ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS SPECIFICATION SHEET

	Halogen Free	
CUSTOMER PART No.		
Rubycon PART No.	YXM SERIES (Option Code : M	BL)
DRAWING No.	REE – 113085	ISSUE No. 3
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Rubycon

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	REVISIONS					
ISSUE No.	REVISION MARK	DATE	DESCRIPTION	(CH.	APP.
2		10 Dec.2014	Added Halogen Free.	-	T.K	H.K
3		8 June 2015	 Added below item. 10V to 16V all item, 25V 33μF 5X11,35V all item, 50V 1 to 4.7μF 5X11, 63V to 100V all item. Added Taping (Code : T1). 		Г.К	H.K
		I				
	YXM SERI	ES		1st. ISSUE		April 2013
RUBYCON CORPORATION		DRAWING No.	RE	E-113085		

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1. Scope. This specification covers polarized aluminum e	lectrolytic capacitors with non-solid electrolyte for use in electronic equipments .
2. Reference Standard JIS C 5141 (1991) and JIS C 5102 (1994) met	nods for testing.
 Operating Temperature Range -40°C to +105°C 	
4. Performance Refer to Table-1	
5. Style and Numbering System (1) Style CE 04 (Radial	_eaded)
(2) Numbering System Rated Series Voltage <u>□□□</u> <u>YXM</u>	Nominal Tolerance Option Lead Case size Capacitance Code Forming M MBL
6. Marking Unless otherwise specified, capacitor shall be Sleeve color: Black Lettering color: White	clearly marked the following items on its body.
 (1) Trade mark (2) Rated Voltage (3) Nominal Capacitance (4) Polarity (5) Series (6) Date code (7) Maximum Operating Temperature (8) PET sleeve mark 	Rubycon V µF VXM (Negative Polarity) YXM 105°C PET
7. Vent On capacitors whose diameter is 6.3mm and g	reater, a safety vent shall be provided.
 8. Notes on use of aluminum electrolytic capacito (1) Charge and discharge Do not use for the circuit that repeats quid 	rs
(2) External stress Do not apply excessive force of pushing,	oulling bending, and/or twisting to the main body, lead wire and terminals.
soldering temperature is too high and /or so	n of double sided PC board touches the capacitor, the similar failure may be also originated
	ed, note that it could cause a short circuit if lead wire of other components or pattern of lease avoid circuit pattern runs underneath capacitor.
(5) Adhesives and coating materials Do not use the adhesives and coating ma	terials that contain halogenated organic solvents or chloroprene as polymer.
	lity. During a long storage time, leakage current will be increased. To prevent heat rise or y causes, voltage treatment is recommended for the capacitors that have been stored for a
storage condition is 5°C-35°C and less that *Aluminum electrolytic capacitors should *Do not store aluminum electrolytic capa acid, chlorine gas, ammonia or bromine ga	not be stored in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray. sitors in an environment full of hazardous gas (hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid gas, nitrous
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(7) Fumigation and halogenated flame retardant It may cause corrosion of internal electrodes, aluminum cases and terminal surface when the following conditions exist. *Fumigation of wooden pallets before shipment to disinfect vermin. *Existence of components or parts that contain halogenated flame retardant agent (bromine etc.) together with capacitors. *When halogenated detergents of antiseptics for preventing infection of epidemic diseases contact directly to capacitors. (8) PC board cleaning after soldering Please consult us when cleaning is subjected. Guide to application except the above are described in our catalog and EIAJ RCR-2367C. EIAJ RCR-2367C: "Safety Application Guide for fixed aluminum electrolytic capacitors for use in electronic equipment." Published by Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association. PERFORMANCE Table-1 ITEMS PERFORMANCE 1 Rated Voltage(WV) WV(V.DC) 10 16 25 35 50 63 100 Surge Voltage (SV) SV(V.DC) 13 20 32 44 63 79 125 2 Nominal Capacitance <Criteria> (Capacitance Tolerance) 1 to 330µF(±20%) <Condition> :120Hz±20% Measuring Frequency Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5Vrms + 1.5 to 2.0V.DC Measuring Temperature : 20 ± 2 °C 3 Leakage Current <Condition> The rated voltage shall be applied between terminals of capacitor such that the terminal voltage will reach the rated voltage within one minute and the leakage current shall be measured at following time after the voltage has reached the rated voltage across a 1000 \pm 10 Ω series protection resister. Then the current value shall not exceed value calculated from following formula. <Criteria> I=0.01CV or $3\mu A$ whichever is greater where I : Leakage current in μA. C : Nominal capacitance in µF. V : Rated voltage in V.DC. **Dissipation Factor** <Criteria> 4 (tano:Tangent of loss WV(V.DC) 10 16 25 35 50 63 100 angle) 0.45 0.35 0.30 0.22 0.19 0.17 0.15 tanδ <Condition> See ITEM 2, Nominal Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. **Terminal Strength** <Condition> 5 Tensile Strength of Terminals The body of capacitor shall be fixed and the tensile force of following table shall be applied to the terminal in lead out direction of the terminal for 10±1 seconds. Bending Strength of Terminals The body of capacitor shall be held in such a way that the regular lead-out axis of lead wire terminal becomes vertical. The weight of following table shall be suspended from the end of terminal. In this condition, after the body of sample is bent through 90 degrees, it shall be returned to the original position. Next the body shall be reversibly bent through 90 degrees and again returned to the original position. Tensile force Bending force Diameter of lead wire N{kgf} N{kgf} 0.5mm and less 5{0.51} 2.5{0.25} Over 0.5mm to 0.8mm incl 10{1.0} 5 {0.51} <Criteria> Notable changes shall not be found, as breakage or looseness in the terminal. Rubycon YXM SERIES RUBYCON CORPORATION

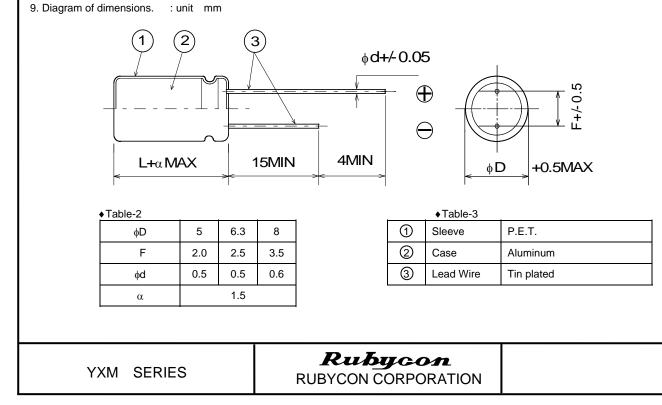
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PAGE 3/10 6 <Condition> Temperature Coefficient and Drift STEP Testing Temperature (°C) Time 1 20±2 Time to reach thermal equilibrium 2 -25±3 // // 3 20±2 2 hrs. 4 105±2 20±2 Time to reach thermal equilibrium 5 Capacitance, D.F. and Impedance shall be measured at 120Hz. <Criteria> STEP 2 The value of ratio to STEP 1 not more than value of Impedance Ratio following table STEP 4 Capacitance Change Within $\pm 25\%$ of the value of STEP 1 Not more than the specified value **Dissipation Factor** Leakage Current Not more than 8 times the specified value STEP 5 **Capacitance Change** Within ±10% of the value of STEP 1 Not more than the specified value **Dissipation Factor** WV(V.DC) 25 100 10 16 35 50 63 8 6 4 4 3 3 3 Z(-25°C)/Z(+20°C) 7 Load Life Test <Condition> Capacitor under the test shall be applied the rated voltage continuously through 1000 Ω series protective resistor (with maximum ripple current) at 105±2°C for 10000 ⁺⁷/₀ hours. After the test and returned in standard condition for 1 to 2 hours, and the capacitor shall meet following requirements. <Criteria> Leakage Current Not more than the specified value **Capacitance Change** Within ±25% of the initial value **Dissipation Factor** Not more than 300% of the specified value Appearance Notable changes shall not be found, except sleeve 8 Shelf Life Test <Condition> Capacitors shall be stored at 105 \pm 2°C with no voltage applied for 1000 $^{+48}_{-0}$ hours. After the test and returned in standard condition for 1 to 2 hours and the capacitor shall meet following requirements. (If any doubt arises on the judgment, the capacitors shall be subjected to voltage treatment specified in JIS C 5141,5.2.) <Criteria> Leakage Current Not more than the specified value Capacitance Change Within ±25% of the initial value **Dissipation Factor** Not more than 200% of the specified value Notable changes shall not be found Appearance

9	Surge Voltage		
9	Surge Voltage		
		for 30 ± 5 seconds in every Then the capacitors shall [C _R : Nominal Capacitance	If the surge voltage through a $(100\pm50)/C_R$ [k Ω] resistor in series $e^{6\pm0.5}$ minutes at 15 to 35°C. Procedure shall be repeated 1000 times, be left under normal humidity for 1 to 2 hours before measurement. Se (μ F)]
		<criteria> Leakage Current</criteria>	Not more than the specified value
		Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of the initial value
		Dissipation Factor	Not more than the specified value
		 △This test simulates overvol always applied. 	Notable changes shall not be found tage at abnormal situations, and not be hypothesizing that overvoltage i
10 Vibration Test		Fix lead wire at a point no	in 3 AXIS for 2 hours each (total 6 hours) as below. ot more than 4mm from the body , use mounting device separately for the n and greater or with a length 25mm and longer. : 10 to 55Hz : 1.5mm : 10 to 55 to 10Hz, In about 1min.
		<criteria> Capacitance (During test)</criteria>	Measured value shall be stable. (The time from one end to the other of the vibration frequency within last 30 minutes at last direction.)
		Capacitance Change	Within \pm 5% of the initial value
		Appearance	Notable changes shall not be found
11	Solderability	for 5 to 10 seconds and sha	or shall be immersed in flux (ethanol solution of the rosin, 25 wt% rosin) all be immersed in the solder bath ($235\pm5^{\circ}C$) and held for 2 ± 0.5 seconds,
		and pulled out at the same s <criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder.</criteria>	
12	Resistance to Solder Heat	<criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder. <condition> Terminals of the capacito to 2.0mm from the body of o</condition></criteria>	ential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new
12	Resistance to Solder Heat	<criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder. <condition> Terminals of the capacito to 2.0mm from the body of of Then the capacitors shall</condition></criteria>	ential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new r shall be immersed into solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds up to 1. capacitor.
12	Resistance to Solder Heat	<criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder. <condition> Terminals of the capacito to 2.0mm from the body of of Then the capacitors shall before measurement.</condition></criteria>	ential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new r shall be immersed into solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds up to 1. capacitor.
12	Resistance to Solder Heat	<criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder. <condition> Terminals of the capacito to 2.0mm from the body of of Then the capacitors shall before measurement. <<u>Criteria></u></condition></criteria>	ential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new r shall be immersed into solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds up to 1. capacitor. be left under the normal temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hour
12	Resistance to Solder Heat	<criteria> At least 3/4 of circumfere solder. <condition> Terminals of the capacito to 2.0mm from the body of of Then the capacitors shall before measurement. <criteria> Leakage Current</criteria></condition></criteria>	ential surface of dipped portion of the terminal shall be covered with new r shall be immersed into solder bath at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds up to 1. capacitor. be left under the normal temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 hour

						PAGE	5 /
13 Resistance to Damp Heat (Steady State)	<condition> Capacitor shall be stored in the Then the capacitors shall be le before measurement. <criteria></criteria></condition>						
		Not more than	the specifie	d value			
			Nithin ±15% of	•			
			Not more than	the specifie	d value		
			Notable change	•			
		Frequency(Hz Capacitance(µF)	120	1k	104	k 100k≤	
		1 to 10	0.42	0.60	0 0.80	0 1.00	
		1 10 10		0.75			
		22 to 33	0.55	0.7	5 0.90	0 1.00	
			0.55	0.85			
		22 to 33					
		22 to 33 47 to 330					
		22 to 33 47 to 330 < Temperature Coefficient >	0.70 105 1.0	0.85 85 1.7	5 0.98 65≥ 2.1	5 1.00	



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◆Table-4 Standard size, Maximum permissible ripple current and Impedance

Rated voltage 10V				
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current		
capacitance (μF)	∳DxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)		
100	5X11	130		
220	6.3X11	210		
330	8X11.5	330		

Rated voltage 25V				
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current		
capacitance (μF)	φDxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)		
33	5X11	130		
47	5X11	130		
100	6.3X11	210		

	Rated voltage 50V					
Nominal capacitance	Size	Ripple Current				
(μF)	φDxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)				
1	5X11	25				
2.2	5X11	35				
3.3	5X11	70				
4.7	5X11	80				
10	5X11	90				
22	5X11	135				
33	6.3X11	190				
47	6.3X11	190				
100	8X11.5	270				

Rated voltage 100V					
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current			
capacitance (μF)	∳DxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)			
1	5X11	40			
2.2	5X11	50			
3.3	5X11	60			
4.7	5X11	70			
10	6.3X11	150			
22	8X11.5	230			

Rated voltage 16V				
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current		
capacitance (μF)	∳DxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)		
47	5X11	130		
100	6.3X11	210		
220	8X11.5	330		

Rated voltage 35V					
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current			
capacitance (μF)	φDxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)			
33	5X11	130			
47	6.3X11	210			
100	8X11.5	330			

Rated voltage 63V				
Nominal	Size	Ripple Current		
capacitance (μF)	∳DxL(mm)	(mA r.m.s./105°C,100kHz)		
10	5X11	80		
22	6.3X11	170		
33	6.3X11	170		
47	8X11.5	240		

•TAPING SPECIFICATION OF RADIAL LEAD TYPE ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

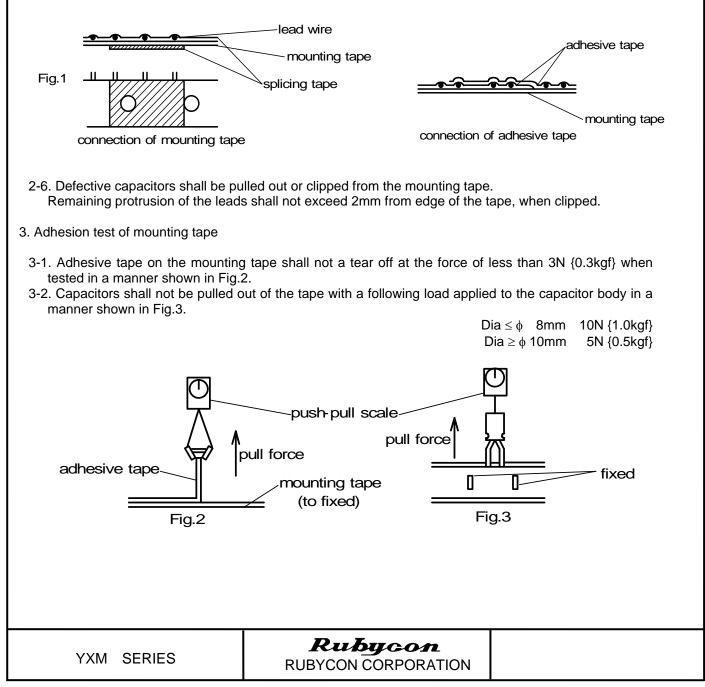
1.Scope

This specification covers taped radial lead type electrolytic capacitors, with case dia of ϕ 5 ~ 6.3 mm.

2.Requirements.

2-1. Body tape requirements are shown in 10/9, 10/10 page.

- 2-2. All polarized capacitors must be oriented in one direction.
- 2-3. Leader tape shall be provided before the first capacitor and after the last one on tape at minimum length of 3 feed holes.
- 2-4 Maximum of 3 consecutive missing capacitors are permitted while one pack quantity meets the specification in para.4.
- 2-5. Mounting tape shall be spliced as shown in Fig.1. Mounting tape shall not be over lapped.



4.Package

Taped capacitors shall be packed in a carton shown in Fig.4, with tape ammunition.

Packed cartons shall be marked at least polarity, rated voltage, nominal capacitance and quantity.

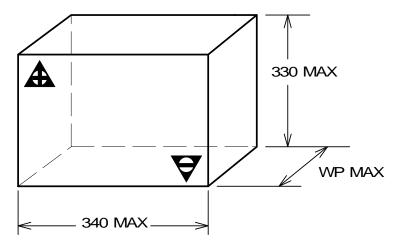
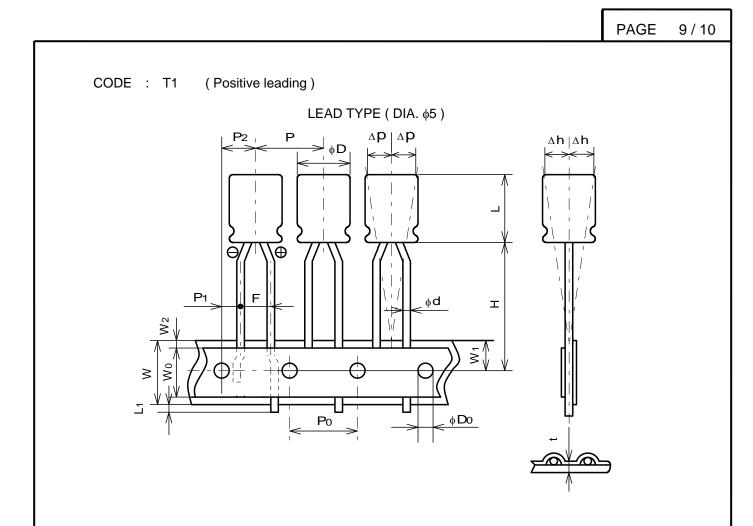


Fig.4

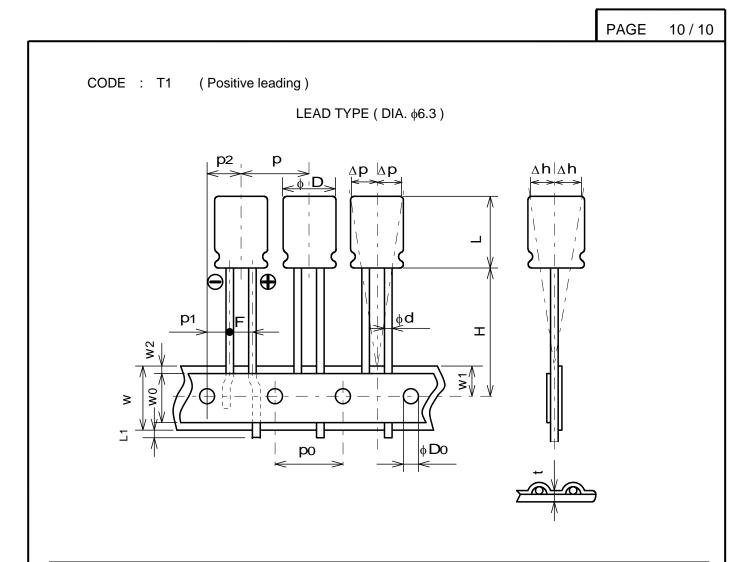
STANDARD PACKING QUANTITY

CASE DIA	QUANTITY	WP(mm)
5X11	2000	54
6.3X11	2000	54



Symbol	Case Dia ∳ mm	
Symbol	φ5	Remarks
φd	0.5 ±0.05	Dia of lead
L	12.5 MAX	Height of body
Р	12.7 ±1.0	Distance from center to center of body
Po	12.7 ±0.2	Distance from center to center of driving hole
P1	5.1 ±0.5	Distance between center of driving hole and lead
P2	6.35 ±1.0	Distance between center of driving hole and body
F	2.5 ^{+0.8} _{-0.2}	Lead spacing
W	18.0 ±0.3	Width of mounting tape
Wo	5.0 MIN	Width of adhesive tape
W1	9.0 ±0.5	Distance between center of driving hole and edge of mounting tape
W2	1.5 MAX	Max. allowable distance between mount and adhesive tape side
Н	18.5 ±0.75	Distance between center of driving hole and bottom of body
L1	0.5 MAX	Protrusion of lead
φDo	4.0 ±0.2	Dia. of driving hole
∆h	1.0 MAX	Off alignment of body
Δр	1.0 MAX	Off alignment of body
t	0.6 ±0.3	Sum of thickness for mounting and adhesive tape without lead dia.

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Symbol	Case Dia ϕ mm	
Symbol	φ 6. 3	Remarks
φd	0.5 ±0.05	Dia of lead
L	12.5 MAX	Height of body
Р	12.7 ±1.0	Distance from center to center of body
P ₀	12.7 ±0.2	Distance from center to center of driving hole
P1	5.1 ±0.5	Distance between center of driving hole and lead
P2	6.35 ±1.0	Distance between center of driving hole and body
F	2.5 ^{+0.8} -0.2	Lead spacing
W	18.0 ±0.3	Width of mounting tape
Wo	5.0 MIN	Width of adhesive tape
W1	9.0 ±0.5	Distance between center of driving hole and edge of mounting tape
W2	1.5 MAX	Max. allowable distance between mount and adhesive tape side
Н	18.5 ±0.75	Distance between center of driving hole and bottom of body
L1	0.5 MAX	Protrusion of lead
φD₀	4.0 ±0.2	Dia. of driving hole
Δh	1.0 MAX	Off alignment of body
Δр	1.0 MAX	Off alignment of body
t	0.6 ±0.3	Sum of thickness for mounting and adhesive tape without lead dia.

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