

# LC<sup>2</sup>MOS Precision Mini-DIP Analog Switch

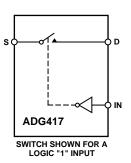
**ADG417** 

#### **FEATURES**

44 V Supply Maximum Ratings  $V_{SS}$  to  $V_{DD}$  Analog Signal Range Low On Resistance (<35  $\Omega$ ) Ultralow Power Dissipation (<35  $\mu$ W) Fast Switching Times  $t_{ON}$  (160 ns max)  $t_{OFF}$  (100 ns max) Break-Before-Make Switching Action Plug-In Replacement for DG417

APPLICATIONS
Precision Test Equipment
Precision Instrumentation
Battery Powered Systems
Sample Hold Systems

### FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG417 is a monolithic CMOS SPST switch. This switch is designed on an enhanced LC<sup>2</sup>MOS process that provides low power dissipation yet gives high switching speed, low on resistance and low leakage currents.

The on resistance profile of the ADG417 is very flat over the full analog input range ensuring excellent linearity and low distortion. The part also exhibits high switching speed and high signal bandwidth. CMOS construction ensures ultralow power dissipation making the parts ideally suited for portable and battery powered instruments.

The ADG417 switch, which is turned ON with a logic low on the control input, conducts equally well in both directions when ON and has an input signal range that extends to the supplies. In the OFF condition, signal levels up to the supplies are blocked. The ADG417 exhibits break-before-make switching action for use in multiplexer applications. Inherent in the design is low charge injection for minimum transients when switching the digital input.

### PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- Extended Signal Range
   The ADG417 is fabricated on an enhanced LC<sup>2</sup>MOS process, giving an increased signal range that extends to the supply rails
- 2. Ultralow Power Dissipation
- 3. Low Ron
- 4. Single Supply Operation
  For applications where the analog signal is unipolar, the ADG417 can be operated from a single rail power supply.
  The part is fully specified with a single +12 V power supply and will remain functional with single supplies as low as +5 V.

# **ADG417—SPECIFICATIONS**

 $\textbf{Dual Supply}^{1} \ \, (\textbf{V}_{DD} = +15 \ \textbf{V} \ \pm \ 10\%, \ \textbf{V}_{SS} = -15 \ \textbf{V} \ \pm \ 10\%, \ \textbf{V}_{L} = +5 \ \textbf{V} \ \pm \ 10\%, \ \textbf{GND} = 0 \ \textbf{V}, \ \textbf{unless otherwise noted})$ 

	B Version		T Version			
Parameter	+25°C	−40°C to +85°C	+25°C	-55°C to +125°C	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH						
Analog Signal Range		$V_{SS}$ to $V_{DD}$		V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>DD</sub>	V	
$R_{ m ON}$	25	00 DD	25	55 EE	$\Omega$ typ	$V_D = \pm 12.5 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$
	35	45	35	45	$\Omega$ max	$V_{DD} = +13.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -13.5 \text{ V}$
LEAKAGE CURRENTS						$V_{DD} = +16.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -16.5 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage I <sub>S</sub> (OFF)	±0.1		±0.1		nA typ	$V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}, V_S = \mp 15.5 \text{ V};$
	±0.25	±5	±0.25	±15	nA max	Test Circuit 2
Drain OFF Leakage I <sub>D</sub> (OFF)	±0.1		±0.1		nA typ	$V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}, V_S = \mp 15.5 \text{ V};$
	±0.25	±5	±0.25	±15	nA max	Test Circuit 2
Channel ON Leakage ID, IS (ON)	±0.1		±0.1		nA typ	$V_{\rm S} = V_{\rm D} = \pm 15.5 \text{ V};$
	±0.4	±5	$\pm 0.4$	±30	nA max	Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage, V <sub>INH</sub>		2.4		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V <sub>INI</sub>		0.8		0.8	V max	
Input Current						
I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INH</sub>		±0.005		±0.005	μA typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INI}$ or $V_{INH}$
INL · INI		±0.5		±0.5	μA max	N IN THE THIRD
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS <sup>2</sup>						
t <sub>ON</sub>	100		100		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF;$
011	160	200	145	200	ns max	$V_S = \pm 10 \text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 4
$t_{\mathrm{OFF}}$	60		60		ns typ	$R_L = 300 \Omega, C_L = 35 pF;$
011	100	150	100	150	ns max	$V_S = \pm 10 \text{ V}$ ; Test Circuit 4
Charge Injection	7		7		pC typ	$V_S = 0 V, R_L = 0 \Omega,$
,						$C_L = 10 \text{ nF}$ ; Test Circuit 5
OFF Isolation	80		80		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ;
					31	Test Circuit 6
$C_S$ (OFF)	6		6		pF typ	
C <sub>D</sub> (OFF)	6		6		pF typ	
$C_D, C_S (ON)$	55		55		pF typ	
POWER REQUIREMENTS						$V_{DD} = +16.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -16.5 \text{ V}$
I <sub>DD</sub>	0.0001		0.0001		μA typ	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V or 5 V}$
<i>DD</i>	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	
$I_{SS}$	0.0001		0.0001		μA typ	
-00	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	
${ m I_L}$	0.0001		0.0001		μA typ	$V_{L} = +5.5 \text{ V}$
-L	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	1
NOTES		2.5	*	,	M 1 111111	

### NOTES

Specifications subject to change without notice.

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 $<sup>^1</sup>Temperature$  ranges are as follows: B Version: –40  $^{\circ}C$  to +85  $^{\circ}C;$  T Version: –55  $^{\circ}C$  to +125  $^{\circ}C.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

# Single Supply $^1$ (V\_DD = +12 V $\pm$ 10%, V\_SS = 0 V, V\_L = +5 V $\pm$ 10%, GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted)

	В	Version -40°C to	T Ve	ersion -55°C to		
Parameter	+25°C	+85°C	+25°C	+125°C	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH Analog Signal Range $R_{\rm ON}$	40	0 to V <sub>DD</sub>	40	0 to $V_{DD}$	V Ω typ Ω max	$V_D = +3 \text{ V}, +8.5 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DD} = +10.8 \text{ V}$
LEAKAGE CURRENT						$V_{DD} = +13.2 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage I <sub>S</sub> (OFF)	±0.1 ±0.25	±5	±0.1 ±0.25	±15	nA typ nA max	$V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}, V_S = 1 \text{ V/12.2 V};$ Test Circuit 2
Drain OFF Leakage $I_D$ (OFF)  Channel ON Leakage $I_D$ , $I_S$ (ON)	±0.1 ±0.25 ±0.1	±5	±0.1 ±0.25 ±0.1	±15	nA typ nA max nA typ	$V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}, V_S = 1 \text{ V/12.2 V};$ Test Circuit 2 $V_S = V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V};$
Ghannel Olv Leakage 1D, 18 (Olv)	$\pm 0.1$ $\pm 0.4$	±5	±0.1 ±0.4	±30	nA max	Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage, V <sub>INH</sub> Input Low Voltage, V <sub>INL</sub> Input Current		2.4 0.8		2.4 0.8	V min V max	
I <sub>INL</sub> or I <sub>INH</sub>		±0.005 ±0.5		±0.005 ±0.5	μΑ typ μΑ max	$V_{\rm IN} = V_{\rm INL}$ or $V_{\rm INH}$
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS $^2$ $t_{\rm ON}$	180	250	180	250	ns max	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ; $V_S = +8 V$ ; Test Circuit 4
$t_{ m OFF}$	85	110	85	110	ns max	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ , $C_L = 35 pF$ ; $V_S = +8 V$ ; Test Circuit 4
Charge Injection	11		11		pC typ	$V_S = 0 \text{ V}, R_S = 0 \Omega,$ $C_L = 10 \text{ nF}; \text{ Test Circuit 5}$
OFF Isolation	80		80		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $f = 1 MHz$ ; Test Circuit 6
C <sub>s</sub> (OFF)	13		13		pF typ	
$C_D$ (OFF)	13		13		pF typ	
$C_D, C_S (ON)$	65		65		pF typ	
POWER REQUIREMENTS						$V_{\rm DD} = +13.2 \text{ V}$
$I_{DD}$	0.0001 1	2.5	0.0001 1	2.5	μΑ typ μΑ max	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V or } 5 \text{ V}$
I <sub>L</sub>	0.0001 1	2.5	0.0001 1	2.5	μΑ typ μΑ max	V <sub>L</sub> = +5.5 V

### NOTES

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Table I. Truth Table

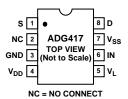
Logic	Switch Condition			
0	ON			
1	OFF			

### **ORDERING GUIDE**

Model	Temperature Range	Package Options*	
ADG417BN	-40°C to +85°C	N-8	
ADG417BR	-40°C to +85°C	SO-8	

<sup>\*</sup>N = Plastic DIP, SO = 0.15" Small Outline IC (SOIC).

## PIN CONFIGURATION DIP/SOIC



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¹Temperature ranges are as follows: B Version: −40 °C to +85 °C; T Version: −55 °C to +125 °C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

### **ADG417**

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1</sup> $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise noted})$ $m V_{DD}$ to $m V_{SS}$ ......+44 V $V_{DD}$ to GND .....-0.3 V to +25 V $V_{SS}$ to GND .....+0.3 V to -25 V or 30 mA, Whichever Occurs First NOTES (Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Max) Operating Temperature Range Industrial (B Version) .....-40°C to +85°C Extended (T Version) .....-55°C to +125°C Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C Junction Temperature ...... 150°C

Plastic Package, Power Dissipation	400 mW
$\theta_{IA}$ , Thermal Impedance	100°C/W
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec)	+260°C
SOIC Package, Power Dissipation	400 mW
$\theta_{IA}$ , Thermal Impedance	155°C/W
Lead Temperature, Soldering	
Vapor Phase (60 sec)	+215°C
Infrared (15 sec)	+220°C

<sup>1</sup>Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

### **CAUTION**

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although the ADG417 features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



TERMINOLOGY $V_{DD}$ $V_{SS}$ $V_{L}$ $GND$ $S$ $D$ $IN$ $R_{ON}$ $I_{S}$ $(OFF)$ $I_{D}$ $(OFF)$	Most positive power supply potential.  Most negative power supply potential in dual supplies. In single supply applications, it may be connected to GND.  Logic power supply (+5 V).  Ground (0 V) reference.  Source terminal. May be an input or an output.  Drain terminal. May be an input or an output.  Logic control input.  Ohmic resistance between D and S.  Source leakage current with the switch "OFF."  Drain leakage current with the switch "OFF."	$V_{D} (V_{S})$ $C_{S} (OFF)$ $C_{D} (OFF)$ $C_{D}, C_{S} (ON)$ $t_{ON}$ $t_{OFF}$ $V_{INL}$ $V_{INH}$ $I_{INL} (I_{INH})$ $Charge Injection$ $I_{DD}$ $I_{DD}$	from the digital input to the analog output during switching.  A measure of unwanted signal coupling through an "OFF" channel.  Positive supply current.
$I_D, I_S(ON)$	"OFF." Channel leakage current with the switch "ON."	$egin{aligned} egin{aligned} egin{aligned\\ egin{aligned} egi$	Positive supply current.  Negative supply current.  Logic supply current.
		_	

– REV. A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Overvoltages at IN, S or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

## **Typical Performance Characteristics—ADG417**

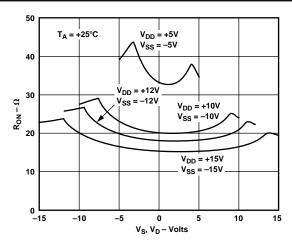


Figure 1.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Dual Supply Voltage

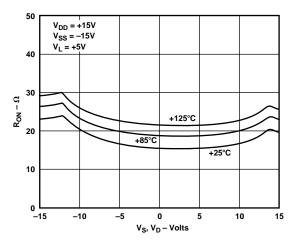


Figure 2.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ) for Different Temperatures

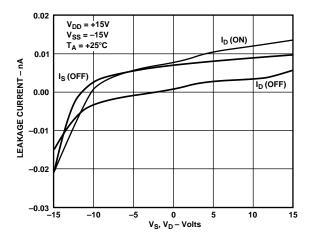


Figure 3. Leakage Currents as a Function of  $V_S(V_D)$ 

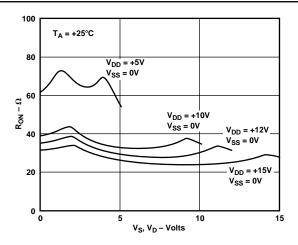


Figure 4.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ): Single Supply Voltage

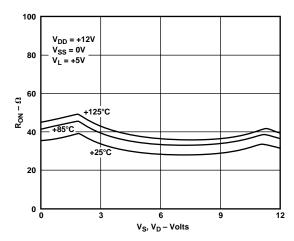


Figure 5.  $R_{ON}$  as a Function of  $V_D$  ( $V_S$ ) for Different Temperatures

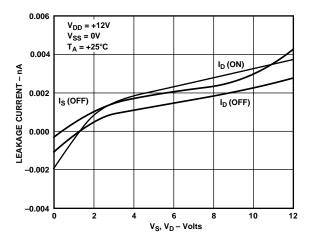


Figure 6. Leakage Currents as a Function of  $V_S$  ( $V_D$ )

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### **ADG417**

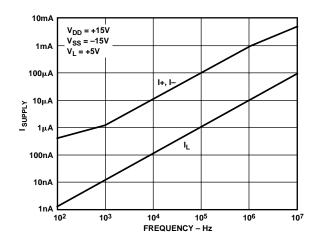


Figure 7. Supply Current vs. Input Switching Frequency

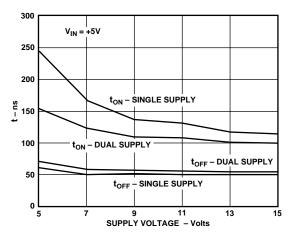
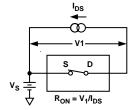


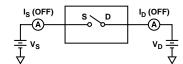
Figure 8. Switching Time vs. Power Supply

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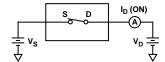
## **Test Circuits**



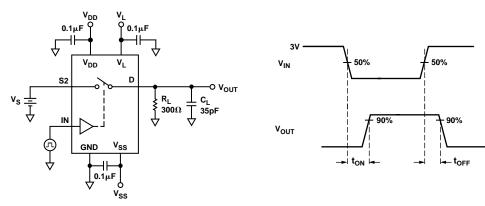
Test Circuit 1. On Resistance



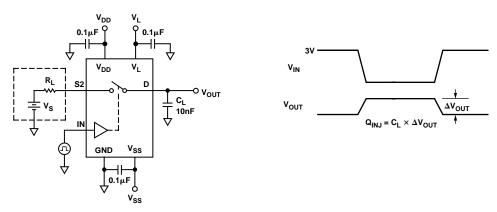
Test Circuit 2. Off Leakage



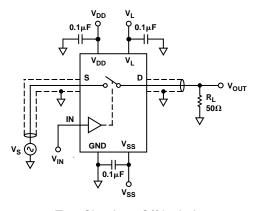
Test Circuit 3. On Leakage



Test Circuit 4. Switching Times



Test Circuit 5. Charge Injection

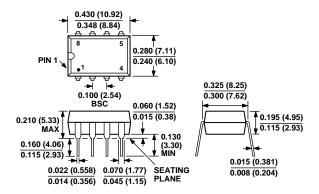


Test Circuit 6. Off Isolation

### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

### 8-Lead Plastic DIP (N-8)



### 8-Lead SOIC (SO-8) (Narrow Body)

