

## 1.0MHz, 3A Peak Synchronous Step-Down Converter

#### **FEATURES**

- High Efficiency: Up to 95%
- 1.0MHz Constant Frequency Operation
- . 2.5A Continuous, 3A Peak Output Current
- No Schottky Diode Required
- 2.7V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Output Voltage as Low as 0.6V
- . PFM Mode for High Efficiency in Light Load
- . 100% Duty Cycle in Dropout Operation
- Low Quiescent Current: 50μA
- Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Fault Protection
- . Inrush Current Limit and Soft Start
- . Input overvoltage protection (OVP)
- . <1µA Shutdown Current
- SOT23-6 package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Cellular and Smart Phones
- . Wireless and DSL Modems
- Portable Instruments
- Digital Still and Video Cameras
- PC Cards

#### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The TMI3113 is a 1.0MHz constant frequency, current mode step-down converter. It is ideal for portable equipment requiring high current up to 2.5A from single-cell Lithium-ion batteries while still achieving over 90% efficiency during peak load conditions. The TMI3113 also can run at 100% duty cycle for low dropout operation, extending battery life in portable systems while light load operation provides very low output ripple for noise sensitive applications. The TMI3113 can supply up to 2.5A output load current from a 2.7V to 5.5V input voltage and the output voltage can be regulated as low as 0.6V. The high switching frequency minimizes the size of external components while keeping switching losses low. The internal slope compensation setting allows the device to operate with smaller inductor values to optimize size and provide efficient operation. The TMI3113 is offered in 6-pin, SOT23-6 package, and is available in an adjustable version.

This device offers two operation modes, PWM control and PFM Mode switching control, which allows a high efficiency over the wider range of the load.

#### TYPICAL APPILCATION

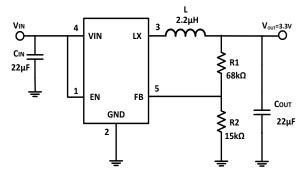


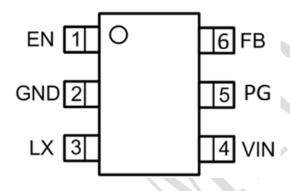
Figure 1. Basic Application Circuit



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Input Supply Voltage ,	-0.3~7	V
LX Voltages	-0.3~7	V
EN,FB Voltage	-0.3~7	V
Junction Temperature (Note2)	160	°C
Power Dissipation	600	mW
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)	300	°C

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



SOT23-6
Top Mark: TCBXXX (TCB: Device Code, XXX: Inside Code)

Part Number	Package	Top mark	Quantity/ Reel
TMI3113	SOT23-6	TCBXXX	3000

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### **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

Pin	Name	Function		
1	ENI	Chip Enable Pin. Drive EN above 1.5V to turn on the part. Drive EN below 0.3V to		
1 EN		turn it off. Do not leave EN floating.		
2	GND	Analog ground pin.		
2	Power Switch Output. It is the switch node connection to Inductor. This pin c			
3	LX	to the drains of the internal P-ch and N-ch MOSFET switches.		
4	VIN	Analog supply input pin.		
_	Power Good Indicator Pin, Low If Output voltage < 90% of the regulation voltage,			
5 PG		Otherwise.		
	- FD	Output Voltage Feedback Pin. An internal resistive divider divides the output voltage		
6 FB		down for comparison to the internal reference voltage.		

### **ESD RATING**

Items	Items Description Value		Unit
V <sub>ESD</sub>	Human Body Model for all pins	±2000	V

### **JEDEC specification JS-001**

## **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Items	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Voltage Range	IN	2.7	5.5	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40	125	°C

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Note 3)

## ( $V_{IN}=V_{EN}=3.6V$ , $V_{OUT}=1.8V$ , $T_A=25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage Range		2.7		5.5	V
OVP Threshold			6.1		V
UVLO Threshold			2.6		V
Quiescent Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =2.0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =0, V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>REF</sub> *105%		50	85	μΑ
Shutdown Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =0V		0.1	1.0	μΑ
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	0.588	0.600	0.612	V
Regulated Feedback Voltage VFB	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	0.586	0.600	0.613	V
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	0.585	0.600	0.615	V
Reference Voltage Line Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =2.5V to 5.5V		0.1		%/V
Output Voltage Accuracy	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA to 2000mA	-3		+3	%V <sub>OUT</sub>
Output Voltage Load Regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA to 2000mA		0.2		%/A
Oscillation Fraguency	V <sub>OUT</sub> =100%		1.0		MHz
Oscillation Frequency	V <sub>OUT</sub> =0V		300		kHz
On Resistance of PMOS	I <sub>LX</sub> =100mA		95		mΩ
On Resistance of NMOS	I <sub>LX</sub> =-100mA		50		mΩ
Peak Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> =90%	3			А
EN High Level Input Voltage		1.5			V
EN Low Level Input Voltage				0.5	V
EN Leakage Current			±0.01	±1.0	μΑ
LX Leakage Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =0V,V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>LX</sub> =5V		±0.01	±1.0	μΑ

**Note 1**: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2**:  $T_J$  is calculated from the ambient temperature  $T_A$  and power dissipation  $P_D$  according to the following formula:  $T_J = T_A + (P_D) \times (250^{\circ}\text{C/W})$ .

**Note 3**: 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.



#### **OPERATION**

The TMI3113 is a high output current monolithic switch mode step-down DC-DC converter. The device operates at a fixed 1.0MHz switching frequency, and uses a slope compensated current mode architecture. This step-down DC-DC converter can supply up to 2.5A output current at VIN = 5.0V and has an input voltage range from 2.7V to 5.5V. It minimizes external component size and optimizes efficiency at the heavy load range. The slope compensation allows the device to remain stable over a wider range of inductor values so that smaller values (2.2µH to 10µH) with lower DCR can be used to achieve higher efficiency. Only a small bypass input capacitor is required at the output.

The adjustable output voltage can be programmed with external feedback to any voltage, ranging from 0.6V to near the input voltage. It uses internal MOSFETs to achieve high efficiency and can generate very low output voltages by using an internal reference of 0.6V. At dropout operation, the converter duty cycle increases to 100% and the output voltage tracks the input voltage minus the low RDS(ON) drop of the Pchannel high-side MOSFET and the inductor DCR. The internal error amplifier and compensation provides excellent transient response, load and line regulation. Internal soft start eliminates any output voltage overshoot when the enable or the input voltage is applied.

#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

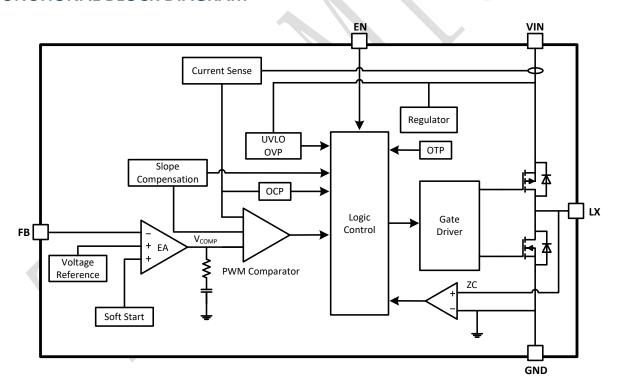


Figure 2. TMI3113 Block Diagram

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#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### **Setting the Output Voltage**

Figure 1 shows the basic application circuit for the TMI3113. The TMI3113 can be externally programmed. Resistors R1 and R2 in Figure 1 program the output to regulate at a voltage higher than 0.6V.

The external resistor sets the output voltage according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.6 \times (1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2})$$

$$R_1 = (V_{OUT} / 0.6 - 1) \times R_2$$

#### **Inductor Selection**

For most designs, the TMI3113 operates with inductors of  $1\mu$ H to  $4.7\mu$ H. Low inductance values are physically smaller but require faster switching, which results in some efficiency loss. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_{L} \times f_{OSC}}$$

Where  $\Delta I_L$  is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors result in lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple current. For optimum voltage-positioning load transients, choose an inductor with DC series resistance in the  $50 \text{m}\Omega$  to  $150 \text{m}\Omega$  range.

#### **Input Capacitor Selection**

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency should be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are highly recommended because of their low ESR and small temperature coefficients. A 22µF ceramic capacitor for most applications is sufficient. A large value may be used for improved input voltage filtering.

#### **Output Capacitor Selection**

The output capacitor is required to keep the output voltage ripple small and to ensure regulation loop stability. The output capacitor must have low impedance at the switching frequency. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended due to their low ESR and high ripple current ratings. The output ripple  $\triangle V_{\text{OUT}}$  is determined by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times f_{OSC} \times L} \times \left(ESR + \frac{1}{8 \times f_{osc} \times C3}\right)$$

A 22µF ceramic can satisfy most applications.

#### **Layout Consideration**



When laying out the printed circuit board, the following checking should be used to ensure proper operation of the TMI3113. Check the following in your layout:

- 1. The power traces, consisting of the GND trace, the LX trace and the VIN trace should be kept short, direct and wide.
- 2. Does the (+) plates of Cin connect to Vin as closely as possible. This capacitor provides the AC current to the internal power MOSFETs.
- 3. Keep the switching node, LX, away from the sensitive VOUT node.
- 4. Keep the (-) plates of Cin and Cout as close as possible.



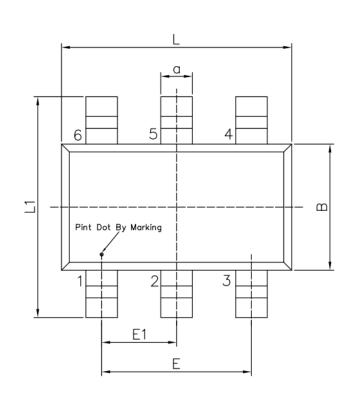


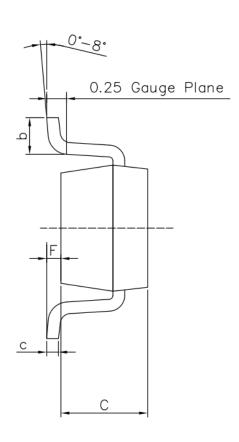
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#### **PACKAGE INFORMATION**

#### **SOT23-6**





Unit: mm

Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		
	Min	Max	Symbol	Min	Max	
L	2.82	3.02	E1	0.85	1.05	
В	1.50	1.70	a	0.35	0.50	
C	0.90	1.30	С	0.10	0.20	
L1	2.60	3.00	b	0.35	0.55	
E	1.80	2.00	F	0	0.15	

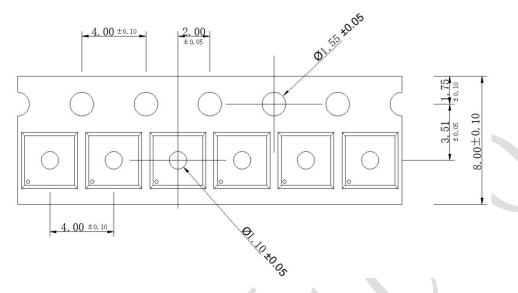
#### Note:

- 1) All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2) Package length does not include mold flash, protrusion or gate burr.
- 3) Package width does not include interlead flash or protrusion.
- 4) Lead popularity (bottom of leads after forming) shall be 0.10 millimeters max.
- 5) Pin 1 is lower left pin when reading top mark from left to right.

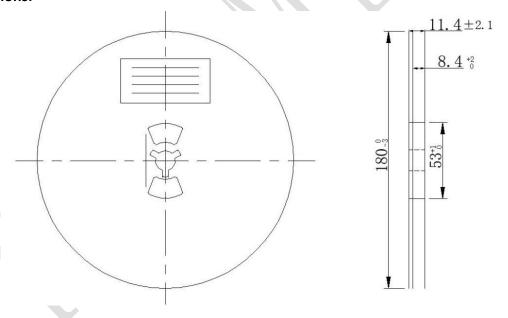


## **Tape and Reel Information**

### **Tape Dimensions:**



#### **Reel Dimensions:**



#### Note:

- All Dimensions are in Millimeter
- Quantity of Units per Reel is 3000 2)