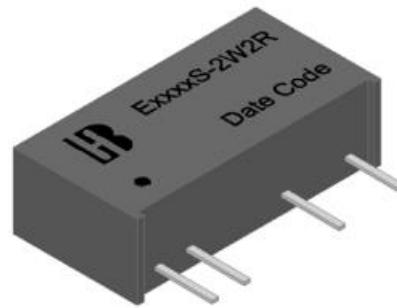


## Features

- 7pin SIP Package with Industry-Standard Footprint
- Input / Output Isolation Voltage: 1.5kVDC
- High Efficiency
- Lead Free Design, RoHS Compliant
- Operating temperature: -40°C to +105°C
- Meet Safety Standard / Approval: IEC / EN60950-1



## Applications

These converters are well suitable for battery operated equipment, measurement equipment, telecom, wireless network, Industry control system, everywhere where isolated, tightly regulated voltages and compact size are required.

## Technical Specification

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Model Number	Input Voltage Range(V)	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA) <sup>(1)</sup>	Input Current (mA) Typ.		Eff .(%) <sup>(2)</sup> Typ.	Capacitive Load, max. <sup>(3)</sup> (uF)
				No Load	Full Load		
E0503S-2WR2	4.5-5.5 Nominal:5	±3.3	±300	35	525	78	68
E0505S-2WR2		±5	±200		500	80	22/22
E0509S-2WR2		±9	±110		477	83	10/10
E0512S-2WR2		±12	±83		475	84	10/10
E0515S-2WR2		±15	±66		475	84	10/10
E0524S-2WR2		±24	±42		475	84	4.7/4.7
E1203S-2WR2	10.8-13.2 Nominal:12	±3.3	±200	15	143	77	33/33
E1205S-2WR2		±5	±200		208	80	22/22
E1209S-2WR2		±9	±110		199	83	10/10
E1212S-2WR2		±12	±83		198	84	10/10
E1215S-2WR2		±15	±66		198	84	10/10

Model Number	Input Voltage Range(V)	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA) <sup>(1)</sup>	Input Current (mA) Typ.		Eff .(%) <sup>(2)</sup> Typ.	Capacitive Load, max. <sup>(3)</sup> (uF)
				No Load	Full Load		
E1503S-2WR2	13.5-16.5 Nominal:15	±3.3	±200	12	114	77	33/33
E1505S-2WR2		±5	±200		167	80	22/22
E1509S-2WR2		±9	±110		159	83	10/10
E1512S-2WR2		±12	±83		158	84	10/10
E1515S-2WR2		±15	±66		158	84	10/10
E2403S-2WR2	21.6-26.4 Nominal:24	±3.3	±200	8	71	77	33/33
E2405S-2WR2		±5	±200		104	80	22/22
E2409S-2WR2		±9	±110		99	83	10/10
E2412S-2WR2		±12	±83		99	84	10/10
E2415S-2WR2		±15	±66		99	84	10/10

## Input Specifications

5V nominal input	4.5-5.5V
12V nominal input	10.8-13.2V
15V nominal input	13.5-16.5V
24V nominal input	21.6-26.4V

Input filter

Capacitor

## Environmental Specifications

Operating ambient temperature	-40°C to +105°C
Maximum case temperature	+125°C
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +125°C
Relative humidity	95% RH max.

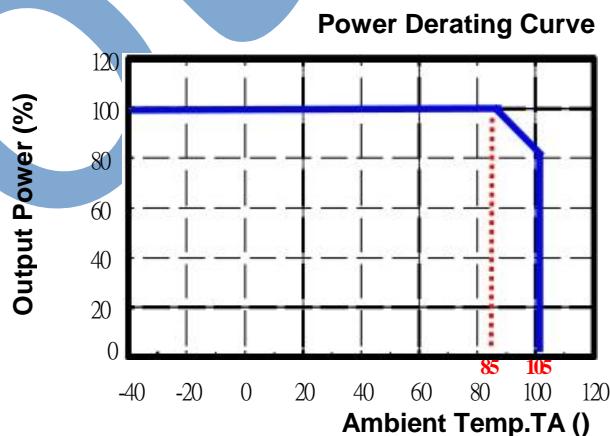
## Output Specifications

Output power	2Watts max.
Voltage accuracy	Nominal Vin and full load 3.3Vdc      3.135-3.399V 5Vdc      4.75-5.15V 9Vdc      8.73-9.18V 12Vdc      11.64-12.24V 15Vdc      14.55-15.30V 24Vdc      23.52-24.36V 25Vdc      24.50-25.37V
Voltage balance	Dual output      ±1% max.
Minimum load	10% load of full load
Line regulation	For Vin charge of 1%      ±1.2% Typ.
Load regulation	Nominal Vin and 10%-100% load 3.3Vdc      15% Typ. 5Vdc      13% Typ. 9Vdc      9% Typ. 12Vdc      8% Typ. 15Vdc      7% Typ. 24Vdc      6% Typ. 25Vdc      6% Typ.
Ripple and Noise (20MHz Bandwidth)	100mVp-p Typ. 150mVp-p Max.
Maximum capacitive load	See table
Output short circuit protection	E24xxxxS-2WR2      3S Max. Other models      Continuous, Automatic recovery

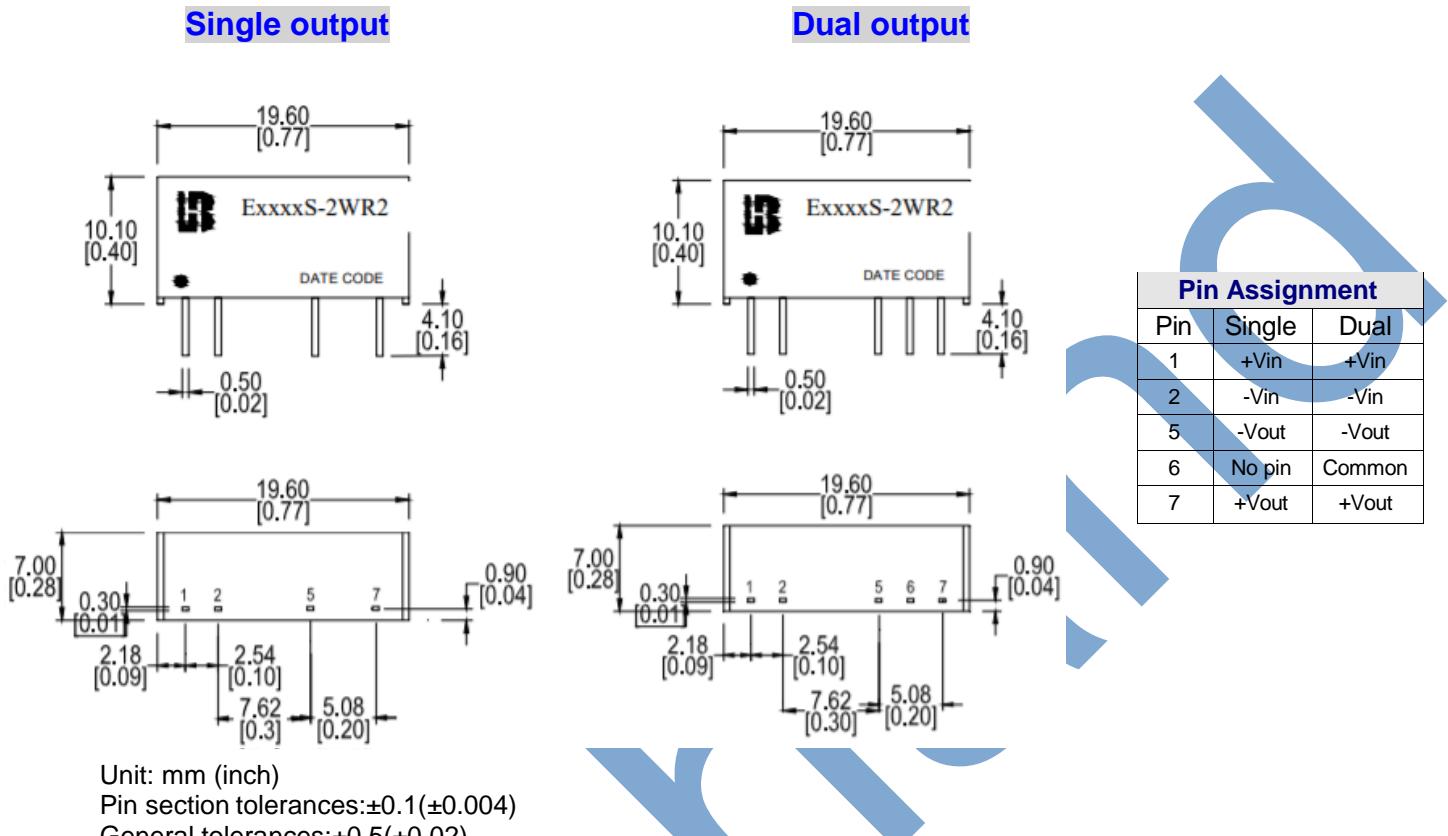
Temperature coefficient	±0.03%/°C Typ.	
<b>General Specifications</b>		
Efficiency	Nominal input and full load	See table
Isolation voltage	Input to output	1500VDC (60 second)
Isolation resistance	500VDC	1000MΩ min.
Isolation capacitance		30pF typ.
Switching frequency		150kHz typ. 300kHz max.
Reliability, calculated MTBF	2×10 <sup>6</sup> Hrs	
<b>Physical Specifications</b>		
Case material	Plastic (UL94 V-0)	
Potting material	PU (UL94 V-0)	
Dimensions	19.6×10.1×7.0 mm	
Weight	2.5g Typ.	

**Note**

1. Io below this value will not damage these converters, however, they may not meet all listed specifications.
2. Typical value, tested at nominal input and full load.
3. For each output.
4. Specifications subject to change without notice.
5. This series of products do not support CC mode, CR mode is recommended.
6. In case of long input lines or hot plug-in requirements, we recommended to use an external low ESR capacitor (22uF) near to the converter's input pins.

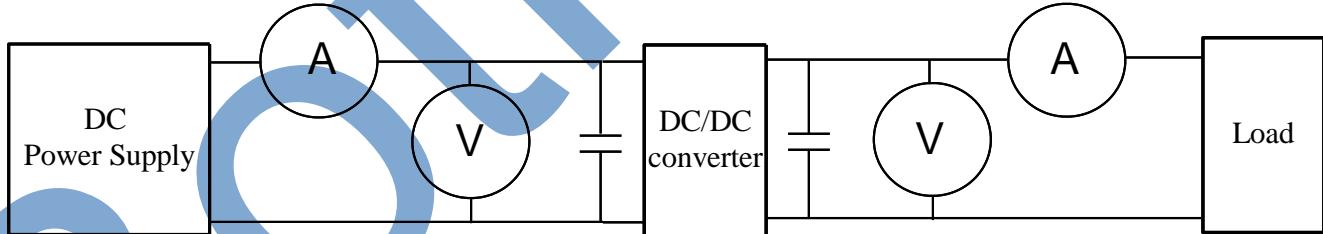
**Power Derating Curve**


## Mechanical Dimensions



## Test Configurations

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.



- ◎ DC Power Supply: It offers a wide voltage and current range precisely.
- ◎ Current meter (A): Accuracy  $\rightarrow 200\mu\text{A} \sim 200\text{mA}$  4 ranges  $\pm (0.2\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$   
 $2000\text{mA} \sim 20\text{A}$  2 ranges  $\pm (0.3\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$ .
- ◎ Voltage meter (V): Accuracy  $\rightarrow \pm (0.03\% \text{ rdg} + 4 \text{ digits})$ .
- ◎ Load: At full load.
- ◎ Wires: The resistance of the wires must be small.

1. [Input voltage range](#): Narrow input voltage range ( $\pm 10\%$ ) 、 wide input voltage range (2:1 and 4:1) 。

EX: Narrow input voltage range ( $\pm 10\%$ )

$$\begin{array}{lcl} 5\text{V nominal input} & \rightarrow & 4.5\sim 5.5\text{V} \\ 12\text{V nominal input} & \rightarrow & 10.8\sim 13.2\text{V} \end{array}$$

24V nominal input → 21.6~26.4V

Wide input voltage range 2:1

5V nominal input	→	4.5~9V
12V nominal input	→	9~18V
24V nominal input	→	18~36V
48V nominal input	→	36~75V

Wide input voltage range 4:1 (W)

24V nominal input	→	9~36V
48V nominal input	→	18~75V

## 2. Input power :

$$P_{in} = V_{in} \times I_{in}$$

V<sub>in</sub> : Input voltage  
I<sub>in</sub> : Input current

## 3. Output power :

$$P_{out} = V_{out} \times I_{out}$$

V<sub>out</sub> : Output voltage  
I<sub>out</sub> : Output current

## 4. Efficiency :

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \times 100\%$$

P<sub>out</sub>: Output power  
P<sub>in</sub>: Input power

## 5. Voltage accuracy:

$$\left| \frac{V_{out} - V_{out(\text{nominal})}}{V_{out}} \right| \times 100\%$$

V<sub>out</sub>: Output voltage  
V<sub>out(nominal)</sub>: Nominal output voltage

## 6. Line regulation:

Narrow input voltage range ( $\pm 10\%$ ) and unregulated output voltage series.

$$\text{Line regulation} = \frac{\Delta V_{out}}{\Delta V_{in}}$$

$$\Delta V_{out} = \frac{V_{out(+10\%)} - V_{out(-10\%)}}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

V<sub>out(+10%)</sub>: Output voltage at Vin = 1.1xVin(nominal)&full load

V<sub>out(-10%)</sub>: Output voltage at Vin = 0.9xVin(nominal)&full load

V<sub>out</sub>: Output voltage at Vin = Vin(nominal)&full load

$$\Delta V_{in} = \frac{V_{in(+10\%)} - V_{in(-10\%)}}{V_{in(\text{nominal})}} \times 100\%$$

V<sub>in(+10%)</sub>: Input voltage = 1.1xVin(nominal)

V<sub>in(-10%)</sub>: Input voltage = 0.9xVin(nominal)

V<sub>in(nominal)</sub>: Nominal Input voltage

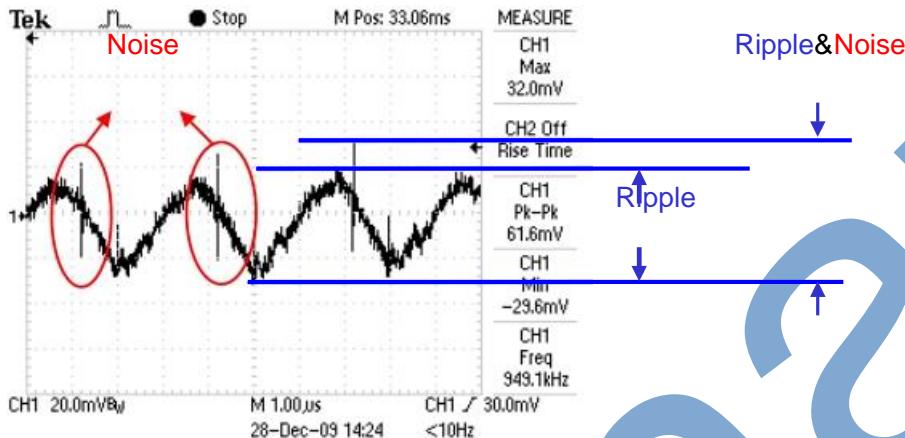
## 7. Load regulation :

$$\frac{|V_{out}(FL) - V_{out}(NL)|}{V_{out}(FL)} \times 100\%$$

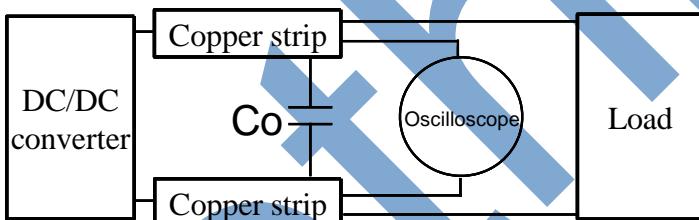
$V_{out}(FL)$ : Output voltage at full load

$V_{out}(NL)$ : Output voltage at 25% full load or 10% full load

#### 8. Ripple and Noise: as shown below. The bandwidth is 0-20MHz.

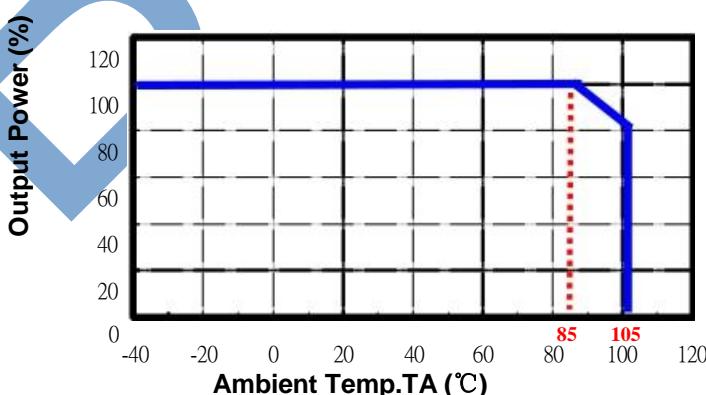


Output Ripple&Noise measurement test circuit: as shown below.



Co: usually 0.47μF.

9. Temperature derating curve: The DC-DC converter will operate over a wider temperature range if less power is drawn from the output and the device is already running. The temperature derating curve shows the operating power-temperature range. As shown below.



10. Switching frequency: The nominal operating frequency of the DC-DC converters.

11. [Input to output isolation](#): The dielectric breakdown strength test between input and output circuits. This is the isolation voltage the device is capable of withstanding for a specified time, usually 1 second or 1 minute.
12. [Input source impedance](#): The power module should be connected to low ac-impedance input source.

