

650V GaN Power Transistor (FET)

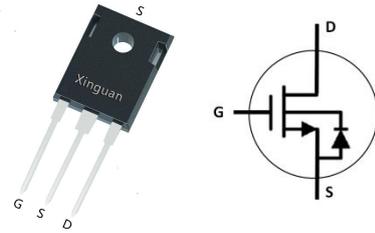
Features

- Easy to use, compatible with standard gate drivers
- Low Q_{rr} , no free-wheeling diode required
- Excellent $Q_g \times R_{DS(on)}$ product (FOM)
- Low switching loss
- RoHS compliant and Halogen-free

| Product Summary | | |
|-------------------|-----|------------|
| V_{DSS} | 650 | V |
| $R_{DS(on), typ}$ | 55 | m Ω |
| $Q_{G, typ}$ | 20 | nC |
| $Q_{RR, typ}$ | 170 | nC |

Applications

- Power adapters
- Telecom and datacom
- Automotive
- Servo motors



Packaging

| Part Number | Package | Packaging | Base QTY |
|--------------|---------------|-----------|----------|
| XG65T050WS2A | 3 Lead TO-247 | Tube | 30 |

Maximum ratings, at $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Parameter | | Limit Value | Unit |
|-------------|--|----------|-------------|------------------|
| I_D | Continuous drain current @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 37 | A |
| | Continuous drain current @ $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 22 | A |
| I_{DM} | Pulsed drain current @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ (pulse width: 10us) | | 150 | A |
| | Pulsed drain current @ $T_c=150^\circ\text{C}$ (pulse width: 10us) | | 100 | A |
| V_{DSS} | Drain to source voltage ($T_j = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C) | | 650 | V |
| V_{GSS} | Gate to source voltage | | ± 20 | V |
| P_D | Maximum power dissipation @ $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ | | 100 | W |
| T_c | Operating temperature | Case | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_j | | Junction | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_s | Storage temperature | | -55 to 150 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| T_{CSOLD} | Soldering peak temperature | | 260 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Thermal Resistance

| Symbol | Parameter | Typical | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Junction-to-case | 1 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Junction-to-ambient | 40 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

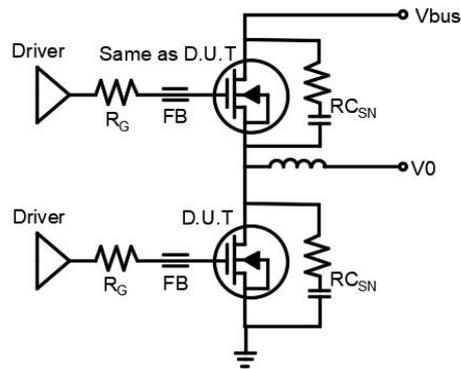
Electrical Parameters, at $T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------|------|------------|---|
| Forward Device Characteristics | | | | | |
| $V_{DSS-MAX}$ | 650 | - | - | V | $V_{GS}=0V$ |
| BV_{DSS} | - | 1700 | - | V | $V_{GS}=0V, I_{DSS}=250\mu A$ |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | - | 5 | - | V | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=500\mu A$ |
| $R_{DS(on)}^a$ | - | 55 | 65 | m Ω | $V_{GS}=8V, I_D=4A, T_J=25^\circ C$ |
| | - | 110 | - | | $V_{GS}=8V, I_D=4A, T_J=150^\circ C$ |
| I_{DSS} | - | 5 | 20 | μA | $V_{DS}=700V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ C$ |
| | - | 30 | - | μA | $V_{DS}=700V, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=150^\circ C$ |
| I_{GSS} | - | - | 150 | nA | $V_{GS}=20V$ |
| | - | - | -150 | nA | $V_{GS}=-20V$ |
| C_{ISS} | - | 640 | - | pF | $V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=650V, f=1MHz$ |
| C_{OSS} | - | 140 | - | pF | |
| C_{RSS} | - | 11 | - | pF | |
| $C_{O(er)}$ | - | 170 | - | pF | $V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=0\text{ to }650V$ |
| $C_{O(tr)}$ | - | 250 | - | pF | |
| Q_G | - | 20 | - | nC | $V_{DS}=400V, V_{GS}=0V\text{ to }12V, I_D=22A$ |
| Q_{GS} | - | 8.5 | - | | |
| Q_{GD} | - | 4.7 | - | | |
| $t_{D(on)}$ | - | 44 | - | nS | $V_{DS}=400V, V_{GS}=0V\text{ to }12V, I_D=22A, R_G=11\Omega$ |
| t_R | - | 26 | - | | |
| $t_{D(off)}$ | - | 54 | - | | |
| t_F | - | 8 | - | | |
| Reverse Device Characteristics | | | | | |
| V_{SD} | - | 1.8 | - | V | $V_{GS}=0V, I_S=5A, T_J=25^\circ C$ |
| | - | 2.3 | - | | $V_{GS}=0V, I_S=10A, T_J=25^\circ C$ |
| | - | 1.3 | - | | $V_{GS}=0V, I_S=10A, T_J=150^\circ C$ |
| t_{RR} | - | 19 | - | ns | $I_S=22A, V_{GS}=0V, di/dt=1600A/\mu s, V_{DD}=400V$ |
| Q_{RR} | - | 170 | - | nC | |

Notes:

- a. Dynamic on-resistance; see Fig. 18 and 19 for test circuit and conditions

Circuit Implementation



Recommended Drive Circuit

Recommended gate drive: (0 V, 12 V) with $R_{G(\text{tot})} = 11 \Omega$, where $R_{G(\text{tot})} = R_G + R_{\text{Driver}}$

| Gate Ferrite Bead (FB) | Gate Resistance1 (R_G) | RC Snubber (R_{CSN}) |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| MPZ1608S471ATA00 | 10 Ω | 47 pF + 15 Ω |

Notes:

- a. R_{CSN} should be placed as close as possible to the drain pin
- b. The layout and wiring of the drive circuit should be as short as possible

Typical Characteristics, at $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

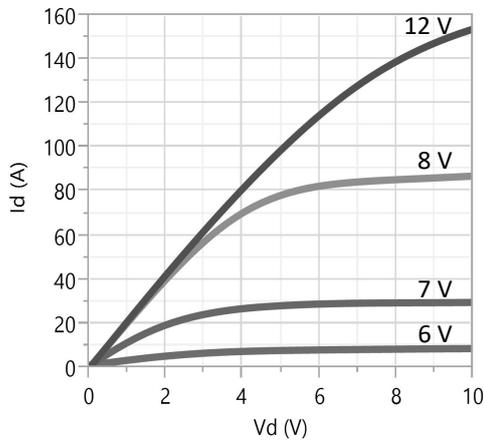


Figure 1. Typical Output Characteristics $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter: V_{GS}

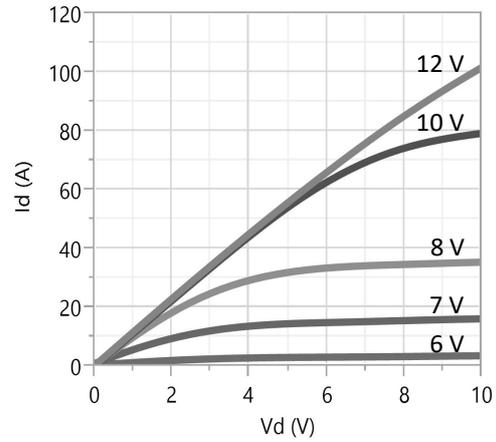


Figure 2. Typical Output Characteristics $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter: V_{GS}

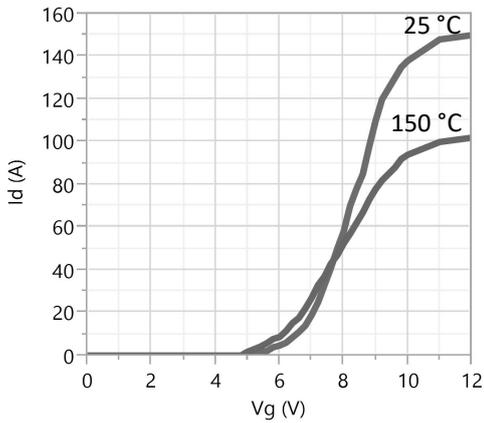


Figure 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

$V_{DS}=10\text{V}$, Parameter: T_j

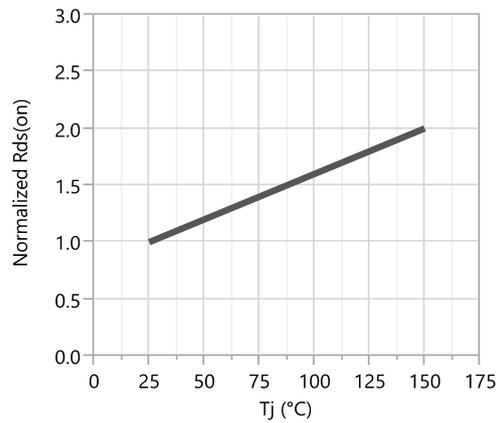


Figure 4. Normalized On-resistance

$I_D=4\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=8\text{V}$

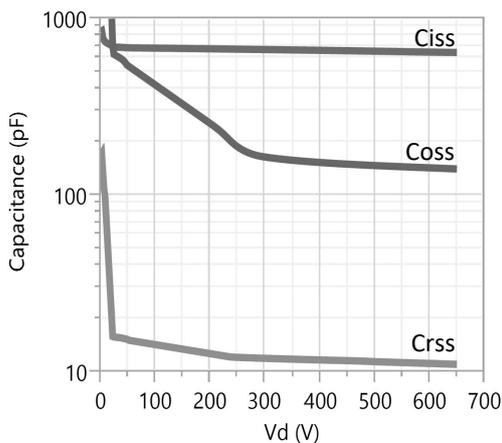


Figure 5. Typical Capacitance

$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$

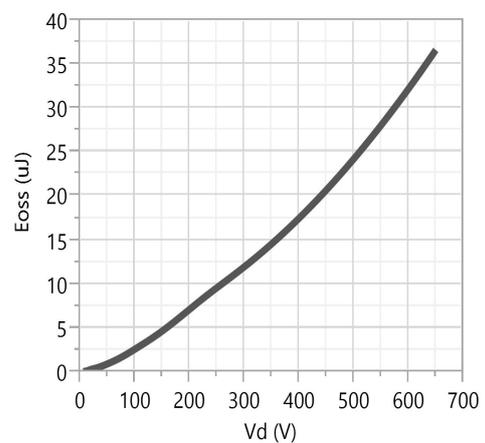


Figure 6. Typical C_{OSS} Stored Energy

Typical Characteristics, at $T_c=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

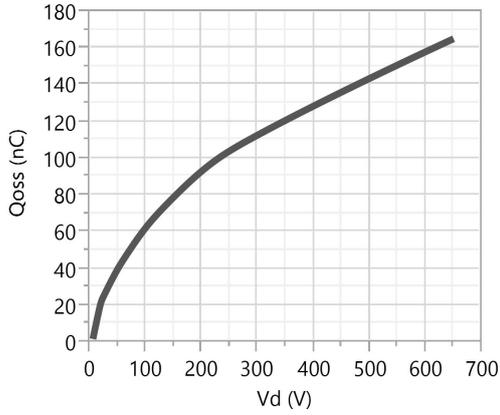


Figure 7. Typical Qoss

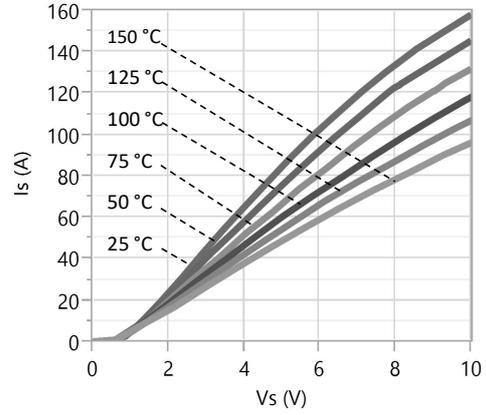


Figure 8. Forward Characteristic of Rev. Diode

$I_s=f(V_s)$, Parameter T_j

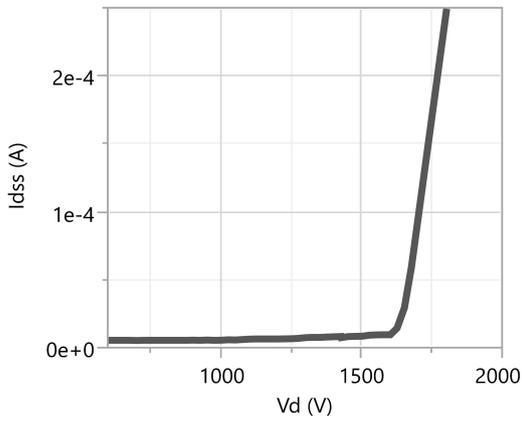


Figure 9. Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage

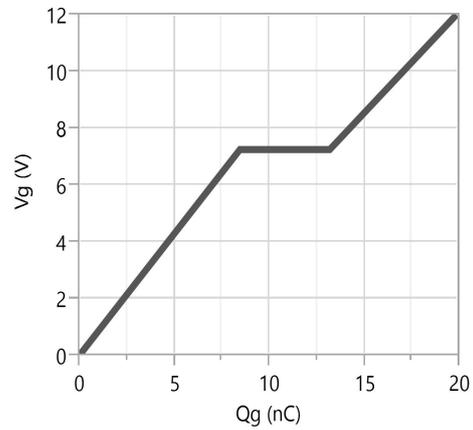


Figure 10. Typical Gate Charge

$I_{DS}=10A$, $V_{DS}=400V$

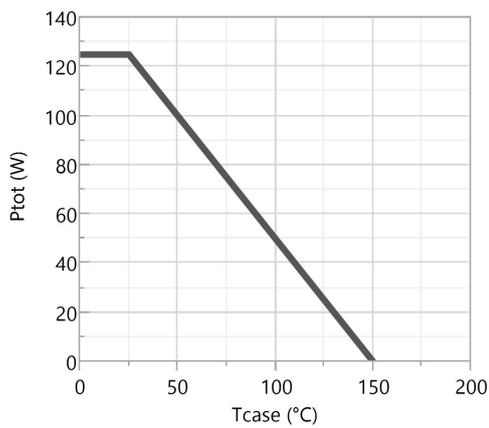


Figure 11. Power Dissipation

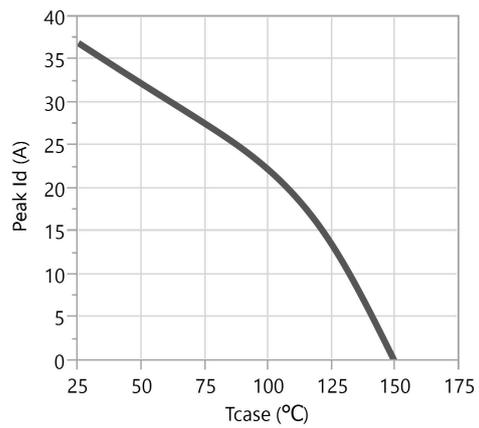


Figure 12. Current Derating

Typical Characteristics, at $T_c=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

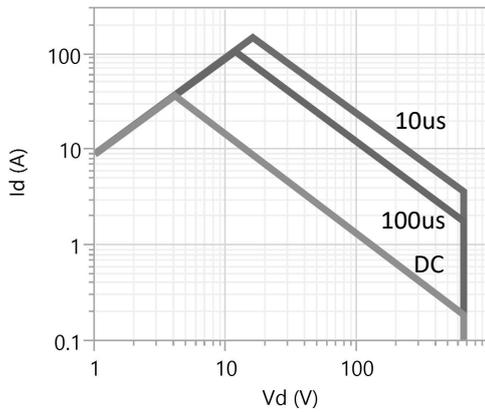


Figure 13. Safe operating Area $T_c=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

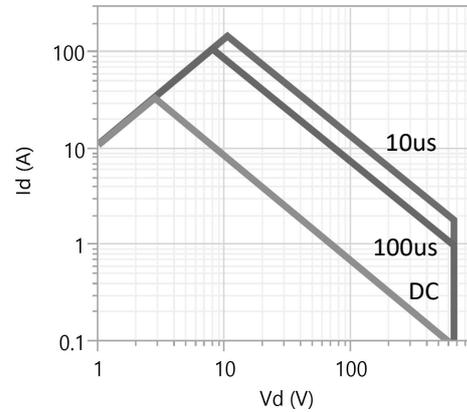


Figure 14. Safe operating Area $T_c=80\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

(calculated based on thermal limit)

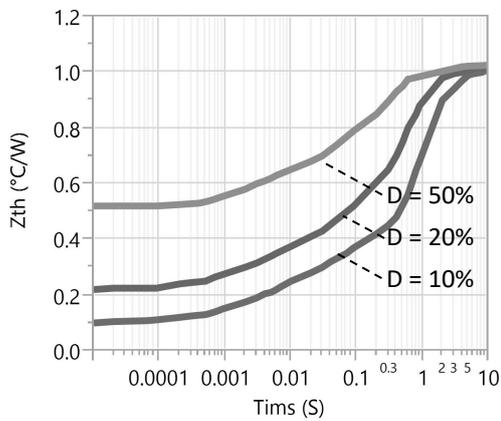


Figure 15. Transient Thermal Resistance

Test Circuits and Waveforms

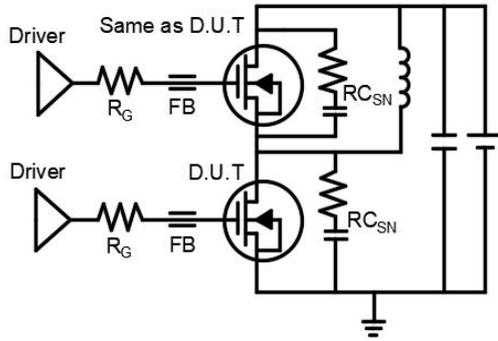


Figure 16. Switching Time Test Circuit

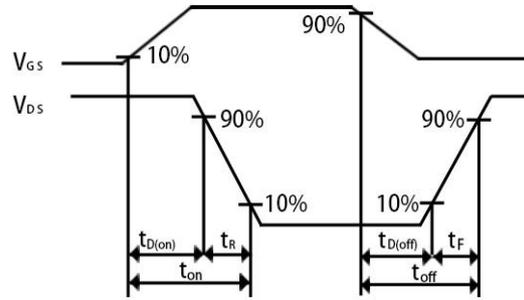


Figure 17. Switching Time Waveform

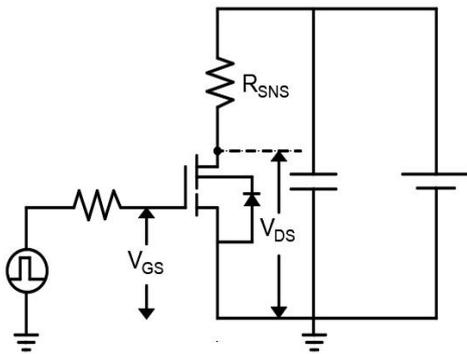


Figure 18. Dynamic $R_{DS(on)}$ Test Circuit

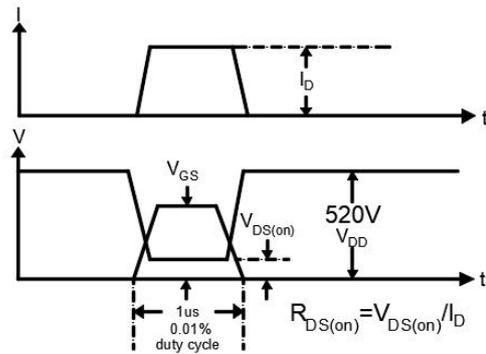


Figure 19. Dynamic $R_{DS(on)}$ Waveform

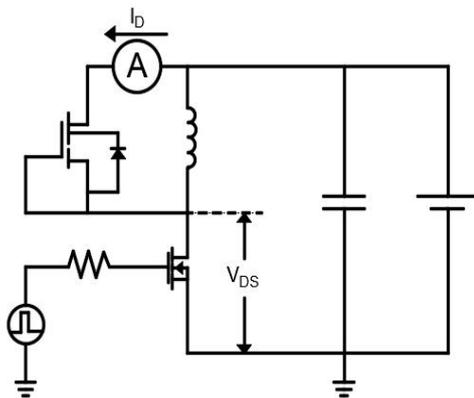


Figure 20. Diode Characteristic Test Circuit

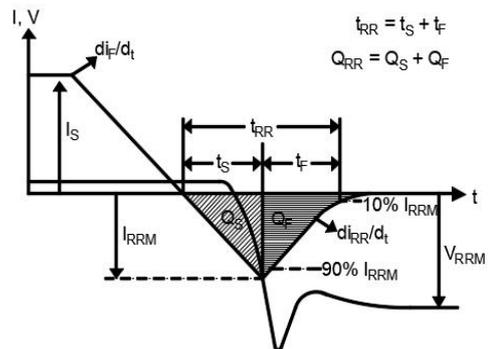


Figure 21. Diode Recovery Waveform

Design Considerations

Fast switching GaN device can reduce power conversion losses, and thus enable high frequency operations. Certain PCB design rules and instructions, however, need to be followed to take full advantages of fast switching GaN devices.

Before evaluating Xinguan's GaN devices, please refer to the table below which provides some practical rules that should be followed during the evaluation.

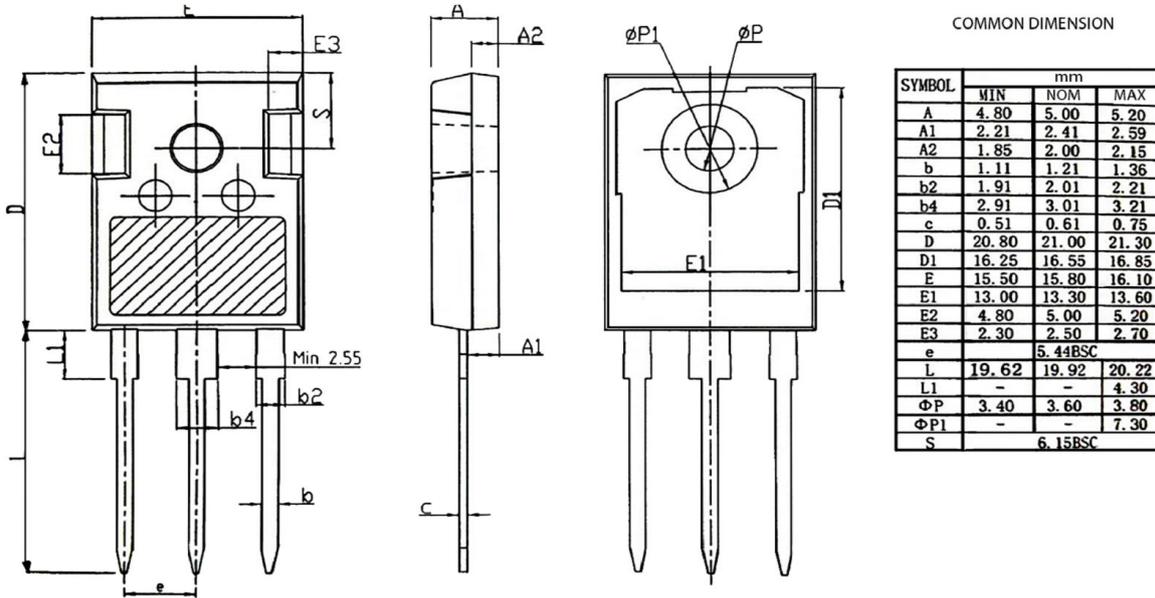
When Evaluating Xinguan's GaN Devices:

| DO | DO NOT |
|---|--|
| Make sure the traces are as short as possible for both drive and power loops to minimize parasitic inductance | Using Xinguan's devices in GDS board layouts |
| Use the test tool with the shortest inductive loop, and make sure test points should be placed close enough | Use differential mode probe or probe ground clip with long wires |
| Minimize the lead length of TO packages when installing them to PCB | Use long traces in drive circuit, or long lead length of the devices |

Mechanical

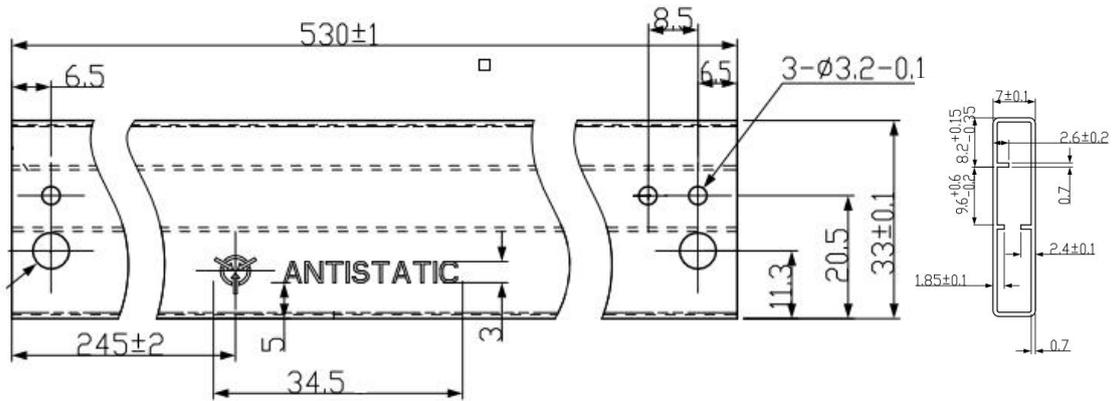
3 Lead TO-247 (WS) Package

Pin 1: Gate; Pin 2: Source; Pin 3: Drain; Tab: Source



Package Outlines

Dimensions are show in millimeters



Revision History

| Version | Date | Change(s) |
|---------|----------|--------------------------|
| 1.0 | 8/7/2020 | Release formal datasheet |