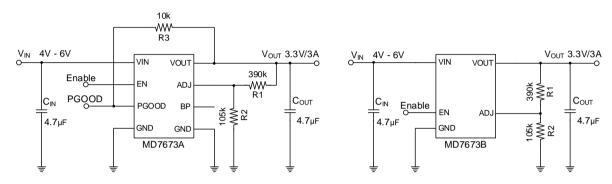
where,  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and  $\theta_{JA}$  is the thermal resistance between junction to ambient. In order to insure the best thermal flow, proper mounting of the IC is required.

### **INPUT & OUTPUT CAPACITORS**

MD7673 is optimized for use with ceramic capacitors. In order to ensure stability of the device, please place an output ceramic capacitor of  $4.7\mu$ F or bigger at the V<sub>OUT</sub> pin and GND pin as close as possible. An input capacitor of  $4.7\mu$ F is recommended. X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors are recommended as they have the best temperature and voltage characteristics. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.

When large output current switching (>500mA) are required in the application, a greater value of input/output capacitors ( $\geq 10 \ \mu\text{F}$ ) would be recommended to ensure the device to operate smoothly.

### TYPICAL APPLICATION SCHEMATIC



### PROGRAMMING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE

MD7673's internal feedback resistors set the output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  to 5V when the ADJ pin is connected to GND. Alternatively; the output voltage is adjustable via the external feedback resistor network R1 and R2 by calculating the following formula:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} * (1 + \frac{R1}{R2})$$

where,  $V_{\text{REF}}$  is the reference voltage set internally at 0.7V nominal.

### NOISE BYPASS CAPACITOR (For MD7673A)

A 1µF bypass capacitor at BP pin can reduce output voltage noise. This pin can be left floating if it is unnecessary. **POWER-GOOD FUNCTION** 

The power-good circuit monitors the voltage at the feedback pin to indicate the status of the output voltage. When the output voltage falls below the PGOOD fall threshold voltage (PG<sub>LTH</sub>), the PGOOD pin open-drain output engages and pulls the PGOOD pin close to GND. When the output voltage exceeds PGOOD rise threshold voltage (PG<sub>HTH</sub>), the PGOOD pin becomes high impedance. By connecting a pullup resistor to external pullup supply voltage (default for V<sub>OUT</sub>), any downstream device can receive power-good as a logic signal that can be used for sequencing. Make sure that the external pullup supply voltage results in a valid logic signal for the receiving device. Using a pullup resistor from10 k $\Omega$  to 100 k $\Omega$  is recommended.

### LAYOUT CONSIDERATION

- 1. Connect the bottom-side pad to a large ground plane for good thermal conductivity and to reduce the thermal resistance of the device.
- 2. The input Capacitor C<sub>IN</sub> and output capacitor C<sub>OUT</sub> must be placed as close as possible to the pins V<sub>IN</sub> and V<sub>OUT</sub> respectively.
- 3. Use short wires to connect the power supply to pins  $V_{\text{IN}}$  and GND on the board.

#### Notes on Use

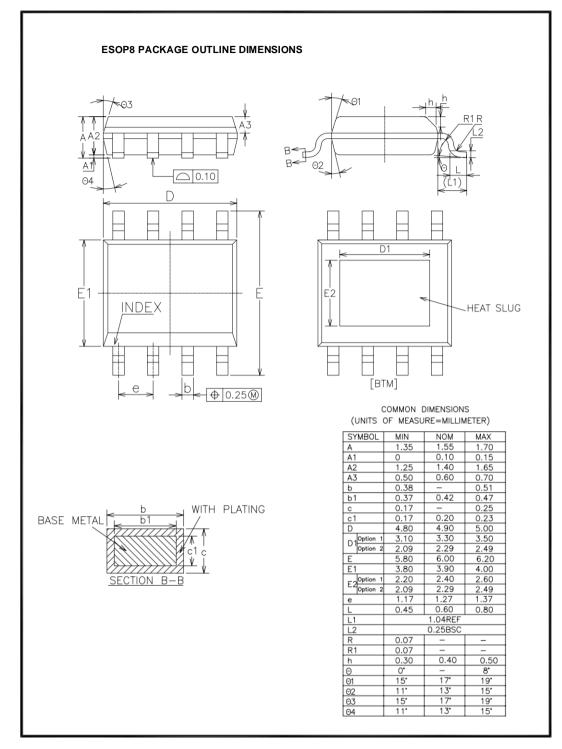
- 1. The input capacitor (CIN) and the output capacitor (COUT) should be placed to the as close as possible with a shorter wiring.
- 2. If the impedance of the power supply is high, which is caused by forgetting installing input capacitor or installing too small value capacitor, the oscillation may occur.
- 3. Please pay attention to the operation conditions of input and output voltage and load current, such that the power consumption in the IC should not exceed the allowable power consumption of the package even though the chip has short circuit protection.

IC has a built-in anti-static protection (ESD) circuit, but please do not add excessive stress to the IC.

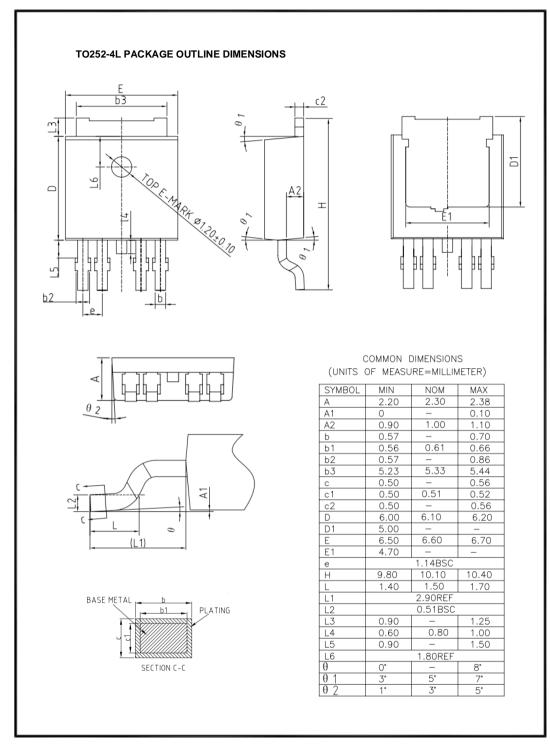
# **Ordering Information**

Part Name	Package	Marking	Packing quantity	
MD7673A50SF4	ESOP8	7673A	4000/ Tape & Reel	
MD7673B50SF4	ESOP8	៷ 7673B	4000/ Tape & Reel	
MD7673C50SF4	ESOP8	7673C	4000/ Tape & Reel	All packages are lead-free
MD7673E50UB2	TO252-4L	7673	2500/ Tape & Reel	
MD7673E50VC1	TO263-5L	7673	800/ Tape & Reel	

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**



# PACKAGING INFORMATION(CONTINUTED)



## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

