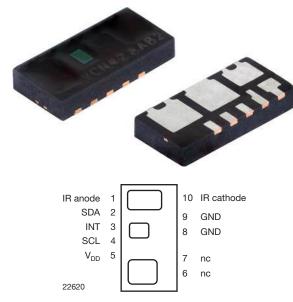
#### Rev. 1.5, 20-Mar-18

For technical questions, contact: <a href="mailto:sensorstechsupport@vishay.com">sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</a> THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishav.com/doc?91000

**Vishay Semiconductors** 

**VCNL4020** 

# Fully Integrated Proximity and Ambient Light Sensor With Infrared Emitter, I<sup>2</sup>C Interface, and Interrupt Function



# DESCRIPTION

The VCNL4020 is a fully integrated proximity and ambient light sensor. Fully integrated means that the infrared emitter is included in the package. It has 16 bit resolution. It includes a signal processing IC and features standard I<sup>2</sup>C communication interface. It features an interrupt function.

# **APPLICATIONS**

- · Proximity sensor for mobile devices (e.g. smart phones, touch phones, PDA, GPS) for touch screen locking, power saving, etc.
- Integrated ambient light function for display/keypad contrast control and dimming of mobile devices
- Proximity / optical switch for consumer, computing and industrial devices and displays
- Dimming control for consumer, computing and industrial displays

# **FEATURES**

- Package type: surface-mount
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 4.90 x 2.40 x 0.83
- Integrated modules: infrared emitter (IRED), ambient light sensor (ALS-PD), proximity sensor (PD), and signal conditioning IC
- Interrupt function
- Supply voltage range V<sub>DD</sub>: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Supply voltage range IR anode: 2.5 V to 5 V
- Communication via I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- I<sup>2</sup>C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 5 V
- Floor life: 72 h, MSL 4, according to J-STD-020
- Low stand by current consumption: 1.5 µA
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

# **PROXIMITY FUNCTION**

- Built-in infrared emitter and photo-pin-diode for proximity function
- 16 bit effective resolution for proximity detection range ensures excellent cross talk immunity
- · Programmable LED drive current from 10 mA to 200 mA in 10 mA steps
- Excellent ambient light suppression by signal modulation
- · Proximity distance up to 200 mm

## AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Built-in ambient liaht photo-pin-diode with close-to-human-eye sensitivity
- 16 bit dynamic range from 0.25 lx to 16 klx
- 100 Hz and 120 Hz flicker noise rejection

PRODUC	PRODUCT SUMMARY											
PART NUMBER	OPERATING RANGE (mm)	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I <sup>2</sup> C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	LED PULSE CURRENT <sup>(1)</sup> (mA)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	AMBIENT LIGHT RESOLUTION (Ix)	OUTPUT CODE	ADC RESOLUTION PROXIMITY / AMBIENT LIGHT				
VCNL4020	1 to 200	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 5	10 to 200	0.25 to 16 383	0.25	16 bit, I <sup>2</sup> C	16 bit / 16 bit				

#### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustable through I<sup>2</sup>C interface







RoHS COMPLIANT HALOGEN FREE GREEN

(5-2008)





ORDERING INFORMATION	
ORDERING CODE	

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	VOLUME <sup>(1)</sup>	REMARKS	
VCNL4020-GS08	Tape and reel	MOQ: 3300 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.83 mm	
VCNL4020-GS18	rape and reel	MOQ: 13 000 pcs		

Note

<sup>(1)</sup> MOQ: minimum order quantity

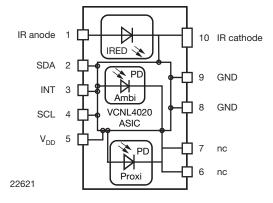
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)										
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT					
Supply voltage		V <sub>DD</sub>	-0.3	5.5	V					
Operation temperature range		T <sub>amb</sub>	-25	+85	°C					
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	-25	+85	°C					
Total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	P <sub>tot</sub>		50	mW					
Junction temperature		Tj		100	°C					

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage V <sub>DD</sub>			2.5		3.6	V
Supply voltage IR anode			2.5		5	V
I <sup>2</sup> C Bus H-level range			1.7		5	V
INT H-level range			1.7		5	V
INT low voltage	3 mA sink current				0.4	V
Current consumption	Standby current, no IRED-operation			1.5	2	μA
Current consumption proximity mode incl. IRED (averaged)	2 measurements per second, IRED current 20 mA			5		μA
	250 measurements per second, IRED current 20 mA			520		μA
	2 measurements per second, IRED current 200 mA			35		μA
	250 measurements per second, IRED current 200 mA			4		mA
	2 measurements per second averaging = 1			2.5		μA
Current consumption ambient	8 measurements per second averaging = 1			10		μA
light mode	2 measurements per second averaging = 64			160		μA
	8 measurements per second averaging = 64			640	5           0.4           1.5         2           5         5           520         35           4         2.5           10         160	μA
Ambient light resolution	Digital resolution (LSB count )			0.25		lx
Ambient light output	E <sub>V</sub> = 100 lx averaging = 64			400		counts
I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate range		f <sub>SCL</sub>			3400	kHz

# VCNL4020

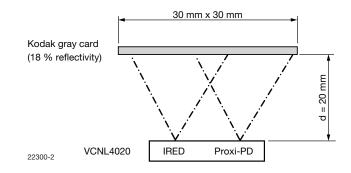


# **CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM**



www.vishay.com

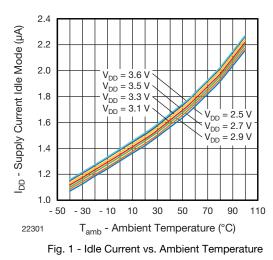
## TEST CIRCUIT

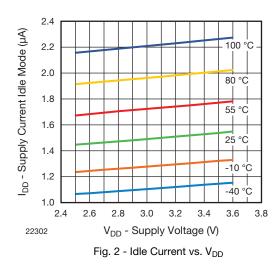


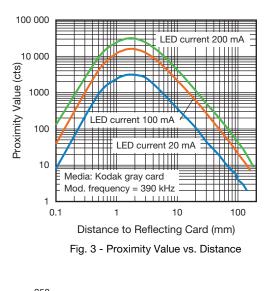
#### Note

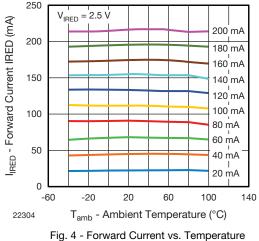
nc must not be electrically connected
 Pads 6 and 7 are only considered as solder pads

## **BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)









Rev. 1.5, 20-Mar-18

3

Document Number: 83476

For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u> THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT <u>www.vishay.com/doc?91000</u>



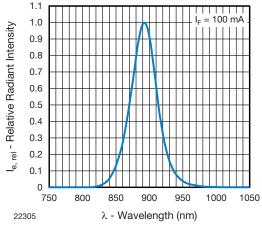


Fig. 5 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

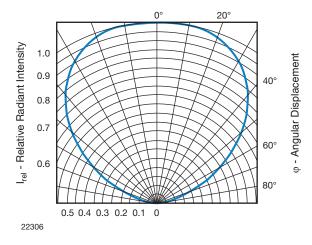


Fig. 6 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

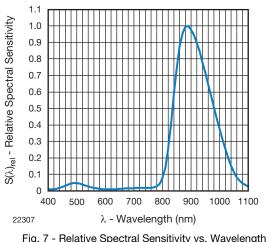


Fig. 7 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength (Proximity Sensor)

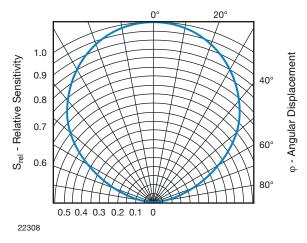


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Proximity Sensor)

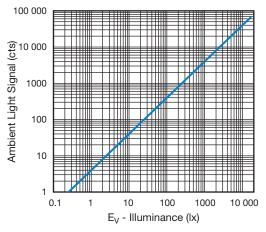
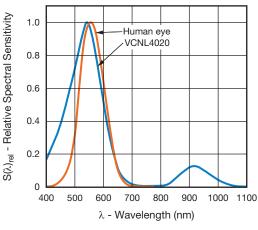
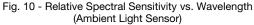


Fig. 9 - Ambient Light Value vs. Illuminance





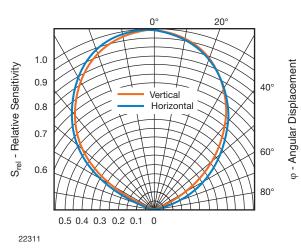
Rev. 1.5, 20-Mar-18

4

Document Number: 83476

For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u> THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT <u>www.vishay.com/doc?91000</u>





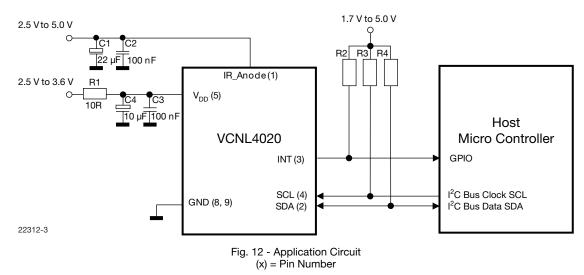
www.vishay.com

Fig. 11 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Ambient Light Sensor)

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

VCNL4020 is a cost effective solution of proximity and ambient light sensor with I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface. The standard serial digital interface is easy to access "Proximity Signal" and "Light Intensity" without complex calculation and programming by external controller. Beside the digital output also a flexible programmable interrupt pin is available.

#### **1. Application Circuit**



#### Notes

- The interrupt pin is an open drain output. The needed pull-up resistor may be connected to the same supply voltage as the application controller and the pull-up resistors at SDA/SCL. Proposed value R2 should be >1 kΩ, e.g. 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ.
   Proposed value for R3 and R4, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ, depend also on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus speed.
   For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VCNL4020
- IR\_Cathode needs no external connection. The needed connection to the driver is done internally.



## 2. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The VCNL4020 contains seventeen 8 bit registers for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C communication. Figure 13 shows the basic I<sup>2</sup>C communication with VCNL4020.

The built in I<sup>2</sup>C interface is compatible with all I<sup>2</sup>C modes (standard, fast and high speed).

 $I^2C$  H-level range = 1.7 V to 5 V.

Please refer to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification from NXP for details.

Send byte Write command to VCNL4020

S	Slave address	Wr	А	Register address	А	Data byte	А	Ρ
Rec	eive byte Read dat	a from '	VCNL	4020				
S	Slave address	Wr	А	Register address	А	Р		
S	Slave address	Rd	А	Data byte	А	Р		
	start condition stop condition		[	Host action				
	A = acknowledge VCNL4020 response							2231:
	F	ia. 13	- Se	nd Byte/Receive E	3vte F	Protocol		

#### **Device Address**

The VCNL4020 has a fix slave address for the host programming and accessing selection. The predefined 7 bit I<sup>2</sup>C bus address is set to 0010 011 = 13h. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to  $0010\ 011x = 26h$  for write, 27h for read.

#### **Register Addresses**

VCNL4020 has seventeen user accessible 8 bit registers. The register addresses are 80h (register #0) to 90h (register #16).

## **REGISTER FUNCTIONS**

#### **Register #0 Command Register**

Register address = 80h

The register #0 is for starting ambient light or proximity measurements. This register contains 2 flag bits for data ready indication.

TABLE 1 - COMMAND REGISTER #0										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
config_lock	als_data_rdy	prox_data_rdy	prox_data_rdy als_od prox_od als_en prox_en selftimed_en							
			Descr	iption						
config_lock Read only bit. Value = 1										
als_da	als_data_rdy Read only bit. Value = 1 when ambient light measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #5, reg #6) is read.									
prox_d	prox_data_rdy Read only bit. Value = 1 when proximity measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #7, reg #8) is read.									
als	_od	R/W bit. Starts a sequence of rea reading in the re	a single on-demar dings and stores egisters #5(HB) an	nd measurement f the averaged resu d #6(LB).	or ambient light. If ılt. Result is availa	f averaging is ena ble at the end of o	bled, starts a conversion for			
pro>	x_od			nd measurement f		s #7(HB) and #8(L	.B).			
als	_en	R/W bit. Enable	s periodic als mea	asurement						
prox	x_en	R/W bit. Enable	s periodic proximi	ty measurement						
selftim	ned_en		s state machine a the corresponding	nd LP oscillator fo g bit is set	or self timed meas	urements; no mea	asurement is			

#### Note

With setting bit 3 and bit 4 at the same write command, a simultaneously measurement of ambient light and proximity is done. Beside als\_en and/or prox\_en first selftimed\_en needs to be set. On-demand measurement modes are disabled if selftimed\_en bit is set. For the selftimed\_en mode changes in reading rates (reg #4 and reg #2) can be made only when b0 (selftimed\_en bit) = 0. For the als\_od mode changes to the reg #4 can be made only when b4 (als\_od bit) = 0; this is to avoid synchronization problems and undefined states between the clock domains. In effect this means that it is only reasonable to change rates while no selftimed conversion is ongoing.

Document Number: 83476

# VCNL4020



**Vishay Semiconductors** 

#### **Register #1 Product ID Revision Register**

Register address = 81h. This register contains information about product ID and product revision.

Register data value of current revision = 21h.

TABLE 2 -	TABLE 2 - PRODUCT ID REVISION REGISTER #1										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0							
	Prod	uct ID		Revision ID							
			Descr	iption							
Prod	Product ID Read only bits. Value = 2										
Revis	Revision ID Read only bits. Value = 1										

#### **Register #2 Rate of Proximity Measurement**

Register address = 82h.

TABLE 3 - PROXIMITY RATE REGISTER #2										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
		n/a	Rate of Proximity Measurement (no. of measurements per second)							
Description										
Proxin	nity rate	R/W bits. 000 - 1.95 mea: 001 - 3.90625 m 010 - 7.8125 m 011 - 16.625 m 100 - 31.25 mea 101 - 62.5 meas 110 - 125 meas 111 - 250 meas	easurements/s easurements/s asurements/s surements/s urements/s	AULT)						

Note

• If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

#### **Register #3 LED Current Setting for Proximity Mode**

Register address = 83h. This register is to set the LED current value for proximity measurement.

The value is adjustable in steps of 10 mA from 0 mA to 200 mA.

This register also contains information about the used device fuse program ID.

TABLE 4 -	TABLE 4 - IR LED CURRENT REGISTER #3										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0								
Fuse p	Fuse prog ID     IR LED current value										
Description											
Fuse p	Fuse prog ID Read only bits. Information about fuse program revision used for initial setup/calibration of the device.										
IR LED cu	IR LED current valueR/W bits. IR LED current = Value (dec.) x 10 mA.Valid Range = 0 to 20d. e.g. 0 = 0 mA , 1 = 10 mA,, 20 = 200 mA (2 = 20 mA = DEFAULT)LED Current is limited to 200 mA for values higher as 20d.										



## **Register #4 Ambient Light Parameter Register**

Register address = 84h.

TABLE 5 -	AMBIENT LI	GHT PARAM	ETER REGIS	TER #4						
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Cont. conv. mode		als_rate		Auto offset compensation	Averaging function (number of measurements per run)					
			Desc	ription						
Cont. conve	ersion mode	Enable = 1; Disa This function ca used with ambie	R/W bit. Continuous conversion mode. Enable = 1; Disable = 0 = DEFAULT This function can be used for performing faster ambient light measurements. This mode should only be used with ambient light on-demand measurements. Do not use with self-timed mode. Please refer to the application information chapter 3.3 for details about this function.							
Ambient light m	easurement rate	R/W bits. Ambie 000 - 1 samples 001 - 2 samples 010 - 3 samples 011 - 4 samples 100 - 5 samples 101 - 6 samples 110 - 8 samples 111 - 10 samples	s/s = DEFAULT s/s s/s s/s s/s s/s	ment rate						
Auto offset c	compensation	R/W bit. Automatic offset compensation. Enable = 1 = DEFAULT; Disable = 0 In order to compensate a technology, package or temperature related drift of the ambient light values there is a built in automatic offset compensation function. With active auto offset compensation the offset value is measured before each ambient light measurement and subtracted automatically from actual reading.								
Averagin	g function	R/W bits. Averaging function. Bit values sets the number of single conversions done during one measurement cycle. Result is the average value of all conversions. Number of conversions = 2 <sup>decimal_value</sup> e.g. 0 = 1 conv., 1 = 2 conv, 2 = 4 conv.,7 = 128 conv. DEFAULT = 32 conv. (bit 2 to bit 0: 101)								

Note

• If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

## Register #5 and #6 Ambient Light Result Register

Register address = 85h and 86h. These registers are the result registers for ambient light measurement readings. The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #5 and the low byte in register #6.

TABLE 6 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #5										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	Description									
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of ambient light measurement result										

TABLE 7 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #6									
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
	Description								
Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of ambient light measurement result									

www.vishay.com

# **Vishay Semiconductors**

## Register #7 and #8 Proximity Measurement Result Register

Register address = 87h and 88h. These registers are the result registers for proximity measurement readings. The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #7 and the low byte in register #8.

TABLE 8 - PROXIMITY RESULT REGISTER #7									
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
	Description								
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of proximity measurement result									

TABLE 9 - PROXIMITY RESULT REGISTER #8										
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
	Description									
	Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of proximity measurement result									

#### **Register #9 Interrupt Control Register**

Register address = 89h.

ABLE 10	- INTERRUP	CONTROL	REGISTER #	9					
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
	Int count exceed		n/a INT_PROX_ INT_ALS_ INT_THRES_EN INT_THRES_EN SEL						
			Desci	ription					
Int coun	t exceed	R/W bits. These threshold 000 - 1 count = 001 - 2 count 010 - 4 count 011 - 8 count 100 -16 count 101 - 32 count 110 - 64 count 111 - 128 count	DEFAULT	number of consec	utive measuremen	nts needed above/	below the		
INT_PROX	_ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion at proximity c	lata ready				
INT_ALS_	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion at ambient da	ata ready				
INT_TH	RES_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion when high or	low threshold is e	exceeded			
INT_THF	RES_SEL		resholds are applie are applied to als	ed to proximity me measurements	easurements				



## Register #10 and #11 Low Threshold

Register address = 8Ah and 8Bh. These registers contain the low threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #10 and the low byte in register #11.

TABLE 11 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #10									
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0						Bit 0		
	Description								
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of low threshold value									

TABLE 12 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #11									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Description									
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of low threshold value								

#### Register #12 and #13 High Threshold

Register address = 8Ch and 8Dh. These registers contain the high threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #12 and the low byte in register #13.

TABLE 13 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #12									
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
Description									
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of high threshold value									

TABLE 14 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #13										
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
	Description									
R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of high threshold value										

#### **Register #14 Interrupt Status Register**

Register address = 8Eh. This register contains information about the interrupt status for either proximity or ALS function and indicates if high or low going threshold exceeded.

TABLE 15	TABLE 15 - INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER #14									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1			Bit 0			
	n,	/a		int_prox_ready	int_als_ready	int_th_low	int_th_hi			
	Description									
int_pro:	x_ready	R/W bit. Indicat	es a generated in	terrupt for proximi	ty					
int_als	_ready	R/W bit. Indicat	es a generated in	terrupt for als						
int_th	n_low	R/W bit. Indicat	R/W bit. Indicates a low threshold exceed							
int_t	th_hi	R/W bit. Indicat	es a high threshol	ld exceed						

Note

• Once an interrupt is generated the corresponding status bit goes to 1 and stays there unless it is cleared by writing a 1 in the corresponding bit. The int pad will be pulled down while at least one of the status bit is 1.



## **Register #15 Proximity Modulator Timing Adjustment**

Register address = 8Fh.

ABLE 16	- PROXIMIT	Y MODULAT	OR TIMING A	DJUSTMEN	Γ#15		
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
١	Nodulation delay t	ime	Proximity	frequency	N	lodulation dead ti	me
			Desc	ription			
Modulatic	on delay time	This function is	for compensation etting different pro	tween IR LED sigr of delays from IF ximity signal frequ	LED and IR phot	o diode. Also in re	
Proximit	y frequency		neasurement is us Hz (DEFAULT) z Hz	R test signal freque ing a square IR sig		ent signal. Four di	fferent values a
Modulatio	on dead time	This function is	for reducing of po	evaluation of IR signs cossible disturbanc evel and should be	e effects.	of the IR signal. (	DEFAULT = 1)

#### Note

• The settings for best performance will be provided by Vishay. With first samples this is evaluated to:

Delay Time = 0; Dead Time = 1 and Prox Frequency = 0. With that register#15 should be programmed with 1 (= default value).

#### Register #16 Ambient IR Light Level Register

Register address = 90h.

This register is not intended to be used by customer.

# **3. IMPORTANT APPLICATION HINTS AND EXAMPLES**

#### 3.1 Receiver standby mode

In standby mode the receiver has the lowest current consumption of about 1.5  $\mu$ A. In this mode only the I<sup>2</sup>C interface is active. This is always valid, when there are no measurement demands for proximity and ambient light executed. Also the current sink for the IR-LED is inactive, so there is no need for changing register #3 (IR LED current).

#### 3.2 Data Read

In order to get a certain register value, the register has to be addressed without data like shown in the following scheme. After this register addressing, the data from the addressed register is written after a subsequent read command.

Rece	Receive byte Read data from VCNL4020										
S	Slave address	Wr	А	Register address	А	Ρ					
S	Slave address	ave address Rd A Data byte									
S = start condition     Host action       P = stop condition     VCNL4020 response											
	Fia. 14 - Sena	d Bvte	e/Rece	eive Bvte Protocol							

The stop condition between these write and read sequences is not mandatory. It works also with a repeated start condition.

#### Note

For reading out 2 (or more) subsequent registers like the result registers, it is not necessary to address each of the registers separately. After
one read command the internal register counter is increased automatically and any subsequent read command is accessing the next
register.

# **VCNL4020**

# **Vishay Semiconductors**

www.vishay.com

Example: read register "Ambient Light Result Register" #5 and #6:

Addressing:command: 26h, 85h (VCNL4020\_l<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Write\_Adr., Ambient Light Result Register #5 [85])

Read register #5:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020\_l<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {High Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #5 [85])}

Read register #6:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {Low Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #6 [86])}

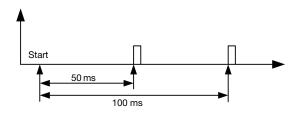
#### 3.3 Continuous Conversion Mode in Ambient Light Measurement

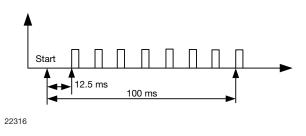
In the following is a detail description of the function "continuous conversion" (bit 7 of register #4)

#### Standard mode (bit 7 of reg #4 = 0):

In standard mode the ambient light measurement is done during a fixed time frame of 100 ms. The single measurement itself takes actually only appr. 300 µs.

The following figures show examples of this measurement timing in standard mode using averaging function 2 and 8 as examples for illustration (possible values up to 128).





22315

Fig. 15 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 2 Measurements Fig. 16 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 8 Measurements

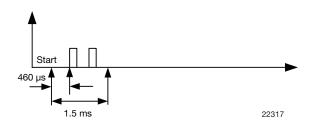
#### Note

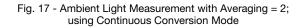
•  $\geq$  Independent of setting of averaging the result is available only after 100 ms.

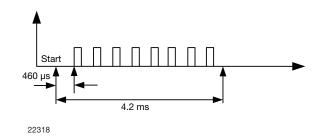
## Continuous conversion mode (bit 7 of register #4 = 1):

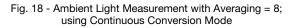
In continuous conversion mode the single measurements are done directly subsequent after each other.

See following examples in figure 17 and 18









12



0.15

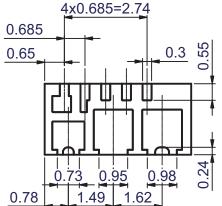
0.69

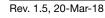
2

2.03

## **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters

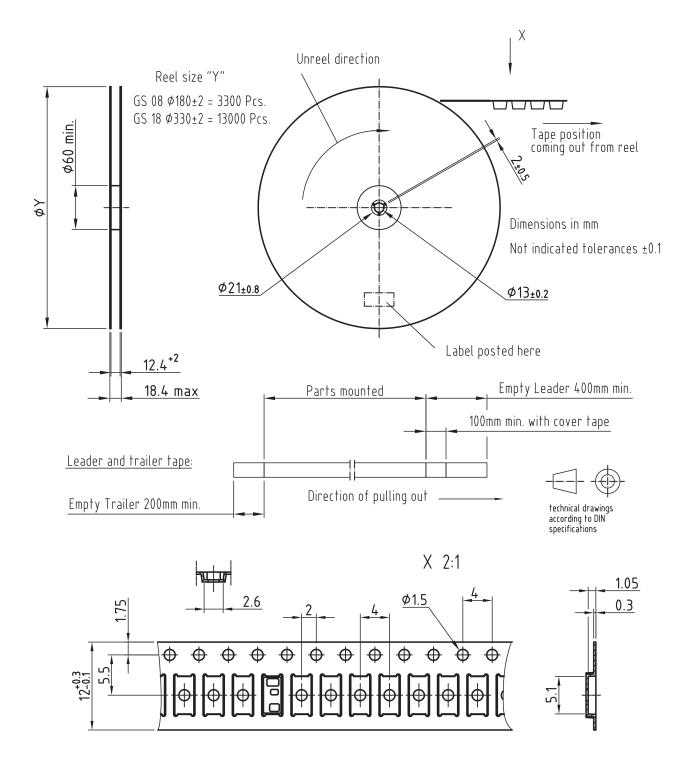
Pinning Bottom view Emitter Anode SDA 0 SCL F 55 0.3 C Cathode PD Cathode Emitter VSS 0.24 0.98 Pinning Top view .62 1 Cathode PD Cathode Emitter technical drawings /SS according to DIN specifications Γ٦ ٢٦ 0.83 VDD Anode Emitter SDA Ł SCL 4.15 Proposed PCB Footprint (4.9)0.4 1.75 1.1 0.83 0.25 0.4 0.37 0.28 ω Ö 4 S N <u>\_</u> C (2.4) Ö 4.9 2 C ω Drawing-No.: 6.550-5319 0.45 0.4 o. 4x 0.685=2.74 Not indicated tolerances ± 0.1







# TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS in millimeters

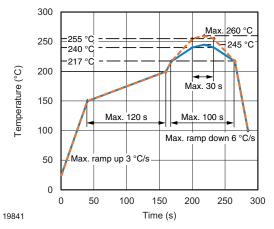


Drawing-No.: 9.700-5387.01-4

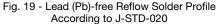
For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u> THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT <u>www.vishay.com/doc?91000</u>



# SOLDER PROFILE



www.vishay.com



#### DRYPACK

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

# FLOOR LIFE

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 72 h

Conditions:  $T_{amb}$  < 30 °C, RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 4, according to J-STD-020.

#### DRYING

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40 °C (+ 5 °C), RH < 5 %.



Vishay

# Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and / or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.