

# maxim MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/ integrated™ MAX3241E/MAX2246E

### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

#### **General Description**

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/ MAX3246E +3.0V-powered EIA/TIA-232 and V.28/V.24 communications interface devices feature low power consumption, high data-rate capabilities, and enhanced electrostatic-discharge (ESD) protection. The enhanced ESD structure protects all transmitter outputs and receiver inputs to ±15kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, ±8kV using IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge (±9kV for MAX3246E), and ±15kV using the Human Body Model. The logic and receiver I/O pins of the MAX3237E are protected to the above standards, while the transmitter output pins are protected to ±15kV using the Human Body Model.

A proprietary low-dropout transmitter output stage delivers true RS-232 performance from a +3.0V to +5.5V power supply, using an internal dual charge pump. The charge pump requires only four small 0.1µF capacitors for operation from a +3.3V supply. Each device guarantees operation at data rates of 250kbps while maintaining RS-232 output levels. The MAX3237E guarantees operation at 250kbps in the normal operating mode and 1Mbps in the MegaBaud™ operating mode, while maintaining RS-232compliant output levels.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E have two receivers and two transmitters. The MAX3222E features a 1µA shutdown mode that reduces power consumption in battery-powered portable systems. The MAX3222E receivers remain active in shutdown mode, allowing monitoring of external devices while consuming only 1µA of supply current. The MAX3222E and MAX3232E are pin, package, and functionally compatible with the industry-standard MAX242 and MAX232, respectively.

The MAX3241E/MAX3246E are complete serial ports (three drivers/five receivers) designed for notebook and subnotebook computers. The MAX3237E (five drivers/ three receivers) is ideal for peripheral applications that require fast data transfer. These devices feature a shutdown mode in which all receivers remain active, while consuming only 1µA (MAX3241E/MAX3246E) or 10nA (MAX3237E).

The MAX3222E. MAX3232E. and MAX3241E are available in space-saving SO, SSOP, TQFN and TSSOP packages. The MAX3237E is offered in an SSOP package. The MAX3246E is offered in the ultra-small 6 x 6 UCSP™ package.

MAX3228E/MAX3229E: ±15kV ESD-Protected,

**Next-Generation Device Features** 

- **♦** For Space-Constrained Applications +2.5V to +5.5V. RS-232 Transceivers in UCSP
- **♦** For Low-Voltage or Data Cable Applications MAX3380E/MAX3381E: +2.35V to +5.5V, 1µA, 2Tx/2Rx, RS-232 Transceivers with ±15kV **ESD-Protected I/O and Logic Pins**

#### **Applications**

Battery-Powered Equipment

Cell Phones Smart Phones

Cell-Phone Data Cables

Notebook, Subnotebook, and Palmtop Computers

**Printers** 

xDSI Modems

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3222ECTP+	0°C to +70°C	20 TQFN-EP** (5mm x 5mm)
MAX3222ECUP+	0°C to +70°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3222ECAP+	0°C to +70°C	20 SSOP
MAX3222ECWN+	0°C to +70°C	18 Wide SO
MAX3222ECPN+	0°C to +70°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX3222EC/D+	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX3222EETP+	-40°C to +85°C	20 TQFN-EP** (5mm x 5mm)
MAX3222EEUP/V+	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3222EEUP+	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3222EEAP+	-40°C to +85°C	20 SSOP
MAX3222EEWN+	-40°C to +85°C	18 Wide SO
MAX3222EEPN+	-40°C to +85°C	18 Plastic DIP
MAX3232ECAE+	0°C to +70°C	16 SSOP
MAX3232ECWE+	0°C to +70°C	16 Wide SO
MAX3232ECPE+	0°C to +70°C	16 Plastic DIP

<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

/V denotes an automotive qualified part.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

MegaBaud and UCSP are trademarks of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Pin Configurations, Selector Guide, and Typical Operating Circuits appear at end of data sheet.

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

<sup>\*</sup>Dice are tested at  $T_A = +25$ °C, DC parameters only.

<sup>\*\*</sup>EP = Exposed pad.

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

ADSOLUTE MAXIMUM HATINGS	
Vcc to GND	-0.3V to +6V
V+ to GND (Note 1)	-0.3V to +7V
V- to GND (Note 1)	
V+ + IV-I (Note 1)	
Input Voltages	
T_IN, EN, SHDN, MBAUD to GND	-0.3V to +6V
R_IN to GND	±25V
Output Voltages	
T_OUT to GND	±13.2V
R_OUT, R_OUTB (MAX3237E/MAX3241E)0.3V to	
Short-Circuit Duration, T_OUT to GND	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70$ °C)	
16-Pin SSOP (derate 7.14mW/°C above +70°C)	
16-Pin TSSOP (derate 9.4mW/°C above +70°C)	
16-Pin TQFN (derate 20.8mW/°C above +70°C)	
16-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C	,
18-Pin Wide SO (derate 9.52mW/°C above +70°C	,
18-Pin PDIP (derate 11.11mW/°C above +70°C)	889mW

20-Pin TQFN (derate 21.3mW/°C a	
20-Pin TSSOP (derate 10.9mW/°C 20-Pin SSOP (derate 8.00mW/°C a	
28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.52mW/°C a	,
28-Pin Wide SO (derate 12.50mW/°	
28-Pin TSSOP (derate 12.8mW/°C	above +70°C)1026mW
32-Pin TQFN (derate 33.3mW/°C ab	
6 x 6 UCSP (derate 12.6mW/°C abo	ove +70°C)1010mW
Operating Temperature Ranges	
MAX32EC	0°C to +70°C
MAX32EE	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
_ead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
Soldering Temperature (reflow)	+260°C
Bump Reflow Temperature (Note 2)	
Infrared, 15s	+200°C
Vapor Phase, 20s	

Note 1: V+ and V- can have maximum magnitudes of 7V, but their absolute difference cannot exceed 13V.

**Note 2:** This device is constructed using a unique set of packaging techniques that impose a limit on the thermal profile the device can be exposed to during board-level solder attach and rework. This limit permits only the use of the solder profiles recommended in the industry-standard specification, JEDEC 020A, paragraph 7.6, Table 3 for IR/VPR and convection reflow. Preheating is required. Hand or wave soldering is not allowed.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{CC} = +3V \text{ to } +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1\mu\text{F}, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Notes 3, 4)

PARAMETER	COND	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
DC CHARACTERISTICS (V <sub>CC</sub> = -						
Supply Current	SHDN = V <sub>CC</sub> , no load	MAX3222E, MAX3232E, MAX3241E, MAX3246E	0.3		1	mA
		MAX3237E		0.5	2.0	
Shutdown Supply Current	SHDN = GND			1	10	μΑ
Shutdown Supply Current	SHDN = R_IN = GND, T_IN	= GND or V <sub>CC</sub> (MAX3237E)		10	300	nA
LOGIC INPUTS						
Input Logic Low	T_IN, EN, SHON, MBAUD				0.8	V
Input Logio High	T_IN, EN, SHON, MBAUD	V <sub>C</sub> C = +3.3V	2.0			V
Input Logic High	I_IIN, EIN, SHUIN, MIDAUU	$V_{CC} = +5.0V$	2.4			]
Transmitter Input Hysteresis				0.5		V
Input Leakage Current	T_IN, EN, SHDN	MAX3222E, MAX3232E, MAX3241E, MAX3246E		±0.01	±1	μA
	T_IN, SHDN, MBAUD	MAX3237E (Note 5)		9	18	

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### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3V \text{ to } +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1 \mu\text{F}, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Notes 3, 4)

PARAMETER		ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
RECEIVER OUTPUTS				•			•	
Output Leakage Current		R_OUT (MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/ MAX3246E), EN = V <sub>CC</sub> , receivers disabled				±10	μА	
Output-Voltage Low		•	PE/MAX3232E/MAX3241E/ nA (MAX3237E)			0.4	V	
Output-Voltage High	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -1.0mA			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V	
RECEIVER INPUTS	•			•				
Input Voltage Range				-25		+25	V	
law t Through and Law	T 0500		V <sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V	0.6	1.1		V	
Input Threshold Low	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		$V_{CC} = +5.0V$	0.8	1.5		]	
Law A. Thomas In a led I likely	7 .0500		V <sub>CC</sub> = +3.3V		1.5	2.4	V	
Input Threshold High	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		$V_{CC} = +5.0V$		2.0	2.4	] V	
Input Hysteresis		1 22					V	
Input Resistance	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			3	5	7	kΩ	
TRANSMITTER OUTPUTS	'			'			•	
Output Voltage Swing	All transmitter (Note 6)	All transmitter outputs loaded with $3k\Omega$ to ground (Note 6)					V	
Output Resistance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0V, tran	smitter ou	tput = ±2V	300	50k		Ω	
Output Short-Circuit Current						±60	mA	
Output Leakage Current			5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±12V, transmitters X3232E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E)			±25	μΑ	
MOUSE DRIVABILITY (MAX3241	1E)			'			•	
Transmitter Output Voltage			N = V <sub>CC</sub> , T3OUT loaded with T2OUT loaded with 2.5mA	±5			V	
ESD PROTECTION								
	Human Body Model				±15			
D IN T OUT	IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge (except MAX3237E)				±15		kV	
R_IN, T_OUT	IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge (except MAX3237E)				±8		] KV	
	IEC 1000-4-2	IEC 1000-4-2 Contact Discharge (MAX3246E only)			±9			
T IN D IN D OUT EN OUT	Human Body Model				±15			
T_IN, R_IN, R_OUT, EN, SHDN, MBAUD	MAX3237E	MAX3237E IEC 1000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge			±15		kV	
MBAOD		IEC 10	00-4-2 Contact Discharge		±8		]	

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#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V to +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1µF, T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 3, 4)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	ONDITIONS	CONDITIONS			MAX	UNITS
Maximum Data Rate		$\begin{array}{ll} R_L = 3k\Omega, & T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX} \\ C_L = 1000 \text{pF}, & (MAX3222E/MAX3232E/\\ \text{one transmitter} & MAX3241E) \text{ (Note 6)} \end{array}$		250			kbps	
		switching	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ (N	MAX3246E)	250			
Receiver Propagation Delay	tphL	Receiver input to	receiver outpu	ıt,		0.15		
Neceiver Fropagation Delay	tplH	$C_L = 150pF$				0.15		μs
Receiver Output Enable Time		Normal operation	(except MAX3	3232E)		200		ns
Receiver Output Disable Time		Normal operation	ı (except MAX3	3232E)		200		ns
Transmitter Skew	ItphL - tpLHI	(Note 7)				100		ns
Receiver Skew	ItpHL - tpLHI					50		ns
Transition-Region Slew Rate		$V_{CC}$ = +3.3V, $T_A$ = +25°C, $R_L$ = 3k $\Omega$ to 7k $\Omega$ , measured from +3.0V to -3.0V or -3.0V to +3.0V, one transmitter switching		6		30	V/µs	

#### TIMING CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3237E

 $(V_{CC} = +3V \text{ to } +5.5V, C1-C4 = 0.1\mu\text{F}, T_A = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}, \text{ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C.})$  (Note 3)

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
	$R_L = 3k\Omega$ , $C_L = 100$ MBAUD = GND	0pF, one transmi	tter switching,	250			
Maximum Data Rate	V <sub>CC</sub> = +3.0V to +4.5			1000			kbps
	V <sub>CC</sub> = +4.5V to +5.5 one transmitter swite		•	1000			
Descriver Propagation Delay	D IN to D OUT O	D IN to D OUT 0 450-5			0.15		
Receiver Propagation Delay	R_IN to R_OUT, $C_L = 150pF$		tplH		0.15		μs
Receiver Output Enable Time	Normal operation				2.6		μs
Receiver Output Disable Time	Normal operation				2.4		μs
Transmitter Skew (Note 7)	Itphl - tplhl, MBAUI				100		ns
Receiver Skew	ItphL - tpLHI				50		ns
	$V_{CC} = +3.3V,$ $R_{I} = 3k\Omega \text{ to } 7k\Omega.$	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF	MBAUD = GND	6		30	
Transition-Region Slew Rate	+3.0V to -3.0V or	to 1000pF	MBAUD = V <sub>CC</sub>	24		150	V/µs
	-3.0V to $+3.0V$ , T <sub>A</sub> = $+25$ °C	C <sub>L</sub> = 150pF to MBAUD = GNI		4		30	

Note 3: MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E: C1-C4 = 0.1μF tested at +3.3V ±10%; C1 = 0.047μF, C2, C3, C4 = 0.33μF tested at +5.0V ±10%. MAX3237E: C1-C4 = 0.1μF tested at +3.3V ±5%, C1-C4 = 0.22μF tested at +3.3V ±10%; C1 = 0.047μF, C2, C3, C4 = 0.33μF tested at +5.0V ±10%. MAX3246E: C1-C4 = 0.22μF tested at +3.3V ±10%; C1 = 0.22μF, C2, C3, C4 = 0.54μF tested at +5.0V ±10%.

Note 4: MAX3246E devices are production tested at +25°C. All limits are guaranteed by design over the operating temperature range.

Note 5: The MAX3237E logic inputs have an active positive feedback resistor. The input current goes to zero when the inputs are at the supply rails.

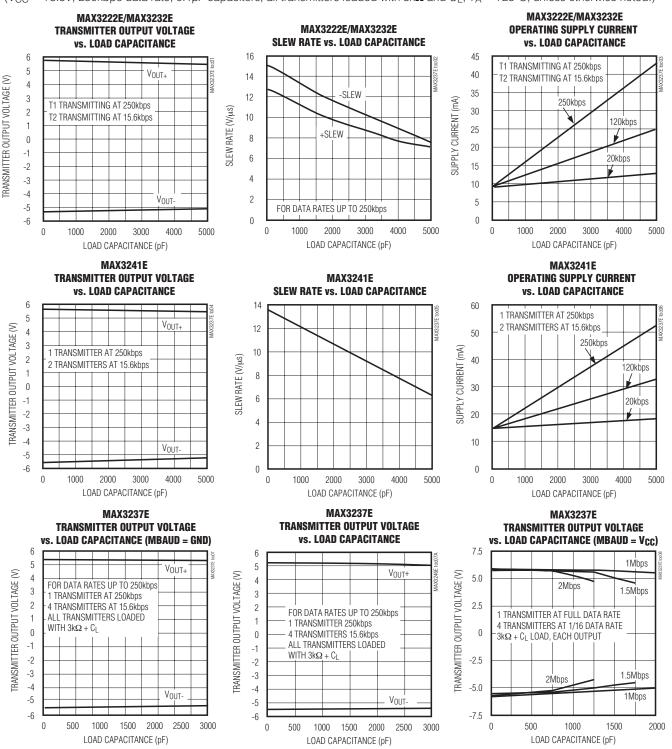
**Note 6:** MAX3241EEUI is specified at  $T_A = +25$ °C.

Transmitter skew is measured at the transmitter zero crosspoints.

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#### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

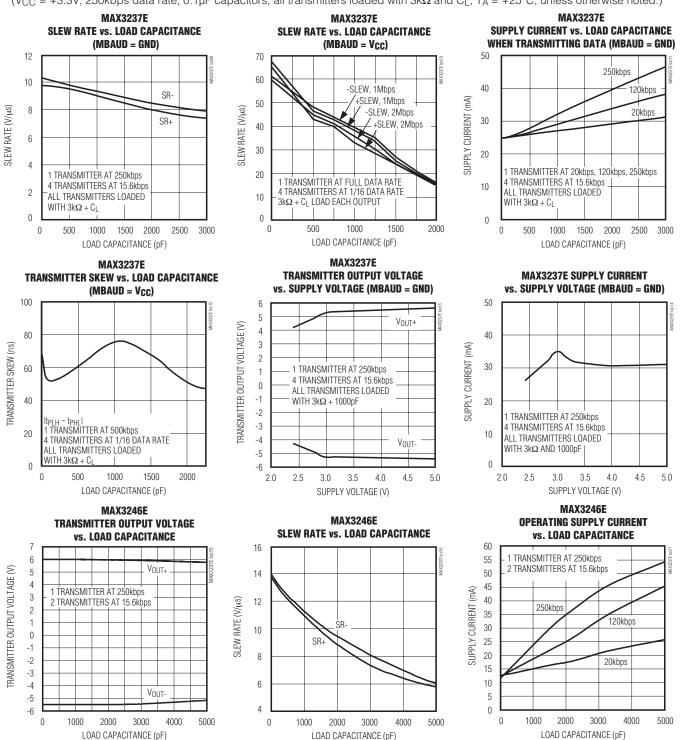
 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 250 \text{kbps})$  data rate, 0.1µF capacitors, all transmitters loaded with  $3k\Omega$  and C<sub>I</sub>,  $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)



## ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**

 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, 250 \text{kbps})$  data rate,  $0.1 \mu\text{F}$  capacitors, all transmitters loaded with  $3 \text{k}\Omega$  and  $C_L$ ,  $T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)



### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

#### **Pin Description**

PIN											
M	IAX322	2E		MAX3232	E		MAX3	241E			
TQFN	SO/ DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	TQFN	SO/DIP/ SSOP/ 16-PIN TSSOP	20-PIN TSSOP	MAX3237E	SSOP/ SO/ TSSOP	TQFN	MAX3246E	NAME	FUNCTION
19	1	1	_	_	_	13*	23	22	ВЗ	ĒN	Receiver Enable. Active low.
1	2	2	16	1	2	28	28	28	F3	C1+	Positive Terminal of Voltage-Doubler Charge- Pump Capacitor
20	3	3	15	2	3	27	27	27	F1	V+	+5.5V Generated by the Charge Pump
2	4	4	1	3	4	25	24	23	F4	C1-	Negative Terminal of Voltage-Doubler Charge- Pump Capacitor
3	5	5	2	4	5	1	1	29	E1	C2+	Positive Terminal of Inverting Charge-Pump Capacitor
4	6	6	3	5	6	3	2	30	D1	C2-	Negative Terminal of Inverting Charge-Pump Capacitor
5	7	7	4	6	7	4	3	31	C1	V-	-5.5V Generated by the Charge Pump
6, 15	8, 15	8, 17	5, 12	7, 14	8, 17	5, 6, 7, 10, 12	9, 10, 11	6, 7, 8	F6, E6, D6	T_OUT	RS-232 Transmitter Outputs
7, 14	9, 14	9, 16	6, 11	8, 13	9, 16	8, 9, 11	4–8	1–5	A4, A5, A6, B6, C6	R_IN	RS-232 Receiver Inputs
8, 13	10, 13	10, 15	7, 10	9, 12	12, 15	18, 20, 21	15–19	13, 14, 15, 17, 18	C2, B1, A1, A2, A3	R_OUT	TTL/CMOS Receiver Outputs
10, 11	11, 12	12, 13	8, 9	10, 11	13, 14	17*, 19*, 22*, 23*, 24*	12, 13, 14	10, 11, 12	E3, E2, D2	T_IN	TTL/CMOS Transmitter Inputs

<sup>\*</sup>These pins have an active positive feedback resistor internal to the MAX3237E, allowing unused inputs to be left unconnected.

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### Pin Description (continued)

	PIN										
N	1AX322	22E		MAX3232	E		MAX3	241E			
TQFN	SO/ DIP	TSSOP/ SSOP	TQFN	SO/DIP/ SSOP/ 16-PIN TSSOP	20-PIN TSSOP	MAX3237E	SSOP/ SO/ TSSOP	TQFN	MAX3246E	NAME	FUNCTION
16	16	18	13	15	18	2	25	24	F5	GND	Ground
17	17	19	14	16	19	26	26	26	F2	Vcc	+3.0V to +5.5V Supply Voltage
18	18	20		_	l	14*	22	21	B2	SHDN	Shutdown Control. Active low.
9, 12	_	11, 14	_	_	1, 10, 11, 20	_		9, 16, 25, 32	C3, D3, B4, C4, D4, E4, B5, C5, D5, E5	N.C.	No Connection. For MAX3246E, these locations are not populated with solder bumps.
_	_	_	_	_		15*			ı	MBAUD	MegaBaud Control Input. Connect to GND for normal operation; connect to VCC for 1Mbps transmission rates.
_	_	_	_	_	_	16	20, 21	19, 20		R_OUTB	Noninverting Complementary Receiver Outputs. Always active.
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	EP	Exposed Pad. Solder the exposed pad to the ground plane or leave unconnected (for TQFN only).

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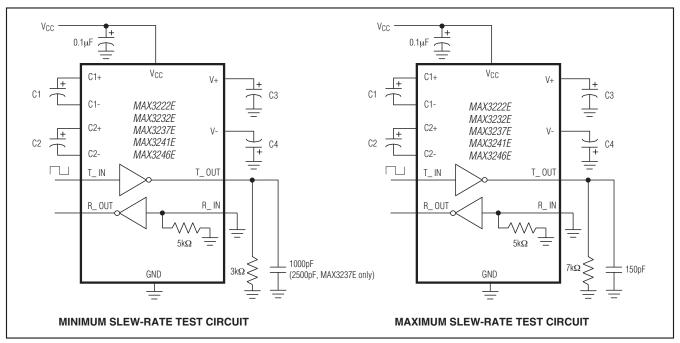


Figure 1. Slew-Rate Test Circuits

#### **Detailed Description**

#### **Dual Charge-Pump Voltage Converter**

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E's internal power supply consists of a regulated dual charge pump that provides output voltages of +5.5V (doubling charge pump) and -5.5V (inverting charge pump) over the +3.0V to +5.5V VCC range. The charge pump operates in discontinuous mode; if the output voltages are less than 5.5V, the charge pump is enabled, and if the output voltages exceed 5.5V, the charge pump is disabled. Each charge pump requires a flying capacitor (C1, C2) and a reservoir capacitor (C3, C4) to generate the V+ and V- supplies (Figure 1).

#### **RS-232 Transmitters**

The transmitters are inverting level translators that convert TTL/CMOS-logic levels to ±5V EIA/TIA-232-compliant levels.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E transmitters guarantee a 250kbps data rate with worst-case loads of  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 1000pF, providing compatibility with PC-to-PC communication software (such as LapLink<sup>TM</sup>). Transmitters can be paralleled to drive multiple receivers or mice.

The MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E transmitters are disabled and the outputs are forced

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into a high-impedance state when the device is in shutdown mode ( $\overline{SHDN}=GND$ ). The MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E permit the outputs to be driven up to  $\pm 12V$  in shutdown.

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E transmitter inputs do not have pullup resistors. Connect unused inputs to GND or VCC. The MAX3237E's transmitter inputs have a 400k $\Omega$  active positive-feedback resistor, allowing unused inputs to be left unconnected.

#### **MAX3237E MegaBaud Operation**

For higher-speed serial communications, the MAX3237E features MegaBaud operation. In MegaBaud operating mode (MBAUD = VCC), the MAX3237E transmitters guarantee a 1Mbps data rate with worst-case loads of  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 250pF for  $+3.0V < V_{CC} < +4.5V$ . For  $+5V \pm 10\%$  operation, the MAX3237E transmitters guarantee a 1Mbps data rate into worst-case loads of  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 1000pF.

#### **RS-232 Receivers**

The receivers convert RS-232 signals to CMOS-logic output levels. The MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E receivers have inverting three-state outputs. Drive  $\overline{\text{EN}}$  high to place the receiver(s) into a high-impedance state. Receivers can be either active or inactive in shutdown (Table 1).

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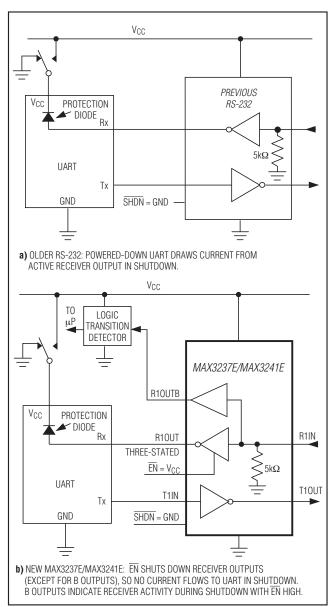


Figure 2. Detection of RS-232 Activity when the UART and Interface are Shut Down; Comparison of MAX3237E/MAX3241E (b) with Previous Transceivers (a)

The complementary outputs on the MAX3237E/MAX3241E (R\_OUTB) are always active, regardless of the state of EN or SHDN. This allows the device to be used for ring indicator applications without forward biasing other devices connected to the receiver outputs. This is ideal for systems where VCC drops to zero in shutdown to accommodate peripherals such as UARTs (Figure 2).

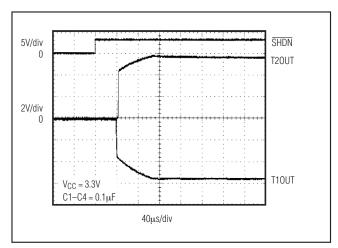


Figure 3. Transmitter Outputs Recovering from Shutdown or Powering Up

#### MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/ MAX3246E Shutdown Mode

Supply current falls to less than 1µA in shutdown mode  $(\overline{SHDN} = low)$ . The MAX3237E's supply current falls to10nA (typ) when all receiver inputs are in the invalid range (-0.3V < R\_IN < +0.3V). When shut down, the device's charge pumps are shut off, V+ is pulled down to VCC, V- is pulled to ground, and the transmitter outputs are disabled (high impedance). The time required to recover from shutdown is typically 100µs, as shown in Figure 3. Connect  $\overline{SHDN}$  to VCC if shutdown mode is not used.  $\overline{SHDN}$  has no effect on R\_OUT or R\_OUTB (MAX3237E/MAX3241E).

#### ±15kV ESD Protection

As with all Maxim devices, ESD-protection structures are incorporated to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during handling and assembly. The driver outputs and receiver inputs of the MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E have extra protection against static electricity. Maxim's engineers have developed state-of-the-art structures to protect these pins against ESD of ±15kV without damage. The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states: normal operation, shutdown, and powered down. After an ESD event, Maxim's E versions keep working without latchup, whereas competing RS-232 products can latch and must be powered down to remove latchup.

Furthermore, the MAX3237E logic I/O pins also have  $\pm 15 \text{kV}$  ESD protection. Protecting the logic I/O pins to  $\pm 15 \text{kV}$  makes the MAX3237E ideal for data cable applications.

### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

### Table 1. MAX3222E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/ MAX3246E Shutdown and Enable Control Truth Table

SHDN	ĒN	T_OUT	R_OUT	R_OUTB (MAX3237E/ MAX3241E)
0	0	High impedance	Active	Active
0	1	High impedance	High impedance	Active
1	0	Active	Active	Active
1	1	Active	High impedance	Active

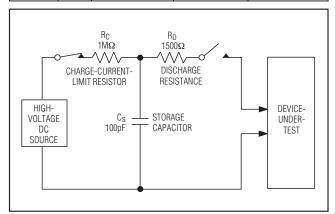


Figure 4a. Human Body ESD Test Model

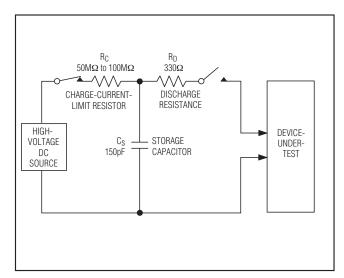


Figure 5a. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Test Model

ESD protection can be tested in various ways; the transmitter outputs and receiver inputs for the MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±8kV using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- ±9kV (MAX3246E only) using the Contact Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2
- ±15kV using the Air-Gap Discharge method specified in IEC 1000-4-2

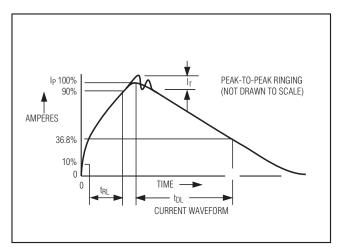


Figure 4b. Human Body Model Current Waveform

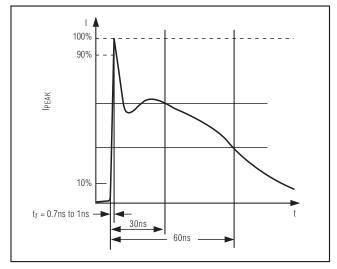


Figure 5b. IEC 1000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

# ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

### Table 2. Required Minimum Capacitor Values

V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	C1 (µF)	C2, C3, C4 (µF)
MAX3222E/MAX323	32E/MAX3241E	
3.0 to 3.6	0.1	0.1
4.5 to 5.5	0.047	0.33
3.0 to 5.5	0.1	0.47
MAX3237E/MAX324	16E	
3.0 to 3.6	0.22	0.22
3.15 to 3.6	0.1	0.1
4.5 to 5.5	0.047	0.33
3.0 to 5.5	0.22	1.0

### Table 3. Logic-Family Compatibility with Various Supply Voltages

SYSTEM POWER-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	V <sub>CC</sub> SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)	COMPATIBILITY
3.3	3.3	Compatible with all CMOS families
5	5	Compatible with all TTL and CMOS families
5	3.3	Compatible with ACT and HCT CMOS, and with AC, HC, or CD4000 CMOS

For the MAX3237E, all logic and RS-232 I/O pins are characterized for protection to  $\pm 15 \mathrm{kV}$  per the Human Body Model.

#### **ESD Test Conditions**

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

#### **Human Body Model**

Figure 4a shows the Human Body Model, and Figure 4b shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a  $1.5 \mathrm{k}\Omega$  resistor.

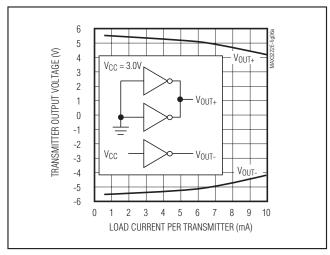


Figure 6a. MAX3241E Transmitter Output Voltage vs. Load Current Per Transmitter

#### IEC 1000-4-2

The IEC 1000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E help you design equipment that meets level 4 (the highest level) of IEC 1000-4-2, without the need for additional ESD-protection components.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 1000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 1000-4-2, because series resistance is lower in the IEC 1000-4-2 model. Hence, the ESD withstand voltage measured to IEC 1000-4-2 is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 5a shows the IEC 1000-4-2 model, and Figure 5b shows the current waveform for the ±8kV IEC 1000-4-2 level 4 ESD Contact Discharge test. The Air-Gap Discharge test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

#### **Machine Model**

The Machine Model for ESD tests all pins using a 200pF storage capacitor and zero discharge resistance. Its objective is to emulate the stress caused by contact that occurs with handling and assembly during manufacturing. All pins require this protection during manufacturing, not just RS-232 inputs and outputs. Therefore, after PC board assembly, the Machine Model is less relevant to I/O ports.

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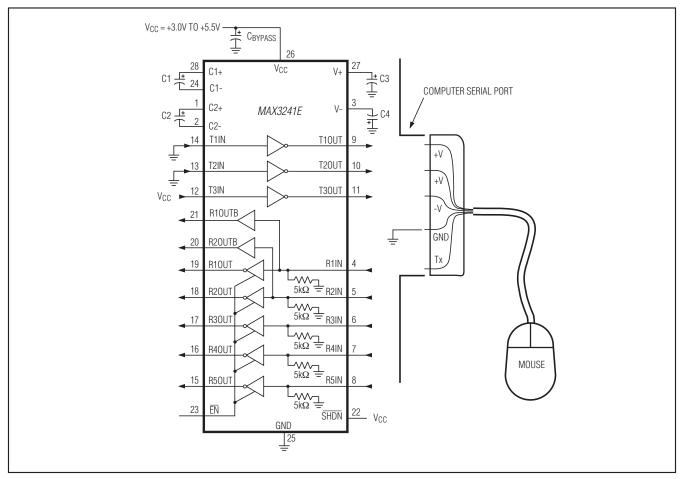


Figure 6b. Mouse Driver Test Circuit

### Applications Information

#### **Capacitor Selection**

The capacitor type used for C1–C4 is not critical for proper operation; polarized or nonpolarized capacitors can be used. The charge pump requires 0.1µF capacitors for 3.3V operation. For other supply voltages, see Table 2 for required capacitor values. Do not use values smaller than those listed in Table 2. Increasing the capacitor values (e.g., by a factor of 2) reduces ripple on the transmitter outputs and slightly reduces power consumption. C2, C3, and C4 can be increased without changing C1's value. However, do not increase C1 without also increasing the values of C2, C3, C4, and CBYPASS to maintain the proper ratios (C1 to the other capacitors).

When using the minimum required capacitor values, make sure the capacitor value does not degrade

excessively with temperature. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger nominal value. The capacitor's equivalent series resistance (ESR), which usually rises at low temperatures, influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V-.

#### **Power-Supply Decoupling**

In most circumstances, a  $0.1\mu F$  V<sub>CC</sub> bypass capacitor is adequate. In applications sensitive to power-supply noise, use a capacitor of the same value as charge-pump capacitor C1. Connect bypass capacitors as close to the IC as possible.

#### **Operation Down to 2.7V**

Transmitter outputs meet EIA/TIA-562 levels of ±3.7V with supply voltages as low as 2.7V.

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### Transmitter Outputs Recovering from Shutdown

Figure 3 shows two transmitter outputs recovering from shutdown mode. As they become active, the two transmitter outputs are shown going to opposite RS-232 levels (one transmitter input is high; the other is low). Each transmitter is loaded with  $3k\Omega$  in parallel with 2500pF. The transmitter outputs display no ringing or undesirable transients as they come out of shutdown. Note that

the transmitters are enabled only when the magnitude of V- exceeds approximately -3.0V.

#### **Mouse Drivability**

The MAX3241E is designed to power serial mice while operating from low-voltage power supplies. It has been tested with leading mouse brands from manufacturers such as Microsoft and Logitech. The MAX3241E successfully drove all serial mice tested and met their current and voltage requirements.

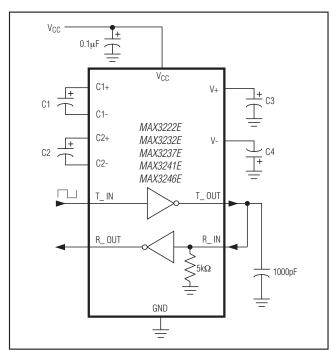


Figure 7. Loopback Test Circuit

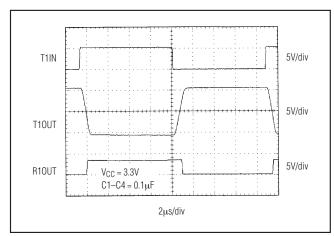


Figure 8. MAX3241E Loopback Test Result at 120kbps

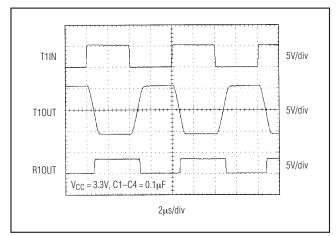


Figure 9. MAX3241E Loopback Test Result at 250kbps

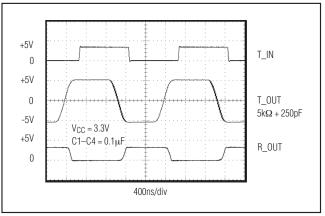


Figure 10. MAX3237E Loopback Test Result at 1000kbps (MBAUD = VCC)

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Figure 6a shows the transmitter output voltages under increasing load current at +3.0V. Figure 6b shows a typical mouse connection using the MAX3241E.

#### **High Data Rates**

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX3241E/MAX3246E maintain the RS-232 ±5V minimum transmitter output voltage even at high data rates. Figure 7 shows a transmitter loopback test circuit. Figure 8 shows a loopback test result at 120kbps, and Figure 9 shows the same test at 250kbps. For Figure 8, all transmitters were driven simultaneously at 120kbps into RS-232 loads in parallel with 1000pF. For Figure 9, a single transmitter was driven at 250kbps, and all transmitters were loaded with an RS-232 receiver in parallel with 1000pF.

The MAX3237E maintains the RS-232  $\pm 5.0$ V minimum transmitter output voltage at data rates up to 1Mbps. Figure 10 shows a loopback test result at 1Mbps with MBAUD = V<sub>CC</sub>. For Figure 10, all transmitters were loaded with an RS-232 receiver in parallel with 250pF.

#### Interconnection with 3V and 5V Logic

The MAX3222E/MAX3232E/MAX3237E/MAX324<sup>1</sup>E/MAX3246E can directly interface with various 5V logic families, including ACT and HCT CMOS. See Table 3 for more information on possible combinations of interconnections.

#### **UCSP Reliability**

The UCSP represents a unique packaging form factor that may not perform equally to a packaged product through traditional mechanical reliability tests. UCSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material, and usage environment. The user should closely review these areas when considering use of a UCSP package. Performance through Operating Life Test and Moisture Resistance remains uncompromised as the wafer-fabrication process primarily determines it.

Mechanical stress performance is a greater consideration for a UCSP package. UCSPs are attached through direct solder contact to the user's PC board, foregoing the inherent stress relief of a packaged product lead frame. Solder joint contact integrity must be considered. Table 4 shows the testing done to characterize the UCSP reliability performance. In conclusion, the UCSP is capable of performing reliably through environmental stresses as indicated by the results in the table. Additional usage data and recommendations are detailed in Application Note 1891: Wafer-Level Packaging (WLP) and Its Applications.

**Table 4. Reliability Test Data** 

TEST	CONDITIONS	DURATION	FAILURES PER SAMPLE SIZE
Temperature Cycle	$T_A = -35^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C,$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +100^{\circ}C$	150 cycles, 900 cycles	0/10, 0/200
Operating Life	T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C	240 hours	0/10
Moisture Resistance	$T_A = +20^{\circ}C \text{ to } +60^{\circ}C, 90\% \text{ RH}$	240 hours	0/10
Low-Temperature Storage	T <sub>A</sub> = -20°C	240 hours	0/10
Low-Temperature Operational	T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C	24 hours	0/10
Solderability	8-hour steam age	_	0/15
ESD	±15kV, Human Body Model	_	0/5
High-Temperature Operating Life	T <sub>J</sub> = +150°C	168 hours	0/45

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**Pin Configurations** TOP VIEW ĒN 18 SHDN EN 1 20 SHDN N.C. 1 20 N.C. C1+ 1 16 V<sub>CC</sub> C1+ 2 17 V<sub>CC</sub> C1+ 2 19 V<sub>CC</sub> C1+ 2 19 Vcc V+ 2 15 GND 18 GND 14 T10UT V+ 3 16 GND V+ 3 18 GND V+ 3 C1- 3 C1- 4 T10UT 17 T10UT C1- 4 17 T10UT C2+ 4 MAX3232E C1- 4 13 R1IN MAX3222E MAX3232E 16 14 R1IN MAX3222E 16 R1IN C2+ 5 R1IN C2- 5 12 R10UT C2+ 5 C2+ 5 C2- 6 13 R10UT 15 R10UT 15 R10UT 11 T1IN C2- 6 C2- 6 V- 6 V- 7 12 T1IN V- 7 14 N.C. V-14 T1IN 10 T2IN T20UT 11 T2IN T20UT 8 13 T2IN T20UT 8 T20UT 8 13 T1IN R2IN 8 9 R20UT R2IN 9 12 R20UT 10 R20UT 12 T2IN R2IN 9 R2IN 9 SO/DIP/SSOP/TSSOP N.C. 10 11 N.C. R20UT 10 11 N.C. SO/DIP **TSSOP** TSSOP/SSOP TOP VIEW 28 C1+ 28 C1+ C2-C2+ C1+ V+ Vcc N.C. C2+ C2+ 27 V+ 27 V+ GND 2 C2- 2 C2- 3 26 V<sub>CC</sub> V- 3 26 V<sub>CC</sub> 24 GND R1IN 25 C1-V- 4 R1IN 4 25 GND C1-24 T1IN R2IN 5 24 C1-R2IN 23 T10UT 5 MAX3237E MAX3241E ĒΝ R3IN 3 23 T2IN 23 EN T20UT 6 R3IN 6 SHDN R4IN 4 21 T30UT 7 22 T3IN R4IN 7 22 SHDN MAX3241E 5 20 21 R10UTB R5IN R10UTB R1IN 8 21 R10UT R5IN 8 20 R2OUTB T10UT 6 R20UTB R2IN 9 20 R20UT T10UT 9 T20UT R10UT T20UT 10 19 R10UT T40UT 10 19 T4IN R3IN 11 18 R30UT T30UT 11 18 R20UT T30UT 8 \*EP R20UT T50UT 12 17 T5IN T3IN 12 17 R30UT EN 13 16 R10UTB T2IN 13 16 R40UT III I2IN

16 Maxim Integrated

15 R50UT

15 MBAUD

SHDN 14

**SSOP** 

T1IN 14

SSOP/SO/TSSOP

3IN

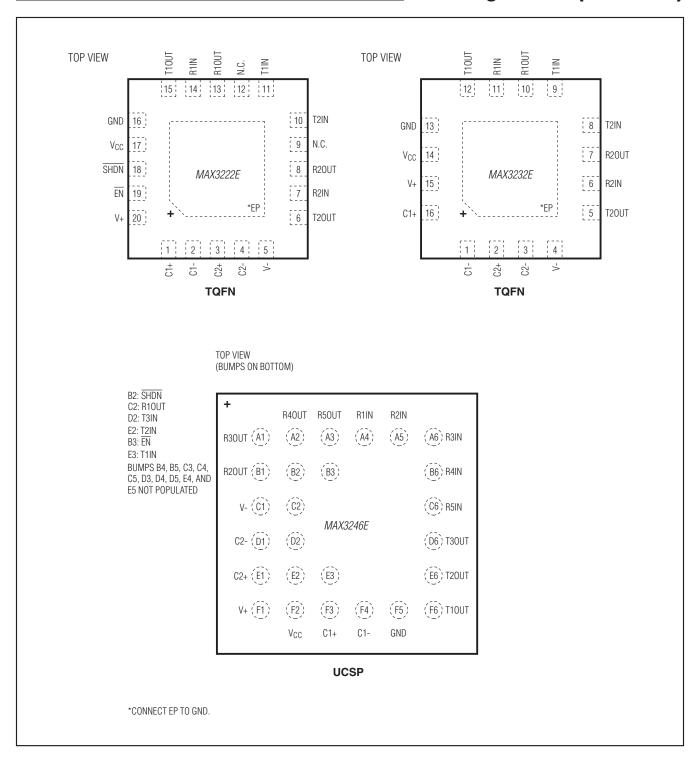
\*CONNECT EP TO GND.

**TQFN** 

N.C.

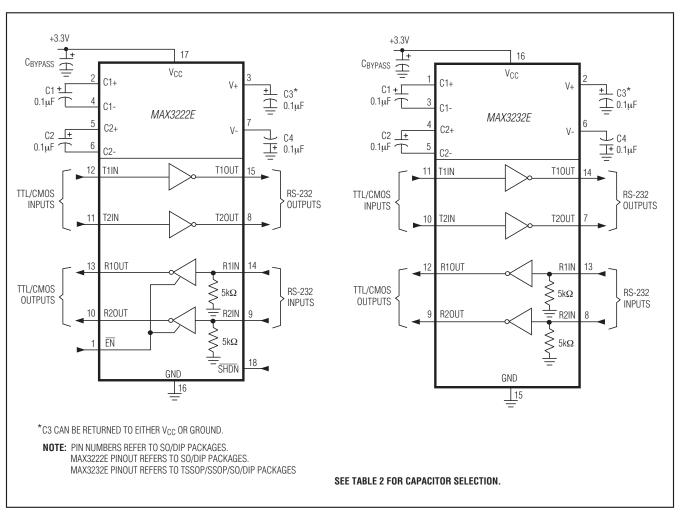
### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

Pin Configurations (continued)



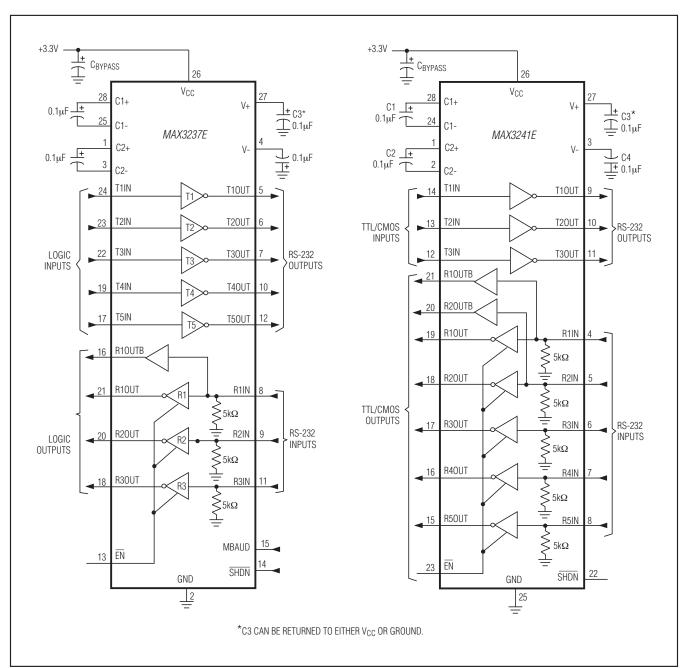
# ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

Typical Operating Circuits



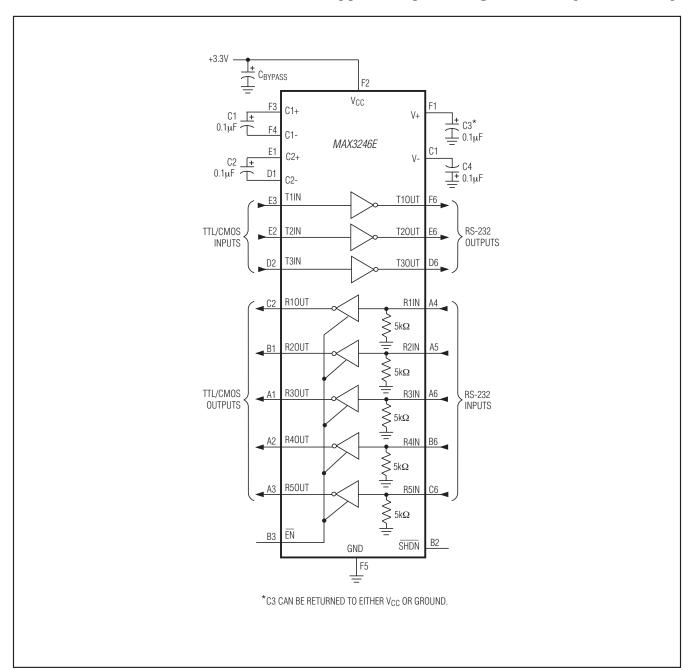
### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

Typical Operating Circuits (continued)



# ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

\_Typical Operating Circuits (continued)



### ±15kV ESD-Protected, Down to 10nA, 3.0V to 5.5V, Up to 1Mbps, True RS-232 Transceivers

#### Ordering Information (continued)

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3232ECTE+	0°C to +70°C	16 TQFN-EP** (5mm x 5mm)
MAX3232ECUE+	0°C to +70°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3232ECUP+	0°C to +70°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3232EEAE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 SSOP
MAX3232EEWE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 Wide SO
MAX3232EEPE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 Plastic DIP
MAX3232EETE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 TQFN-EP** (5mm x 5mm)
MAX3232EEUE+	-40°C to +85°C	16 TSSOP
MAX3232EEUP+	-40°C to +85°C	20 TSSOP
MAX3237ECAI+	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX3237EEAI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241ECAI+	0°C to +70°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241ECWI+	0°C to +70°C	28 Wide SO
MAX3241ECUI+	0°C to +70°C	28 TSSOP
MAX3241ECTJ+	0°C to +70°C	32 TQFN-EP** (7mm x 7mm)
MAX3241EEAI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 SSOP
MAX3241EEWI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 Wide SO
MAX3241EEUI+	-40°C to +85°C	28 TSSOP
MAX3246ECBX-T+	0°C to +70°C	6 x 6 UCSP <sup>†</sup>
MAX3246EEBX-T+	-40°C to +85°C	6 x 6 UCSP <sup>†</sup>

<sup>+</sup>Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package. †Requires solder temperature profile described in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section. UCSP Reliability is integrally linked

**Chip Information** 

PROCESS: BICMOS

#### Selector Guide

PART	NO. OF DRIVERS/ RECEIVERS	LOW-POWER SHUTDOWN	GUARANTEED DATA RATE (bps)	
MAX3222E	2/2	~	250k	
MAX3232E	2/2	_	250k	
MAX3237E (Normal)	5/3	~	250k	
MAX3237E (MegaBaud)	5/3	~	1M	
MAX3241E	3/5	~	250k	
MAX3246E	3/5	~	250k	

#### Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to <a href="www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
20 TQFN	T2055+5	20-0140	<u>90-0010</u>
20 TSSOP	H20+2	21-0066	<u>90-0116</u>
20 SSOP	A20+1	21-0056	90-0094
18 Wide SO	W18+1	21-0042	<u>90-0181</u>
18 PDIP	P18+5	21-0043	_
16 SSOP	A16+2	21-0056	<u>90-0106</u>
16 Wide SO	W16+3	21-0042	<u>90-0107</u>
16 PDIP	P16+1	21-0043	_
16 TQFN	T1655+2	21-0140	90-0072
16 TSSOP	U16+1	21-0066	90-0117
28 SSOP	A28+1	<u>21-0056</u>	<u>90-0095</u>
28 Wide SO	W28+6	21-0042	90-0109
28 TSSOP	U28+2	21-0066	90-0171
32 TQFN	T3277+2	21-0144	<u>90-0125</u>
6x6 HCSP	B36+3	21-0082	Refer to Application Note 1891

Maximum Ratings section. UCSP Reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material, and environment. Refer to the UCSP Reliability Notice in the UCSP Reliability section of this datasheet for more information.

<sup>\*\*</sup>EP = Exposed pad.

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#### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
11	10/07	Corrected Package Information	22–28
12	12/10	Changed all parts to lead free in the <i>Ordering Information</i> , added automotive qualified part to <i>Ordering Information</i> , corrected capacitor in <i>Typical Operating Circuits</i>	1, 19



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