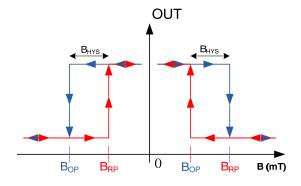


High Sensitivity Omnipolar Hall-effect Sensor

Features

- Digital Omni-polar Hall-Effect sensor
- High chopping frequency
- Very high sensitivity
- Superior temperature stability
- Supports a wide voltage range
 - 2.5 to 24V
 - Operating from unregulated supply
- Reverse battery protection (up to 28V)
- Over-voltage protection at all pins
- Robust EMC performance
- Solid-state reliability
- Small package
 - 3-pin SIP
 - 3-pin SOT-23

Output State



Applications

- Flow meters
- Magnetic encoding
- Proxmimity sensing
- Garage door openers
- Power sliding doors
- Sunroofs motor

Description

The SC246X family, produced with BiCMOS technology, is a chopper-stabilized Hall Effect Sensor that offers a magnetic sensing solution with superior sensitivity stability over temperature and integrated protection features.

Superior high-temperature performance is made possible through dynamic offset cancellation, which reduces the residual offset voltage normally caused by device over molding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress. Each device includes on a single silicon chip a voltage regulator, Hall-voltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, Schmitt trigger, and an open-drain output to sink up to 20mA.

An onboard regulator permits with supply voltages of 2.5 to 24V which makes the device suitable for a wide range of industrial and atuomotive applications

The device is available in a 3-pin SIP and a plastic SOT23-3 surface mount package. Both packages are lead(Pb) free, with 100% matte tin leadframe plating.

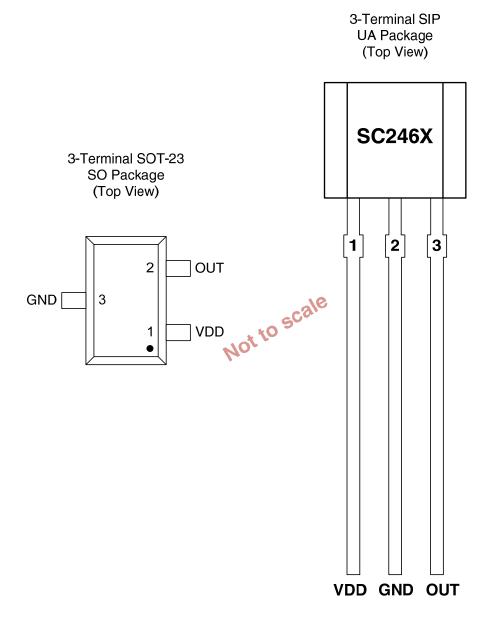


Device Information

Part Number	Packing	Mounting	Ambient, T _A	Вор(Тур.)	Вкр(Тур.)
SC2462UA	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag		-0.5mT	. 1 5 m T	
SC2462SO	Reel, 3000pieces/reel	SOT-23	-40℃ to 150℃	±2.5mT	±1.5mT
SC2463UA	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag	SIP3		- 0.5 mT	. 0 5 m T
SC2463SO	Reel, 3000pieces/reel	SOT-23	-40℃ to 150℃	±3.5mT	±2.5mT
SC2464UA	Bulk, 1000 pieces/bag	SIP-3		. C. OT	. 5. 0m T
SC2464SO	Reel, 3000pieces/reel	SOT-23	-40℃ to 150℃	±6.0mT	±5.0mT
SC2466SO	Reel, 3000pieces/reel	SOT-23	-40 ℃ to 150℃	±15.0mT	±12.0mT



Terminal configuration and functions



Terminal				
Neme	Number		Туре	Description
Name	UA	SO		
VDD	1	1	PWR	2.5 to 24 V power supply
GND	2	3	Ground	Ground terminal
OUT	3	2	Output	Output terminal



Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
Power supply voltage	Vdd	-28 ⁽²⁾	28	V
Output terminal voltage	Vout	-0.5	28	V
Output terminal current sink	Isink	0	30	mA
Operating ambient temperature	Та	-40	150	°C
Maximum junction temperature	TJ	-55	165	°C
Storage temperature	Тѕтс	-65	175	°C

⁽¹⁾Stresses above those listed here may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

⁽²⁾Ensured by design.

ESD Protection

Human Body Model (HBM) tests according to: standard AEC-Q100-002

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	
ESD-Protection	Vesd	-4	4	KV	

Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter Test Conditions		Rating	Units
R ØA	UA Package thermal resistance	Single-layer PCB, with copper limited to solder pads	166	°C/W
R ØA	SO Package thermal resistance	Single-layer PCB, with copper limited to solder pads	228	°C/W



Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Vdd	Operating voltage ⁽¹⁾	TJ < TJ(Max.)	2.5		24	V
Vddr	Reverse supply voltage		-28			V
	Operating supply current	Vdd=2.5 to 24 V, Ta=25 $^\circ\!\!\mathrm{C}$	0.8	1.6	2.0	mA
loo		Vdd=2.5 to 24 V, Ta=125 $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$	0.8	1.7	2.0	mA
ton	Power-on time			35	50	μS
Iql	Off-state leakage current	Output Hi-Z			3	μA
		Vdd=5V, Io=10mA, Ta=25℃		20		Ω
RDS(on)	FET on-resistance	Vdd=5V, Io=10mA, Ta=125℃		30		Ω
ta	Output delay time	B=BRP to BOP		15	25	μS
tr	Output rise time (10% to 90%)	R1=1Kohm Co=50pF			0.5	μS
tr	Output fall time (90% to 10%)	R1=1Kohm Co=50pF			0.2	μS

over operating free-air temperature range ($V_{DD} = 5.0V$, unless otherwise noted)

(1) Maximum voltage must be adjusted for power dissipation and junction temperature, see Thermal Characteristics



Magnetic Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

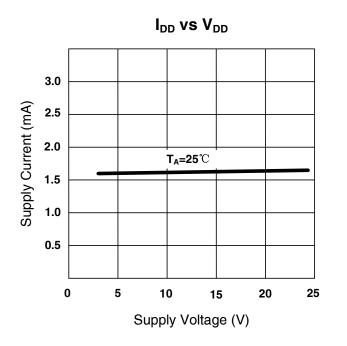
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
fвw	Bandwidth		20			kHz		
SC2462	±2.5/±1.5 mT							
Вор	Operated point		1.5	2.5	3.5	mT		
Brp	Release point	T ₄=25° ℃	0.5	1.5	2.5	mT		
Внуз	Hysteresis			1.0		mT		
SC2463	$63 \pm 3.5 \ \pm 2.5 \ \text{mT}$							
Вор	Operated point		2.5	3.5	4.5	mT		
Brp	Release point	T ₄=25° ℃	1.5	2.5	3.5	mT		
Внуз	Hysteresis			1.0		mT		
SC2464	\pm 6.0 / \pm 5.0 mT							
Вор	Operated point		5.0	6.0	7.0	mT		
Brp	Release point	T ₄=25° ℃	4.0	5.0	6.0	mT		
Внуз	Hysteresis			1.0		mT		
SC2466	\pm 15.0 / \pm 12.0 mT							
Вор	Operated point	T₄=25℃	13.5	15.0	17.5	mT		
Brp	Release point		10.5	12.0	14.5	mT		
BHYS	Hysteresis			3.0		mT		

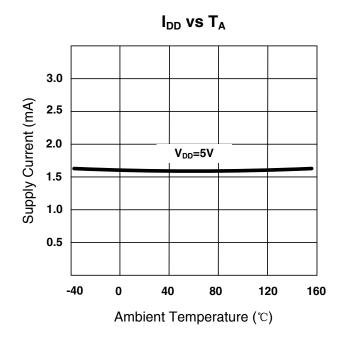
1mT=10Gs

Magnetic flux density, B, is indicated as a negative value for North-polarity magnetic fields, and as a positive value for South-polarity magnetic fields.



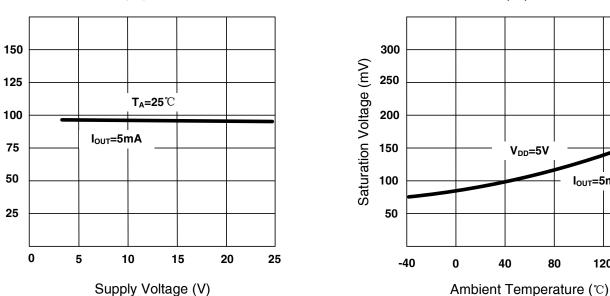
Characteristic Data





V_{Q(sat)} vs V_{DD}





I_{OUT}=5mA

120

160

Saturation Voltage (mV)

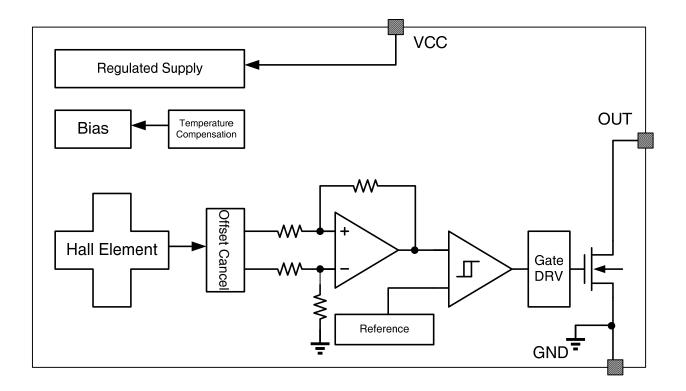


Functional Block Diagram

The SC246X device is a chopper-stabilized Hall sensor with a digital latched output for magnetic sensing applications. The device can be powered with a supply voltage between 2.5 and 24V, and continuously survives continuous -28V reverse-battery conditions. The device does not operate when -28 to 2.2V is applied to the VDD terminal (with respect to the GND terminal). In addition, the device can withstand voltages up to 40V for transient durations.

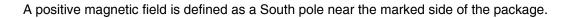
The output of SC246X switches low (turns on) when a magnetic field (South or North polarity) perpendicular to the Hall element exceeds the operate point threshold, B_{OP} . After turn-on, the output is capable of sinking 20mA and the output voltage is $V_{Q(sat)}$. When the magnetic field is reduced below the release point, B_{RP} , the device output goes high (turns off). The difference in the magnetic operate and release points is the hysteresis, B_{HYS} , of the device. This built-in hysteresis allows clean switching of the output even in the presence of external mechanical vibration and electrical noise.

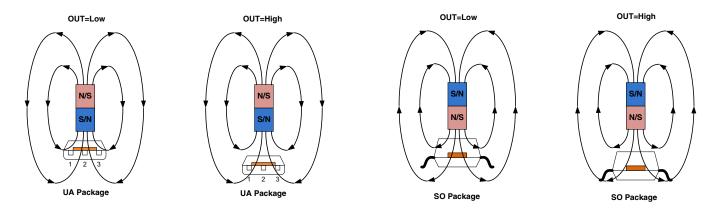
An external output pull-up resistor is required on the OUT terminal. The OUT terminal can be pulled up to V_{DD} or to a different voltage supply. This allows for easier interfacing with controller circuits.





Field Direction Definition

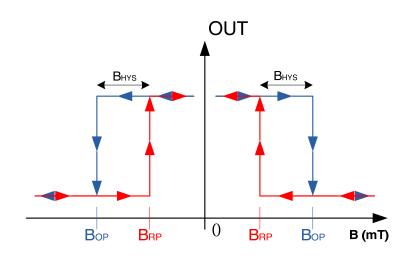




Transfer function

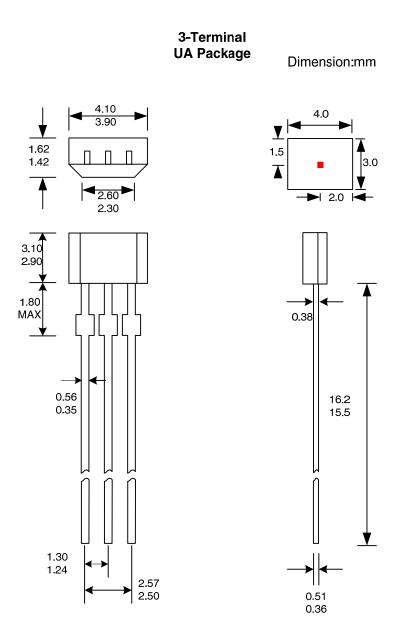
The SC246X exhibits "Omnipolar" magnetic characteristics. It means the device reacts to both North and South magnetic pole. The purpose is to detect the presence of any magnetic field applied on the device. This mode of operation simplifies customer production processes by avoiding the need to detect the Hall sensor pole active on the magnet used in the application. Therefore, the "Omnipolar" magnetic behaviour helps customers by removing the need of magnet pole detection system during production phase.

Powering-on the device in the hysteresis region, less than B_{OP} and higher than B_{RP}, allows an indeterminate output state. The correct state is attained after the first excursion beyond B_{OP} or B_{RP}. If the field strength is greater than B_{OP}, then the output is pulled low. If the field strength is less than B_{RP}, the output is released.





Mechanical Dimensions



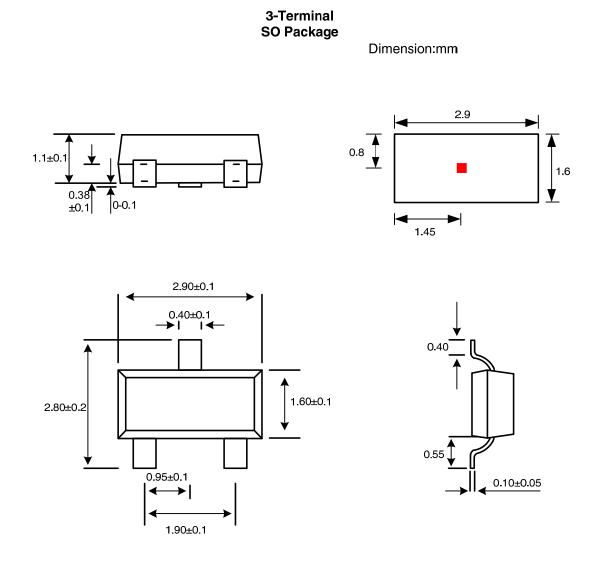
Notes:

- 1. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
- 2. Height does not include mold gate flash.

Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.



Mechanical Dimensions



Notes:

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- 2. Height does not include mold gate flash.

Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.