

# MW921 InSb Hall Element

Ultra High-sensitivity InSb Hall element

Thin-type SIP Package

Shipped in Bulk by Pack (500Pcs devices per pack)

### Dimensional Drawing (Unit MM)



### Absolute Maximum Rating

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 110°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C ~ 125°C
Maximum Input Current I <sub>cmax</sub> [mA]	10mA

### Electrical Characteristic (RT=25°C)

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Table 1. Electrical Characteristics of MW921								
ltem	Symbol	Test Condi.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit		
Hall Voltage	$V_{ m H}$	<b>B</b> = 50mT, <b>V</b> <sub>C</sub> =1V <b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = RT	168		320	mV		
Input Resistance	<b>R</b> in	<b>B</b> = 0mT, <b>I</b> <sub>C</sub> = 0.1mA <b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = RT	240		550	Ω		
Output Resistance	<b>R</b> out	<b>B</b> = 0mT, <b>I</b> <sub>C</sub> = 0.1mA <b>T</b> <sub>a</sub> = RT	240		550	Ω		
Offset Voltage	V <sub>os</sub>	$\boldsymbol{B}$ = 0mT, $\boldsymbol{V}_{C}$ = 1V $\boldsymbol{T}_{a}$ = RT	-7		+7	mV		
Temp. Coeffi. of $V_{\rm H}$	α <b>V</b> <sub>H</sub>	$B = 50 \text{mT}, I_{\text{C}} = 1 \text{mA},$ $T_{\text{a}} = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$		1.8		%/°C		
Temp. Coeffi. of <b>R</b> <sub>in</sub>	α <b>R</b> <sub>in</sub>	$B = 50 \text{mT}, I_{\text{C}} = 5 \text{mA},$ $T_{\text{a}} = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 40^{\circ}\text{C}$		-1.8		%/°C		
Dielectric strength		100V D.C	1.0			MΩ		

1.  $V_{\rm H} = V_{\rm H-M} - V_{\rm os}$  in which  $V_{\rm H-M}$  is the Output Hall Voltage,  $V_{\rm H}$  is the Hall Voltage and  $V_{\rm os}$  is the offset Voltage under the identical electrical stimuli.

2. 
$$\alpha V_H = \frac{1}{V_H(T_1)} \times \frac{V_H(T_3) - V_H(T_2)}{(T_3 - T_2)} \times 100$$

3. 
$$\alpha R_{in} = \frac{1}{R_{in}(T_1)} \times \frac{R_{in}(T_3) - R_{in}(T_2)}{(T_3 - T_2)} \times 100$$
  $T_1 = 20^{\circ}\text{C}, T_2 = 0^{\circ}\text{C}, T_3 = 40^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

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### Classification of Output Hall Voltage ( $\textit{V}_{\!\!H}$ )

Rank	<b>⊮</b> <sub>H</sub> [mV]	Conditions			
С	168 ~ 204				
D	196 ~ 236				
E	228 ~ 274	B=50m1, <b>V</b> <sub>C</sub> =1V			
F	266 ~ 320				

### Table 2. Classification of Hall Voltage

### Characteristic Curves



Figure 1. Input resistance  $R_{in}$  as a function of ambient temperature  $T_{a}$ .

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Figure 2. Hall voltage  $V_{\rm H}$  as a function of magnetic flux density B .



Figure 3. Hall voltage  $V_{H}$  as a function of ambient temperature  $T_{a}$ .

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Figure 4. Hall voltage  $V_{\rm H}$  as a function of electrical stimuli  $I_{\rm c}/V_{\rm c}$ .



Figure 5. Offset voltage V<sub>os</sub> as a function of electrical stimuli I<sub>c</sub>/ V<sub>c</sub>.

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### Precautions for ESD

This product is the device that is sensitive to ESD (Electrostatic Discharge). Handling Hall Elements with the ESD-Caution mark under the environment in which

- Static electrical charge is unlikely to arise. (Ex; Relative Humidity; over 40%RH).
- Wearing the antistatic suit and wristband when handling the devices.
- Implementing measures against ESD as for containers that directly touch the devices.

### Precautions for Storage

- Products should be stored at an appropriate temperature and humidity (5 to 35°C, 40 to 60%RH) after the unsealing of MBB. Using self-sealer is highly recommended. Keeping products away from chlorine and corrosive gas.
- For storage longer than 2 years, it is recommended to store in nitrogen atmosphere with MBB sealed. Oxygen and  $H_2O$  of atmosphere oxidizes leads of products and lead solder ability get worse.

### Precautions for Safety

- Do not alter the form of this product into a gas, powder or liquid through burning, crushing or

chemical processing.

- Observe laws and company regulations when discarding this product.

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