

SAMXON BRAND ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

規格書

CUSTOMER: DATE:

(客戶): 志盛翔 (日期): 2020-09-09

CATEGORY (品名) : ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITORS

DESCRIPTION (型号) : KM $400V120\mu F(\phi 18x35)$

VERSION (版本) : 01

Customer P/N :

SUPPLIER :

SUPPLIER									
PREPARED (拟定)	CHECKED (审核)								
邓文文	付婷婷								

CUSTOMER									
APPROVAL	SIGNATURE								
(批准)	(签名)								

ELECTROLYTIC CAPACITOR SPECIFICATION KM SERIES

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Rev.	Date	Mark	Page	Contents	Purpose	Drafter	Approver

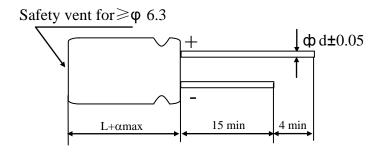
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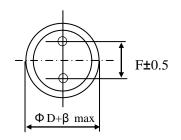
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Table 1 Product Dimensions and Characteristics

Unit: mm





α	L<20 : α=1.5; L≥20 : α=2.0
β	$\Phi D < 20 : \beta = 0.5; \ \Phi D \ge 20 : \beta = 1.0$

* If it is flat rubber, there is no bulge from the flat rubber surface.

Table 1:

No.	SAMXON	WV	Cap.	Cap	Temp.	tan δ (120Hz,	Leakage Current	Max Ripple Current at 105°C 120Hz	Load lifetime	Dimension (mm)			Sleeve	
	110.	Part No.	(Vdc)	(μF)	tolerance	range(°C)	20°C)	(µA,2min)	(mA rms)	(Hrs)	$D \times L$	F	фd	
	1	EKM127M2GL35RR**P	400	120	-20%~+20%	-25~105	0.24	1480	570	2000	18X35	7.5	0.8	PET

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1. Application

This specification applies to polar Aluminum electrolytic capacitor (foil type) used in electronic equipment. Designed capacitor's quality meets IEC60384.

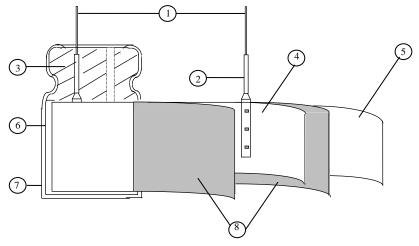
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P 2 :			ber Sy	ster		9	10 1	112	13 14	Ī	5 16	.7	
				/		_	10 1	1 12		Ľ	5 16	17	
G S	_	105		VI.	1 F	1	D 1	1 1	TC		5 A	P	
ERIES	CAF	ACITAN	CE TOLE	RANCE	VOLTA	GE.	CASE	SIZE	TYPE			EEVE ERIAL	
<u>l</u> ,				<u> </u>								<u> </u>	ī
es F	Cap (uF)	Code	Tol. (%)	Code	Vol. (W.V.)	Code	Case Diameter(Φ)	Stze Code	Feature	Code	For Internal use		
<u> </u>	0.1	104	±5	J	2.5	0E	3.5	B 1	Radial bulk	RR	(The product lin	es we	
4	0.22	224	±10	К	6.3	0G 0J	4 5	C D	Ammo Tap	oing	have H,A,B,C,D,8 0,1,2,3,4,5,9		
1	0.33	334	±15	L	8	0K	6.3 8	E F	2.0mm Pitch	тт			1
∃ ¦			±20	М	10	1A 1B	10 12.5	G	2.5mm Pitch	τυ	Sleeve Material	+-	
ו⊡	0.47	474	±30	N	16 20	1C 1D	13 13.5	J J	l 		PET	P	
	1	105	-40 0	w	25	1E	14 14.5	4 A	3.5mm Pitch	TV		f the	
<u> </u>	2.2	225	-20		30 32	1I 13	16 16.5	K 7	5.0mm Pitch	TC		8 8	
7 }		\vdash	ō	Α	35	1V	18 18.5	L 8	Lead Cut &	Form		em at	
	3.3	335	-20 +10	с	40 42	1G 1M	20 22	M N	CB-Type	СВ		If thesleeve material is PVC, there will be blank in seventeenth digit.	
╗╽	4.7	475	-20	\vdash	50	1H	25 30	P	1	CE		B P√	
,	10	106	+40	×	57 63	1L 1J	34 35	W Q	CE-Type	CE		Ç ₩	
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;			-20 +50	s	71	15	40 42	R 4	HE-Type	HE	PVC	- E	
∃ }	22	226	-10	\vdash	75 80	1T 1K	45 51	6 S	KD-Type	KD		<u>₽</u>	
╗╽	33	336	ő	В	85 90	1R 19	63.5 76	T U	FD-Type	FD		ᇓ	
31	47	476	-10 +20	v	100	2A	80 90	8 X	EH-Type	EH		in Se	
 	100	107	-10		120	20 2B	100 Len. (mm)	Z Code	}			vente	
7	100		+30	Q	150 160	2Z	4.5 5	45 05	PCB Termi	nai		enth	
ו⊏	220	227	-10 +50	т	180	2C 2P	5.4 7 7.7	54 07 77		sw		digit.	
∃ [330	337	+13		200 215	2D 22	10.2	T2	Snap-In	sx			
-	470	477	+50	E	220	2N	11.5	11 1A 12	j	sz			
∃ }		\vdash	-5 +15	F	230 250	23 2E	12 12.5 13	1B 13	Lug	SG			
	2200	228	-5		275	2T	13.5 20	1C 20	Lug				
╗╽	22000	229	+20	G	300 310	2I 2R	25 29.5	25 2J		05			
∃ Ì	33000	339	0 +20	R	315 330	2F 2U	30 31.5	30 3A		06			
뷥	47000	479	0	0	350	2V	35 35.5	35 3E		T5			
₽ }		\vdash	+30		360 375	2X 2Q	50 80	50 80	Screw	Т6			
	100000	10T	0 +50	1	385	2Y	100 105	1L 1K	}	D5			
╗	150000	15T	+5	z	400 420	2G 2M	110 120	1M 1N		\vdash			
∄	220000	22T	+15		450 500	2W 2H	130 140	1P 1Q		D6			
╛╏	220000		+5 +20	D	550	25	150 155	1R 1E					
7	330000	33T	+10	н	630	26 2J	160 165	15 1F					
⊒	1000000	10M	+50		-		170 180	1T 1U					
-	1500000	15M					190 200	1V 2L					
ł	2200000	2284					215 210	2A 2M					
}	2200000	22M					220 240	2N 2Q					
Į	3300000	33M					250 260	2R 2S 2T					
							270)				

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3. Construction

Single ended type to be produced to fix the terminals to anode and cathode foil, and wind together with paper, and then wound element to be impregnated with electrolyte will be enclosed in an aluminum case. Finally sealed up tightly with end seal rubber, then finished by putting on the vinyl sleeve.



No	Component	Material
1	Lead line	Tinned CP wire (Pb Free)
2	Terminal	Aluminum wire
3	Sealing Material	Rubber
4	Al-Foil (+)	Formed aluminum foil
5	Al-Foil (-)	Etched aluminum foil or formed aluminum foil
6	Case	Aluminum case
7	Sleeve	PET
8	Separator	Electrolyte paper

4. Characteristics

Standard atmospheric conditions

Unless otherwise specified, the standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements and tests are as follows:

Ambient temperature :15°C to 35°C
Relative humidity : 45% to 85%
Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions:

Ambient temperature : $20^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$ Relative humidity : 60% to 70%Air Pressure : 86kPa to 106kPa

Operating temperature range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage See table 1 temperature range.

As to the detailed information, please refer to table 2.

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Table	e 2										
	ITEM				PE	RFOR	MANC	Е			
	Rated voltage (WV)	WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)	6.3	10		6 0	25 32	35 44	50 63	63 79	100
4.1	Surge voltage (SV)	WV (V.DC) SV (V.DC)	160 200	200 250	220 270	250 300	350 400	400 450	420 470	450 500	
4.2	Nominal capacitance (Tolerance)	<condition> Measuring F Measuring V Measuring T <criteria> Shall be with</criteria></condition>	requenc oltage empera	: ture :	Not m 20±2	$^{\circ}$ C	an 0.5Vi				
4.3	Leakage current	Connecting t minutes, and <criteria></criteria>	<condition></condition> Connecting the capacitor with a protective resistor $(1k\Omega \pm 10\Omega)$ in series for 2 minutes, and then, measure Leakage Current. <criteria></criteria> Refer to Table 1								
4.4	tanδ	<condition> See 4.2, Nor <criteria> Refer to Tabl</criteria></condition>	m Capao	citance,	for me	easurin	g freque	ency, vo	oltage ar	nd temper	ature.
4.5	Terminal strength	0.51 Over 0.	ength of capacitor rength of apacitor 2~3 second rer of leading and 5mm to	r, applier f Termin, applied onds, are ad wire less 0.8mm	nals. d force nd ther	to bent in bent in the first to be the first	e force Negf) 0.51)	rminal (I	Bendin (1) 2.5 5 (from the position g force N (gf) (0.25) 0.51)	rubber) fo within 2~.

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		<condition></condition>				_				
		STEP	Testi		erature(°C)			Time		
		1		20 ± 2	2	Time	to reac	ch thermal e	quilibriu	ım
		2		-40(-25)	±3	Time	to reac	ch thermal e	quilibriu	ım
		3		20 ± 2	2	Time	to read	ch thermal e	quilibriu	ım
		4		105±	2	Time	to reac	ch thermal e	quilibriu	ım
		5		20±2	2	Time	to reac	ch thermal e	quilibriu	ım
		<criteria></criteria>				I				
		a. tanδ shall b	e with	in the lim	it of Item	4.4The	leakage	current me	asured sl	nall not
		more than 8 tim								
	Temperature	b. In step 5, tar	ınδ sha	all be with	hin the lin	nit of Ite	m 4.4T	he leakage	current s	shall not
1.0	characteristi	more than the sp	pecifie	ed value.						
4.6	cs	c. At-40°C (-25	5°C), iı	mpedance	(z) ratio s	shall not	exceed	the value o	of the fol	lowing
		table.								
		Working Voltage	e (V)	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63
		Z-25°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	5	4	3	2	2	2	2
		Z-40°C/Z+20	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$	10	8	6	4	3	3	3
		XX 1' X/ 1.		100	1.60, 224	250	250	400 420	150	
		Working Voltage		100	160~220	250	~350	400~420	450	
		Z-25°C/Z+20°		2	3		4	6	15	
		Z-40°C/Z+20°		3						
		For capacitance value > 1000 \mu F, Add 0.5 per another 1000 \mu F for Z-25/Z+20 °C,								
		For capacitance	value	> 1000µ		-		-		
		•		·	Add 1.0	per and	other 10	000µ F for 2		
		Capacitance, tand		·	Add 1.0	per and	other 10	000µ F for 2		
		Capacitance, tand	ıδ, and	d impedar	Add 1.0	per and e measu	other 10 red at 1	000µ F for 2 120Hz.	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE</condition>	ιδ , and EC6038	d impedar 34-4No.4.	Add 1.0 nce shall b	per and e measu	other 10 red at 1 apacito	000µ F for Z 120Hz. or is stored a	Z-40°C/Z	Z+20°C.
		Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE $105 ^{\circ} \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$	eC , and EC 6038	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage	Add 1.0 nce shall b	ber and e measu	apacito	000µ F for Z 20Hz. or is stored a rent for Tab	Z-40°C/Z t a tempe le 1. (Th	Z+20°C. erature of the sum of
		Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 °C ± 2 with DC and ripple</condition>	EC6038 DC bi	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage sh	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the inall not ex	b per and e measu ds, The cated rip	apacito	pr is stored a rent for Tab	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage)	z+20°C. erature of the sum of Then the
	Lord	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be</condition>	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16	Add 1.0 ance shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours red	b per and e measu ds, The cated rip	apacito	pr is stored a rent for Tab	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage)	z+20°C. erature of the sum of Then the
47	Load	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 °C ± 2 with DC and ripple</condition>	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16	Add 1.0 ance shall be 13 method e plus the reall not ex 6 hours red	b per and e measu ds, The cated rip	apacito	pr is stored a rent for Tab	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage)	z+20°C. erature of the sum of Then the
4.7	life	Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me</condition>	EC6038 a DC bi peak v be teste eet the	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 6 hours recog table:	b per and e measu ds, The d rated rip acceed the	apacito ple curr e rated time at	pr is stored a rent for Table working vertamospheric	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage)	z+20°C. erature of the sum of Then the
4.7		Capacitance, tand <condition> According to IE 105 ℃ ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me <criteria></criteria></condition>	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste eet the	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage voltage shed after 16 following	Add 1.0 nce shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 6 hours recog table:	b per and e measu ds, The d rated rip acced the covering	apacito ple curr e rated time at	pr is stored a rent for Table working vertamospheric.	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage)	z+20°C. erature of the sum of Then the
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	life test	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characteristed Leakage Capacitant tanδ Appearar Condition> The capacitors ar 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connece	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren nnce Ch nnce re then rs. Folle e allow eted to	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the standard with the stored will lowing this yed to stald a series	Add 1.0 mee shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 5 hours record table: e following Value in Within 1 Not more There shall the no voltatis period to bilized at limiting records and the shall	g required the covering of the	apacito ple curre e rated time at ements l be sat initial 00% of leakag ited at a citors sl mperatik ± 100	on properties of the properti	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage) 'c c condition d value. lyte.	±2°C form the test they I voltage
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characterist Leakage Capacitant tanδ Appearar Condition> The capacitors ar 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren nnce Ch nnce re then rs. Folle e allow eted to	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the standard with the stored will lowing this yed to stald a series	Add 1.0 mee shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 5 hours record table: e following Value in Within 1 Not more There shall the no voltatis period to bilized at limiting records and the shall	g required the covering of the	apacito ple curre e rated time at ements l be sat initial 00% of leakag ited at a citors sl mperatik ± 100	on properties of the properti	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage) 'c c condition d value. lyte.	±2°C form the test they I voltage
	life test Shelf life	Capacitance, tand Condition> According to IE 105 °C ±2 with DC and ripple product should be result should me Criteria> The characterist Leakage Capacitant tanδ Appearar Condition> The capacitors ar 1000+48/0 hour chamber and be shall be connect applied for 30m	EC6038 DC bi peak v be teste eet the stic sha curren nnce Ch nnce re then rs. Folle e allow eted to	d impedar 34-4No.4. as voltage shed after 16 following Ill meet the standard with the stored will lowing this yed to stald a series	Add 1.0 mee shall be 13 method e plus the mall not ex 5 hours record table: e following Value in Within 1 Not more There shall the no voltatis period to bilized at limiting records and the shall	g required the covering of the	apacito ple curre e rated time at ements l be sat initial 00% of leakag ited at a citors sl mperatik ± 100	on properties of the properti	t a tempe le 1. (The oltage) 'c c condition d value. lyte.	±2°C form the test they I voltage

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	∠Cr	riteria>	
			the following requirements.
		Leakage current	Value in 4.3 shall be satisfied
S	Shelf	Capacitance Change	Within ±20% of initial value.
	life	tanδ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.
1	test		-
	Dom	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
		•	stored more than 1 year, the leakage current may
		11.7	e through about 1 k Ω resistor, if necessary.
	Ap The foli Ti		e 15~35°C.
4.9 S	urge	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.
4.9	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 15\%$ of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.
	Th: ove	ention: is test simulates over voltager voltage as often applied ondition>	ge at abnormal situation only. It is not applicable to such .
4 10 1	The per Mo The in p	e following conditions shapendicular directions. Vibration frequency ra Peak to peak amplitude Sweep rate ounting method: capacitor with diameter golace with a bracket. 4mm or less er the test, the following i Inner construction Appearance	: 1.5mm : 10Hz ~ 55Hz ~ 10Hz in about 1 minute greater than 12.5mm or longer than 25mm must be fixed Within 30°

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		<condition></condition>		
		The capacitor shall be tes	ted under the following	conditions:
		Soldering temperature	: 245±3°C	
		Dipping depth	: 2mm	
1 1 1	Solderability	Dipping speed	: 25±2.5mm	n/s
4.11	test	Dipping time	: 3±0.5s	
		<criteria></criteria>		<u>.</u>
		Coating quality	A minimu	m of 95% of the surface being
		Coating quanty	immersed	
		<condition></condition>		
			r shall be immersed int	to solder bath at 260 ± 5 °C for $10\pm$
		_		
				Omm from the body of capacitor .
				temperature and normal humidity
	Resistance to	for 1~2 hours before mea <criteria></criteria>	surement.	
4.12	solder heat		N-4 4h	d:C: - 11
	test	Leakage current		the specified value.
		Capacitance Change	Within ±10%	of initial value.
		tanδ	Not more than	the specified value.
		Appearance	There shall be a	no leakage of electrolyte.
		G 11:1	•	
		<condition></condition>	ndin a to IEC60294 ANIa	4.7mathada asmasitan shall ha
		placed in an oven, the co		o.4.7methods, capacitor shall be
		•	emperature	Time
			omperature	
		(1)+20°C		≤ 3 Minutes
	Change of		ature (-40°C) (-25°C)	30±2 Minutes
4.13	temperature	(3)Rated high tempe	rature (+105°C)	30 ± 2 Minutes
	test	(1) to $(3)=1$ cycle, to	tal 5 cycle	
		<criteria></criteria>		
		The characteristic shall m		
			Not more than the	
		tanδ	Not more than the	-
		Appearance	There shall be no le	eakage of electrolyte.
		<condition></condition>		
		Humidity Test:	Ma 112 mathada aana	soitor shall be averaged for 500 ± 9
			_	acitor shall be exposed for 500 ± 8 $^{\circ}$ C, the characteristic change shall
		meet the following requir		c, the characteristic change shall
		<criteria></criteria>	cincit.	
	Damp heat	Leakage current	Not more than the spe	ecified value.
4.14	test	Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of init	
	test	tanδ	Not more than 120%	
		Appearance	There shall be no leak	
		11	1	,

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4.15	Vent test	Condition> The following test only apply to those products with vent products at diameter ≥∅6.3 with vent. D.C. test The capacitor is connected with its polarity reversed to a DC power source. Then a current selected from below table is applied. Table 3> Diameter (mm) DC Current (A) 22.4 or less 1 Over 22.4 10 Criteria> The vent shall operate with no dangerous conditions such as flames or dispersion of pieces of the capacitor and/or case.
		Condition> The maximum permissible ripple current is the maximum A.C current at 120Hz and can be applied at maximum operating temperature Table-1 The combined value of D.C voltage and the peak A.C voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage and shall not reverse voltage. Frequency Multipliers: Rated Voltage (V) Cap.(µ F) To 120 300 1k 10k~
4.16	Maximum permissible (ripple current)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		≥270 0.90 1.00 1.10 1.13 1.15

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5. It refers to the latest document of "Environment-related Substances standard" (WI-HSPM-QA-072).

	Substances
	Cadmium and cadmium compounds
Heavy metals	Lead and lead compounds
Heavy metals	Mercury and mercury compounds
	Hexavalent chromium compounds
	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
Chloinated	Polychlorinated naphthalenes (PCN)
organic	Polychlorinated terphenyls (PCT)
compounds	Short-chain chlorinated paraffins(SCCP)
	Other chlorinated organic compounds
	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)
Brominated .	Polybrominated diphenylethers(PBDE) (including
organic	decabromodiphenyl ether[DecaBDE])
compounds	Other brominated organic compounds
Tributyltin comp	ounds(TBT)
Triphenyltin com	apounds(TPT)
Asbestos	
Specific azo com	pounds
Formaldehyde	
Beryllium oxide	
Beryllium coppe	er
Specific phthalate	es (DEHP,DBP,BBP,DINP,DIDP,DNOP,DNHP)
Hydrofluorocarbo	on (HFC), Perfluorocarbon (PFC)
Perfluorooctane s	sulfonates (PFOS)
Specific Benzotri	iazole

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Attachment: Application Guidelines

1. Circuit Design

1.1 Operating Temperature and Frequency

Electrolytic capacitor electrical parameters are normally specified at 20°C temperature and 120Hz frequency. These parameters vary with changes in temperature and frequency. Circuit designers should take these changes into consideration.

- (1) Effects of operating temperature on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher temperatures, leakage current and capacitance increase while equivalent series resistance (ESR) decreases.
 - b) At lower temperatures, leakage current and capacitance decrease while equivalent series resistance (ESR) increases.
- (2) Effects of frequency on electrical parameters
 - a) At higher frequencies capacitance and impedance decrease while tanδ increases.
 - b) At lower frequencies, ripple current generated heat will rise due to an increase in equivalent series resistance (ESR).

1.2 Operating Temperature and Life Expectancy

See the file: Life calculation of aluminum electrolytic capacitor

1.3 Common Application Conditions to Avoid

The following misapplication load conditions will cause rapid deterioration to capacitor electrical parameters. In addition, rapid heating and gas generation within the capacitor can occur causing the pressure relief vent to operate and resultant leakage of electrolyte. Under Leaking electrolyte is combustible and electrically conductive.

(1) Reverse Voltage

DC capacitors have polarity. Verify correct polarity before insertion. For circuits with changing or uncertain polarity, use DC bipolar capacitors. DC bipolar capacitors are not suitable for use in AC circuits.

(2) Charge / Discharge Applications

Standard capacitors are not suitable for use in repeating charge / discharge applications. For charge / discharge applications consult us and advise actual conditions.

(3) Over voltage

Do not apply voltages exceeding the maximum specified rated voltage. Voltages up to the surge voltage rating are acceptable for short periods of time. Ensure that the sum of the DC voltage and the superimposed AC ripple voltage does not exceed the rated voltage.

(4) Ripple Current

Do not apply ripple currents exceeding the maximum specified value. For high ripple current applications, use a capacitor designed for high ripple currents or contact us with your requirements. Ensure that allowable ripple currents superimposed on low DC bias voltages do not cause reverse voltage conditions.

1.4 Using Two or More Capacitors in Series or Parallel

(1) Capacitors Connected in Parallel

The circuit resistance can closely approximate the series resistance of the capacitor causing an imbalance of ripple current loads within the capacitors. Careful design of wiring methods can minimize the possibility of excessive ripple currents applied to a capacitor.

(2) Capacitors Connected in Series

Normal DC leakage current differences among capacitors can cause voltage imbalances. The use of voltage divider shunt resistors with consideration to leakage current can prevent capacitor voltage imbalances.

1.5 Capacitor Mounting Considerations

(1) Double Sided Circuit Boards

Avoid wiring pattern runs, which pass between the mounted capacitor and the circuit board.

When dipping into a solder bath, excess solder may collect under the capacitor by capillary action and short circuit the anode and cathode terminals.

(2)Circuit Board Hole Positioning

The vinyl sleeve of the capacitor can be damaged if solder passes through a lead hole for subsequently processed parts. Special care when locating hole positions in proximity to capacitors is recommended.

(3)Circuit Board Hole Spacing

The circuit board holes spacing should match the capacitor lead wire spacing within the specified tolerances. Incorrect spacing can cause excessive lead wire stress during the insertion process. This may result in premature capacitor failure due to short or open circuit, increased leakage current, or electrolyte leakage.

(4) Clearance for Case Mounted Pressure Relief vents

Capacitors with case mounted pressure relief vents require sufficient clearance to allow for proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as proper vent operation. The minimum clearances are dependent on capacitor diameters as follows.

φ6.3~φ16mm:2mm minimum, φ18~φ35mm:3mm minimum, φ40mm or greater:5mm minimum.

(5) Clearance for Seal Mounted Pressure Relief Vents

A hole in the circuit board directly under the seal vent location is required to allow proper release of pressure.

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(6) Wiring Near the Pressure Relief Vent

Avoid locating high voltage or high current wiring or circuit board paths above the pressure relief vent. Flammable, high temperature gas exceeding 100°C may be released which could dissolve the wire insulation and ignite.

(7) Circuit Board patterns Under the Capacitor

Avoid circuit board runs under the capacitor as electrolyte leakage could cause an electrical short.

(8) Screw Terminal Capacitor Mounting

Do not orient the capacitor with the screw terminal side of the capacitor facing downwards.

Tighten the terminal and mounting bracket screws within the torque range specified in the specification.

1.6 Electrical Isolation of the Capacitor

Completely isolate the capacitor as follows.

- (1) Between the cathode and the case (except for axially leaded B types) and between the anode terminal and other circuit paths
- (2) Between the extra mounting terminals (on T types) and the anode terminal, cathode terminal, and other circuit paths.
- 1.7 The Product endurance should take the sample as the standard.
- 1.8 If conduct the load or shelf life test, must be collect date code within 6 months products of sampling.

1.9 Capacitor Sleeve

The vinyl sleeve or laminate coating is intended for marking and identification purposes and is not meant to electrically insulate the capacitor.

The sleeve may split or crack if immersed into solvents such as toluene or xylene, and then exposed to high temperatures.

CAUTION!

Always consider safety when designing equipment and circuits. Plan for worst case failure modes such as short circuits and open circuits which could occur during use.

- (1) Provide protection circuits and protection devices to allow safe failure modes.
- (2) Design redundant or secondary circuits where possible to assure continued operation in case of main circuit failure.

2. Capacitor Handling Techniques

- 2.1 Considerations Before Using
- (1) Capacitors have a finite life. Do not reuse or recycle capacitors from used equipment.
- (2) Transient recovery voltage may be generated in the capacitor due to dielectric absorption. If required, this voltage can be discharged with a resistor with a value of about 1kΩ.
- (3) Capacitors stored for long periods of time may exhibit an increase in leakage current. This can be corrected by gradually applying rated voltage in series with a resistor of approximately $1k\Omega$.
- (4) If capacitors are dropped, they can be damaged mechanically or electrically. Avoid using dropped capacitors.
- (5) Dented or crushed capacitors should not be used. The seal integrity can be compromised and loss of electrolyte / shortened life can result

2.2 Capacitor Insertion

- (1) Verify the correct capacitance and rated voltage of the capacitor.
- (2) Verify the correct polarity of the capacitor before inserting.
- (3) Verify the correct hole spacing before insertion (land pattern size on chip type) to avoid stress on the terminals.
- (4) Ensure that the auto insertion equipment lead clinching operation does not stress the capacitor leads where they enter the seal of the capacitor.

For chip type capacitors, excessive mounting pressure can cause high leakage current, short circuit, or disconnection.

2.3 Manual Soldering

- (1) Observe temperature and time soldering specifications or do not exceed temperatures of 400 °C for 3 seconds or less.
- (2) If lead wires must be formed to meet terminal board hole spacing, avoid stress on the lead wire where it enters the capacitor seal.
- (3) If a soldered capacitor must be removed and reinserted, avoid excessive stress to the capacitor leads.
- (4) Avoid touching the tip of the soldering iron to the capacitor, to prevent melting of the vinyl sleeve.

2.4 Flow Soldering

- (1) Do not immerse the capacitor body into the solder bath as excessive internal pressure could result.
- (2) Observe proper soldering conditions (temperature, time, etc.) Do not exceed the specified limits.
- (3) Do not allow other parts or components to touch the capacitor during soldering.

2.5 Other Soldering Considerations

Rapid temperature rises during the preheat operation and resin bonding operation can cause cracking of the capacitor vinyl sleeve. For heat curing, do not exceed 150°C for a maximum time of 2 minutes.

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2.6 Capacitor Handling after Solder

- (1). Avoid movement of the capacitor after soldering to prevent excessive stress on the lead wires where they enter the seal.
- (2). Do not use capacitor as a handle when moving the circuit board assembly.
- (3). Avoid striking the capacitor after assembly to prevent failure due to excessive shock.

2.7 Circuit Board Cleaning

- (1) Circuit boards can be immersed or ultrasonically cleaned using suitable cleaning solvents for up 5 minutes and up to 60°C maximum temperatures. The boards should be thoroughly rinsed and dried. The use of ozone depleting cleaning agents is not recommended in the interest of protecting the environment.
- (2) Avoid using the following solvent groups unless specifically allowed for in the specification;

Halogenated cleaning solvents: except for solvent resistant capacitor types, halogenated solvents can permeate the seal and cause internal capacitor corrosion and failure. For solvent resistant capacitors, carefully follow the temperature and time requirements of the specification. 1-1-1 trichloroethane should never be used on any aluminum electrolytic capacitor.

Alkali solvents : could attack and dissolve the aluminum case.

Petroleum based solvents: deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Xylene : deterioration of the rubber seal could result.

Acetone : removal of the ink markings on the vinyl sleeve could result.

- (3) A thorough drying after cleaning is required to remove residual cleaning solvents which may be trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board. Avoid drying temperatures, which exceed the maximum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (4) Monitor the contamination levels of the cleaning solvents during use by electrical conductivity, pH, specific gravity, or water content. Chlorine levels can rise with contamination and adversely affect the performance of the capacitor. Please consult us for additional information about acceptable cleaning solvents or cleaning methods.

2.8 Mounting Adhesives and Coating Agents

When using mounting adhesives or coating agents to control humidity, avoid using materials containing halogenated solvents. Also, avoid the use of chloroprene based polymers. After applying adhesives or coatings, dry thoroughly to prevent residual solvents from being trapped between the capacitor and the circuit board.

3. Precautions for using capacitors

3.1 Environmental Conditions

Capacitors should not be stored or used in the following environments.

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

3.2 Electrical Precautions

- (1) Avoid touching the terminals of the capacitor as possible electric shock could result. The exposed aluminum case is not insulated and could also cause electric shock if touched.
- (2) Avoid short circuit the area between the capacitor terminals with conductive materials including liquids such as acids or alkaline solutions.

4. Emergency Procedures

- (1) If the pressure relief vent of the capacitor operates, immediately turn off the equipment and disconnect form the power source. This will minimize additional damage caused by the vaporizing electrolyte.
- (2) Avoid contact with the escaping electrolyte gas which can exceed 100°C temperatures.

If electrolyte or gas enters the eye, immediately flush the eyes with large amounts of water.

If electrolyte or gas is ingested by month, gargle with water.

If electrolyte contacts the skin, wash with soap and water.

5. Long Term Storage

Leakage current of a capacitor increases with long storage times. The aluminum oxide film deteriorates as a function of temperature and time. If used without reconditioning, an abnormally high current will be required to restore the oxide film. This current surge could cause the circuit or the capacitor to fail. After one year, a capacitor should be reconditioned by applying rated voltage in series with a 1000Ω , current limiting resistor for a time period of 30 minutes . If the expired date of products date code is over eighteen months, the products should be return to confirmation.

5.1 Environmental Conditions

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The capacitor shall be not use in the following condition:

- (1) Temperature exposure above the maximum rated or below the minimum rated temperature of the capacitor.
- (2) Direct contact with water, salt water, or oil.
- (3) High humidity conditions where water could condense on the capacitor.
- (4) Exposure to toxic gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, or ammonia.
- (5) Exposure to ozone, radiation, or ultraviolet rays.
- (6) Vibration and shock conditions exceeding specified requirements.

6. Capacitor Disposal

When disposing of capacitors, use one of the following methods.

Incinerate after crushing the capacitor or puncturing the can wall (to prevent explosion due to internal pressure rise). Capacitors should be incinerated at high temperatures to prevent the release of toxic gases such as chlorine from the polyvinyl chloride sleeve, etc.

Dispose of as solid waste.

NOTE: Local laws may have specific disposal requirements, which must be followed.

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